"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair, warmer today; Friday cloudy, thunder showers; southwest winds.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 77; Min., 64.
For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXXI....No. 23,560. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1922. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS | FOUR CENTS Within 200 Miles | Elsewhere

MILLER PAID $8,000 OF HIS OWN FUNDS FOR STATE BILLS

Made Up Shortage in Executive Department to Avoid Deficiency Appropriation.

REIMBURSED HIS SECRETARY

W. Ward Smith Had Settled Some Bills Incurred in Excess of Amount Allotted.

GOVERNOR ANSWERS MOSES

Says Some of His Payments Covered Obligations Left Unsettled by Preceding Administration.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 26.—Governor Miller paid $8,000 out of his own pocket for State expenses rather than permit a deficiency appropriation bill to be placed before the Legislature, it developed today. The Governor also paid some bills that had been incurred by his former Secretary, W. Ward Smith, and when he discovered that some of these bills had been paid by Mr. Smith he refunded the money to him.

The Governor today replied in part to criticisms made on Executive Department expenses by Robert Moses, Secretary of the New York State Association, in its official publication. At first the Governor declined to reply to the criticisms.

"My attention was called recently," he said, "to the statement, which I think is really beneath notice. But it does serve one purpose. It does disclose the animus of Mr. Moses, and it does show how hard put to it he is to find something to criticise, and what he says is partly true.

"It is true that my former Secretary did incur bills for certain purposes in excess of the appropriations for those purposes. Some of them he had paid himself, and when it was brought to my attention I refunded to him what he had paid and paid the balance myself.

"It is true that at that time the appropriations for these particular purposes were exhausted, and there was no appropriation for similar expenses for the balance of the fiscal year. The Legislature was then in session. I could have asked for a deficiency appropriation. Mr. Moses, who evidently is unable to comprehend the point of view of a public official who believes in adhering to some rule and order, even though it involves a personal sacrifice, has assumed, and in his statement says, that these deficiencies were provided for from other funds, to be made up next year out of lump sum appropriations.

"If he is the expert that he poses to be, he ought to know that such a thing is absolutely prohibited by the Finance law, and that the Controller is not permitted to audit bills to be paid from an appropriation other than for the purpose for which the expenditure is made. Now, I didn't ask for a deficiency appropriation. I did pay the balance of the bills for the balance of the fiscal year myself rather than to do so. I did that because I had set my face against deficiency appropriations, and I had to observe the rule that I had established if I expected others to do so.

"I could not violate it myself and then make explanations. The people who accomplish things in this world are usually those who perform instead of explain, and for the morale of the service, in view of the rule that I established, I paid those expenses myself.

"Now it is also true that some of those expenses that I paid when the matter was first brought to my attention were unnecessary, in the sense that they could have been avoided. Others were unavoidable, and really could not have been anticipated when the appropriations were made. For example, there was a very great increase in the expenses of the medic. l examiners who examine into the sanity of condemned men, due to the fact that the number of such cases has been increasing, and due to the fact that we have had a number who required repeated examinations and continued observation. And we also inaugurated a plan, after the appropriations were made, of having the minutes of all those examinations taken by a stenographer, so as to preserve them, and that cost additional money.

"That is only one instance. When the appropriation was exhausted I paid those bills myself. The fact is, I paid some bills that were contracted by the preceding administration, whose appropriations were exhausted before I came into office, during the first six months of the fiscal year. The actual expenses of the Executive Department for the fiscal year just closed, including the Lieutenant Governor, and the expenses of the Executive Mansion, were $160,858.14. That is the sum paid out of the State Treasury. In 1920 the expense was $183,110.08.

"That is the last full fiscal year of the preceding administration. In 1921, half of which was under the present administration and half under the former, the expense was $113,524.73. In truth, the expense of the Executive Department last year was less than it has been in ten years, save only the year 1916, when, because the date of the fiscal year was changed, there was only a short fiscal year of nine months. The officers turned into the State Treasury last year in fees the sum of $154,687.70, $54,000 more than the expenses of the office.

"Now, I didn't intend to say anything about this incident. Those are the facts, and if Mr. Moses wants to find something to criticise he is entirely welcome to a plain statement of the facts."

The Greenbrier, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va. Just overnight from New York. Special compartment sleeper daily. Ample supplies drawn from surrounding country insures splendid quality food. Perfect golf, the saddle, tennis, big swimming pool, moving pictures and dancing nightly. Cool nights. Bookings The Plaza.—Advt.

British Hold to 3-Mile Limit In Reply on Liquor Running

LONDON, July 26 (Associated Press).—With reference to the note from the Washington Government, asking for co-operation in the suppression of liquor-running into the United States through Bermuda and the Bahamas, it is understood that the British Government has informed Washington that the three-mile limit rule cannot be altered.

Great Britain takes the ground that she is unable to make a precedent allowing the seizure of such vessels outside that limit.

The Government, however, is consulting with the Colonial Governments concerned with respect to clearance papers, change of registry and other points.

GIRL SLAIN BY KIN, LED BY HER SISTER

Jealous Wife With Two Sons and Brother Breaks Way Into Apartment.

MOTHER SEES VICTIM SHOT

Mrs. Reisler Says She Killed Rival, but Her Son Is Identified as Slayer.

Miss Bertha Katz, 26 years old, a stenographer, was shot and mortally wounded early yesterday morning in her home at 1,735 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, after her sister, Mrs. Jacob Reisler, wife of "John the Barber," manager of pugilists; her brother, Max Katz, and Mrs. Reisler's two sons, Morris and George, had broken down a door in forcing an entrance to her apartment. When policemen appeared at the house shortly after the shooting, Mrs. Reisler declared she had done the shooting and produced a pistol from her coat pocket, but in an ante-mortem statement made shortly before she died at St. John's Hospital Miss Katz said her 23-year-old nephew, Morris Reisler, fired the shots.

Assistant District Attorney Wilson, who investigated the shooting, said that it undoubtedly was the result of a long-standing disagreement between Miss Katz and the other members of her family, who alleged that she was too intimate with "John the Barber." Less than two hours before the shooting, according to Detective Donnelly, Reisler and Miss Katz called at the Liberty Avenue station in an automobile and asked that protection be provided for the young woman, who feared she might be attacked by members of her family.

Donnelly accompanied the couple to within a block of the Katz home, where Miss Katz and the detective got out of the car and Reisler drove away. Donnelly accompanied the young woman to the Sterling Place address. When the detective left the house five minutes later he was confronted by Mrs. Reisler and her two sons.

"Who are you?" demanded Mrs. Reisler. "I suppose you are one of my husband's friends playing the part of beau for my sister."

"I'm a detective," replied Donnelly. "You must not make any trouble around here or I'll arrest you."

"You're a fake detective," broke in Mrs. Reisler.

Detective Leaves.

Donnelly showed his shield, and Mrs. Reisler's two sons urged their mother to walk away. They told the detective they had driven to the house in a taxicab and asked where they could hire a machine. The detective directed them to a garage and left.

It developed later that Reisler knew nothing about the shooting until 8 o'clock yesterday morning, when he was seen standing about a block from the Katz home. He hastened away and detectives were unable to find him. Reisler, the detectives learned, lived near the Katz home, and every morning escorted Miss Katz to the Lyons Theatrical Agency at 245 West Forty-seventh Street, where she was employed.

Mrs. Jennie Katz, mother of the slain woman, witnessed the shooting. She told the police that five shots were fired at Miss Katz by Morris Reisler. Three bullets struck the victim, two entering her breast and a third lodging in her right arm.

Mrs. Katz said that she was asleep in a bedroom with her daughter, Bertha, shortly after 3 o'clock in the morning when she heard angry voices in the hall. The dining room door crashed, she said, and Mrs. Reisler, her son, Max, and her two grandsons entered. Miss Katz had jumped out of bed and started toward the dining room when she was confronted by her four enraged relatives, Mrs. Katz added. Mrs. Reisler, who was 16 years older than her sister, started to

Continued on Page Three.

JILTED FRENCH GIRL SUES A ROTHSCHILD HERE FOR $500,000

Mlle. Porquet Charges Son of Baron Henri With Breach of Promise.

HAS 4 POUNDS OF EVIDENCE

Banker's Family Oppose Match, Says W. M. K. Olcott, Because Young Woman Is a Christian.

CAME FROM FRANCE TO WED

On Her Arrival, Mlle. Porquet Declares, Young Rothschild Said He Dared Not Marry Her.

James Henri de Rothschild of Paris, of the French branch of the great banking family, is the defendant in a suit filed in this city by Marie Porquet for $500,000 for breach of promise to marry. Rothschild is 27 years old. Mlle. Porquet is 24. She has produced, according to her lawyers, four pounds of letters, cablegrams and radiograms, which, at her valuation, are worth $125,000 a pound.

They have been sweethearts from childhood, the young woman says, and would have been married years ago, except for opposition by the Rothschilds to marriage of a member of their family with a Christian.

Rothschild was sent to this country by his family in April to view the scenery and study banking methods. With 3,000 miles between himself and his father, Baron Henri de Rothschild, the young man became bold, it is said, and cabled to Mlle. Porquet to come to this country. He stated, according to her story, that a change of events had taken place which made possible their marriage.

Family's Objections Preceded Her.

She came, but found on her arrival, she told her lawyers, Richard M. Campbell and William M. K. Olcott, that the resolution taken by Rothschild to brave his family and marry her had been completely crushed by a thundering series of cablegrams from Paris.

Young Rothschild was not able to tell his side of the story yesterday because he is bound to Paris on a slow boat from Canada, whither he made a hurried trip in the mistaken fear that his arrest and possible imprisonment was pending. Mlle. Porquet almost went when she discovered that he was making so uncomfortable a trip.

"Ah, the poor youth," she exclaimed. "To think of his having to travel on a slow ship, and for fear that I would have him arrested. I would not think of such a thing."

Mlle. Porquet is tall and one shade darker than a blonde. She is described as a woman of remarkable beauty and personality. She is not an actress, Mr. Olcott says, but a young woman who has always lived with her parents, well-to-do people of Paris. She is now in this city, living in great seclusion.

Told to Live as in a Convent.

"You must live as in a convent," she was advised by her counsel. "Six detectives will observe every act of yours when you are out of doors, and two or three may be observing you while you think you are enjoying entire privacy."

The suit, according to Judge Olcott, also differs from the standard heart-balm action in the character of the evidence to be presented. For such a case the letters are violently conventional, every one of them being as prim and proper as anything in the Elsie books. They were described by the lawyer as "fervent but reverential."

A general denial that any promise of marriage had been made was issued yesterday by Senator Edgar T. Brackett of the firm of Stanchfield & Levy, which represents the young man. The statement was worded as follows:

"Our client denies most strenuously the statement of the plaintiff, and says that the claim that he ever promised or contemplated marrying her is absurd and without the slightest foundation. This is one of the cases where a man is confronted with the alternative of either paying a large sum of money or fighting out the issue, regardless of publicity. Upon the trial the facts of the case and the history of the individuals will, in our opinion, leave little doubt as to the merits of the action.

Ready for Trial Here.

"Our client, having the utmost confidence in the integrity of his position, stands ready to have the entire matter laid before an American court and jury."

Mlle. Porquet arrived here on April 22 of this year in response, as she alleges,

Continued on Page Four.

Mother Hurls Little Girls to Safety, Then Jumps as Train Smashes Her Car

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 26.—The presence of mind of Mrs. Anna Rodkin, 34 years old, of 255 North Illinois Avenue, in hurling her two little girls out of her car and leaping after them probably saved the lives of all three when her automobile stalled in the centre of the railroad tracks at Illinois and Baltic Avenues early today.

An instant after she jumped it was struck by an eastbound electric train from Philadelphia. The car was carried 40 feet and thrown alongside the tracks a twisted wreck.

Mrs. Rodkin and several witnesses blamed Charles Amdalero, the flagman for the accident. Both electric and steam trains pass at this crossing and there are no gates.

Mrs. Rodkin was driving up Baltic Avenue with her two small daughters, Rebecca, 11 years old, and Dorothy, 9, on the front seat beside her. As she started across the tracks she saw the train rushing toward the crossing. At the same time, she said, the flagman came running out of the tower house waving a lantern and shouting for her to turn back.

Mrs. Rodkin stopped the car, but in her haste to shift gears and reverse the car stalled. Without even looking to see how near the train was, she picked up both children and threw them into the roadway. She jumped a moment before the train struck the automobile.

Amdaloro was unable to jump entirely clear of the car as the train hit it and was painfully bruised in the leg. He scrambled to his feet and picked up the children.

The electric train stopped within seventy-five feet after striking the car. The motorman was C. W. Goodfellow of Glassboro.

Continued on Page Two.

When you think of writing, think of Whiting. Whiting Paper Company.—Adv.

ATLANTA AND COLUMBUS, Ga., three sleepers daily 12:46 midnight. Seaboard and W. 424 St. Telephone Bryant 9413.—Advt.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION. KEEP it handy. Don't forget.—Advt.

HARDING STRONGLY URGES STRIKERS TO GO BACK; DEFENDS USE OF TROOPS TO PROTECT THE WORKERS; CONFERS WITH RAIL HEADS, CALLS UNION LEADERS

HOOVER IS COAL DICTATOR

President Appoints Him Chairman of Group to Ration Supply.

ASKS STATES' CO-OPERATION

Appeals to Them to Organize Boards to Decentralize Distribution Control.

GOMPERS PRAISES THE STEP

Sees Operators Curbed if Price Control Is Enforced—Lauds Conduct of Strikers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Secretary Hoover today was appointed Chairman of the governmental commission named by President Harding to direct the transportation and distribution of the available coal supply, and he immediately called upon the Governors of all States to create State organizations with which he might co-operate.

The selection of Mr. Hoover as Chairman of the commission makes him virtually a dictator in the movement of trains in interstate commerce, the allocation of coal supplies from the producing mines and in the control of coal prices. With him on the commission named by the President are Attorney General Daugherty, Secretary Fall of the Interior Department and Commissioner Aitchison of the Interstate Commerce Commission. A fifth member is to be appointed later who will undertake the administrative direction of the organization.

Priority and routing orders issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission were put into effect today, but Mr. Hoover indicated that the drastic powers granted the Presidential commission would be employed only when the emergency demanded, and that so far as possible the operations of the railroads would not be interfered with by the Government when it was demonstrated that they were handling all business offered without delays.

Duties of the States.

Mr. Hoover also informed the Governors that the Federal powers would be exercised only to the extent of assuring a fair distribution of coal and other essential commodities to the States and that the task of protecting the rights of the ultimate consumer within the States must rest with the State organizations which he requested them to organize.

The governmental activities, on the surface at least, were restricted today to setting in motion the machinery for Federal direction of transportation facilities and control of prices. The report that the Pittsburgh Vein Operators' Association had offered to enter into a voluntary conference with the United Mine Workers of America on the central competitive field basis in an effort to reach an agreement and get the men back to work, and that other operators might follow the lead, was received without comment.

This report, however, taken in connection with the operators' statement published recently, that an effort was being made by certain operators to bring about a conference between the United Mine Workers and operators representing a majority of the tonnage in the central competitive field, was accepted as of great significance in some quarters. By some the opinion was ventured that such a conference was possible within the next week and would be agreed to by John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers.

If the White House has hope that an agreement will be brought about on this basis, there was not word to that effect today. It was the belief here that the President personally would take no further action in the coal strike until he received a Federal commission which appointed a Federal commission which probably will be named next week if no other solution of the strike is in sight.

In the meantime it was indicated in several quarters that the Governors would be expected to put forth their best efforts to aid in the production of coal and in giving protection to those who entered the mines. Secretary of War Weeks, for instance, declared today that States which have drastic mining laws and plentiful supplies of coal lying near

500,000 Tons of Coal Ready To Move From West Virginia

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., July 26.—Coal operators of two West Virginia districts today admitted that there are in the State between 400,000 and 500,000 tons of coal already mined and placed on railroad cars but not moved. This condition is due partly to the railroad strike and partly to a shortage and discriminatory distribution of cars, it was said.

From reliable sources it was learned most of this would be on its way to its destination within the next forty-eight hours under the priorities orders of the Government.

The President Writes on Strike Situation

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The White House tonight made public the following messages exchanged between President Harding and J. Cleve Dean of the Railway Employes' Publicity Association:

THE PRESIDENT'S TELEGRAM.

THE WHITE HOUSE, WASHINGTON, JULY 25.

MR. J. CLEVE DEAN,
Chairman, Railway Employes' Publicity Association, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Since you speak as Chairman of the Railway Employes' Publicity Association and since it is exceedingly important that the American people know precisely the questions at issue in the present railway and coal strikes, I am more than glad to answer your telegram, though I can only treat your politically partisan references with that contempt which is felt by every good citizen in the hour of deep public concern.

Happily for the American public, everything done and everything said by Government authority relating to the two strikes is a matter of record, and cannot in any way be distorted.

There is no dispute about the loyal American citizenship of the men on strike, nor will any one question that many of them gave everything that men can give for the service of this country in the World War. Nor is it disputed that the men on strike are exercising their constitutional and lawful rights, under existing statutes, in declining to work under the terms decided by the Railroad Labor Board or tendered to the workmen by the mine operators of the country.

No one has attempted or proposed to draft free men into either the railway or mining service, or suggested coercion under military force. The military forces of free America are never used for such a purpose. Their service is only that of preventing lawlessness and violence.

That same unchallenged freedom which permits you and your associates to decline to work is no less the heritage of the free American who chooses to accept employment under the terms proposed. The difference between the two positions is that the striking railroad workers exercise their rights of freedom in seeking to hinder the necessary transportation of the country, notwithstanding the provision made by law for the consideration of any just grievance, and the striking miners seek to prevent the production of coal necessary to common welfare, notwithstanding the offer of an agency to make an impartial settlement, while the men who choose to work in response to the call of the country are exercising their lawful rights, and at the same time are making their contribution to our common American welfare.

The decisions of the Railroad Labor Board are in compliance with a mandate of the law-making body of the United States. Without discussing the decisions at issue, it is fair to assume that a Government agency is ever ready to correct an error which is made, else Government itself would become unjust. Moreover, it is indisputable that there can be no Government unless its mandates are accepted by the citizenship of the Republic. This observation relates more particularly to the railroad situation.

When the mining situation became menacing I invited representatives of the mine workers and the operators to a conference. They came together, they were advised as to the call of common welfare, yet in eight days of opportunity no progress was made. In the absence of any tribunal authorized to settle disputes between mine workers and their employers the Federal Government then voluntarily proposed the creation of a national commission before which the disputes might be settled justly, in the light of full information and in accordance with the best impressions of our modern civilization.

Instead of contemplating the resort to force, it anticipated the very opposite—industrial peace with justice to every man concerned. Instead of aiming at "involuntary servitude," to which you inexcusably refer, the Government asked the mine workers to resume their activities, in response to a manifest public need, at precisely the same wages and under precisely the same working conditions as those under which they had been working contentedly for the last two years. Those who spoke for the mine workers refused such a proposal. There is no dispute of the right to refuse. Since they declined to respond, and since it is believed there are enough men who love this country and cherish its security, and believe in serving the common welfare, to come to the relief of the mining situation and avoid suffering, privation and paralysis, I asked the Governors of the coal-mining States to invite mine operators and mine workers to resume their activities, and to promise that to which every man is entitled, namely, protection in his lawful pursuits. This protection applies alike to the men on strike who observe the law and make no lawless interference with men at work and to the men who are lawfully at work and entitled to protection by every agency of Government in that work.

If you mean to challenge the righteousness of free men to be protected in their lawful pursuits against interference and violence, I will be glad to join you in submitting that question to the decision of the American people.

It will interest you to know that, instead of the Government's action being an expression of the preference of the capitalistic class, it has been quite as much opposed by those who speak for employers as it is by you and your associates. Government undertakes to represent neither class alone, and is opposed to all conflict among classes, and disputes the right of any group or class, organized or unorganized, to imperil American welfare. Government speaks only for the American people as a whole and the common good of all its citizenship.

In view of all that the Government has done and attempted to do during the past year and a half to relieve the American farmer from the burdens of readjustment and to relieve labor from the hardships of unemployment, I know your attempted appeal to American prejudice will fall upon deaf ears. It is ungrateful and it is untruthful. If you are the believer in peace and harmony and the reign of justice which you would have believed, I invite you now to pass judgment on the failure of the mine workers to accept the awards of an able and impartial commission in determining the merits of the dispute between coal miners and coal operators, and I invite you to urge the striking railway workmen to accept the decision of the American Railroad Labor Board, acting under authority of the law which must be supreme, and return to work under that decision until you and I and every one else interested in American welfare, may join in asking the Railroad Labor Board to give a rehearing on any question concerning which there is reasonable doubt about the correctness or the justice of the decision made. These are the ways of peace, these are the requirements of enlightened civilization, these are the things expected by your Government of its loyal and law-abiding citizenship.

WARREN G. HARDING.

MR. DEAN'S TELEGRAM.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., JULY 23.

Hon. Warren G. Harding,
President, Washington.

I wish to point out to you that the railway employes and miners who are on strike are loyal American citizens and are only executing their constitutional rights. A large percentage of them fought on European soil that there might be no more war, and for you or any Governor to attempt to operate the mines or railroads by military forces or to attempt to draft men into mining or railroad service would be an attempt to establish involuntary servitude. And I dare to predict when involuntary service is attempted by you, then the long-predicted war between labor and capital will loom up. The American farmer and labor have come to realize the hostile attitude of the G. O. P. toward them, and they realize that the hard times that now exist is a premeditated plan to bring the farmer and labor down to their knees. The blood of the American farmer and labor is at a boiling heat, because they came to the firm conclusion that their Government, or your Administration at least, is against them. I pray that it will not come, yet I feel at liberty to predict that in your attempt to place American labor under the gun nothing short of a revolution will happen. I am a lover of peace and harmony, yet I am for these striking railway employes and miners, and I know that they will put forth every possible means to keep peace in our country. But these are days which "try the very souls of men," and I am hoping that you will be wise enough to see the dark clouds that are on the horizon and will change your attitude so as to remove these clouds.

J. CLEVE DEAN,
Chairman Railway Employes' Publicity Association.

INDIANA THREATENS TO OPERATE MINES

Governor Tells Workers' Leader State Must Provide for Its Own Requirements.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 26.—Governor Warren T. McCray announced tonight that the State of Indiana was arranging to take over and operate "sufficient mines to supply Indiana's necessities." The announcement was made in a telegram to John Hessler, President of the Indiana miners, who is in Philadelphia in an endeavor to arrange a settlement of the mine strike.

Mr. Hessler had wired Governor McCray that the union officials were contemplating a call for an interstate conference, and urged him to use his influence with the Indiana operators. The Governor promised his "unqualified support to the movement," and added that "in the meantime my preparations for coal production will proceed as rapidly as possible."

The Governor, in taking the step, advised Mr. Hessler that he had received "official word from Washington this afternoon that in the present situation Indiana utilities cannot be supplied even with priorities from outside the State, and coal for Indiana people is squarely up to the Governor."

Governor McCray has suggested to President Harding, it was learned today, that the President call together Governors of States where the strike of union miners has paralyzed coal production and have the Governors formulate a united plan of action to effect coal production regardless of the miner-operator controversy.

Some who heard of the Governor's suggestion expressed the belief that the plan for calling the Governors of the States together might offer opportunities for agreement superior to any plan of conference by separate States. It was believed that by this plan some arrangement might be brought about that would approach the four-State conference on wages desired by the workers' organization. The four States concerned are Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois.

Assails Lewis Statement.

Governor McCray, in a telegram to President Harding today, formally and officially called the attention of the President to a statement which John L. Lewis, President of the United Mine Workers of America, "issued in New York Tuesday, and told the President he regards Mr. Lewis's utterances as "disloyal" and calling for "prompt and positive action" on the part of the Federal Government.

"I have just read the statement made through the press by John L. Lewis," said Governor McCray in his telegram to the President. "I regard his utterances as defiant and disloyal and ask it calls for prompt and positive action on the part of Federal authorities. Indiana stands behind you in whatever course you may elect to take to settle the strike or bring about resumption of local production."

A. M. Ogle, President of the National Coal Association, also issued a statement

Continued on Page Two.

RAIL STRIKE GUARDS DOUBLED AT HARMON

New York Central Acts When 165 New Men Quit Electric Shops.

Crippling of the electric repair shops of the New York Central Railroad at Harmon yesterday was reported, because of a walkout of 165 strike-breakers, ascribed to an announcement by the company that it would deduct pay for meals and overalls from the men's $12 a day wages. Only 10 of 175 men furnished by an employment agency here remained, it was said. The ten who stayed were reinforced by twenty-five men from the General Electric Company, and they kept the shops in operation.

The strike, according to railroad officials, did not cause any interruption in train service. The places of the men, it was said, will be filled as soon as possible. The Harmon shops are important, as it is there that the electric locomotives used to pull trains in and out of the Grand Central Terminal are repaired and overhauled. The locomotives also are changed there.

Following the new walkout the guards around the railroad shops were doubled. No one without authority was permitted to enter the railroad property. Since the strike on July 1 the railroad has had

Continued on Page Two.

SHARP ANSWER TO CRITIC

President Says Government "Speaks Only for the People as a Whole."

REHEARING IS PROMISED

President Reported Now as Determined to End the Rail Strike.

SUMMONS RIVAL LEADERS

Jewell and Associates Are Called From Chicago—Eastern Executives Heard.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—An appeal for the striking railroad shopmen to return to work while a rehearing of their case is held by the Railroad Labor Board is contained in a telegram sent by President Harding and made public at the White House tonight after a day devoted by the President to attempts to persuade railroad executives to restore seniority privileges to the strikers.

The President's telegram was in reply to one sent to him by J. Cleve Dean, Chairman of the Railway Employes' Publicity Association, who charged that Mr. Harding sought to draft railroad and mine workers, and warned that by an attempt "to place American labor under the gun nothing short of revolution will happen."

"I know your attempted appeal to American prejudice will fall upon deaf ears," President Harding replied to this telegram. "It is ungrateful and it is untruthful," the President's wire said.

That President Harding is determined to bring the rail strike to a conclusion within the next few days was indicated today when with that purpose in view he summoned Vice President W. W. Atterbury, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who has been one of the leaders of a group of executives who have refused to weaken on the seniority issue. Tomorrow morning he will go over the situation with T. de Witt Cuyler, President of the Association of Railway Executives, who also was directed to come here. L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson, will meet the President later in the day in response to a similar summons.

It also developed tonight that Bert M. Jewell, President of the Railway Employes Department of the American Federation of Labor, and the Presidents of the six shop crafts, with A. O. Wharton, labor member of the Railroad Labor Board, were on their way from Chicago to Washington, having been requested by the President to meet him at the White House tomorrow. This will bring the leading figures on both sides of the rail controversy to Washington.

It is understood that the President and his advisers feel that the question of restoration of seniority rights to the shopmen is relatively unimportant, in view of the gravity of the situation and the major crisis the country will face if there is not a prompt settlement of the rail strike. The President, it is understood, made this plain to Mr. Atterbury today, and will reiterate his position in his conference tomorrow with Mr. Cuyler.

Determined to End Strike.

As a result of his conferences with Mr. Atterbury and Mr. Cuyler, the President will be in a position when he meets with Mr. Jewell and the other labor leaders to get down to a concrete proposal to bring the strike to an end. Even if a few of the executives should refuse to give way on the seniority issue, the President would be in a position to request the workers to return to their shops and file a complaint with the Railroad Labor Board which could pass upon the justice of this phase of the strike.

But above everything else the President is determined that the rail strike should end and end quickly. His reports all indicate that if there is no prompt settlement of the rail strike the country will be face to face with a disaster within a few weeks, as the rail strike has interfered with the movement of coal and without coal the key industries of the country will soon be helpless, while many of the Western States will not be able to thrash their grain, notably Minnesota. Settlement of the rail strike is likewise vital to the success of the Government's plan to distribute available coal supplies in order to keep essential industries and public utilities in operation.

That the executives were resisting pressure to alter their attitude on the seniority question was indicated today when General Atterbury, following his conference with the President, issued this statement:

"The President, realizing the importance of the seniority question as the crux of the present railroad situation, desires to discuss the various angles in a definite settlement of the railroad problem.

"I expressed to him the opinion that so far as the Pennsylvania System was concerned, such a question should properly be determined by the employes and that the Pennsylvania Railroad would

be guided entirely by any determination that our employes thought "fair, fair and equitable."

The statement issued by Mr. Atterbury was looked upon as significant because it was the first declaration by him in which he admitted that the seniority issue would be surrendered under any circumstances. Labor leaders here said that Mr. Atterbury was in full control of the determination of his employes and could cast their votes in favor of restoring seniority to the strikers if he saw fit.

During his conference with General Atterbury it was learned President Harding asked him to go into a full explanation of the situation in the Pennsylvania shops and of the hardships that Pennsylvania would suffer upon yielding the seniority issue. What made the Pennsylvania Railroad's situation different from most other railway systems, it was said, was that the Pennsylvania employes have their own organizations designed to treat independently with the system's heads.

In the case of men hired to fill the places of the striking shopmen the Pennsylvania is confronted with promises it has made to the effect that men substituted would not suffer in readjustment following the strike. This makes the seniority matter a big consideration, apparently, to the Pennsylvania's heads.

Chas. Galloway, Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, which has been engaged in negotiations with its striking shopmen independently of the Railroad Labor Board, came to Washington tonight with a written report of these conferences, which have been watched with interest by the Administration.

Mr. Galloway had a conference with Senator Watson of Indiana, who then went to the White House and delivered the report to President Harding.

Thus far there have been no intimations of the Administration attitude toward the Baltimore & Ohio attempts at separate peace with its striking shopmen. The fact that nearly 60 per cent. of the Baltimore & Ohio's receipts comes from coal movements renders a strike settlement on this road desirable from the consideration of the Government's plans for replenishing the coal supply.

Jewell and Others Leave for Capital.

CHICAGO, July 26.—B. M. Jewell, head of the striking railway shopmen, the six international Presidents of the shopcrafts organization, Timothy Healy of the firemen and oilers, and A. O. Wharton, labor group member of the United States Railroad Labor Board, departed today for Washington, presumably for a conference with President Harding tomorrow regarding the rail strike situation.

After a hurried conference with the President, the strike leaders planned to leave Washington tomorrow night, arriving back in Chicago on Friday morning.

A veil of secrecy was thrown over the trip, and their departure over the Baltimore & Ohio at 10:30 A. M. did not become public until hours later, union leaders declaring that Mr. Jewell was still in the city during the afternoon.

The journey follows a conference between Secretary of Labor Davis and Mr. Jewell at Moosehart, near here, last Saturday. After that conference Mr. Davis asserted that he believed that the principal stumbling block in the way of a settlement of the strike was the refusal of the railroads to return seniority rights to the strikers.

Mr. Jewell's meeting with the President follows conferences between L. F. Loree, head of the Eastern Executives, and members of the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee and between the President and W. W. Atterbury of the Pennsylvania, and the President and Ben Hooper, Chairman of the Labor Board. These meetings followed the announcement by Mr. Hooper that his efforts to settle the strike had met with failure because of the refusal of the executives to agree to the restoration of seniority rights to the men.

Any settlement based on the return of seniority rights, it was indicated, would include rehearing by the Labor Board of the original grievances over the $50,000,000 wage cut which went into effect on July 1, coincidentally with the opening of the strike, and also the demand of the men for the restoration of certain rules. An agreement by a majority of the roads to do away with outside contracting already was said to have eliminated one of the principal grievances of the strikers.

B. & O. Proposals Go to Harding.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 26.—With President Harding closely watching developments, the first indication of the probable outcome of the conference between officials of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and Chairmen of the striking shop crafts came today in a telephone message from Daniel Willard, President of the road, to Senator James E. Watson of Indiana.

Mr. Willard, according to the Senator, said that he looked hopefully toward the outcome of the conference. The Senator had telephoned Mr. Willard that President Harding might be informed of what had been accomplished.

The conference is the first parley that has been held since the beginning of the strike between an important trunk line system and representatives of the Federated Shop Craft Unions, with a view to settling their difficulties.

A written proposal has been submitted to the men, Senator Watson learned from his conversation with the Baltimore & Ohio President. When President Harding was so informed, he immediately requested a copy for perusal. Mr. Willard promised to send a copy to Washington by C. W. Galloway, Vice President in charge of operation and maintenance of the road. This copy will be taken to the White House as soon as it reaches Washington.

The delegates met at 10 o'clock this morning with Mr. Galloway and other representatives of the road, and were in conference for three hours. Upon adjournment no hour for reassembling was given, nor was any comment made by the labor leaders upon the proposal which had been submitted.

There was no joint conference in the afternoon, the delegates meeting by themselves to study the plan offered by the road. Up to a late hour it could not be learned whether they were prepared to make a direct answer or to submit a counter proposal.

SAYS P. R. R. IS UNAFFECTED.

Atterbury 'Advises the Public' That Full Service Is Maintained.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Vice President W. W. Atterbury, in charge of operation of the Pennsylvania's system, today issued a "statement to the public" in which he said that "in appreciation of the work of the Pennsylvania system employes in the present situation, the public should know that this railroad is open and operating from one end to the other without interruption and without delay.

"I do not want the public in the midst of the discussion of the strike details," said the statement, "to lose sight of this great service that is being performed by our employes at this time. It is due to them that passengers and shippers on our lines are being served as usual and our communities are being supplied with the needs and comforts for the people."

Another statement issued by the company announced that a gain of 602 shopmen in the four regions and the Altoona works had been made since yesterday and that the working force is within 20 per cent. of normal.

A number of shopmen on the Philadelphia & Reading Railway quit work here today following a meeting of protest last night. Their grievance, union leaders said, was that cars and locomotives sent to Rutherford, Pa., for repair are being forwarded to this city.

The Philadelphia & Reading shopmen previously had not been ordered to strike, as their union is not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

WEST TO SHIP THROUGH CANAL

California Governor Protests to Harding Over Danger to Crops.

TACOMA, Wash., July 26.—The Washington Co-operative Egg and Poultry Association arranged today to ship 12,000 cases of eggs to New York by boat through the Panama Canal because all railroads, with one exception, have placed embargoes on perishable freight. The association ordinarily ships 7,000 cases of eggs to the East weekly.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., July 26.—With the movement of the Walla Walla prune crop due to begin about Aug. 1, the strike of railroad shopmen is making growers apprehensive. It was estimated that the loss to the valley would total $500,000 unless early improvement is shown in the rail situation.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 26.—Attention of President Harding was directed today to the possibility of a refrigerator car shortage in California, as a result of the railroad strike, and to the prospective inability of the carriers to return equipment promptly," in a telegram sent by Governor W. L. Stephens.

The telegram declared that the situation is "bound to bring about serious and irreparable losses to the farmers of California in the immediate future."

CANADIANS VOTE FOR STRIKE.

Ninety-Seven Per Cent. of Shopmen Favor a Walkout.

MONTREAL, July 26.—A strike against wage cuts recently inaugurated among Canadian railway shopmen was favored by 97 per cent. of the voters in a ballot just completed by local unions, it was announced today. R. J. Fallon, President of Division No. 4, railway employes' department of the American Federation of Labor, followed the announcement with a telegram to Premier King, making known the result of the strike vote, and stating that the railways had agreed to withdraw the reductions.

Definite action by the unions will be withheld until the Premier answers the message, Fallon told him.

"Now that the majority of mileage is operated by crown Government," his message concluded, "it would be indeed creating a state of chaos if the Canadian Government should turn out to be the first to flout the Industrial Disputes act."

WAY MEN REPORTED MAKING NEW THREAT

Detroit Headquarters Predicts a Strike, Though Grable, in Chicago, Denies It.

PROTEST COMPANY UNIONS

Leaders See Menace to Their Organization in Move of Some Eastern Roads.

DETROIT, Mich., July 26 (Associated Press).—A threat that the 400,000 maintenance men employed on the nation's railroads will go on strike, because of alleged action of certain Eastern roads in attempting to form company organizations to take the place of international railroad brotherhoods and the action of guards employed by the railroads, was made here today at headquarters of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers.

E. T. Grable, President of the union, is in Chicago conferring with the Railroad Labor Board and is prepared to demand, it was stated authoritatively here today, that certain practices of the railroads be abandoned. Unless grievances of the maintenance men are settled, it was stated at union headquarters here that a strike is inevitable.

The brotherhood officials here charge that the Lehigh Valley and Delaware, Lackawanna & Western and other Eastern railroads are attempting to organize company unions to take the places of the present labor organizations.

The maintenance men also protest against the use of guards by the railroads. They assert that the lives of all railroad employes who remain at work are imperiled by promiscuous shooting on the part of guards charged with protecting railroad property during the shopmen's strike. Specific instances cited are those in Saginaw, Mich., and at Tucumcari, N. M. Fifty maintenance men quit work in the Pere Marquette shops at Saginaw yesterday, saying they feared they would be wounded owing to careless handling of firearms by the guards.

At the New Mexico city, it is alleged, thirty-five Mexicans were brought across the border into the United States, deputized and given firearms. Maintenance men there protested to President Grable, saying they refused to work as long as the Mexicans were permitted to have guns. The report here said that members of other railroad brotherhoods employed at Tucumcari had protested in a similar manner to their brotherhood officials.

CHICAGO, July 26.—E. F. Grable, President of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes and Railway Shop Laborers, denied today reports emanating from his headquarters at Detroit that a strike of 400,000 members of the union were threatening again to strike.

Mr. Grable said that negotiations were proceeding satisfactorily before the Railroad Labor Board.

"We are filing our cases before the Railroad Labor Board and expect an early hearing," Mr. Grable said. "Any new strike threat is news to me, and I just left Detroit last night. Somebody up there must have had a dream."

Mr. Grable also denied that members of the union in Canada were voting on the question of forming a separate union under Canadian management. He had never heard of T. Y. Geekie of Winnipeg, Manitoba, who made that announcement, he said.

"Our men up there are going ahead just as we are here," he said. "They have a Labor Board and are taking their grievances to it just as we are doing."

On several Eastern roads where the practice of forming company organizations is said to have been put into effect the maintenance men have asked permission to quit work, it was said at the union headquarters here.

WINNIPEG, July 26.—Thirty thousand maintenance of way and rail shop craft union men are preparing to break away from the international organization in order that they may set up an all-Canadian union, T. Y. Geekie, local Secretary, announced today.

This would result, he said, in Canadian autonomy for all men within the Dominion, and would free them from the domination by officials of the international, or from participation in labor disputes which arise between employers and workers in the United States.

"The ballots of 30,000 of the Canadian unions now are voting on the question of declaring their independence, Mr. Geekie said, and the results indicated that the decision would be almost unanimous in favor of a separate organization.

OPPOSES RESTORING STRIKERS' SENIORITY

Boston Chamber of Commerce Wires Harding That It Supports Roads' Stand.

BOSTON, July 26.—A telegram urging President Harding to "take a first attitude against any efforts that would be made for the reinstatement of seniority rights for railroad shopmen now out on strike," was sent to the President today by the Boston Chamber of Commerce, through its President, Frederic S. Snyder. Copies of the telegram also were sent to Vice President Coolidge, Secretary of War Weeks, Secretary of Commerce Hoover and Chairman Ben W. Hooper of the Railroad Labor Board.

"The associated coal and railroad strikes are engaging the closest attention of the 1,500 members of the Boston Chamber of Commerce," the telegram said. "Our various businesses are, and will be, increasingly affected. Rail service may be curtailed. Nevertheless, we believe the right of determination of the principles at issue in these two strikes is more important to us and to the entire public than the temporary avoidance of losses and suffering of serious personal inconvenience."

After declaring that Washington news dispatches indicated political pressure was being brought to bear on railroad executives in the hope of inducing them to reconsider their seniority ultimatum, the telegram pointed out that "these rights, as exercised, are valuable to the railroad workers and are costly to the public which pays for them in increased rates.

"If railroad employes can strike in violation of the findings of the United States Railroad Board and then secure through Governmental agencies authority for their restoration to their positions with their former seniority rights and further secure the discharge of men who have been employed in their stead, then we may expect that strikes will inevitably flourish as a profitable labor speculation," the message continued.

CHICAGO STRIKE RIOT IS CRUSHED BY CLUBS

Strikers Defy Police Until Latter Charge—Toledo Women Assail New Workers.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 26.—In a renewal of strike disorders in Chicago today in the vicinity of the Burnside shops of the Illinois Central Railway, Paul Misko, a non-union mechanic, was severely beaten by a mob. Misko finally broke from his assailants, rushed into his home, and, seizing a revolver, fired several shots, which served to scatter the strike sympathizers.

A squad from the Burnside Police Station responded to a riot call. The mob defied an order to disperse and was finally broken only after the policemen waded clubs with telling effect. One man, Joseph Gendi, was arrested. Misko was taken to the police station for safekeeping.

Other disturbances were reported from Toledo, Ohio; Creston, Iowa, and other points. In Toledo forty women, wives and other relatives of the strikers, attacked non-union men going to work in the New York Central shops. They hurled stones until the police arrived, when they fled.

DETROIT, July 26.—Two men were in a hospital here today seriously injured as the result of the first violence to occur at local railroad shops affected by the strike.

They were stabbed late yesterday by three negroes employed by the Michigan Central, they reported to the police. The negroes, it was said, resented a request that they give up their work in the shops and stabbed the two white men in the abdomen. Both of the wounded men were strikers.

PORTLAND, Me., July 26.—Sewall Street, extending from Congress Street to the Maine Central Railroad, was closed to traffic today until quantities of tacks, spread over large sections of the thoroughfare near the railroad shops, had been removed.

REJECT BRITISH WAGE CUT.

Engineering Trades Workers Vote Against Reduction in Instalments.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 27.—An unexpected crisis has arisen in relation to the British engineering trade. Following the three months' lockout that ended in June, a conference was held at which the employers proposed wage reductions totaling 10 shillings 6 pence in three instalments.

These terms have been balloted upon by the men and by a majority of 26,064 in a total of 114,838, the members of the unions have rejected the proposal. Representatives of the employers and employes will meet tomorrow to discuss the new situation.

SAY MILLER VIOLATED LAW.

Printing Trades Protest Against Sending Troops to Buffalo.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., July 26.—A resolution protesting to Governor Miller against the sending of State troopers into Buffalo, or any other city of the State, unless they are requested by the Mayor or other municipal officials, on a denial of seniority rights to old employes, adopted today at the convention of the Allied Printing Trades Council in session here.

The resolution also requested the Governor to conduct a hearing in the controversy which has arisen as a result of the troopers being sent to Buffalo to quell trolley strike disorders.

The sending of troopers without the request of city officials is a violation of the law, the resolution contended, and of the principle of home rule.

Garment Strike to Dwindle Soon.

Benjamin Schlesinger, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, announced yesterday that many of the 50,000 workers in the locals and suit industry who quit work Tuesday morning, in an effort to wipe out alleged sweatshops and enforce the union agreement, would return to their machines today. He said that by the end of the week most of the workers would have returned to work as the process of registering the association houses was proceeding rapidly.

Samuel Gompers and Benjamin Schlesinger will address a mass meeting of workers to be held at Webster Hall this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

OLD GRANITE STATE BURNING UP AT SEA

Historic Frigate Catches Fire While Being Towed to Eastport for Junking.

MARBLEHEAD, Mass., July 26.—A mysterious vessel seen blazing off the coasts today proved to be the old frigate Granite State, originally the warship New Hampshire, and a contemporary of the old Constitution. While being towed from New York to Eastport, Me., to be broken up, the hulk of the old frigate caught fire this morning in Massachusetts Bay, about ten miles southeast of Marblehead Neck, and burned throughout the entire day.

For nine years the Granite State lay at anchor in New York harbor, where it was used by the New York State Naval Militia. About a year ago the old vessel was partially burned, after which she was sold by the Government to be junked. The frigate left New York last week in tow of the tug Forth Amboy for Eastport.

No cause was known tonight for the fire, which started about 10 o'clock this morning.

FREIGHT IS MOVING, WESTERN ROADS SAY

Executives Report Steady Progress in Filling the Shop Strikers' Places.

C. & N.W. SEEKS PROTECTION

Operation Must Be Abandoned Otherwise, the Road's Counsel Tells Court in Idaho.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A statement issued today by the Western Railroad Presidents' Committee indicates that steady progress is being made in combating the shopmen's strike.

Supplementing this report was a statement by Hale Holden of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road that the loading of grain and grain products had steadily increased. The total of all loading of freight, Mr. Holden said, had increased 9.2 per cent. for the first twenty-one days of July. Mr. Holden added that his road had added 323 men to the payroll of the mechanical department on Tuesday.

The Western Presidents' Committee said that all Western lines with headquarters in Chicago reported today that all freight is being moved as offered, and without congestion. All roads except those especially affected by the coal strike report car loadings exceeding those of a year ago. All roads report increases in the number of employes at work in the shops.

The Illinois Central, the statement said, had today 9,885 shop crafts employes, an increase of 371 in twenty-four hours. The Santa Fé reported an increase in employment, with all shops working 53 per cent. of capacity. The Southern Pacific, according to the report, has 6,048 shop mechanics at work, of which 5,268 were old employes who refused to strike.

Chairman Hooper of the Railroad Labor Board left today for Newport, Tenn., where his brother-in-law, James R. Stokel, head of a large canning company, died suddenly.

Northwestern Seeks Protection.

CHICAGO, July 26 (Associated Press).—Henry L. Adams, attorney for the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, told Judge Martin J. Wade in Federal Court at Des Moines that the Northwestern has the equipment and is ready and willing to continue operation under adequate protection, but said that the time is rapidly approaching when they will be obliged to abandon all efforts to operate if the protection is not extended.

Telegrams were received by the Labor Board today from the Idaho Producers' Union and the Idaho Farm Bureau Federation asserting that fruits and vegetable growers face disaster unless the strike can be settled at once.

The freight embargo on perishables and live stock to and through the State of Montana, imposed last week because of railway strike conditions, has been lifted, it was asserted at the Western headquarters of the Great Northern Railway today.

A strike of the Order of Railway Clerks in connection with the shop crafts strike "would be in the nature of a backward step in the movement toward normalcy," according to a statement issued by G. E. Gallaway, Secretary Treasurer, and James J. Canavan, General Chairman of the order, today.

Railroad officials were accused today by John Scott, Secretary Treasurer of the railway employes' department of the American Federation of Labor, of bluffing in their reports of strike conditions. He denied every statement that the strike was anything but 100 per cent.

Plans have been perfected for delivering mail by motor truck at least once a day to every community in upper Michigan, North and South Dakota and Minnesota, comprising the tenth railway mail district. Motor trucks are already being used in portions of Wisconsin, Michigan, North Dakota to carry mails and freight.

Express Clerks' Strike Averted.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 26.—The threatened strike of clerks of the Southeastern Express Company has been averted, it was announced tonight by H. C. Caldwell, General Chairman of the Clerks' Brotherhood, after a conference which he and other union officials held here with J. B. Hockaday, President of the Company. "All differences have been amicably adjusted," Mr. Caldwell said.

HOOVER IS COAL DICTATOR

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

the surface could not expect to benefit by assistance from the Federal Government.

The Secretary referred specifically to Ohio, Indiana and Illinois in some sections of which, he says, there were large quantities of coal so near the surface that it could be mined with steam shovels. These States, he said, should through their own agencies be able to afford protection to workers and meet their current needs for fuel, and could scarcely expect the Federal Government to assist them in bringing coal from the non-union fields of West Virginia.

The telegram sent by Secretary Hoover to the Governors also laid emphasis upon the responsibility of the States in the strike situation. In making it public the Department of Commerce added this statement:

"Secretary Hoover sent out the following telegram today to the Governors of the States on behalf of the Presidential Coal Distribution Committee, as the first step toward decentralizing the organization for equitable distribution and maintenance of fair prices of coal. Under this plan the distribution for railway use will be directed from Washington, but with the possible exception of a few interstate public utilities, the responsibility for all other distribution will rest upon organizations set up under State control."

The text of Secretary Hoover's telegram follows:

"In order that the Federal Government may do its part in the distribution of coal supplies over the present very difficult situation, the President has appointed a committee on coal distribution comprising representatives of Departments of Justice, Interior, Interstate Commerce Commission and Department of Commerce under my chairmanship for the purpose of securing co-ordination of Federal agencies in the best distribution of the available coal supplies. Certain priorities have been established in necessary commodities and fuel by the Interstate Commerce Commission, who have asked your State Public Utilities Commission if the Interstate Commerce Commission may have its active assistance in the distribution of coal to transportation and public utilities and governmental institutions if necessary. Beyond this the Presidential committee on coal distribution is co-operating with coal operators and with the Interstate Commerce Commission in an endeavor to secure that coal shall be sold from the mines at a fair price. The agencies and present authority of the Federal Government, of course, do not enable it to protect the ultimate consumer of coal within the boundaries of a State further than such protection can be secured by the above means, that coal sold in interstate commerce shall be sold to the ordinary purchaser at a fair price and that fair distribution between States be obtained. The problem of securing that the ultimate consumer shall be protected upon coal now in circulation and on reserve of coal distributed as above and that equitable distribution shall be carried out must rest within the authority of each State. I am sending this telegram at the request of the President to learn if you feel that you can undertake to create a State organization under your direction to secure that this shall be done with which we can co-operate."

The telegram sent to the various State commissions by Commissioner Aitchison of the Interstate Commerce Commission, to which Secretary Hoover made reference in his message to the Governors, read:

"Commission desires to know whether if local developments connected with our general service orders require we can rely on your active assistance of your commission. This possibly may involve survey, certification and policing of certain local needs under priority orders issued or to be issued. Emergency most acute and requires best efforts of all under common plan if distress which will come is to be mitigated."

Gompers Praises Price Control.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, gave praise to the Government today for the step it has taken to curb coal prices and take control of the distribution of coal and other essential commodities. He expressed the opinion that the price repression measures would not be pleasing to the coal operators, as it would prevent them from making the huge profits they have expected.

"If the action of the Government is what it appears to be in assuming control of coal and food movements by rail," said Mr. Gompers, "the workers and the people generally have every right to feel a sense of satisfaction.

"The power now in Government hands to curb profiteering is real and it can be exercised with deadly effectiveness. It has been seen that agreements entered into by mine owners with Government representatives to prevent price raising have been violated freely by mine owners. The Government now can use something stronger than moral suasion to curb profiteering. By its power to regulate the use of cars it can absolutely stop all coal that is not destined to be marketed at a fair price.

"Indications are that this most recent and drastic move is commendable. It will not add a pound to the coal production, nor will it do anything but strengthen the hands of both the miners and the railroad workers who are on strike. If will, if I interpret correctly, prevent profiteering on such coal as may be above ground or may be mined.

"As I see the move at this hour, it will take away whatever chance the mine owners expected to have for making huge profits out of a continuance of their resistance to the fair demands of the miners. The attitude of mine owners may change when they see that it is to be costly instead of becoming profitable.

"It may be mistaken, of course, but it is apparent that the schemes of financiers are not to be permitted to throttle the country indefinitely. There seems not to have been put forth sufficient pressure upon employers to have them enter into conference with the workers in order to work out an agreement along natural lines. That does not detract from the satisfaction with which we may view such steps as are taken to prevent profiteering at the expense of the people generally and the striking workmen in particular.

"Every constructive step taken makes just that much more hopeful an ultimate approach to constructive settlement on the basis of service to the whole people, if some of the importance and dominance of finance and profit has been removed, that is cause for satisfaction.

"I should like, in this connection, to call attention to the truly marvelous discipline and conduct of the men on strike. They are contending for something more than material things. There is a spiritual quality about this strike that cannot escape the notice of any one who observes what is going on. That quality does not accept defeat for the principles involved.

"More than a million men are in idleness. The examples of breach of discipline, of disorder, have been almost negligible. Considering the provocation that has confronted the workers in many places, considering the vast number of men idle, the conduct of the great army of workers has been exemplary—it has been a magnificent tribute to the workers themselves and to their cause.

"By their conduct, more emphatically than by anything else, the workers have shown their constructive purposes. The welfare of America demands that through a just and a fair settlement that splendid constructive spirit be returned to industry as a great, willing and energetic force for our national industrial progress."

SHEET AND TIN PLANTS HIT.

Follansbee Brothers Quit in Ohio, Plan to Close in West Virginia.

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio, July 26.—The Toronto, Ohio, plant of the Follansbee Brothers Sheet and Tinplate Company closed at 4 o'clock this afternoon due to its fuel supply being cut off, and the same company's plant at Follansbee, W. Va., will close for the same reason on Saturday, according to announcement today by William Banfield, General Manager.

About 2,000 workmen are affected by the closing of the two plants. At Toronto six sheet mills were operated and at Follansbee twelve sheet and tin mills. Both plants had been operating steadily.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, July 26.—The banking of another blast furnace was announced today by the Brier Hill Steel Company, on account of the fuel shortage. This is the seventh blast furnace to close here since the fuel crisis became acute, and leaves nineteen still in blast out of the forty-seven in the Youngstown district.

CHICAGO PLANS TO USE OIL.

Industrial Plants Are Being Equipped With Necessary Burners.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Several Chicago industrial plants are preparing against a possible shortage of coal by hurriedly equipping furnaces and boilers with facilities for burning oil as fuel, it was learned here today.

Thirty per cent. of the city's pumping stations and incineratos have been equipped with oil burners, according to Deputy Commissioner Burkhardt.

Armour & Co., and Swift & Co., are among those preparing to substitute petroleum as fuel in case it is necessary, it was learned.

The cement industry is beginning to feel the pinch of restricted coal supplies, William N. Kinney, general manager of the Portland Cement Association, said in a statement. Some plants, he added, have been forced to close and it is probable others may have to do so or operate on part time unless relief is had soon.

15 Herrin Dead Still Unidentified.

HERRIN, Ill., July 26.—Fifteen bodies of the victims of the recent coal-mine battle fought near this city today were still unidentified, the last indentification being yesterday, when one of the dead was found to be Robert J. Anderson of Sparta, Mich. The body was forwarded to Michigan for burial.

Drop in Kentucky Coal Price.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26.—Dealers in Western Kentucky coal reported today the mine price had dropped $2, from $9 and $10 a ton, Monday.

COAL ORDER UPSETS THE STEEL BUSINESS

Interstate Commerce Ruling Gives Priority to More Essential Industries.

COKE UP $5 WITHIN WEEK

Coal Which Sold at $1.90 on April 1 Now Selling Up to $8 Per Ton.

The iron and steel industry of the country has been thrown into a condition of uncertainty by the sweeping order of the Interstate Commerce Commission in establishing priorities in all railroad traffic and in fuel distribution. The steel industry under the order must wait for its coal supply until more essential industries have been supplied. Interests in the trade recall that this order is more drastic than any issued during the war years, for to the priority rulings of four years ago steel was placed high on the list as a war necessity.

"An immediate effect, assuming that coal begins to move at once to the preferred classes," says The Iron Age, "would probably be to take up most of the soft coal output, estimated at 4,000,000 tons this week, leaving steel and other industries to depend to a large extent upon their stocks. These represent in most cases not more than a 30 days' supply.

"While recently the insufficiency of transportation and the lack of coal has affected steel production more than consumption, it is now to be expected that actual requirements of steel consumers will decrease along with the cutting off of shipments from mills. An unknown factor, in the absence of actual experience under the rationing scheme, is the extent to which the coal output of steel company mines will be taken for distribution among preferred consumers.

"It is not to be overlooked," adds the journal, "that shipments of food and other preferred commodities, as named on the commission's list, are fully provided for in the present movement of freight and that therefore the effect of the priorities in fuel distribution are the chief of the new factors introduced into the situation. At best the outlook is for such a railroad congestion as will affect the entire industry for weeks to come.

"Coke prices have advanced rapidly and Connellsville foundry coke has been sold at from $14.50 to $15, an advance of $4.50 to $5 within a week. Quotations on furnace coke are almost, if not fully, as high. Coal which sold at $1.90 on April 1 and at $3.50 under the agreement with Secretary Hoover, now selling at from $7 to $8, and the Hoover schedule has been abandoned, although coal companies are making deliveries at low prices on contracts. Considerable imports of British coal have been arranged for and there are some negotiations for British coke."

SEEK RIOT AGITATORS.

Atlantic City Flooded With Inflammatory Handbills.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 26.—William S. Cuthbert, Director of Public Safety, has directed the police to seek the person or persons who last night scattered along the beach handbills calling upon the coal strikers to meet "violence with violence." The offenders, if caught, will be charged with "inciting to riot."

"We suspect no one or organization at the present time," said Mr. Cuthbert. "The appeal made is for the strikers to return flying if the troops who are guarding the coal fields use their rifles and machine guns. This is an appeal to riot and is against the law."

Nova Scotia Mine Strike Averted.

SYDNEY, N. S., July 26.—The walkout of the coal miners of Nova Scotia has been averted, at least until Aug. 15, through the trimmers and shippers of International Pier accepting an increase from $21 to $31 from the Dominion Coal Company as a wage scale base. The new agreement will stand until Aug. 15, the date on which the executive officers of District 26, United Mine Workers of America, have declared a Nova Scotia coal mine strike will be called if 1921 rates are not restored.

RAIL STRIKE GUARDS DOUBLED AT HARMON

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

difficulty in operating the electric repair shops, the strikers say. The second week of the strike about 200 of the shopmen returned, but they walked out a few days later. Since that time strikebreakers have been employed.

Foresee No Freight Delays.

Despite the trouble at Harmon rail executives announced that their shop forces were being recruited rapidly and gave figures to support their assertions. They gave their principal attention during the day to the priority orders issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission for the movement of food and coal. They said the priority orders would not delay private shipments nor affect the shop crafts strike.

The strike leaders reported that 1,000 members of the six shop crafts had quit in shops on the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad at Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Allentown and Tamaqua. These men belong to the American Federation of Railway Workers, an independent union not connected with the American Federation of Labor.

The Pennsylvania Railroad announced that compliance with the Interstate Commerce Commission's service orders would not involve any material change in the methods of handling of traffic, which have continued to be normal on the system since the strike began. There was no intention of resorting to embargoes and permits for the control of freight movements, it was added.

Pennsylvania Praises Workers.

General W. W. Atterbury, Vice President in charge of operation of the Pennsylvania system, in a statement given out here said:

"In appreciation of the work of the Pennsylvania system employes in the present situation, the public should know that this railroad is open and operating from one end to the other, without interruption and without delay.

"The Pennsylvania employes are serving the public with conspicuous loyalty and with their co-operation the Pennsylvania system is keeping more than its ordinary share of the food supply and other necessaries of life moving to the consumers along our lines. Every day since the strike started the Pennsylvania system has moved foodstuffs and other essential commodities not only in larger quantity, but also with an actual improvement in delivery to the communities dependent upon this railroad for their meat, potatoes, milk, vegetables, fruits and other articles of food.

"As far as the Pennsylvania is concerned, the strike has not affected the public in the slightest degree."

The New York Central officials said that "priority orders will work no disorganization with us," adding:

"They will not delay shipment of even a box of clothespins. We stand ready to carry out every requirement of the local member of the Priority Committee or the committee in Washington. Coal and other essentials are low, as every one knows, and so far is not a factor that will count much under the new plan."

Approximately 20,000 shop workers were on the New York Central lines on June 30, as compared with a total of 15,000 on July 26, it was stated by officers of the company. Of the present total, 87 per cent. are old employes and 43 per cent. new men.

In its statement the company reviewed in detail its reasons for withholding seniority rights from the strikers, pointing particularly to the promise of permanent work proffered the men who have been taken on since the strike.

"In anticipation of the motive power requirements for 1923," it was added, "and to protect the expected traffic needs of the Winter in the territory served by the New York Central Lines, orders have just been placed for the construction of 150 modern freight locomotives."

Improvement in coal movement into the Northwest was the principal change priority orders could be expected to work according to L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson Company and Chairman of the Eastern Presidents' Conference. John G. Walber, Secretary of the Bureau of Information of Eastern Railways, said a distinct emergency existed in the grain growing sections of the Northwest because of coal shortage on the eve of harvest. He predicted that there would be very little "sidetracking" of commodities in favor of preferred shipments. All of the railroad executives he said, were "united in declaring ability to handle everything."

In reiterating that the strikers' agitation about "seniority" was "camouflage," Mr. Walber declared:

"The roads will not budge on the matter of wages, rules and any board of national adjustment. This latter board and the bogey of seniority are both issues created since the walkout and were never under consideration by the shop crafts when the strike votes were cast. As to wages and working conditions, the roads spent months of time in convincing the Labor Board the men's demands on this score were unjust."

"We have reopened our back shop at Kingsland," announced E. M. Ring, Vice President and General Manager of the Lackawanna. So far all "back shops" on Eastern railroads have been closed since the strike. These shops care for "heavy repairs" of locomotives. The Kingsland shop was opened with a force 35 per cent. to 40 per cent. of normal, according to Mr. Ring, and included four strikers who returned as "new men."

New Haven Reports Improvement.

Improvement in the strike situation was reported by the New Haven road, which said that on the first shift yesterday there were 189 more skilled mechanics working than worked on the first shift Tuesday, and that additional men were qualifying daily. It was said that on July 22 the number of locomotives out of service had increased to 24 per cent., two-tenths of 1 per cent. over the number out of service last April and approximately normal. "The condition of electric power is normal," the statement added. "In fact, the situation is even better than when the strike commenced."

The Central Strike Committee last night said the railroad executives should not hold up a strike settlement by a denial of seniority rights to old employes, adopted today at the convention of the Allied Printing Trades Council in session here.

"Seniority rights should not be used as a means to penalize the shop crafts workers for a necessary strike," said the statement, which added that they should not be used as a means to install the open shop. Seniority was declared to be a reward for practical shop experience, which "should not be based upon subservience to the will of the executives," and "mean nothing to a few strikebreakers and everything to 400,000 old employes of roads."

"The executives are using the seniority question to murder the issues in this strike," said John J. Dowd, Chairman of the committee. "We walked out because of three grievances, working rules, outside contracting and wages. We believe that the majority of the executives are now ready and willing to meet us half-way on these issues. The seniority question is a minor issue."

Erie Up to June Record.

Freight movements of 245,612 loaded cars by the Erie Railroad for the first three weeks of the strike equaled the number moved the corresponding three weeks in June, officials said. Of the normal shop forces of about 9,880 men on the Erie 5,280 are now at work, it was added, 2,110 of them men who were employed prior to the walkout. Erie officials said that the handling of 70,000 passengers a day, and of the fifty trains operated in the morning rush hours between 7 and 9 o'clock only one or two had been running late.

A driving wheel tire on the locomotive of Erie train 1054 on the main line of the Erie, came off as the train was passing through the switching yards just outside the station in Jersey City yesterday morning. The train, due at 6:58 A. M., was filled with commuters. They left the cars and walked to the ferry.

Three men said by the police to be striking shopmen were arrested last night near the Harlem River yards of the New Haven during an attack upon George Mosey of 1,401 Waterlied Place, a foreman in the car repair department of the railroad shops. They said they were John O'Brien of 143 Willis Avenue, Christopher Heithaler of 361 Becker Street and Patrick O'Keefe of East 143d Street. O'Keefe was charged with interfering with an officer.

The Pennsylvania System shop crafts Strike Committee announced a benefit to be held at the Oakland Athletic Association Arena, Oakland and Hoboken Avenue, Jersey City, on the evening of August 4. The proceeds will go to the funds for those on strike on the Pennsylvania. It is expected that 7,000 will attend.

Mayor P. C. Rutan, by his casting vote in the Common Council at Port Jervis yesterday, defeated a resolution to rescind Mr. Rutan's action in appealing to Governor Miller for State troopers. Seven troopers are guarding Erie Railroad property and employes.

INDIANA THREATENS TO OPERATE MINES

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

today regarding the remarks credited to Mr. Lewis in New York City. The mine workers' President, Mr. Ogle said, has forced an issue far above the question of wages to miners and price of coal to the public—an issue now of the preservation of government. Wage agreements would have been reached in the several States and districts many weeks ago but for Mr. Lewis's refusal to accept any other authority than that which he himself dictated, Mr. Ogle asserted. His statement follows:

"Mr. Lewis's statement from New York of yesterday is a most outrageous flaunting of Federal and State authority. His open and insolent defiance of Government, law and order will only arouse the entire country to stamp out such leadership of trade union organizations, a leadership that can only lead to anarchy if followed.

"The issue that Mr. Lewis and some of his supporters have forced on the American people is far above and beyond the mere question of wages paid miners or price of coal to the public. It is an issue involving the preservation of Government, law and order. He has attacked the very foundation of all civilization. His arrogant rule-or-ruin policy is forcing a large membership of the United Mine Workers' organization to sit idle with savings of years being taken away from them.

"The vast majority of these men are law-abiding citizens. They are interested in helping the country return to an era of prosperity. They want to do what is right. Agreements could have been reached in several States and districts many weeks ago but for Mr. Lewis's refusal to yield to reason or to accept any authority other than that which he himself dictated. He now throws down a defiant challenge to the Government and the American people."

Operators Ready to Confer.

BRIDGEPORT, Ohio, July 26.—Announcement was made here today by Charles J. Albasin, Secretary of the Pittsburg

BIG COAL CARGOES BOUGHT IN ENGLAND

Orders for Delivery by Sept. 15 Total 700,000 Tons, Says British Operator.

MANY VESSELS CHARTERED

Prices for American Fuel Continue to Advance as the Shortage Grows.

Orders already have been placed for more than 700,000 tons of British-mined coal for delivery in the United States by the middle of September, E. D. Enney, President of the Cory-Mann-George Corporation, representing the largest collieries in the United Kingdom, said here yesterday. He added that orders were slackening because of soaring prices and inability of operators to guarantee delivery. Already, he said, he understood forty-three Shipping Board and fifty foreign vessels were ready to bring fuel to American ports, chiefly New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

The rush of American orders is already placed, taxing the British railways and loading facilities at ports to their capacity, Mr. Enney said, explaining that this, together with the fact that British merchants were not neglecting their regular exports to European and South American ports, was limiting the amount of coal that the American market could obtain from the United Kingdom. Practically every Eastern railway and public utility company has placed orders for British coal, he said, adding that for the first time in history English coal is considerable quantity is being brought to this country.

Mr. Enney said that when the rush of buying started July 1 coal could be bought in Great Britain for delivery here at the pier for $8.45 a ton, but it had risen to more than $9 a ton. After paying this price the buyer has an additional expense of 75 cents to $1 a ton for the unloading. Ocean freight rates also have been advanced by the buying rush and bottoms that could be had before July for $1.55 a ton are now bringing more than $3, Mr. Enney said.

British Prices Soar.

Investigation yesterday disclosed that the price of British coal was continuing to soar and that the latest orders signed called for $9.90 a ton. Freight rates asked by some steamship companies were reported to be in the neighborhood of $4.40 a ton. The prevailing quotations for British coal in the American markets averaged around $8.90 a ton yesterday, against $12 for American bunker coal. Agents of the principal collieries in Great Britain reported that if the rush of buying continued still higher prices would prevail.

Prices for American coal, according to The Coal Age market review issued yesterday, have in the last week soared to levels no one ever expected to see again after the orgy of 1920." Western Kentucky operators, refusing to enter agreement with Secretary of Commerce Hoover, it was stated, were getting $11.50 a ton, while other Eastern operators were getting around $11.

Possibility that the longshoremen may refuse to handle shipments of imported British coal loomed yesterday, when Anthony J. Chippek, President of the International Longshoremen's Association of 11 Moore Street, admitted that a conference had been held at which the matter was considered. He declined to discuss the question or indicate whether a plan of action had been agreed upon. British agents said they did not expect the miners in any of the coal regions of Great Britain would refuse to dig coal for export to America.

The question of cargo for ships bringing coal to this country is also giving some concern, as there is already a surplus of tonnage at Atlantic ports many of the steamship companies have raised their rates on the ground that they have to be protected on the return trip after discharging cargo.

William A. Prendergast, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, who heads the committee formed to cooperate with the Federal authorities on coal for public necessities, returned yesterday from Washington, where he and Transit Commissioner Lorey T. Harkness and J. W. Lieb, Vice President of the New York Edison Company, and the other members of the committee, conferred with Secretary Hoover and other officials. He said the committee believed the Federal authorities intended to protect the public interests in every possible way by preventing profiteering, undue competition among the buyers and by priority for the railroads, other utility organizations, hospitals and other humanitarian institutions.

Warns of Fuel Shortage.

Declaring that production continued to lag, The Coal Age said: "At the present rate there will be a sorry looking coal pile in Uncle Sam's backyard on Sept. 1. A shivering lot of citizens will be hovering around the gas range or warming their toes by some neighbor's fireside next Autumn."

United States Attorney Ralph C. Greene of the Eastern District, comprising Kings, Queens, Richmond, Nassau and Suffolk counties, said in Brooklyn that his office was co-operating with the Attorney General's office in accordance with the fuel program contained in the President's proclamation. "No coal profiteering will be tolerated," he added.

Although there is still steam coal for heating office and loft buildings, the retailers that have domestic sizes on hand are husbanding their stocks. An official of the Stokes Coal Company said dealers probably would be obliged to classify their customers and regulate distribution when the mines resume. He said his company would resume the practice of selling to poorer people in small lots, such as 100-pound bags. Other dealers, while admitting their stocks were depleted, said there would be fuel for next Winter.

New York Central officials said they had big reserve stocks of bituminous coal at their Fairfield (Pa.) mines. "Our sidetracks are clogged with coal," it was said.

DOUBT BRITISH MINERS' AID.

Embargo Question May Be Raised at Federation Meeting Today.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 26.—The executives of the Miners' Federation will meet here tomorrow afternoon, and if there is any feeling among the miners in favor of placing an embargo on coal to the United States it is likely to be shown then. The question, THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent is informed, is not one the agenda of the meeting, which has been called to consider purely domestic matters, but it might be brought up.

Until the miners' leaders gather in London tomorrow, it is impossible to make a definite statement on the view they will take of their attitude toward the American strike, but in well-informed quarters the chance of their refusing to mine coal for export is considered small. The British mining industry today is going through one of the most disastrous slumps in its history. Stagnation of British industry and the decline of the French demand for British coal, due to the large German imports under the reparations agreement, have reduced wages in many coal fields almost to the starvation point, and there would have been a much greater outcry about the miners' plight if they had not lost public sympathy so completely by their tactics in last year's strike.

Consequently, it is not thought likely, now that a sudden demand for coal has arisen and there is a prospect of wages improving, that the miners will embark on a policy which undoubtedly would involve them in a new struggle. Moreover, among some miners, at any rate, there is a feeling that their American brothers have no right to call upon them for a sacrifice. During last year's strike American coal was imported to England and American coal exporters made a strong bid to capture the markets up to then always supplied from British mines, so if any of the leaders tomorrow urge solidarity of international labor and contend that British wage-earners were pledged to aid Americans, the report will be made that the miners here received no aid from across the Atlantic when they needed it so badly last year.

Officials at the Miners' Federation headquarters declined today to discuss the situation and evidently were waiting for tomorrow's meeting.

MORE WELSH COAL BOUGHT.

Orders Received in Cardiff for Another 250,000 Tons.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 26.—Orders have been received in Cardiff from America for another 250,000 tons of Welsh steam coal for September and October delivery. There is a shortage of tonnage at the moment.

A Northumberland coal owner today said the northern collieries are refusing to book orders because of the big American demand. Shipping freights are advancing rapidly as a result.

NO MINE FIELD DISORDER.

Union Leaders Say Few, if Any, Strikers Have Resumed Work.

EBENSBURG, Pa., July 26 (Associated Press).—Troops and Pennsylvania cavalrymen continued today to patrol the roads in the vicinity of coal mines where operators said they were gradually increasing their working forces. From no part of the Central District were there reports of disorders.

It was said to be the plan of the operators to add a few men each day to the workmen already employed, and that such men were being brought into the region from Eastern cities. Few, if any, of the strikers, it was declared by union leaders, had returned to work.

Thirty-five miners employed by the Valley Smokeless Coal Company at Ferndale, near Johnstown, Pa., walked out yesterday, it was announced today, leaving about sixty-five men still employed. These men, it was pointed out, have not been affiliated with the union, but organizers were sent there today and it was said an effort would be made to close down the mine.

Spot coal, which has been selling at the Government rate of $6.50 a ton, has taken a sudden jump and today was commanding $8.50 a ton. Not more than thirty cars a day were available at that price, operators said, the rest of the production being on contract at the Government rate.

Reports received by Major Edgar McKinney, commanding the First Squadron, with headquarters here, were that the soldiers injured last night at Jenners, Somerset County, by the overturning of a truck, were much improved at the hospital in Johnstown. One private was killed in the accident.

COKEBURG, Pa., July 26.—Adjt. Gen. Beary and Brig. Gen. Shannon today conferred with Colonel E. J. Stackpole Jr., commanding the Pennsylvania cavalry in the coal strike region, and then left for an inspection of the posts established yesterday at Burgettstown and Morganza, adjacent to mines where operations are to be resumed.

Commissioned officers of the military were instructed by Washington County officials as to their legal duties should an emergency arise. Numbers of coal operators have called on Colonel Stackpole with requests for troops for their mines, and General Beary said that if such troops were needed they would not be drawn from posts already established, but it might be necessary to call for additional forces.

There was no disorder during the night. Coal companies continued their preparations for reopening, but no coal was hoisted from the pits today.

ALTOONA, Pa., July 26.—The first mine to resume operations in Central Pennsylvania under President Harding's plan is that of the Consolidated Coal Company at Jerome, Somerset County, the Central Coal Association announced here today. The production will be about ten cars daily, it was said.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, July 26.—Governor Davis late today ordered the two troops of National Guard cavalry at Cincinnati to entrain at once for the Pomeroy coal fields, and also ordered one troop at Cleveland and one at Columbus to mobilize in their armories.

The Governor explained that the additional troop movement was merely a precautionary one, no new disturbances being reported from any district.

WILSON CONDEMNS VARDAMAN CANDIDACY

Writes That Mississippian Is 'False and Untrustworthy' and Ought to Be Beaten.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, Miss., July 26.—Former President Wilson has expressed his opposition to James K. Vardaman's nomination for the Senate in Mississippi in a letter to Dr. James F. McCaleb of Carlisle, Miss., in which he says:

"I have your letter of July 5. In reply let me say that I am not in a position to review Mr. Vardaman's record in Washington in detail, but I can sum up my impression of him in a single sentence. I think he is thoroughly false and untrustworthy and that it would be a great detriment to Mississippi and the nation if he should be returned to the Senate.

"With deep interest in the outcome of the contest,

"Sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

SUSPENDS HIMSELF.

Newburgh Official Insists on Investigation of Ridiculed Charges.

NEWBURG, N. Y., July 26.—Major McKay, city manager, today suspended himself pending investigation of charges that he was to receive $6,000 commission on the sale of land for a high school site. The charge was brought by Peter Wall, a newspaper carrier, who is a frequent complainant before the City Council. While the charge was not seriously entertained by that body, which sought to dismiss it with a smile, Major McKay insisted on a public investigation.

The city manager exercises no control over schools and would not in any way represent the city in a sale of land. When Major McKay assumed office his first official act was to reduce his own salary from $5,000 to $3,500 a year.

Harvest Fails in Western Germany.

BERLIN, July 26.—Owing to the great drought from May until the middle of July, the harvest is a complete failure in large areas in Western Germany, according to semi-official announcement. This is especially true in the Rhine Provinces and the Bavarian Palatinate.

DE VALERA LEADS REBELS TO BATTLE

Big Engagement in South Ireland Believed to Be Near if It Has Not Started.

LARGE FORCES AT FERMOY

In the West Irregulars Are Running Away From National Troops and Seem Demoralized.

DUBLIN, July 26 (Associated Press).—The only news received here from Cork consists of scraps of information by indirect and devious routes. According to these the big battle so long expected may be imminent or possibly already in progress.

The irregulars have concentrated in large numbers between Fermoy and Waterford. The railway has been destroyed at several points and reinforcements are being rushed up. Fermoy always has been a big military centre, and Eamon de Valera is reported to be in command of the irregulars, who are believed to be well supplied with arms and ammunition. It is not known, however, whether there has been any actual fighting yet.

Travelers from Cork cannot reach Dublin by road or rail; they must make a tedious journey by way of Fishguard and thence to Holyhead or Liverpool.

A Government decree prohibits the importation or distribution, except by permit, of gasoline or any substance capable of producing power, lubricating oil, parts or accessories of motor cars and motorcycles, sheet metal, iron plates and wireless telegraph apparatus.

A detachment of Free State troops operating from Galway today came into contact with fifty irregulars marching from Kinvarra. A sharp engagement ensued and seventeen irregulars were captured.

Mutiny is rife among the irregulars, reports received in Nationalist quarters say, and one of the insurgent leaders is reported to have been executed.

The irregulars appear to have become demoralized and to be retreating so rapidly that the National forces in some instances are unable to keep pace with them. It is reported they have abandoned their positions at Ballinrobe, near Westport, and in County Mayo at Swinford, Kilimagh and Charlestown.

Here in Dublin ambushes are becoming as frequent in the streets as they were in the days prior to a truce.

Armed men held up a freight train of fifty cars at Howth Junction, near Dublin, today and then forced the engineer to put full steam ahead to send the train crashing along a section of the track from which the rails had been removed. The whole train was plunged ahead into a shapeless mass. The act is similar to that which took place at Clontarf last week.

Leslie Edmonds, inspector of the Congested District Board of West Ireland, was shot and killed on Tuesday night a few miles distance from Galway.

A lorry of Free Staters had just been ambushed at the spot and the driver fatally wounded. Mr. Edmonds was coming along the road in an automobile, which he slowed down, and was shot from behind a hedge.

LORD SHAW SEES PEACE IN IRELAND

English Jurist Says They Will Come Very Quickly to Constitutional Methods.

Lord Shaw of Dunfermline, Lord of Appeal in Ordinary of Great Britain and member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, last night at a dinner of the American Pilgrims at the University Club declared that Ireland was on the way to peace. The distinguished English jurist came to this country to represent the judiciary of Great Britain at the annual meeting of the American Bar Association at San Francisco in August and the Canadian Bar Association, which is to be held later at Vancouver. The dinner was given in honor of Lord Shaw and M. Aubepin of Paris, France, as the representatives of the British and the French Bar.

"I think there is need both in Great Britain and in America for a great patience with Ireland at this moment," said Lord Shaw. She is starting a new order of government. It is altogether contrary not only to history but to human nature to expect the right maturity of judgment from an infant which has just been born. It must have its spasm of what would appear to be excitement without any good reason, sensitiveness, sensibility to small things, which perhaps a riper judgment of maturer years would dispel.

"Therefore," continued the jurist, "my first word to you about Ireland is: Do not be too much disturbed about affairs in Ireland. Ireland is on the way to peace."

He reminded the gathering that thirty years ago he was a supporter of Gladstone's Irish policy, and added that "the curse of Ireland has been that English policy has always lagged thirty or forty years behind." He said that England had placed the responsibility for peace in Ireland on the shoulders of the Irish people, and that the era of England imposing its will on Ireland was at an end.

"Nowadays there is no common enemy against whom Irishmen will unite," he continued. "They will settle their quarrels in their own way. They will have the privilege of suffering and disputing, and they will come very quickly to constitutional methods and arrangements, far more quickly than almost any man in this room excepting myself believes."

Lord Shaw, discussing Anglo-Saxon unity, said:

"Don't ever let the politicians have the power to split us as a race again. There are elemental and ethical considerations which bind us together. We are comrades all; comrades again; comrades forever."

Referring to the aftermath of war in England, the speaker said:

"One thing I am certain of, Pilgrims of New York, that the war has left in the first place the settled conviction that in democratic countries, the leverage of right has a potency which was never before known in the history of the world.

John W. Davis, former United States Ambassador to the Court of St. James, who is to accompany Lord Shaw throughout his American tour, presided. Among others at the dinner were Frederick Cunliffe-Owen, C. B. E.; Frank Polk, Bainbridge Colby, Newcomb Carleton, Henry G. Chilton, British Charge d'Affaires at Washington; Gaston Liebert, Consul General of France; Morgan J. O'Brien, Alton B. Parker, Rear Admiral Carter, Vogelgesang, John H. Finley, Charles D. Hilles, E. H. Outerbridge, James W. Gerard and Elbert H. Gary.

20 Years to Life Term for Negro.

Harold Miller, 21, a West Indian negro of 2,427 Seventh Avenue, pleaded guilty yesterday to second degree murder and was sentenced by Judge Alfred J. Talley in General Sessions to from twenty years to life imprisonment in Sing Sing. On June 15, Miller threw his wife from the roof of a five-story house at 2,424 Seventh Avenue, after he had heard her talking over the telephone with another man.

FIRE HOSE FORCES THIEF TO SURRENDER

Cellar Wall Caves In After Three-Hour Battle With Barricaded Fugitive.

Special to The New York Times.

RED BANK, N. J., July 26.—Driven by floods from fire hose to the cellar of a frame house in Little Silver, where for three hours he had fought off the police and a party of armed neighbors, James Ayres, 40 years old, wanted on a charge of robbing the local Post Office last Monday night, was captured shortly after midnight this morning as he crawled half drowned from a five-foot pool of water. County Detective J. B. Rue was shot through the hand in the battle.

Just before dark last night James Corbett, a carpenter, entered the two-story wooden building, owned by a Mrs. Martindwood, to plan for some repairs to the place. He saw a revolver on the floor. He tried to push the door all the way open, but it was barricaded. With his mind on the Post Office robbery of the night before, Corbett told a neighbor about it. Constable G. Howard Lippincott notified Chief of Police Harry Clayton in Red Bank, and the Chief made a fast run in his automobile to the Martindwood house, accompanied by Sergeant Harry Van Note, County Detective J. B. Rue and William Muscos.

The police ran to the barricaded door, to be greeted by five revolver shots from within, one of which pierced Rue's hand. More police were summoned, and soon there were ten or twelve around the house, peppering it with shots. A crowd of over 400 gathered, many armed with shotguns and revolvers, but the besieged man kept them all at a distance.

Then the Little Silver Fire Department was summoned, and just after them came more equipment from Shrewsbury. Several streams were kept on the dwelling for two hours. Two searchlights commandeered from Camp Vail were pressed into service. Finally a portion of the brick cellar wall caved in under the watery bombardment and in the opening a man's head and shoulders appeared. Sergeant Van Note grabbed him and pulled him out of the water up to the defender's chin, and the fight was over.

The prisoner gave his name as James Ayres, and, according to the police, admitted robbing the Little Silver Post Office of $50.

There were cries of "Lynch him!" when Ayres surrendered at the Martindwood house, but he was hurried away by State Constabulary, five of whom had assisted in the siege. Ayres was locked up in the jail at Freehold on four charges.

THIEVES SO THOROUGH THEY TIE UP FACTORY

Loot Embroidery Firm of All Its Material and Employes Are Sent Back Home.

Burglars broke into the workrooms of the Juliette Embroidery Company at 202 East Twenty-ninth Street on Saturday or Sunday night and stole silks and beads valued at $10,000, it was disclosed yesterday. When the fifty employes came to work Monday morning they found the shop had been rifled of material, and it was necessary to send them home.

The embroidery factory, which occupies the entire third floor, was closed Saturday noon by the proprietor, Charles di Bello, who left some of his silks on the looms and the rest locked in closets.

The burglars are believed to have come over the roof of an adjoining building, cut through the skylight bars and entered the shop. There they took the finished goods and unfinished silks alike, tearing material from the looms and picking up shreds from the floor. Even the cash drawer was rifled of the scarcely $200 which had been remained in the shop after the robbery, according to the owner.

MOVIES IN BIELASKI INQUIRY.

Morelos Governor Hopes to Get the Truth in a Few Days.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, July 26.—Modern methods are being used to solve the kidnapping of A. Bruce Bielaski. Motion pictures have been taken on the ground where the kidnapping took place. Dr. Parras, Governor of the State of Morelos, said this afternoon that the Bielaski case was nearing completion and added that the capture of one remaining actor will give the Government a complete picture of the case. Dr. Parras stated that Fierros, whose picture was identified by Bielaski as the one second in command of the kidnapers and who is under arrest, had declared he was invited to be present at the spot where the kidnapping took place. Governor Parras stated that he was unable to give details until a certain man who is regarded as the head of the plot had been captured.

"We have worked hard to establish the truth of this affair, and are confident we will wind it up this week," the Governor said. "We decided to employ modern methods in order to establish the truth. The prisoners now held in Cuernavaca are taken individually to the spot where the kidnapping is supposed to have taken place. Moving pictures of each person are taken, and when they are developed the sets are compared, so we are not compelled to depend upon memory. So far many interesting things have developed. I personally cannot say whether Bielaski was only a victim, but we will have the truth in a few days, as two principals have made statements which may be regarded as confessions."

C-2 COMING TONIGHT.

Big Dirigible Is to Reach City at 10:45.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Army Air service dirigible C-2 will undertake tomorrow night to make a round trip flight from Washington to New York without stopping. The big dirigible is stationed at the army proving grounds, at Aberdeen, near Baltimore, and tonight made a trip from Aberdeen to Wilmington and return on a practice run in anticipation of tomorrow's flight. The night run to New York is likewise intended as a preliminary shakedown to a transcontinental voyage by the C-2.

Officers at the flying station at the Aberdeen proving grounds said the flight to New York was scheduled for tomorrow when the C-2, under command of Captain William E. Kepner and with a crew of twelve officers and men, would leave the Aberdeen station at 4:15 o'clock in the afternoon for Washington. From Washington the C-2 will go to New York, leaving on a schedule that is expected to put the dirigible over the heart of the city about 10:45 o'clock tomorrow night. It is not the intention for the C-2 to land at New York, but return to Aberdeen after encircling the city.

ITALIAN GIFT TO HUGHES.

Portrait to Be Presented in Honor of His Former Services.

ROME, July 26.—A committee of American citizens of Italian birth or descent, as a mark of their appreciation for Secretary of State Charles E. Hughes, who was formerly Chairman of the Italy-America Society, has had a portrait of Mr. Hughes painted by the distinguished artist Giuseppe Trotta, an American citizen of Italian descent.

The portrait will be presented to Foreign Minister Schanzer tomorrow by Dr. Pasquale Dellabadia of New York, Chairman of the committee, who will be accompanied to the Foreign Office by Franklin M. Gunther, the American Charge d'Affaires.

OLYMPIC IS LAID UP; BREAKS STERN POST

Fracture Is Discovered When the Liner Is Surveyed in Drydock at Southampton.

MANY PASSENGERS SHIFTED

Ship Which Recently Made a New Speed Record Is Out of Service for Several Weeks.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 26.—When the White Star liner Olympic went into dry dock at Southampton yesterday for the survey which is carried out twice yearly something wrong with the stern post was discovered. Repairs, according to James Parton, manager of the White Star's West End office, will be a long job and probably take a month or more, but possibly the liner will be ready to resume sailings on Aug. 23. The flaw in the stern post was not suspected until the vessel was examined.

From other inquiries it was learned that the stern post was fractured. How long it had been developing the White Star officials said they did not know, and the real extent of the damage could not be stated until further reports were received from the surveyors.

It was pointed out that the Olympic on her last homeward voyage did a record run for a few hours while crossing the Channel to Cherbourg.

Up to this morning the Olympic was being advertised to sail for New York on next Wednesday, and many Americans had booked passage aboard her. Her laying up caused them much inconvenience in being transferred to other ships.

News that a serious fracture had been discovered in the stern post of the White Star liner Olympic, at Southampton, which would necessitate her being laid up for six weeks to make repairs, was contained in a cable dispatch received yesterday at the office of the International Mercantile Marine Company. Following the receipt of the dispatch, P. A. S. Franklin, President of the company, ordered the sailings of the liner from this side on Aug. 12 and Sept. 2 to be canceled.

The Olympic was to have left Southampton and Cherbourg on August 2. The canceling of these sailings means a loss of about $750,000. Passengers booked from this side will be accommodated on the Majestic or Homeric, or on the liners Cedric or Baltic of the Liverpool service, which probably will call at Cherbourg after Queenstown on the eastbound run.

No details have been received as to how the damage to the Olympic was caused. Officers on the White Star liners in port said that the Olympic had been subjected to a heavy strain during the war in having to zigzag at high speed through the long danger zones in the Atlantic and in the Mediterranean, and that the fracture may have started then and only just now become noticeable.

It is probable the liner may have to go to Belfast to Harland & Wolff's shipyard. The stern post must be a very fine piece of metal to bear the strain of the rudder, which is attached to it.

The Olympic is in command of Captain A. E. S. Hambleton, R. I. R. The ship made 27.8 knots for several hours last Friday while steaming from Sands Ens to Cherbourg.

POLICE USE TEAR GAS TO DISLODGE MANIAC

Prepare to Rush West Virginian Who Has Killed One and Wounded Four.

HINTON, W. Va., July 26.—Sheriff's deputies and State police, using tear gas, early tonight made preparations to rush a house in which John Fredeking, an insane man, has defied capture for eleven days. One man has been killed and four have been wounded.

Fredeking, who is about 35 years old, has been insane for fifteen years, but has been cared for by his family. Eleven days ago he became suddenly violent. He drove his father and his family from the house.

Lou Matty, a prohibition officer, attempted to enter the house after Fredeking had barricaded himself in and was shot and killed. Earl Hope of White Sulphur Springs forced an entrance into the house several days later. He was shot through the breast but managed to escape. He is in a local hospital, and his condition is said to be critical. John Atkins and an unidentified man were slightly wounded in a later effort to arrest Fredeking.

The battle has continued intermittently day and night.

7 KILLED, 30 WOUNDED IN ITALIAN RIOTING

Bombs Exploded at Ravenna in Conflict Over Strike of Cart Drivers.

RAVENNA, Italy, July 26.—Seven persons were killed and thirty wounded during strike disturbances here today in which two bombs were exploded.

Several of the dead were policemen. One member of the Fascisti was clubbed to death.

The trouble arose over differences between striking and non-striking cart drivers.

HAITIAN MAYOR SHOT AT.

Bullet Misses Port au Prince Official, but Hits Another.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haiti, July 26.—An attempt today to shoot Edouard Mandones, Mayor of this city, resulted in the serious wounding of Edmond Millet, a member of the Mayor's Council.

Ludovic Monplaisir, Director of Cemeteries, is under arrest charged with the shooting. Monplaisir met the Mayor on the street, denounced the local administration, and is alleged to have fired at the Mayor, missing him, but a bullet striking and wounding Millet. The Mayor led in the pursuit which ended with the arrest of Monplaisir.

Mayor Mandones has been active in unearthing alleged local graft.

Prices Firm at London Wool Sale.

LONDON, July 26.—At the wool auction sales today, 10,468 bales were offered. Competition again was active throughout the home and foreign sections. Prices continued on a firm basis for all descriptions.

WOMEN HELP ROB LONG ISLAND HOME

Lip Stick, Hairpins and Note of Apology Left After Truck Load of Loot Is Stolen.

Burglars who have been operating for months along the north shore of Long Island have been particularly active the last week, and as the police of New York City have been as unsuccessful as the guardians of the law in counties outside the city in making arrests, there is talk of the formation of a Citizens' Vigilance Committee to do detective work on its own account.

The burglars are not only getting bolder, but there is evidence that the gangs contain women members. That women took part in the robbery of a home in Hempstead, L. I., was shown by the finding of a lip stick and hairpins by the police after the newly finished home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stringham in North Frankfort Street, Hempstead, had been leisurely ransacked some time on Tuesday and a quantity of silverware, cut glass and clothing stolen.

The Stringhams have been living with relatives until their new house, a few doors away, was completely furnished. Some time between Monday midnight and Wednesday morning burglars entered the new house and working without interruption managed to strip the place of everything of value. The police think a truck was used to carry off the loot.

The burglars were fastidious. Besides leaving the lip stick and hairpins, they used Mr. Stringham's shaving material and ransacked the ice box and cellar. They found provisions and left evidence of having prepared a meal on the new gas stove. They also left a note which read: "Sorry we had to do this, Mr. Stringham, but it had to be done."

The note was not signed. County Detective Miller and Charles W. Hanson, finger print expert, are working on the case.

Shortly after midnight on Monday burglars forced their way into the home of Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Blate at 10 Ash Street, Flushing. The house is in the Waldheim section of the village, which is one of the finest residential portions of the town. Mr. and Mrs. Blate had retired and were awakened by three men standing in their bedroom. The men wore masks and carried guns. One intruder pointed a gun at Mr. Blate and told him gruffly not to move or make an outcry, or he and his wife would be shot.

One man was left on guard in the bedroom, and while he covered Mr. and Mrs. Blate with his revolver the other two went through the house and gathered up everything of value. Altogether about $2,000 worth of jewelry and clothing was taken. When the two burglars had ransacked the house they called to their companion and the three left. As soon as they were gone Mr. Blate called up the police of the 113th Precinct. Detectives were sent to the house, but they found no trace of the burglars.

Many homes in Flushing have been robbed during the last few months and the police have not made an arrest except in the case where a boy was caught two months ago and accused of robbing a garage. Mr. Blate is a member of the firm of S. Blate & Sons, dress manufacturers, 105 Madison Avenue, New York City.

ENDS LIFE WITH RADIO WIRE.

Edison Employe Hangs Himself on Piece From Son's Set.

ORANGE, N. J., July 26.—Using a piece of wire which he cut from his son's aerial set, Alexander J. Hesse of 375 Carroll Street committed suicide this afternoon by hanging.

Hesse was an expert toolmaker in the Edison factory. Recently he had complained of illness. Today he told his wife he intended to end his life, and while she was seeking assistance he hanged himself by the wire in the attic.

GIRL SLAIN BY KIN, LED BY HER SISTER

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

upbraid Bertha for stealing the affections of her husband, Mrs. Katz continued, when the shooting began.

She said that she saw her grandson Morris fire three shots at Bertha before she backed into the dark room. Then, she said, Morris fired two more shots. The shooting aroused many persons in the neighborhood, but no effort was made by any of the family to escape.

According to information later obtained by the police from Mrs. Katz, Mrs. Reisler, her brother and her two sons searched the apartment in quest of "John the barber." The police said that when the prisoners were being taken to the Liberty Avenue Station Mrs. Reisler declared that they broke into the Katz apartment with the intention of killing both her husband and her sister.

Woman's Story of Shooting.

The police quoted Mrs. Reisler as saying:

"I did the shooting. I waited a long time to 'get' her. I only wish I had been able to get both of them. I have no regrets. Neither my brother nor my sons knew I was going to kill her.

"I would like to go to her funeral so that I could put a lily in her hand and one of my husband's pictures in the casket. My husband will be dead soon. Somebody else will take care of him. Eight years ago, before my father died, I gave my sister the best I had. Then she stole my husband. Two years ago he left me.

"Then I sued him for a separation because I didn't want him to have a divorce. That was what he wanted. Then he could marry Bertha. I told him that he could have any other woman but Bertha, my own flesh and blood.

"I saw my sister and my husband in an automobile last night in Broadway. My son Morris and my eighteen-year-old son, George, were with me. We left our home, at 58 West 112th Street, early in the evening, to watch for them. Then we hired a taxicab to follow them, but we lost them. We rode to the home of my brother Max and told him what we had seen. He consented to accompany us to my mother's home, in Sterling Place.

"I shot my sister because my father came to me in a dream and told me to put an end to all this disgraceful business, as he knew what was going on. In the Jewish religion people believe these dreams. I alone am responsible.

"I went to my mother's house about midnight," she continued. "In a little while my husband and Bertha came along in his automobile. My brother Max and my sons, Morris and George, were with me. When Bertha saw me she told my husband. He stepped on the gas and sped away.

Broke Open the Door.

"We hid, and in a little while my sister came back accompanied by another man. This was Detective Donnelly. He refused to let me go into the house, and we waited until he had gone away and then I went into the house and hammered on the door of my mother's apartment. My mother wouldn't let us in, and then we smashed the door. Bertha was standing in the bedroom doorway in her nightgown.

"A few words were passed by Bertha and I and then I drew a revolver and gave her one shot. She grabbed my wrist and I got the pistol in my other hand and fired another shot, and then two more. I had six shots in the pistol and I wanted to wipe her off the earth."

Captain Welsh and Assistant District Attorney Wilson said they believed Mrs. Reisler was trying to shield her son Morris from the charge of killing his aunt.

"Miss Katz accused her nephew, Morris, of firing the shots when a statement was obtained from her in the hospital," Captain Welsh said, "and later when the four prisoners were taken to her bedside Miss Katz identified Morris Reisler as the one who had shot her.

"Later the four were held without bail for examination by Magistrate McCloskey in the New Jersey Avenue Court. Morris Reisler was accused of murder in the first degree and his mother, younger brother and uncle as accessories.

Mrs. Reisler told the detectives that she was married to "John the Barber" twenty-seven years ago, and that when her sister Bertha was 15 years old her husband developed a fondness for her. Later, her husband employed Bertha as a cashier in his barber shop in West Forty-fifth Street, near Broadway. Then she became a stenographer.

Reisler was the first manager in this part of the country to handle the affairs of Jack Dempsey. About four years ago he opened a boxing club in Harlem, where his son John gained local fame as a pugilist.

The police learned that Reisler drove to the home of his sister, Mrs. Cecelia Underwiser, 612 Ashford Street, Brooklyn, after Miss Katz and Detective Donnelly left him to go to the Katz home. Mrs. Underwiser said he remained in the house only a short time, and when he was leaving declared that he intended to kill himself.

Morris Reisler was reported to have told the police that about two weeks ago he visited Sing Sing and while there sat in the electric chair.

Miss Katz's body was removed to the morgue, where another sister and brother appeared later and announced that they had made arrangements for her funeral today.

POLICEMAN IS HELD IN OLD MURDER CASE

Letter Carrier Here Also Arrested in Investigation of Fatal Hold-Up Last Winter.

ROBBERS SLEW A DETECTIVE

Shot Him Down in West Hoboken as He Tried to Prevent a $1,000 Theft.

A policeman was arrested in Newark yesterday and a letter carrier in Manhattan in connection with the murder on Jan. 28 in West Hoboken of Detective William Harms, who was shot down while seeking to prevent the theft of $21,000 carried by a bank employe. The two men were Adam Dresch, a suspended Newark patrolman, and Martin Lyons, a letter carrier attached to Station C in this city. Both refused to make any statements.

Dresch, who is 28 years old and lives at 971 Wilsey Street, Newark, was arrested by Sergeant Kass and Detectives O'Neill and Ransom, who took him to the Prosecutor's office in Jersey City. When told that he was wanted in connection with a murder he demanded to know "who in hell" he had killed. Beyond this he declined to say anything.

Lyons, who lives in Dunellen, N. J., was arrested at Ninth Avenue and Thirteenth Street, where Station C is situated, by Lieutenant James Harvey of the Charles Street station and Detectives Shevlin and Campbell. He would make no comment, except to say he would fight extradition. He was held at headquarters for the New Jersey authorities.

According to the West Hoboken police, four bandits participated in the hold-up, escaping in an automobile. This machine later was abandoned for a second automobile, which the Newark police said belonged to Dresch.

Dresch has had a stormy career as a patrolman. On Dec. 20, 1921, Dresch was arrested on a charge of breaking into and entering the saloon of George May of 823 Bergen Street, Newark. Four barrels of liquor were said to be missing. He was never indicted. Last August Dresch was arrested on complaint of Frank Tichenor of Millburn, N. J., who charged that the patrolman beat him in Weequahic Park, Newark, as he was sitting with a young woman in an automobile. Dresch was found guilty of assault and battery and sentenced to three months in the Essex County penitentiary. He is out at present on appeal.

The New York police said they did not know in what way Lyons was implicated in the murder. They simply had acted under instructions of the Newark police, they said.

MORTIMER HOME IS ROBBED.

$5,000 in Silverware Stolen Despite Tuxedo Park's Armed Guards.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., July 26.—The home of Stanley G. Mortimer was robbed last Friday night and silverware valued at $5,000 was stolen. The Tuxedo Park colony, surrounded by a wall and watch towers closely guarded by armed watchmen, has been regarded as almost immune from burglars. Details of the robbery have not been learned as Mortimer declined to discuss it. In the absence of Chief of Police Gilmore Bush, the police of Tuxedo would make no statement beyond admitting that they knew a robbery had been committed. The silverware, which included two tennis trophy cups won by Mr. Mortimer, was taken while all the members of the family were at home.

The theft was not discovered until Saturday morning, when the butler was unable to find the tableware.

LUCKY STRIKE "IT'S TOASTED"

Cigarette

It's toasted. This one extra process gives a rare and delightful quality —Impossible to duplicate.

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

We assumed this to be true

—That if we advised our customers impartially whether to buy Ready to Wear or Made to Measure Clothes

—And saved them money when they could be properly fitted with Ready to Wear garments

—Then well-satisfied customers would tell their friends and our business would increase.

They did and it has.

Ready to Wear, $30
Made to Measure, $125

D'Andrea Brothers
MEN'S TAILORS
587 Fifth Avenue at Forty-seventh

One Day Only!

Today's Thrift News

Split Cowhide Boston Bags
Ideal for short trips and for the motorist. Sturdily made. Tan color. Sizes 13-14 inch. Cloth lined. Main Floor. 95c

Printed Cork Linoleum
Blue and white tile, hardwood floor effect. Fine for kitchen, hall or bath. Third Floor. 69c sq. yd.

Fine Serviceable Umbrellas
Made of fast black, rainproof material. For men, women, and children. Main Floor. 95c

1872—Golden Anniversary Year—1922
Bloomingdale's
59th to 60th—Lex. to 3d Ave.

ALL DEALERS
BARKING DOG SMOKING MIXTURE NEVER BITES
FOR 35 YEARS THE BEST QUALITY OBTAINABLE
There Is No Substitute

Robbins & Myers fans in a variety of sizes and types are carried by all good retailers—up to $35. An especially good non-oscillating 8" size may be had as low as $6.00.

Breathe Healthy Air

Summer heat in a room is oppressive, not only because of high temperature, but because the air stagnates—it does not circulate properly and becomes stale, unhealthy.

What a difference with a fan! Breezes made to order! Plentiful supply of fresh air constantly renewed. Comfort. Health. Welcome relief.

This entire

SECURITY

The Thompson-Starrett Company was the first building organization in the world to realize that what Owners want to buy is, not buildings, which they can buy anywhere, but a sense of security, which is rarer than any of the thousand and one products of which buildings are made.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

FRENCH, SHRINER & URNER

F. S. & U. Sport Shoe

One of our models marked down to $9.85

during our

SALE OF MEN'S SHOES

Every shoe offered in this sale will be just as much in favor next year as this year.

NEW YORK:

356 Madison Avenue 183 Broadway
121 W. 42nd Street 365 Broadway
1263 Broadway 1217 Broadway

BROOKLYN:

367 Fulton Street 519 Fulton Street

"The Razor's Friend"

"Erasmic" SHAVING STICK

An ideal combination is a good razor and an "Erasmic" Shaving Stick. Then shaving becomes a pleasure instead of merely something that has to be done.

This splendid shaving requisite is the last word in PERFECT LATHER. Penetrative, healthful and soothing to a degree. It represents the utmost in the manufacture of a perfect product.

Does not DRY on the face.

ON SALE AT GOOD DRUG AND DEPARTMENT STORES.

PRICE 35 CENTS.

SOLE AGENTS & IMPORTERS

RENKEN & YATES SMITH Corp.
35 WEST THIRTY-NINTH ST., N. Y.

THE LEONORI

at

Madison Ave. and 63rd St.

offers for the summer months attractively furnished single rooms and suites at reduced rates.

And from October 1st suites newly furnished and decorated on yearly or eight months' rental.

One room and bath to six rooms and three baths.

Sale!
Suits Are To Go!

Here they are in Worsteds, Cheviots and Cassimeres. In one, two, three and four button models. Every suit all wool and your suit will be fitted and altered carefully.

$25	suits	$18.25
$30	"	$22.50
$35	"	$26.25
$40	"	$30.00
$50	"	$37.50

G. N. Vincent, 524-526 6th Ave., Bet. 31st and 32d St.

VERMOUTH

CALISSANO ALBA (ITALY)

For Real and Better COCKTAILS

Italian or Dry (French)

As sold for 50 Years

To comply with American laws, 4 ounces of pure alcohol have been taken out of the contents of each bottle

Sold by the Leading Dealers

L. CALISSANO & FIGLI, Inc.
1 Harrison St., cor. Hudson
Canal 2947-2767

HEARST SEES HYLAN, WHO STILL SAYS 'NO'

Mayor Reiterates Stand on Governorship After Talk in City Hall.

POLITICIANS ARE PUZZLED

"By-Play or Serious Business," They Begin to Ask—McCooey Also Calls.

William R. Hearst paid another visit to Mayor Hylan at the City Hall yesterday afternoon. As he emerged from the Mayor's office, happy and smiling, after quite a long conference, he said, in reply to questions, that he was trying hard to induce Mr. Hylan to run for Governor.

The Mayor, as he did after a a similar visit by Mr. Hearst a week ago today, told newspaper men he had made up his mind that his duty for the next three years and a half lay in the City Hall, but he made his statement more emphatic than on that earlier occasion.

"Are you prepared to announce your choice for the Democratic nomination for Governor?" Mr. Hearst was asked as he was leaving the City Hall by way of the rear entrance.

"I have been saying all along who the candidate ought to be," said Mr. Hearst.

"You mean Mayor Hylan?" the editor was asked.

"Such is the case," was Mr. Hearst's reply.

"But Mayor Hylan has said that he cannot under any circumstances be induced to give up his present job and run for Governor," Mr. Hearst was told.

"Yes, he is saying that now," Mr. Hearst replied. "But maybe we can induce him to change his mind."

"Will you try to induce him to change his mind?" Mr. Hearst was then asked.

"I have been trying to do that all along," he responded as he hurried away.

Mayor Hylan, as he was leaving City Hall for the day, was asked whether he had changed his views of a week ago.

"I have not changed my mind," he said. "My job for the next three and one-half years is right here and I am going to fill that. I never will change my mind," he added as he entered his waiting motor car.

John H. McCooey, Democratic leader of Kings County, also called on the Mayor, preceding Mr. Hearst. Mr. McCooey, while not formally committed to Mr. Hearst as a candidate, undoubtedly will support him for the nomination if he remains in the race. He will have almost as many votes in his Kings County delegation as there will be in the Tammany delegation controlled by Mr. Murphy.

The weekly visits of Mr. Hearst to Mayor Hylan, made as openly as if with the purpose of inviting public attention, have caused the politicians to wonder whether it is mere political by-play or serious political business. One thing that especially impresses the politicians is that while Mr. Hearst says he is trying to induce Mayor Hylan to run for Governor his communications and visits are followed invariably by declarations from Mr. Hylan, with ever growing emphasis, that he will not run for Governor.

"Is Mr. Hearst really sincere in his protestations of anxiety to confine his own future activities to journalism and have Mayor Hylan transfer his to the executive chamber at Albany?" is the question Democratic politicians are asking themselves.

Some of the Democratic leaders from up-State who called on Mr. Hearst early this Spring have since told friends that the one thing that impressed them in their talks with him was his obvious anxiety to remove all obstacles in the way of his nomination for Governor. All declared he appeared willing to make any pledges to win their support. They point out now that if Mr. Hearst is looking upon the Governorship merely as a stepping stone to the Presidential nomination, as talks of his campaign managers would indicate, he would be no nearer his goal even if he should succeed in making Mayor Hylan the next Governor.

On the other hand, there is a general realization in Democratic circles that in the event of Mr. Hearst being as anxious to land the Gubernatorial nomination as statements made by some of the up-State leaders would seem to indicate, these are absorbing topics on which he might desire to hold private converse with Mayor Hylan. Should Tammany Leader Charles F. Murphy and the leaders of allied organizations in this city prove hostile to Mr. Hearst, he would have to depend on Mayor Hylan and the power he wields over city patronage to make them "see reason."

Mr. McCooey said his visit had "no political significance." This is the second occasion upon which the Hearst-McCooey calls have been nearly simultaneous.

The General Committee of Tammany Hall met last night at the Wigwam. Mr. Murphy came to town to attend the meeting of the Executive Committee, which preceded the meeting of the General Committee, but did not attend the latter. Of the 10,700 members of the General Committee, approximately 10,000 stayed away. The only business transacted was to approve the official call for the fall primaries.

Mr. Murphy, it was said, will remain in town until tomorrow afternoon, when he expects to return to his Summer home at Good Ground, L. I.

CULBERSON ADMITS DEFEAT.

Texas Senator Tells Friends to Support Whom They Please.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Senator Charles A. Culberson, Democrat, of Texas, apparently defeated for renomination in the primary of last Saturday, sent a telegram today to his campaign manager stating that he would take no part in the run-off and his friends should exercise their own judgment as to whom they should support.

Senator Culberson's statement was the first public comment on the primary and was said by his friends to be virtually a concession of defeat. The telegram, sent to Judge Barry Miller of Dallas, said:

"I thank you for your telegram. It is beyond my power to express the deep gratitude I feel for the very fine and unselfish work you did for me during the campaign. I appreciate it with all my heart. While I shall take no part in the second primary myself, I feel that my friends, as a matter of course, should exercise their own judgment as to whom they should support."

DALLAS, Texas, July 26.—Senator Culberson seems doomed to retirement from the United States Senate next March 4, after having represented Texas in the upper house for twenty-four years. His retirement appears assured by returns from Saturday's Democratic primary, which give two of his opponents—Earle Mayfield and former Governor James E. Ferguson—a leading margin that later tabulations are not likely to diminish. Barry Miller, Culberson's campaign manager, concedes defeat of his candidate.

Of the approximately 600,000 votes cast, more than 500,000 had been tabulated when the Texas Election Bureau closed last night. Ferguson was leading Culberson by 19,792 votes and Mayfield had a plurality over Ferguson of 30,110. As no candidate received a majority, a run-off election between Ferguson and Mayfield will be held Aug. 26.

The situation as regards the Congressional contests is virtually unchanged by late returns. Thomas L. Blanton still lacks several hundred votes of having a majority in the Seventeenth District, but maintains a lead of 11,000 over his nearest opponent.

The Texas Election Bureau announced it would issue no further reports on the primary results unless later returns should show substantial gains for Senator Culberson.

LABOR COURT ISSUE IN VOTE

Some Kansas Candidates Oppose It —Women Enter Lists.

TOPEKA, July 26 (Associated Press).—The generally accepted custom of ladies first has little chance of prevailing in the seven-sided Kansas gubernatorial contest for the Republican nomination at the primaries in this State on Aug. 1. Two Kansas women have entered the list of candidates, but both concede defeat before any votes have been cast. Neither is making an active campaign nor has the backing of any State-wide women's organization. These two candidates are Mrs. W. D. Mowry, welfare worker, and wife of a wholesale druggist, and Miss Helen Pettigrew, elocutionist and platform entertainer, both of Kansas City.

The other five candidates are men long prominent in politics—W. R. Stubbs of Lawrence, stockman and banker, who served two terms as Governor, 1909-13; W. E. Morgan, former Lieutenant Governor and publisher of The Hutchinson News; W. P. Lamberton, farmer, of Fairview, for many years a member of the Legislature; Fred W. Knapp of Salina, banker, ex-editor and State Auditor 1917-21, and Tom A. McNeal of Topeka, editor of one of United States Senator Arthur Capper's agricultural publications.

Interest centres mainly in the Industrial Court issue. Two of the Republican candidates, McNeal and Knapp, advocate the abolition of the new Kansas tribunal. This stand is in accord with resolutions adopted by the Kansas Federation of Labor and two farm-labor organizations. Practically all the gubernatorial candidates advocate curtailment of State expenses and lowering of taxes.

The names of three candidates appear on the Democratic primary ticket for the nomination for Governor—Henderson Martin of Lawrence, former Vice Governor of the Philippines; Jonathan M. Davis of Bronson, farmer and party nominee two years ago, and Leigh Hunt, Kansas City, attorney and ex-service man. All three advocate that the Industrial Court law be repealed.

JILTED FRENCH GIRL SUES A ROTHSCHILD

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

to letters and cablegrams promising marriage, one of the cablegrams, she declares, saying:

"Come here and we will be married in this free country."

Another, she said, advised her to sail, not on the Lafayette but the Paris, because he was well acquainted with the officers of the Paris and could prevent any difficulty as to her landing. This cablegram went on to say, according to Mr. Olcott, that, if she sailed alone on the Lafayette, she might be embarrassed by American immigration officials, so that it might become necessary for him to marry her "sur le bateau," or on the ship.

She came on the Paris, unchaperoned but accompanied by her maid. Her sweetheart greeted her ardently, according to her account, but fell immediately into deep dejection and said that he was afraid he could not marry her.

Dared Not Oppose His Family.

"Why not?" she asked.

"I am afraid. I must refuse. I don't dare," were his words, according to Mlle. Porquet.

She went to a hotel. They met on many occasions and considered the situation again and again, but she could not persuade him, she said, to provoke the wrath of his powerful family, by incurring a matrimonial alliance with a Christian.

They never did quarrel, she said, but parted at their last meeting with a farewell kiss. Two minutes after the kiss of farewell, she was in a taxicab bound for the law offices of Richard M. Campbell at 14 Wall Street. She had met Mr. Campbell, it was stated, through an official attached to the French Embassy.

She first asked the lawyer, it was said, if there was not some way to compel the young man to carry out the alleged promise of marriage. She was represented as being entirely uninterested in the money side of the case, and her present attitude is said to be one of seeking indirectly, through the implementation of a breach of promise suit, to bring the young banker to the altar. She assured her counsel that she was still desperately in love with young de Rothschild, and considered him perfect, except for deficiency of backbone.

Papers Served Here on Young Banker.

The papers in the suit for $500,000 were drawn, and the complaint served on young de Rothschild the day after the farewell kiss at his bachelor apartment at 870 Park Avenue. Mr. Campbell engaged Mr. Olcott, one of the best known trial lawyers in the city, to prosecute the action, and meetings were speedily arranged between Mr. Olcott and Senator Brackett, representing the young Frenchman. Through a misunderstanding, resulting from these interviews, the defendant gained the impression sufficiently that he was about to be arrested. His thereupon hurried across the Canadian border and took the slow boat, running the risk of discomfort which caused so much distress to the young plaintiff.

A second misunderstanding caused Mr. Olcott to sever his connection with the case. A delay in the mails made him believe that he had been misled as to the claim of the young woman that she possessed letters from de Rothschild supporting her case. At their first interview Mr. Olcott had asked for the letters, but the young woman said she had none with her.

Sent to Paris for Letters.

"Why haven't you?" he asked.

"Because I came here to get married, not to bring evidence for a suit," she said. She told Mr. Olcott that she could cable to have the letters sent at once. In his office she wrote the cable message asking her family to forward at once the letters, cablegrams and radiograms in the jewel safe in her boudoir. A reply was cabled at once, promising their arrival on the Aquitania.

The two lawyers continued their conferences. Senator Brackett insisted, Mr. Olcott said, that there were no letters. An appointment, however, was made to consider the strength of the case after the packet had arrived by steamer. At the meeting on the day appointed Mr. Olcott threw up his hands and said:

"You are right. There are no letters. I am withdrawing from the case."

Cable Text of Love Items.

A day after he had given up the effort to trace the mail of the Aquitania, however, a corpulent bundle arrived containing nearly a cubic foot of letters and messages. These were expertized and were declared, in spite of their lack of purple passages, to be one of the most valuable properties of the kind in the world. They are full of tender sentiments and references to marriage and usually conclude "sacredly yours," "tenderly yours" and "eternally yours," according to Mr. Olcott. It was alleged yesterday that after the reading of the letters repentance had set in because of the comparative meagreness of the sum of $500,000 which was asked in damages. Besides the letters, it was said that there were two dozen cablegrams. In addition to that, there are said to be radiograms twice a day during the voyage of Mlle. Porquet.

Part of young de Rothschild's time in this country has been spent, it was said, in studying financial methods under the guidance of a Wall Street firm. He has also travelled a good deal. A sight-seeing trip to California immediately preceded the alleged telegram to Mlle. Porquet to come "to this free country and marry him."

"Absolutely the only reason for breaking off the match," Mr. Olcott said, "is that Mlle. Porquet is a Christian and that the de Rothschild family is opposed to marriages outside their religion. Mlle. Porquet is a young woman of splendid character and standing, with a very remarkable personality. Being invited to this country to be married and then being abandoned, she must take this action to protect her position, but it is our hope that the affair will end with her marriage to young de Rothschild, to whom she is deeply attached."

GASTRONOMIC VIRTUE

Thackeray said of the man who boasts that whatever he eats is the same to him:

"He brags about a personal defect—the wretch—and not about a virtue."

Obviously, then, to enjoy only pure, wholesome, properly cooked food is a gastronomic virtue—

A virtue to which those who dine at CHILDS may lay indisputable claim.

CHILDS vegetable dinner, a delicious variation in the menu list.

Childs

Are you a Prudent Man?

OFTEN, years after the transfer of real estate, a flaw in the title crops up with disastrous results to the owner.

The prudent buyer insures his title with us and refuses to take any chance.

You are cordially invited to consult

160 Broadway . . . . . New York
188 Montague Street . . . . . Brooklyn
161-17 Jamaica Ave. . . . . Jamaica, N. Y.
149 E. 149th Street . . . . . New York

Lawyers Title and Trust Company

Personal Problem Service

Problem Analyses—Business, Domestic, Religious or Social. Have been eminently successful in helping many others. Highest Commercial and Financial references. Appointment by letter only. Mabel Heaton Williamson, 25 East 39th St.

Stock Up on These Downward Revisions

A generous quantity of our summer mixture sack suits reduced to $40 and $35. Splendid opportunity of economically providing your vacation clothes requirements.

A July harvest—American and English straw hats, fine, medium, and rugged braids, revised from

$3	to	$2.15
4	to	2.85
5-6	to	3.85
7	to	4.85
10	to	7.15

Store closes Saturday at noon

BROKAW BROTHERS
BROADWAY AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

FOUNDED 1856

The Shop of Original Modes

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 54th and 55th Streets

For Clearance To-day

Our Remaining Stock of Midsummer Fashions

★

DAYTIME FROCKS...$35
Originally to $75
Crepe Roma, Crepe Renee, Crepe Canton

DAY COATS & WRAPS...$49.50
Originally to $110
Cloth and Silk—Embroidered and Fur Trimmed

SMART TAILORED SUITS...$35
Originally to $135
Three Piece and Sports Models

Lines of Logic—

No. 8.

THE plot you will want next Summer will be sold this Summer. Come and get it!

Island Park-Long Beach

1 West 34th St. Edgeworth Smith Tel. Fitzroy 5250

Charge Purchases Made on the 27th, 28th or 31st of this Month Will Appear on Bills Rendered Sept. 1st

NO ALTERATIONS

Best & Co.
Fifth Ave., at 35th St.—N.Y.
Established 1879

NO APPROVALS

Today and Friday

ENTIRE REMAINING STOCK OF SUMMER DRESSES
(*About 900 Pieces*)

At a Fraction of Original Prices

Women's and Misses' Dresses 5.00
Gingham, Cretonne

Women's and Misses' Dresses 10.00
Velette, Pongee, Charmeuse, Voile, English Chenille, Dotted Swiss, Linen, Cotton Crepe, Viyella Flannel

Women's and Misses' Dresses 15.00
Silk Jersey, Tub Silk, Imported Crepe, Dotted Swiss, Voile, Ratine, Organdie

DRASTIC REDUCTIONS
in Remaining Stocks of
Separate Skirts, Sweaters & Bathing Suits

All Sales Final

A SALE *for* MEN

A decisive mark down on every FLORSHEIM Low Shoe. Your unrestricted choice of our entire stock. All regular lines; every pair is made specially for us.

The FLORSHEIM SHOE

All Styles - All Leathers

$8.85

A FEW STYLES $9.85

THE FLORSHEIM SHOE STORE
149 West Forty-second Street
(Two Doors East of Broadway)

One Hundred and Fifty Florsheim Dealers in Greater New York
"THERE'S ONE IN YOUR NEIGHBORHOOD"

The Florsheim SHOE

MARION DAVIES SUIT NOT OF HER SEEKING

Her Brother-in-Law Tells Why He Began Libel Action In Her Behalf.

NOT AT SCENE OF SHOOTING

Film Star at Home of Her Parents on Night of Party—Her Sister Testifies Today.

The cross-examination of George B. Van Cleve, brother-in-law of Marion Davies, film star and complainant in a criminal libel suit against Merton E. Burke and Philip A. Payne, managing editor and city editor respectively of The Daily News, was continued yesterday before Magistrate George W. Simpson, holding court in Room 500, Municipal Building. The suit against The News employes, as well as others pending against editors of The New York Herald and Evening Telegram is the outgrowth of alleged libellous articles published in connection with the shooting of Oscar A. Hirsh by Mrs. Hirsh, his wife, following a party at the Freeport, L. I., home of Miss Reine Davies, sister of Marion.

Mr. Van Cleve reiterated his belief that the intent of The Daily News in publishing a picture of Marion Davies, as well as the statement that the party at the sister's home had been given in her honor, was to convey to the reader the idea that she was present. Marion Davies, he said, had spent the entire evening at the home of her parents, Magistrate and Mrs. Bernard Douras at 331 Riverside Drive.

Van Cleve was quizzed at length as to alleged statements said to have been made following the shooting by Chief of Police Hartman and Assistant District Attorney Edwards regarding the nature of the party. The witness denied he had heard Mr. Edwards say the party had been given in honor of Marion. He recalled no such statement from Chief Hartman, he declared.

Reine Davies Annoyed by Delay.

Interrogating the witness on events at the Police Court, Macdonald DeWitt, of counsel for The Daily News, asked: "Did you notice anything unusual about the condition of Mrs. Lederer (Miss Reine Davies)?

"Absolutely no," replied Van Cleve.

"Didn't you hear Judge Douras tell Mrs. Lederer to keep quiet?"

"Yes. Mrs. Lederer said: 'I think it is a shame to keep us waiting all this time,' and Judge Douras said to her, 'Oh, be quiet, lady.'"

Van Cleve disavowed hearing his sister-in-law tell a chauffeur witness at the Police Court to "keep your damn mouth shut."

Over the objection of William Harmon Black, Attorney for Van Cleve, De Witt demanded to know why Marion Davies had not brought the criminal libel actions, when she was the alleged injured party. He gave as a reason the statement that Miss Davies did not understand court procedure and libel.

"Isn't it a fact that you insisted Miss Davies bring this action?"

"In a sense, yes. I insisted that a summons be secured. I was advised by my counsel that any one reading the articles could bring such an action."

"Didn't you receive word from William Randolph Hearst to the effect that the prosecution should be brought?" asked DeWitt, after interrogating the witness as to whether he had talked the case over with members of the Hearst organization.

"No," Mr. Van Cleve replied.

Van Cleve testified that Miss Davies first learned of the events at Freeport when he showed her a copy of the Sunday edition of The Evening Telegram.

"After she read The Telegram didn't Miss Davies call up William Randolph Hearst?" De Witt asked.

"Not to my knowledge," Van Cleve testified. "I can so state that she did not from 1 o'clock in the afternoon on."

"Isn't it a fact that during the course of Sunday afternoon Marion Davies received information that the story in The Evening Telegram had been sent out by the Standard News Association?"

"Not according to my own knowledge."

Evidence As to Motive.

On redirect examination Magistrate Simpson allowed Mr. Black to offer in evidence a copy of a later edition of The Daily News in which had been added to an account of the party a denial from Miss Davies, through counsel, of her presence at the function. The Court allowed this as evidence of what the prosecution maintained was motive. Van Cleve, who said he had been President of the Advertising Club and the Sphinx Club, described a headline as a method of attracting attention. He agreed with the suggestion of Mr. Black that the object of pictures in The Daily News was "to tease the reader into reading the articles."

"Do you recall Mr. DeWitt ever asking you at these hearings if Marion Davies was present?" asked Mr. Black.

"He has not," Van Cleve said.

During the re-cross examination Van Cleve testified that while the Hirshes were at Reine Davies's home there had been no disagreement. The first he learned of the shooting was when he heard an explosion which sounded like a tire exploding. A few seconds later this was followed by a call for help. He said he did not personally see the shooting, therefore.

Reine Davies is to take the witness stand at the continuation of the hearings this afternoon. Marion Davies was not in attendance at the hearing.

ZAGLOULISTS ARE DEFIANT.

Name Another Cairo Committee to Replace the One Arrested Tuesday.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, July 26.—It was announced this morning that the Zaglouist organization had appointed another committee to carry on the work formerly done by the men who were arrested yesterday.

It is now obvious that the drastic measures taken by the police are tending to split the Egyptians into two camps, one approving the effort to curtail propaganda which encourages acts of violence, the other resenting the invocation of British martial law against Egyptians.

The situation is at a stage where definite developments are inevitable, but it is hoped that the Egyptians will realize that a popular movement against the Egyptian Cabinet at this juncture will do irreparable harm to the Nationalist cause.

KENDALLS LONG DIVORCED.

Records Show Artist's Wife Obtained Decree Last October.

PARIS, July 26.—The divorce which Mrs. Margaret S. Kendall has obtained from her husband, William Sergeant Kendall, of New Haven, Conn., was granted Oct. 12, 1921, according to records of the Third Civil Tribunal of the Seine Department, says the Paris edition of The New York Herald.

The decree was allowed after Mr. Kendall, through his lawyer, had admitted that there was no longer any affection between the couple. The mother was awarded custody of the younger child, Allison, and the father that of the elder, Beatrice.

Mr. Kendall was formerly dean of the Yale Art School and is now devoting his time to painting. Mrs. Kendall left Paris for London two months ago, according to her sister.

We Will Offer Thursday and Friday a new and Interesting Collection of

5.95 Wonder Hats

—each presenting some novel variation of the Paris mode—

Every clever idea that has made its appearance on the new French hats has found its way here to gladden these delightful models at 5.95.

Off-the-face models, pokes, turbans, roll brimmed and large brimmed styles—of duvetyne, satin, panne velvet and fabric combinations—trimmings of ostrich fancies, embroidery, velvet and ornaments—all these await your choosing. Black, canna, navy, gray, sand, brown and high shades are the colors. *Every one a marvelous value!* *Third Floor*

Thursday and Friday—Exceptional Values in

Brassieres and Bandeaux

for sports or general wear

Regularly . . 75c, 1.00 and 1.50
Now . . . . 39c, 50c *and* 75c

While every size is not available in every model, the collection is so comprehensive that there is no doubt about your finding brassieres to suit one's taste and figure. Made of flesh broche, plain satin, heavy coutil or lace, with front, side and back fastening. Sizes 32 to 46. *Third Floor*

Brocaded Radium

Silk Breakfast Coats

in a very unusual presentation Thursday and Friday

at **12.95**

A special purchase enables us to present these charmingly attractive breakfast coats of

exquisite brocaded radium silk and crepe back satin at this remarkable price.

Dainty ruffles or corded shirring trim them most gracefully, and a carefully placed rosebud group adds a touch of completion. In flame, rose, peach, pink, light blue, French blue, orchid, black and navy. All sizes. *Third Floor*

Thursday and Friday

Silk Hosiery

for Women

—offered at prices that make them the best values in New York.

At **1.95**

Striped Sport Silk Hose, with smart horizontal stripes that are so attractive for sports wear. In black, white, beige and gun metal.

At **2.15**

Pure Ingrain Silk Hose with a smart lace openwork pattern. Full fashioned and durably reinforced. In black, white, African brown, cordovan and several shades of gray.

At **2.65**

"Madeleine Qualite" Chiffon Silk Hose, perfectly woven and so durable that they wear amazingly well for such sheer silk. They are full fashioned and well reinforced. In black, African brown, beige, polo gray, gun metal, nude and the wood shades.

At **2.95**

Fine Silk Hose with embroidered clocks in contrasting colors, full fashioned and reinforced with mercerized lisle tops, soles and heels. They come in black, with white clocks, or white with a number of contrasting colored clocks.

Street Floor

TO CLOSE OUT THURSDAY AND FRIDAY

At Great Reductions

Women's Smart Capes & Coats

—eminently suitable for present wear and particularly adapted to early Fall use—

45 Tricotine, twill cord and Canton crepe Coats and Capes, originally 39.50 to 45.00 . . . . . *now* **22.75**

65 Dressy Capes and Coats of Canton crepe, French cord and tricotine, originally 59.50 to 69.50 . . . . . *now* **38.00**

85 Smart Sports Coats of jersey and flannel, originally 10.00 to 19.50 . *now* **6.95, 8.50** *and* **12.50**

50 Knitted Wool Capes for beach or country wear, originally 12.95 to 35.00, *now* **8.95, 14.50** *and* **25.00**

35 Homespun Travel Capes, silk lined throughout in most attractive colors, originally 20.00, *now* **10.00**

Women's Smart

Steamer and Mountain Coats

Specially Priced for Thursday and Friday

at **39.50**

Attractive, roomy models of imported and domestic tweeds and homespun mixtures, overplaids and camel's hair cloth. They are tailored with that fine regard for line and precision that makes the traveling coat a protective ornament instead of a bulky burden. They come in dark or medium shades. Half or fully silk lined.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Hours of Business: 9.00 to 5.30 :: *Closed ALL DAY Saturdays*

Thursday and Friday

New Silk Frocks

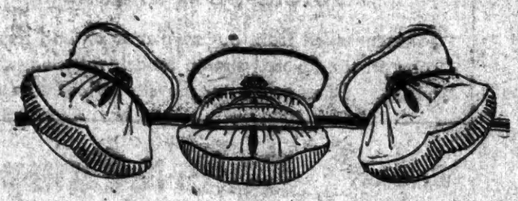
for Misses

—that indicate new style tendencies in the fall of a drape or the placing of a panel—

At **25.00**

This interesting group of frocks of Canton crepe, crepe de Chine and crepe back satin affords one not only an opportunity to secure a new frock at a very low price—but to include in one's wardrobe a frock that reveals *every new Paris touch* for early Fall wear.

They are softly bloused or straight of line, showing the new deft drape on one hip, the new pleated skirt or airy flying panels—youthful in their every line. Every wanted shade, including navy and black. Sizes 14 to 18 years. *Second Floor*



New Morocco Hand Bags

Specially Priced for Thursday and Friday

At **5.00**

The ever-new and refreshing French touch that lends distinction to these imported bags places a smart emphasis on the use of suede fringe and a carved bone knob.

They are of genuine Morocco, fitted with an inner compartment and mirror, well lined in matching silks. In blue, brown, red, gray, green and black.

Street Floor

New Silk Frocks for Women in advance Fall Models

will be offered Thursday and Friday

at **25.00**

Paris reports that her Autumn frocks will be fashioned of dull and shiny silks, and so these at 25.00 follow her lead.

The frock of Canton Crepe displays side drapings, a touch of the Russian in colorful embroidery, and fine tucking. The one of Satin adopts four panels that hang below the skirt—and adds a large buckle at one side. In brown, black and navy. Sizes 36 to 44.

Women's Cotton Frocks

Specially Priced, **5.95, 6.90** *and* **9.75**

Fashioned of gingham, French crepe, Normandie and plain voiles in a variety of charming Summer models. Light and dark shades. *Fourth Floor*

500

Slip-on & Tuxedo Sweaters

—of mohair yarn, in sizes for Women & Misses

Thursday and Friday at **3.95**

A smart combination weave makes these sweaters most desirable sports accessories, for they show a most attractive deviation that stamps them as "quite new."

The slip-on models have the youthful round neck and the tuxedo sweaters have contrasting stitching in front, each finished with the necessary sash belt. Every desirable sport shade is in the collection. *Third Floor*

Toilet Sets

of Ivortus, Shell and Amber

At Greatly Reduced Prices, Thursday and Friday

Ivortus is the best imitation of real ivory made, and has long held the admiration of discriminating women everywhere.

3 Piece Ivortus Set
Reg. 5.00 . . *at* **3.45**

3 Piece Shell Set
Reg. 7.50 . . *at* **4.95**

3 Piece Shell Set
Reg. 10.00 . *at* **7.95**

5 Piece Ivortus Set—in Fleur de Lys Pattern
Reg. 15.00 . *at* **8.25**

5 Piece Cameo Ivortus Set
Reg. 25.00 . *at* **13.00**

5 Piece Lady Betty Set—in shell, amber or Ivortus
Reg. 16.50 . . *at* **12.95**

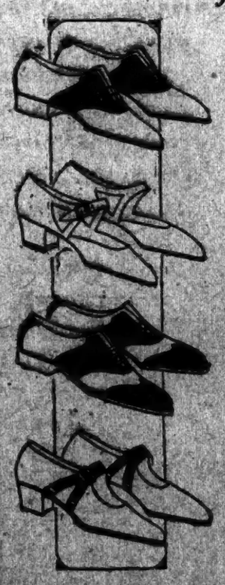
11 Piece Etched Ivortus Set
Reg. 85.00 . *at* **31.00**

Street Floor

Thursday and Friday A Very Important Sale of

Smart White Footwear

for Women and Misses



Offers values so unusual that one cannot afford to overlook them!

8.50 and 10.00 Pumps and Oxfords, *now* **6.95**
10.50 and 12.00 Pumps and Oxfords, *now* **8.50**

A truly remarkable sale of Summer footwear, whether one considers it from the viewpoint of quality, style or price. Twenty distinct styles are featured, in various smart leathers—white kid, white buckskin, white linen and clever combinations of white with colored calfskin.

Military, Cuban and Spanish heels with hand turned or welted soles. Sizes 2½ to 8, widths AA to D, but not in each model. *Second Floor*

An Inn to Come to When You're All In!

Pickwick Arms—a city hotel in the country—a Park Avenue hostelry parked in Greenwich, Conn.—45 minutes from Manhattan by rail—60 minutes by Renault—in the heart of the Westchester Hills—close to Long Island Sound—and entirely surrounded by a good time—everything from golf courses to horses and stock tickers to tennis—a place to come for dinner and a place to stop for good—open all the year and a wide open welcome all the time! And that goes for children as well as grown-ups.

Motor out tonight and bring the family along!

DANCING
Thursday and Saturday Evenings

OPEN ALL YEAR
Pickwick Arms
GREENWICH
A la Carte Restaurant Service
EDWARD H. CRANDALL

America's Smartest Car

The
ROAMER

Continental has done it—for Roamer *alone*. This new 12XD Continental motor has created a sensation—more power, greater speed, increased flexibility, perfect balance and remarkable economy.

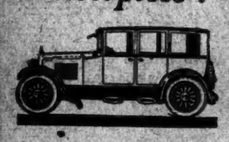
Continental's Newest Triumph
12XD MOTOR

Special Lynite aluminum pistons and special Alloy metal connecting rods. See it *now*.

BARLEY MOTOR CAR CO.
Kalamazoo, Mich.

ROAMER SALES CO.
1800 BROADWAY
NEW YORK, N. Y.
1700 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn.

The Mechanical Masterpiece!



The Perfect
CLEVELAND SIX
The Wonder Value of the Motor World

SEDAN
$1595
NOW
F.O.B. CLEVELAND

CLEVELAND
AUTOMOBILE SALES CORPORATION
BROADWAY at 62d ST. NEW YORK
TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 6100
BROOKLYN OPEN EVENINGS BRONX
JERSEY CITY

MOTH KIL
KILLS MOTHS
PREVENTS MOTH DAMAGE
Odorless—Stainless—Safe
GUARANTEED for a YEAR
BY A MONEY-BACK BOND
at Drug, Department and Piggly-Wiggly Stores.

DENIES REPUBLICAN CLAIM OF ECONOMY

Senator Overman Asserts Government's Cost Is Increasing Under Harding.

CITES THE BUDGET OF 1915

Finds a Difference of $536,000,000 in Favor of the Wilson Administration.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Senator Overman of North Carolina, ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations, challenged today the claim of Republican leaders that there has been real economy in Federal appropriations and expenditures under the new budget system.

"All the big headlines appearing in newspapers showing the great savings made by the budget system under the Harding Administration," said Senator Overman, "are nothing but a camouflage and pipe dreams, and there is nothing in it, as the figures show. The economies claimed are imaginary and not borne out by the figures on the Treasury books."

Senator Overman's speech was intended as a formal reply to the statement recently issued by Senator Warren, Chairman of the Appropriations Committee, comparing Federal appropriations for the fiscal years 1922 and 1923, in which it was emphasized that there had been a great reduction in appropriations.

"It is true, as stated by Senator Warren," said Mr. Overman, "that the appropriations for the fiscal year 1923 are $319,000,000 less than for 1922, but by analyzing this statement it is found that a greater part of it was on account of a saving by Congress in decreasing the army and the navy and by charging the good roads item to the postal appropriations—all of which were necessary reforms brought about by peace."

Compares 1915 Appropriations.

Senator Overman stated that, "in order to be perfectly fair to Congress and the public," he would compare the appropriations made under the Wilson Administration three years before the war with the appropriation made by the Harding Administration three years after the war. Such a comparison, he said, showed that under the Wilson Administration the 1915 appropriations aggregated $1,107,300,694.83, while under the Harding Administration for the fiscal year 1923 the current appropriations are $3,747,035,382.64, making a difference of $2,639,725,685.81 in favor of the Wilson Administration in 1915 as compared with the current fiscal year's appropriation under the Harding Administration.

In order to be perfectly fair and just to this Administration, however, Senator Overman said, there should be deducted from this $2,600,000,000-odd all items growing out of the war, and he therefore had deducted and given credit to the Harding Administration for the appropriations which they were compelled to make as resulting from the World War the following:

Emergency Fleet Corporation, $100,000,000; Veterans' Bureau, $418,000,000; United States Housing Corporation, $1,000,000, and the Alien Property Custodian, $370,000. Also, he deducted $43,000,000 on account of expenses in the Bureau of Internal Revenue and public debt service; $38,000,000 for increased compensation or bonus; $1,260,000,000 out of the public debt fund, including sinking fund and interest on public debt and retirement of public debt from ordinary receipts, and $30,000,000 for the retirement of public debt from Federal Reserve Bank franchise tax.

Figures Wilson Administration Less.

"After deducting all these amounts which have been appropriated under the Harding Administration," said Mr. Overman, "making the large sum of $1,329,423,000 for the legitimate expenses of running the Government for the fiscal year of 1923 under the Harding Administration as compared with $793,000,000 for 1915 under the Wilson Administration, there is a difference of $536,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration, three years before the war and three years after the war, as follows.

"Under the head of executive and other independent offices, appropriations under the Harding Administration for 1923, $23,000,000, as compared with $9,000,000 in 1915 under the Wilson Administration, making a difference in favor of the Wilson Administration of $14,000,000.

"Under the head of State Department for 1923 $10,000,000, as compared with $6,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $4,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the Treasury Department for 1923 $199,000,000, as compared with $149,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $50,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the War Department for 1923 $332,000,000, as compared with $181,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $151,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

Under the Navy Department, for 1923, $297,000,000, as compared with $148,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $148,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the Interior Department, for 1923, $325,000,000, as compared with $211,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $113,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the Agricultural Department, for 1923, $50,000,000, as compared with $20,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $30,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the Department of Commerce, for 1923, $18,000,000, as compared with $11,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $7,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the Department of Labor, for 1923, $6,000,000, as compared with $3,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $3,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the Department of Justice, for 1923, $17,000,000, as compared with $10,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $7,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration.

"Under the District of Columbia, for 1923, $24,000,000, as compared with $13,000,000 in 1915, making a difference of $11,000,000 in favor of the Wilson Administration."

These figures, Senator Overman said, showed "a grand totals after deducting all the war expenses and only showing the appropriations for the legitimate expenses of the Government for 1923, of $1,329,000,000, as compared with $793,000,000 for 1915, under the Wilson Administration, making a decrease in favor of the Wilson Administration of $536,000,000."

LEFT MUCH TO CHARITY.

Will of Hirsh Rabinowitz Disposes of $100,000.

Many bequests to Hebrew charities are made in the will of Hirsh Rabinowitz, who died on June 30 at 100 Rivington Street, leaving a $100,000 estate. He gave $15,000 each to his widow, Lean, and a granddaughter, and the residue to his son, Abraham, of 129 East 114th Street.

The Hebrew Free Loan Society is bequeathed $5,000; $1,000 each is left to the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, Federation for Support of Philanthropic Societies, Beth Israel Hospital, Home of the Daughters of Jacob, Montefiore Home, Mt. Sinai Hospital, United Hebrew Charities and the Jedtscher National Fund. The Hebrew Sheltering Guardian Society will have $750, and $500 each is left to the Hebrew Technical Institute and Hebraw Orphan Asylum.

We Announce for THURSDAY a

REMARKABLE SALE *of*

Dainty Porch Frocks

Ten distinct models . at 2.85
Twelve distinct models at 3.85

—EVERY ONE MADE TO SELL AT A MUCH HIGHER PRICE!

CHARMING long-waisted, one-piece and regulation waistline frocks—highly practical, yet smart enough for porch and beach wear—and low enough in price to prompt the purchase of six rather than one.

Fashioned of checked ginghams, solid color chambray, and tissue gingham in stripes and checks. Some have vestees, sashes and inserts of organdie—others have touches of white on collars and cuffs—and still more take contrasting color trimmings. In shades of blue, green, orchid, pink, red, and black with white. Sizes 16 to 52 inclusive. Four styles *pictured*. *Third Floor*

Pure Silk Slip-on Sweaters

Regularly 16.75 *to* 19.75

To Close Out Thursday at 9.75

Sweaters taken from our regular stock and reduced for clearance. All come in the favored slip-on model, with long sleeves and lovely braided girdles. Plain colors and novelty striped effects. *Third Floor*

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** at 34th STREET

TO CLOSE

WHOLESALE FOREIGN DEPT.

OF

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

AT

WHOLESALE PRICES

IRISH POPLIN TIES	$ .95	ENGLISH MADRAS SHIRTS	$ 2.55
FRENCH CUT SILK TIES	.95	SCOTCH GOLF HOSE	2.95
IRISH LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS	1.08	PONGEE SILK SHIRTS	4.85
ENGLISH WOOL HOSE	1.15	SWISS SILK MUFFLERS	7.65
ANGORA WOOL MUFFLERS	1.85	JAPANESE JACQUARD SILK SHIRTS	7.95
ENGLISH MADE CAPS	2.15	SILK PAJAMAS	9.65
FRENCH LISLE HOSE	2.45	ANGORA SWEATERS	12.45
ENGLISH STRAW HATS	2.50	FRENCH BATH ROBES	13.10

THIS SALE COMPRISES GOODS PERSONALLY SELECTED BY FINCHLEY FOR SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVES IN THE LARGER CITIES IN AMERICA FINCHLEY DESIRES TO HAVE IT KNOWN THAT THE ENTIRE BUILDING IS NOW TO BE DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO RETAIL BUSINESS.

FINCHLEY
5 West 46th. Street
NEW YORK

Continuing the

Semi-Annual Clothing Event

Choice of Entire Stock

Men's and Young Men's

Suits and Topcoats

Including our regular lines of Golf, Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits

$32.50

Suits regularly $35 to $65
Topcoats " $37 to $60

Size range is complete 33 to 46 including regulars, longs, stouts and shorts

Due to this exceedingly low price there will be a slight charge for alterations

USE FIFTH AVENUE ARCADE ENTRANCE

Charge purchases will appear on bills rendered September 1st

FIFTH AVENUE **James McCreery & Co.** 35th STREET

EXTRA SPACE EXTRA SALESPEOPLE EXTRA FITTERS EXTRA TAILORS

Broadway **Saks** at 34th Street

METROPOLITAN CLOTHES FOR MEN

Now Being Featured—

Men's Gabardine and Tropical Worsted Suits

(coat and trousers)

Special at 25.00

¶ For all around Summer-serviceability, suits from these two materials have no superior. They have a substantial air which distinguishes them from other Summer-weight clothes and which is expressed in the permanency of their lines, fit and finish: They are fully as cool and comfortable as the thinner fabric suits. *Fifth Floor*

Men's White Flannel Trousers

Special 7.50

Lost and Found Advertisements, Page 18.

McCUMBER AGAIN VILIFIES THE PRESS

Says Publishers' Association Demanded Free Newsprint as Price for Supporting Taft.

HIS CHARGES CHALLENGED

Robinson and Stanley Defend Newspapers, Smoot and Watson Tell of Threats.

"IMBECILE," SAYS SEITZ

Business Manager of The World, Who Was Present at Conferences, Says No Threats Were Made.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The charge that the defeat of William H. Taft for the Presidency in 1912 was the result of the refusal of the Senate Committee on Finance to make a corrupt bargain with representatives of the American Newspaper Publishers Association was made in the Senate this afternoon by Senator McCumber of North Dakota. The Senator, who recently was defeated for renomination, declared that these representatives of the newspaper publishers of the country had demanded that newsprint paper be placed on the free list, the price to be paid for this concession being the support of Mr. Taft by the newspapers.

"The real cause of Mr. Taft's defeat in 1912," declared Senator McCumber, "was the refusal of the Republican Party to put newsprint paper on the free list. The American Newspaper Publishers Association sent a committee to Washington to demand that this newsprint paper be placed on the free list, and the Committee on Finance was informed that the association would support the Administration if that was done. On the other hand, the committee was told that if it was not done they, the association, would do all they could to destroy the Administration.

"The committee stood for principle and refused, and suffered defeat because of it. The defeat was not due to Schedule K at all."

Subsequently, Senators Smoot and Watson went to the defense of the Finance Committee, but neither of them made the broad accusation uttered by the North Dakota Senator.

Mr. Smoot asserted that the late John Norris, who was an official of the American Newspaper Publishers Association, had in a conference with the late Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island declared that if newsprint paper was taxed "the Republican Party will be driven from power," while Senator Watson, who was at that time in the House and a member of the Committee on Ways and Means, said he had heard the late Herman Ridder of New York make the same threat.

Climax of Bitter Tariff Debate.

The charge against the newspapers came as the climax to four hours of bitter debate, in which the wool schedule had been condemned in unmerciful fashion by Senator Lenroot of Wisconsin, who warned his Republican colleagues that the approval of the committee wool rates would shock the country and probably would lead to the defeat of the party in the next election.

Mr. Lenroot's reference to the Taft defeat, which, he said, was due in large part to Schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich law, gave Senator McCumber his opportunity to make his charge against the newspaper publishers.

Senators Robinson of Arkansas and Stanley of Kentucky challenged the statement made by Mr. McCumber. The Arkansas Senator said the charge was "an appalling one," that assailed the honor and integrity of an institution of which there was no greater in the United States. It was impossible for him to believe, he added, that the newspapers of the country had unitedly turned against the Republican Party, especially as most of the Republican papers, as he recalled the campaign of 1910, supported the candidacy of Mr. Taft.

"The honor of public men," said Senator Stanley, "the faith of public opinion, the attitudes of the nation in peace or war, are dependent in a great measure upon the wisdom of this mightiest influence for right or wrong—the press. Yet we are told that that thing may be bought and sold for a petty duty upon print paper; that the press of America, crawling on its belly, sought to eat out of the filthy hands of the purveyors of graft, and that they repudiated it. Repudiated when and how? The press did demand free print paper, and there was never a more righteous demand."

Robinson Attacks McCumber.

"The Senator from North Dakota, Mr. McCumber," said Senator Robinson, "ridicules the idea that Mr. Taft was defeated for a second term because of his changed attitude respecting tariff subjects and particularly the wool schedule. Senator Lenroot has pointed out the historical course, the fact that Mr. Taft made his first campaign, with the support of Mr. Roosevelt, largely upon a platform favoring reduction of tariff rates, and after election he apparently completely revised his pre-election attitude and signed a tariff bill which he himself had said was indefensible.

"The Senator from North Dakota now repeats with emphasis that Mr. Taft's defeat was not due to Schedule K, but to the newspaper publishers of America. He said in substance that 'we all know that a committee representing the newspapers of the country came here and urged free print paper. They told the Finance Committee that if we would grant this the newspapers would support Mr. Taft, but if their request was refused they would wreck the Administration.'

"Continuing, the Senator from North Dakota says the committee had rejected that corrupt demand and had stood for principle, and because it would not yield to this demand for free print paper the Republican Party had been exalted to a place of martyrdom and had suffered defeat.

"If that statement is true, it is appalling. I call for more definite and complete information. Was that demand made in open or secret session of the committee? I challenge the Senator to say who constituted the committee representing the newspaper publishers before the Finance Committee.

Calls for Full Publicity.

"Important as are the provisions of the wool schedule, the declaration of the Senator from North Dakota, Mr. McCumber, is far more important. It goes to the integrity of the press of the United States; it assails the honor and honesty of the newspapers of this nation. There ought to be the fullest publicity concerning this matter. There can be no justification for secrecy. Who were the newspaper committee? Were its statements oral or in writing? Were they uttered in confidence?

"How does it happen that the years have come and gone, how does it happen that Mr. Taft went down to defeat, overwhelming and humiliating, and that the real causes have been withheld from the public and never published until today? Why did the Finance Committee when the newspapers representatives made their challenge to them that they must either write into the Payne-Aldrich tariff a provision sent to it by the newspapers of the country and advocated and desired by them, or suffer the united opposition of the press of the nation—why did not the Finance Committee then accept the challenge and make the issue?

"I am not asking for political purposes, but for information. The statement of Senator McCumber was to the effect that when the Finance Committee, with courage and dignity, stood for principle and rejected the demands of the newspapers, these newspapers unitedly turned against the Republican Party and its nominee, and for that reason Taft went to his political grave. If that be true, why were the facts withheld all the time?

"My recollection is the Republican press did not turn against Mr. Taft. I recall from memory now only one great Republican newspaper that repudiated Taft and supported Roosevelt.

Says Taft Reversed His Position.

"The fact is that when Mr. Taft was elected President he turned his back upon the ladder by which he had climbed to power, reversed his position on the tariff and became the apologist for the most indefensible statute ever enacted—the Payne-Aldrich bill. When he did this Mr. Roosevelt repudiated him and millions of others took the same position. Taft had the organization of the party behind him and his second nomination was forced in spite of the bitter objection and resentment of the Republican voters throughout the nation.

"The indictment of the Senator from North Dakota against the American press that because the newspapers could not control the consciences of the members of the Finance Committee they turned against his party and brought about the defeat of Mr. Taft is unjust and, in my opinion, unfounded, and I shall continue to call for definite information. This question cannot be treated with indifference.

"If the newspapers of the United States pursued the course the North Dakotan says they took, then they are unworthy to give expression to public thought or public events. If the charge is unfounded, if it is based upon the unauthorized and irresponsible utterances of individuals who spoke without authority to represent the newspapers, I take it they will repudiate the statement as an unjust slander.

"Were these statements made in public or private? Why have they never before been published? Why did Mr. Taft and his associates in the campaign which resulted in humiliating defeat suffer all this to occur without complaint and without resentment, when an honest exposure of the causes which were driving him to hopeless political ruin would have brought to his standard honest men throughout the nation who are unwilling that politics shall be dominated by selfish and corrupt influences?

"While the wool schedule as written in this bill will impose almost unbearable burdens on the people, it never can accomplish the harm that must result from practices such as that described by the Senator from North Dakota. Let us have the facts."

Stanley Defends the Press.

Senator Stanley said he endorsed all that the Arkansas Senator had said. He declared the newspapers had taken the place of the orator in America, and were today the greatest influence in the country.

"Yet we are left to presume," Mr. Stanley continued, "that the press came to the Finance Committee—openly or secretly it does not appear—but they came as Nicodemus came to Christ by night, and intimated it would be better to grease the press, better to fix this great agency of publicity, or there would be trouble, and that the Finance Committee, with the courage of a hero, the virtue of a martyr and the loquacity of a sphinx, refused to do it, but said nothing about it.

"The tax on paper is not only a tax against the newspapers, it is a tax against the schools and against education. The best newspapers of the country are assailing this monstrosity now before us, and your answer is not to meet the intelligent arguments of these great papers, but to impugn their integrity, to spread poison over the country to the effect that they are bought and subsidized by a handful of merchants who are importing from foreign countries.

"This thing of damning the press without regard to its guilt or innocence is a protection to that part of the press which is subsidized, and it is unjust, unfair, indefensible as an attack upon that part of the press which has the courage of its convictions.

"The Senator from Arkansas is right. The press, the Senate and the people should demand to know whether this great instrumentality for informing the public and molding its opinion, this daily appeal to intelligence and conscience, comes from the heart and soul of great journalists, doing a great work in the fear of God and love of their country, or whether they are a lot of petty hirelings, mad because they are no longer in the pay of the Finance Committee—which by some strange oversight overlooked one powerful beggar for graft, the first powerful beggar who ever was disappointed."

Senator Smoot took the floor as soon as Senator Stanley had concluded. He began by recalling that in 1909—the year of the alleged threat—the late Senator Nelson W. Aldrich was Chairman of the Committee on Finance. Another Senator who was interested in the paper schedule at that time, he said, was the late Senator Hale of Maine. He said the late John Norris, to whom he referred as "George," had appeared before the committee and asked for a hearing, and that Mr. Aldrich and himself were named as a subcommittee to hear Mr. Norris.

"Senator Aldrich and myself," said Senator Smoot, "tried to reach some compromise with him, he representing the Newspaper Association of America. I think for two hours and a half that question was discussed, and I remember very well making a final appeal to Mr. Norris, asking him if, under the circumstances and conditions then existing, we could not make some compromise, and, if so, the subcommittee would take it to the full committee with a recommendation that the full committee adopt it.

Quotes John Norris.

"I remember well the reply made by Mr. Norris, how emphatic he made it, and I think if I had my diary here I could give his answer word for word and just the way he announced it. But I have repeated it many times in the past, and I think I can repeat it now almost word for word. This is what Mr. Norris said:

"'I will not consider a compromise of any kind. We demand free paper, and if I had the power I would lay a tribute upon the newsprint manufacturers of America, and if a duty is placed upon newsprint paper the Republican Party will be driven from power.'

"If it is the last word I ever utter in this world, that was, in substance, what Mr. Norris said to the sub-committee. The sub-committee reported that to the full committee, and I have no doubt but that the Senator from North Dakota was there at the time the report was made. As to what happened, or what influence that had upon the newspapers of the country, I have never stated; but that is what took place."

Mr. Robinson interrupted to ask: "The Senate states that Mr. Norris's reply to his appeal for a compromise was that if a duty is levied on print paper the Republican Party will be driven from power—that if the Republican Party would put print paper on the free list the newspapers would support Mr. Taft, and if they did not put it on the free list they would oppose him and wreck his Administration, or something like that?"

"Nothing was said like that, nor did I draw any such conclusion from what was said," Mr. Smoot replied.

"Does the Senator from Utah, who heard the statement made by the Senator from North Dakota," Mr. Robinson asked, "support his statement and conclusion, namely, that Taft was not defeated because of his attitude respecting the wool schedule or tariff question, but because of the refusal of the Finance Committee to put print paper on the free list?"

Thinks Norris Statement Unauthorized.

"I would say that there were a good many things that occurred that brought about the defeat of Mr. Taft," Senator Smoot answered. "Mr. Norris simply said that the Republican Party would be driven from power. He was representing the Newspaper Association of America. I do not think the newspapers of the country authorized Mr. Norris to say that. I understood Mr. Norris to make that statement, but as far as he was concerned, that he would do everything in his power to defeat the Republican Party."

The Senator from Utah now quotes from memory a statement made twelve years ago," said Senator Robinson. "He said if he had his diary he is satisfied that it would further refresh his memory. I would like to see his diary. I imagine if my friend, the Senator from Utah, was keeping a diary of the events that were occurring in the secret sessions of the Finance Committee in those days it would reveal other facts of interest to the American people. But the significant point is that he kept that threat locked within his breast, concealed from the public of the United States, and permitted his friend Taft, who only carried the States of Utah and Vermont in a second campaign, to go down to overwhelming discreditable defeat through an influence which, according to his statement now, was deliberately and corruptly exercised to accomplish his defeat. Eight votes in the electoral college from Utah and Vermont were all that Taft received."

Senator Watson then took the floor to tell what he knew about "the great newspaper conspiracy of 1909." He said that what he was about to tell he had repeated on the stump in Indiana many, many times.

At about the time that Mr. Norris was appealing to the Finance Committee for free print paper, Mr. Watson declared, John Sharp Williams introduced a resolution in the House to take the duty off of newsprint paper and wood pulp. The Committee on Ways and Means refused to report the resolution to the House, whereupon, he said, representatives of the newspapers began to get busy.

The late Herman Ridder was then President of the American Newspaper Publishers Association, Mr. Watson said. Mr. Ridder came to Washington and saw Speaker Cannon at the latter's home. On that occasion Mr. Ridder, the Senator said, did not threaten the "destruction" of the Republican Party, but a few days later Mr. Ridder again called on Mr. Cannon at the latter's office in the Capitol and then informed Mr. Cannon, Senator Watson asserted, that if the Republican Party wanted the support of the newspapers and magazines of the country the Williams resolution would have to be passed.

Says Presidency Was Offered to Cannon.

"Then Mr. Ridder," continued Senator Watson, "told Uncle Joe that he had had a wonderful career, and 'you had just as well,' Mr. Ridder added, 'close that career as President of the United States, and if you will permit this resolution to come up we will hold a great banquet here of the newspaper publishers of the country, and we will start you on the way to the Presidency, and we will make you the President of the United States.'"

When Mr. Cannon declined to accept the Presidency, Senator Watson asserted, Mr. Ridder threatened not only to destroy "Uncle Joe," but the entire Republican Party. Thereupon Mr. Cannon, declared the Senator, sent for Jim Neel, his colored servant, and told him that if Mr. Ridder ever came to his Mr. Cannon's, office, he, Neel, was to throw Mr. Ridder out into the corridor, whereupon Mr. Cannon turned to Mr. Ridder and said, "Get out of here, and don't you ever enter my room again!"

"I want to understand the Senator's position," Senator Robinson interrupted. "If I understand the Senator from Indiana, he supports the declaration of the Senator from North Dakota, that the newspapers did, through their accredited representatives, threaten the authorities of the Republican Administration that unless they put newsprint upon the free list the newspapers would concertedly act to encompass the defeat of the Administration, and that they did carry out, or attempt to carry out, that threat."

"Yes," replied Mr. Watson. "You did not hear the Senator from North Dakota make the statement, but I know that we incurred the hostility of those gentlemen, and I know that this conversation occurred that I tell you about, and I know that in 1912 'Uncle Joe' Cannon was beaten, and I know that in 1912 nearly all the Republicans were beaten."

"The Senator from Indiana characteristically testified," said Senator Robinson. "He became reminiscent. He recalled days that are accomplished and political figures that have vanished. I would not for a moment question the sincerity or good intentions of the Senator from Indiana, but when I recall that within ninety days the Senator from Indiana volunteered on this floor to testify to a conversation he had had with the Attorney General, which the Attorney General subsequently totally and emphatically repudiated, justify myself in questioning the accuracy of the memory of my friend the Senator from Indiana. Particularly, if he could not remember a conversation with the Attorney General of a few weeks ago, how can he expect his friends to rely implicitly upon his recollection of events that occurred twelve or fifteen years ago?"

Senator Robinson's reference was to Senator Watson's defense of Attorney General Daugherty when he gave the latter as authority for the statement that the Attorney General had not been retained in the proceedings that culminated in the release of Charles W. Morse from the Atlanta Penitentiary. Mr. Daugherty subsequently informed the Senator that he had been misquoted.

"IMBECILITY AND IGNORANCE."

Don Seitz's Characterization of McCumber's Attack on Newspapers.

Don C. Seitz, business manager of The New York World, who was on the Paper Committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association with John Norris and Herman Ridder in 1909, said last night that the charges made by Senator McCumber were absolutely untrue.

"It is my impression that Mr. Taft was defeated by Theodore Roosevelt, and not by the newspapers," said Mr. Seitz. "As a matter of fact, most of the newspapers were for Mr. Taft. The newspapers had no grievance, and, far from having been turned down by the Senate, had reached a very satisfactory arrangement.

"Nothing of the kind described by Senator McCumber ever happened. The paper tariff discussions began way back in Roosevelt's time, when John Hay was Secretary of State and was trying to get twenty-one reciprocity treaties with other countries signed by the Senate. He said at the time that it was impossible to get anything with common sense and honesty back of it through the United States Senate. I remember his words very well.

"There had been a Canadian Joint High Commission which dealt with such subjects as we wished to discuss, and we went to Mr. Hay to see if he could not revive the commission. It was then that he told us how his treaties had been killed by log-rolling in the Senate.

"We never used threats, but we finally made a decent arrangement by which wood pulp was let into the country free if its price did not go higher than 2 cents a pound. Later that figure was revised upward—I have forgotten the exact figures. But it was not necessary to mix in politics to get that done, and the American Newspaper Publishers' Association never did mix in politics.

"This talk of Senator McCumber's is merely part of the imbecility and ignorance that has been shown by Senator McCumber and his colleagues in framing the present Tariff bill."

The remarks of Senator Watson with regard to Herman Ridder's talk with "Uncle Joe" Cannon were read to Mr. Seitz, who indignantly repudiated them.

"I don't believe Ridder ever said anything of the kind," he exclaimed. "I was with him on both his visits to Cannon and I did not hear him saying anything like that. The American Newspaper Publishers' Association never did anything of the kind. We didn't have to threaten. We were getting what we wanted by a perfectly decent arrangement, satisfactory to every one concerned, and there was no need for threats. The entire statement is ridiculous."

Tappé
On 40th St. Since 1907
OPP. LIBRARY
12 West 40

JULY CLEARANCE

An unusual showing for the height of the summer season

Entire Stock Summer Dresses
15.00 25.00 35.00 50.00
Formerly $65.00 85.00 95.00 125.00

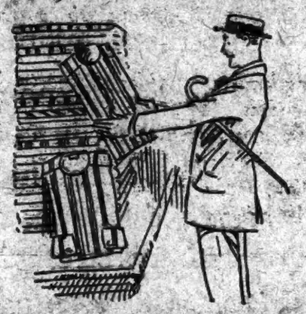
California Bathing Suits 5.00, 7.50, 10.00
Sports Suits - - - - - 10.00 to 35.00
Navy Tricotine Suits - - - - - 50.00
Knitted Sports Dresses - - - - 20.00
Cotton Dresses - - - - - - 15.00, 25.00
Dinner & Evening Gowns - - - 75.00
Values to $350.00

Hats Values to $40.00
5.00 to 15.00

THE REGULAR TAPPÉ GUARANTEE COVERS EVERY ARTICLE

McCutcheon's
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets

Sale of Manhattan Shirts



At greatly reduced prices

Commencing today, Thursday, we are placing on sale all of our Manhattan- and McCutcheon-Make Fancy Negligee Shirts. The prices are unusually low and the variety and quality exceptionally fine. A real opportunity!

Regular Prices	Sale Prices
$2.50 - -	$1.65
3.25 - -	2.25
4.00 - -	2.85
5.00 - -	3.45
6.00 - -	4.25

Also a special lot of shirts of imported madras at the very special price of $3.50 each

Registered Trade Mark — Established 1855

B. Altman & Co.

The Department of
Interior Decoration
has exceptional facilities for the successful execution of interior decorative work of the highest order
including
Painting
Architectural Woodwork
Upholstery
Draperies
Furniture
(Studios on the Fourth Floor)

Madison Avenue - Fifth Avenue
34th and 35th Streets — New York

Store Hours 9 to 5 — Broadway at Ninth — John Wanamaker, Formerly A. T. Stewart — Telephone 4100 Stuyvesant

When a Japanese Goes a-Courting, He Never Exaggerates His Own Qualities

On the contrary, he actually humbles and abases and demeans himself. When he wins a wife under these conditions her surprise is so great and so joyful that she loves him more than ever.

Apply this to Furniture Sales ---to the August Sales going on---

When you come today to see the furniture, don't miss
This Linen Sale
Third, half and more than half savings

On odd lots of fine linens, all from our own good regular stocks. Some show signs of handling.

* * *

380 Tablecloths, $3.50 to $11
Were $5.75 to $16.50
Sizes 1½x1½ yards, 1¾x1¾ yards, 2x2 yards, 2x2½ yards, 2x3 yards, 2½x2¾ yards. Plenty of prices. Good choice.

* * *

$6.75 Irish linen sheets, hemstitched—$4.50 ea.
50 sheets, size 70x96 inches.

* * *

Linen sheets, hand embroidered
$37.50 Sheets, $18
$42.50 Sheets, $20
$45 to $135 Sheets, $22.50 to $67.50
5 to 7 only, in each group.

* * *

$25 Batiste Bedspreads—$12.50
9 only; sheer batiste, hand embroidered; 72x108 inches.

* * *

500 Pieces Crash Linen, blue embroidery—

	Were	Now
Table Covers		
24 in., round	$3.00	$1.00
36 in., round	$4.00	$1.75
32 in., square	$4.25	$1.50
36 in., square	$4.75	$1.75
45 in., square	$6.75	$3.25
54 in., square	$9.50	$3.75
Napkins		
12x12 in., doz	$9.50	$5.00
Tray Cloths		
11x17 in., each	$1.00	45c
Scarfs		
18x45 in., each	$4.00	$1.50
18x54 in., each	$4.25	$1.75

* * *

Centerpieces, were $2.25—for 95c
100 25x25 inches, round, with imitation filet lace.

* * *

450 Lace trimmed Linen Scarfs
15x36 in.—were $1 and $1.25—now 50c and 65c.
18x45 in.—were $1.25 and $1.50—now 75c and $1.
18x54 in.—were $1.50 and $1.75—now $1 and $1.25.

* * *

Hemstitched Luncheon Cloths, $3.75 to $13.50, were $5.75 to $19.75
223; sizes 36x36 in., 45x45 in., 54x54 in., 58x59 in., 65x63 in., 55x67 in., 65x82 in. Quite a convenient range of sizes and prices.
Main Aisle and First Floor, Old Building

Read the advertisements.

Then visit the stores, inspect the quality and design of the furniture, and examine into the values offered.

Check up the advertisement with "the goods."

Draw your own conclusions.

You are almost sure to find that where there is the greatest boasting there will be the least merit—as Mr. Wanamaker said in his "little piece" in the upper left hand corner of yesterday's page:

"the disposition is to overstate and color statements apparently to increase the interest in the information being given."

We are constantly told that Wanamaker advertising is not strong enough, not bold enough, not daring enough.

Now you know why.

Now you know why so many people when they come in response to a Wanamaker advertisement say "Why, this is better than I expected,"—like the Japanese wife.

All that really need be said about the August furniture sale is:

1. It is now going on.

2. It offers our entire stock of furniture, totaling with the special August purchases, well over a million and a half dollars. All of it quality furniture, Wanamaker standard furniture.

3. It offers this furniture at reductions of 10 to 50 per cent., the average being a third.

4. The August prices are the lowest at which furniture has been sold for seven years.

5. Belmaison reproduction furniture on the fourth gallery and our entire stock of office furniture on the seventh gallery are both included in the sale.

(Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Eighth Gallery, New Building)

Men's $50-$55 Blue Suits--$38

BLUE suits—as good next year as now. WANAMAKER suits—standard of America, of fine, tested serges and unfinished worsteds—128 of the serges and 97 of the unfinished worsteds.

138 were $50 87 were $55

3 and 4 button single-breasted models—some with patch pockets. And double-breasted 3-button model. Men's suits. Young men's suits. Regulars. Longs. Shorts. Stouts.

We don't do this every year.

* * *

$1.50 to $3.50 Neckties—95c
These were purchased for the LONDON Shop—2,400 excellent ties—foulards, embroidered crepes, silk reps, fibre silks, English silks, English foulards. Some made abroad. Some made in New York. The assortment of colors and designs is very good. There's not a clubman in New York who wouldn't like to have a dozen or two of these ties. *Now's the time—Thursday.*

* * *

Sennit Straw Hats now $1
About a thousand—$2.50 to $6 hats. Lincoln-Bennett, London, hats included—in fact, they are in the majority. Various heights of crown and widths of brim. *Now's the time to freshen up! Seven weeks of summer ahead.*
Street Floor, New Building

OBREGON'S ILLNESS REPORTED SERIOUS

Alarming Rumors About Health of President Persist Despite Official Statements.

NO ACTION ON AGREEMENT

But Cabinet Approves Arrangement With Bankers and Congress Is Expected to Act in September.

MEXICO CITY, July 26 (Associated Press).—Although the physicians in attendance on President Obregon describe his ailment as "a slight bronchial indisposition," in some quarters there are alarming rumors as to the President's serious condition. These rumors seem to be supported by the fact that General Oregon has been confined to his bed for the past nine days.

Inquiries made at Chapultepec Palace today elicited the reply that the President was showing steady improvement from an acute attack of bronchitis, but that on the orders of his doctors he is remaining indoors until all symptoms of the disease have passed away.

It is understood the President's condition has not permitted him to discuss any phases of the agreement of the American bankers and oil men with the Secretary of the Treasury, Señor de la Huerta, who saw the Chief Executive for only a minute on his return on Monday. Other members of the Cabinet have called at Chapultepec Palace, but have taken up no official questions with the President.

General P. Elias Calles, Secretary of the Interior, said today that the President's illness was not serious, but that he could not attend to any official duties at the National Palace, as his condition required a complete rest.

Dr. Enrique Osornio, the surgeon who amputated President Obregon's arm following the battle at Celaya, and who since has attended the President, denied emphatically today that the old wound in his arm was causing him any trouble.

Other persons close to the President also insist that his condition is not alarming, but despite these reassurances street rumors persist that the President's health is far from robust.

Owing to the President's inability to confer at length with Señor de la Huerta, the Secretary of the Treasury is withholding a formal statement regarding his conferences in New York. General Calles is quoted as having said that the Cabinet has virtually approved every section of the bankers' agreement, and that doubtless Congress will take up the matter immediately it convenes in September. General Calles is enthusiastic in his praises of Señor de la Huerta's efforts, describing them as "perfect and momentous."

OFFICIAL EXPLAINS MEXICAN STATEMENT

Was Replying to Ladd and Not Questioning Good Faith of Obregon or de la Huerta.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Considerable interest was displayed in Administration circles today in the statement issued through the Mexican Government's financial agency in New York by Señor Adolfo de la Huerta, Mexican Minister of Finance, in which the latter took exception to what he regarded as the harsh tone of the informal statement of the Mexican policy of the American Government which was made recently by a high Administration official.

Referring to Señor de la Huerta's assertion that he cannot believe "that the United States Government has authorized any official to give out appreciations so unjust to the President of Mexico in view of the fact that these are in complete disagreement with the cordial spirit shown by the Honorable President Harding and Secretary Hughes in the interview which I had the honor to have with them, sending through me cordial messages to President Obregon," officials today declared that while there is no intention on the part of this Government to disavow the statement of which de la Huerta complains, it was evident that it must have been garbled in transmission or in translation.

In a review of the statement in question, the same American high official who gave it out declared today that nowhere in it can be found any reflection on the good faith of President Obregon.

While it was pointed out that certain things were as yet undone by Mexico, he explained, there was no charge made that they would not be done or no belief expressed that they would not be done. Attention was merely called to the fact that as yet they had not been done, and, therefore, declarations from eminent men that this thing and that thing had been done by the Mexican Government in an effort to harmonize its relations with the United States were not only premature but actually harmful and obstructive.

This American high official had in mind the speech delivered by Senator Ladd on the floor of the Senate, in which severe criticism of the policy of this Government with regard to Mexico was made.

There was no censure of President Obregon in the statement, the official said today. There is no disposition to doubt his good faith in the matter of the de la Huerta agreement or in any other matter. On the contrary, the Administration here is not only willing but anxious to believe that Obregon is expediting matters as much as is possible under Mexican procedure.

Neither is there any desire to prejudice the value of the agrarian bonds the Mexican Government purposes to issue in payment for expropriated lands, but to depreciate their possible value when issued.

There is merely a desire to make sure that American holders of lands expropriated by the Government shall receive a valuable consideration in exchange for them; hence it is reasonable to suppose that the State Department is one with the Mexican Government in the desire that agrarian bonds to be issued by that Government shall have real, negotiable value.

The statement which de la Huerta questions was not made by the high officials with any desire to embarrass Mexico, the official said today. It was made through the necessity which arose from the situation created by the thoughtless misinformation supplied to the American public from "eminent sources." In fact, the official gave the impression of regretting the necessity of having had to make any statement, informal or otherwise, on so delicate a situation, concerning which misunderstandings are so easy. The belief was expressed that when an authoritative translation was furnished to Secretary de la Huerta he would see nothing in it to which he possibly could object.

Mexican Labor Leader Killed.

MEXICO CITY, July 26.—Catholic workmen and Syndicalists clashed yesterday at the Hercules textile factory, near Queretaro. In connection with a strike at the plant. Atanasio Ponce, leader of the Catholics, was killed and several other persons were injured.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Men's Cool

Summer Union Suits

Today at 1.95

ATHLETIC MODEL union suits of the most comfortable cut, with either elastic web back or leg opening. Carefully tailored from handkerchief-weight, cross-bar batiste. Breezily porous and thinly cool, yet a weave which will give splendid service. In sizes 34 to 46.

Street Floor

Quantity Limited to 150!

Men's Linene Motor Dusters

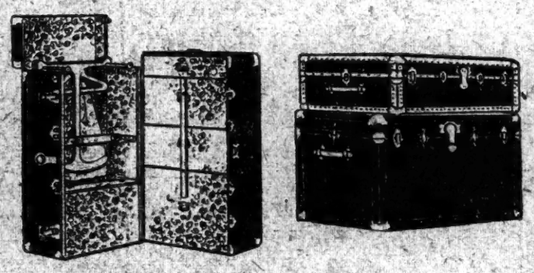
Reduced to 1.95

THE ideal "cover all" coat for motorists during the hot weather. Well made, in a practical, double-breasted model, from a sturdy tan linene. The limited quantity and the very low price make early selection advisable.

Sixth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

32nd STREET—BROADWAY—33rd STREET—NEW YORK CITY



Final Clearance!

SALE of TRUNKS

features TWO NEW MODELS for good measure, adding to an extraordinary display which includes such makes as Hartmann : Indestructo : Everwear : Neverbreak : Rogers : Standswell and others

at Drastic Reductions of 1/3 to 1/2

NEW MODELS

At $24.75—A full size Wardrobe Trunk, with locking bar that locks all drawers, fibre covered, rounded edges, open top, shoe box, laundry bag, four drawers; bottom drawer for hats cretonne lined.

At $8.95—Steamer and camping Trunks of hard vulcanized fibre, covered and interlined with fibre; brassed corners; strong lock and hinges; cloth lined tray with compartments.

THIS GREAT SALE OFFERS:

Steamer Trunks, $19.50 to $24.50
Dress Trunks, $10.45 to $36.50
Steamer Wardrobe Trunks, $14.95 to $52.50
Full-size Wardrobe Trunks, $22.75 to $77.50

GIMBELS TRUNK SHOP—Fifth Floor

SHIRTS : IN THE NEW YORK MANNER

BEGINNING TODAY

Half-Yearly Sale of Manhattan Shirts

Our entire stock of Manhattan colored shirts is now on sale at the following reductions—

$2.50	and	$2.75	Shirts	Now	$1.65
3.25	"	3.50	"	"	2.25
4.00	"	4.50	"	"	2.85
5.00			"	"	3.45
6.00	"	6.50	"	"	4.25
7.00	"	7.50	"	"	4.95
8.50			"	"	5.85
10.00			"	"	6.95
12.00			"	"	8.35

All colors guaranteed fast

AS the largest distributors of Manhattan Shirts, our sale is an important twice-yearly event in the city. The assortment of exquisitely chosen colors and patterns is large and varied, the range of sizes ample and the stock fresh and inviting.

Fabrics include madras, silk-and-madras and silks, in collar attached or neck-band styles. Some have stiff cuffs. We advise an early selection, as public response to this sale is always strong.

Weber and Heilbroner

• CLOTHIERS • HABERDASHERS • HATTERS •

*241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, *1185 Broadway
*42nd and Madison, *44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, *Clothing at these stores
150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, *30 Broad, *Nassau and John
BROOKLYN: *381 Fulton Street, Borough Hall NEWARK: *800 Broad Street

BROADWAY Saks & Company at 34th STREET

To Begin This Morning

A MOST REMARKABLE SALE OF

1,500 Men's Fine Silk Shirts

Special at 4.95 each

Without question, one of the most important sales held in New York this season

A glance betrays the fact that these are shirts of a most superior quality and this is confirmed by the knowledge that they are made from the justly-celebrated "Loomcraft" silks—famed for splendid wearing qualities, superb colors and patterns, and rare richness of weave and finish

Designs are confined to those that will arouse the enthusiasm of the discerning.

There are white with self figures, the fashionable broad striped effects and pleasing patterns achieved by the use of candy striping. Shirts that easily surpass the best ever offered at this modest price.

Street Floor

JUST ARRIVED

SOME MIGHTY FINE FOUR-PIECE

Golf Suits

$50

Make it a point to see New York's most remarkable value in four-piece golf suits. These suits are made of wonderful imported fabrics and fit to perfection. Yes, it's a suit you'll like from the first drive to the last put.

Our 34th Year in Business

Brill Brothers

Broadway, at 49th Street
Downtown Stores
279 Broadway, near Chambers *47 Cortlandt Street*
The House of Kuppenheimer Good Clothes

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Exclusive, But Not Expensive

The Easily Reached JOHN DAVID SHOPS *Roundabout New York*

BROADWAY, AT 32nd
62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL
123 AND 127 WEST 42nd
COURT ST., AT MONTAGUE, B'KLYN

A New, Complete Stock

Town-Famous John David White Cheviot Basketweave Shirts

$1.95

¶ Choice Of Button-Down Attached Collar With Single Sport Cuffs Or Collarless With French Double Cuffs

Imported Light-Weight

Scotch Golf Hose

$1.95

¶ Camel's Hair In Brown, Oxford And Heathers With Fancy Turn-Over Tops. Just The Hose for White Linen Knickers

COMPARE

Business Opportunities advertisements for insertion in the Sunday edition of The New York Times should be received today or Friday. Bank and business references required.

KARDEX
means
accessible records
To find out how to double the value of your Office Dollar telephone VANDERBILT 8033

Business Opportunities *(bank and business references required)*, Last Page.

PADEREWSKI SAYS HE'S OUT OF POLITICS

Coming for Concerts Here—Denies Seeking Presidency or Seat in Diet.

PILSUDSKI SCORES A POINT

Defection of Nationalist Deputies May Cost Korfanty the Premiership.

PARIS, July 26 (Associated Press).—"I am not and will not be a candidate for President of Poland nor for membership in the Diet. I am out of politics." This declaration was made today by Ignace Jan Paderewski prior to his departure for Switzerland.

"The present turmoil in Poland," M. Paderewski continued, "is unique in the history of politics. I am sorry for it. I am afraid it will not look well outside of Poland. I have given deep consideration to what I ought to do as a Pole and have tried to subordinate my personal ambitions.

"I have never desired to be President of Poland for my own glory. Any position I occupied was only to serve my country. I have been so profoundly interested in seeing Poland established as a free Government that, as you know, I quite gave up my professional work. I would be willing to continue to do so. I thought even last year that I never could return to my artistic work.

"I have felt that I have been among the builders of Poland; that in my work for her during the war in America and in Europe, and since the war, in Poland itself and abroad, I have contributed something to the recovery of the rights of the Polish people and the reconstruction of Poland's position among the nations.

"I have felt deep satisfaction in this work. I must frankly own that I would love to continue it. The Polish race deserves the best that all her sons can give her, but I feel I can continue in some measure to serve Poland apart from politics. Indeed, I am obliged to stand aside because, although I have received many assurances from my own people and friends outside the country of their support, I do not see how I can take an effective part in the turbulent politics that now seems to dominate the expression of opinion.

"I may define myself as a citizen who believes in complete freedom and a Democratic Government on what might be called the model of American, British and French institutions.

"What Poland needs is a stable Government. We are not in a position to afford the luxury of frequent changes. Only Governments that are lasting can be strong and inspire confidence. Poland is not yet firmly established. This is explained by her geographical situation."

Paderewski has arranged to return to the United States in November to fill several concert engagements.

Paderewski has done no professional work for five years. During this time he has been completely absorbed in patriotic efforts in Poland, at Geneva as Polish representative in the League of Nations and in America. He will start tomorrow for his chalet at Morjes on the Lake of Geneva.

WARSAW, July 26 (Associated Press).—The Radical newspapers are much exercised by the news of the arrival in Paris of Ignace Jan Paderewski. They regard this as a sign of his return to Polish politics, which the Socialists have been fearful of for several months. The newspapers insist that Paderewski's return is due to the present crisis in Poland.

President Pilsudski has scored what seems to be an important advantage in his conflict with the Nationalists over the Cabinet question by provoking the withdrawal from the Nationalist bloc of one of its groups of members in the Diet. This, it is expected, will prevent the passage of the proposed resolution calling upon the President to accept a Cabinet headed by Aledbert Korfanty, the Nationalist leader.

The Nationalists, however, prepared for a demonstration at today's Diet session and indicated their intention of going ahead with the effort to pass a motion refusing the support of the Diet to the President.

Up to the present defection, at least, President Pilsudski's threats to resign had had little, if any, effect upon the opposition, which is determined to uphold the supremacy of the Diet in the Premiership question. When the President declared he would resign rather than co-operate with or recognize Korfanty, the latter is quoted as having demanded: "Well, when are you going to resign?" To which the President replied that there were too many questions pressing for him to resign at the moment.

President Pilsudski, who has held the Presidency since February, 1919, and has been the victory in many political bouts, has been alternately suggesting a compromise Cabinet and apparently attempting to wear down the opposition while seeking fresh adherents from the Centre group.

WON'T SEEK AUTHORITY TO RAISE LUSITANIA

Washington Declines to Back Philadelphians' Project of Salvaging Her Treasure.

Copyright, 1922, by the Chicago Tribune Co.

LONDON, July 26.—The United States Government will not demand permission for an American salvage vessel either to attempt to raise the Lusitania or to obtain the bullion aboard, according to an announcement made by the American Embassy today.

Owned by the Cunard Line, the Lusitania was subsidized by the British Government and insured under the War Risk Bureau, which was a Government concern.

An English company is outfitting a vessel to seek the Lusitania's gold, and it was recently announced in Philadelphia that an American ship was about to make a similar attempt. The English company asked the Admiralty to protect its rights to salvage the ship, and it is reported here that the American firm asked the State Department to safeguard its interests in seeking the sunken treasure on the ground that it was more than three miles off shore and therefore public property.

The Washington decision that the Lusitania still belongs to the British is expected to settle the controversy.

Hearst Sought Spahlinger Vaccine.

LONDON, July 26.—Officials of the British Red Cross Headquarters said today that the recent press announcement from Geneva that the right to use the Spahlinger vaccine treatment against tuberculosis had been purchased by that organization. The serum is being experimented with, officials said, but negotiations for its purchase have not reached a decisive point.

Jamaica Wants American Tourists.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 26.—The Government is taking active steps to develop the tourist trade between the United States and Jamaica. The Attorney General has been specially directed to go to America and interview steamship companies and tourist agencies with a view to inducing more Winter visitors to come to Jamaica.

Gidding
56th Street FIFTH AVENUE 57th Street

Today and Tomorrow

"Close-Out" Prices will prevail on the following groups:

Town and Country Suits—$18
(Values to $75)

Sheer Summer Frocks—$18-$25
(Values to $65)

Street and Sports Dresses $28-$35
(Values to $95)

Three-Piece Sports Costumes $45
(Values to $95)

Smart Silk Sweaters—$18.50
(Values to $45)

Dainty Summer Blouses $5-$7.50
(Values to $15)

Macy's Macy's

For the man who is accustomed to the best

SUPREMACY REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Custom Grade Bench Made Shoes $11.89

These shoes are made of choice selected leathers, with every detail of fine workmanship that it is possible to use. They are the next thing to fine custom made shoes.

Hand welting and smooth leather heel seats prevent the nails from coming into contact with the foot. All of the style that you naturally expect from merchandise of this character is fulfilled.

Custom Grade Dress Oxford, $9.94

A patent leather dress oxford with custom grade looks and workmanship. A very smart last that will appeal to the best of dressers.

Main Floor, Balcony.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
Herald Square New York

Macy's Macy's

The Inside Story of the ROW in SYRIA

Chas. R. Crane's own story
(former U. S. Commissioner to Turkey)

OUR WORLD
AUGUST
25 Cents

Two Germanys at War
An eye witness story by Herbert S. Houston

Should Russia be Recognized?
By the famous Belgian Socialist Vandervelde

Rebuilding Jerusalem
Three religions in conflict, by John H. Finley

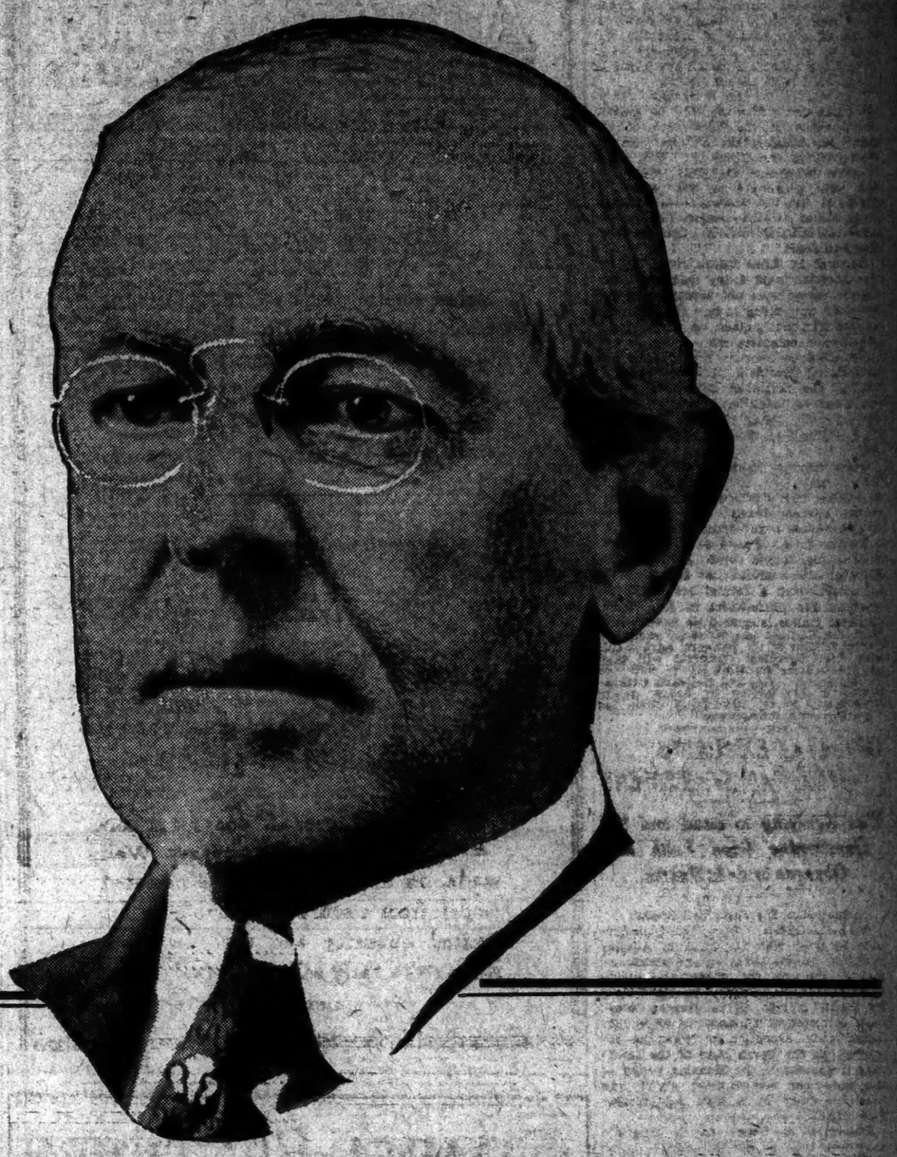
How Europe Fixes Our Farm Prices
Of vital interest to every American, by Agnes C. Laut

Seventy-two Pictures—Many Maps

The Houston Publishing Co., 9 East 37th St., New York

Also publishers of the new magazine of stories that are different
WORLD FICTION
Today's best stories from all the world

Was There a Conspiracy to Influence the Wilson Administration?



You will not believe the amazing and far-reaching measures taken by Ford in his ridiculous attack upon the Jews—see Norman Hapgood's "Henry Ford's Jew-Mania—III" for complete exposure of the attempts

—to prove Wilson a pawn of the Jews—to discredit Jane Addams, Col. House and Justice Brandeis—to put the Civil Liberties Bureau under unjust suspicions—to turn Otto Kahn's dinner to the Prince of Monaco into a forerunner of treachery to America—to prove Einstein a malicious Jewish Protagonist—to discredit the Rev. John Haynes Holmes, one of the most valued spiritualist leaders of the country—to prove that the mine strikes were inspired by the Jews and maintained to further Jewish interests—to show that the Jews "broke" Taft as President and that now he is a Gentile front for them.

See NORMAN HAPGOOD *on*

HENRY FORD'S JEW-MANIA

In the August issue of

Hearst's International

A LIBERAL EDUCATION

119 WEST 40th STREET, NEW YORK

GARY TO LEAD CITY IN SAFETY CAMPAIGN.

Adaptation of Steel Corporation Methods to Be Used to Reduce Accidents.

67 LEADERS INVITED TO AID

Safety Institute to Manage Drive—Figures Show 3,345 Killed Here in 1921.

A broad and intensive campaign for public safety, with a view to reducing New York City's accident problem to a minimum, will be begun here shortly under the leadership of Judge Elbert H. Gary, President of the United States Steel Corporation, by the Safety Institute of America, 141 East Twenty-ninth Street, it was announced yesterday. Judge Gary, who is Chairman of the Public Safety Committee of the Safety Institute, has invited eighty-seven leaders in industrial, civic, social and administrative circles to aid him. It is hoped to duplicate here the success attained in various industrial plants, where accidents have been reduced 25 to 96 per cent.

It was learned that Judge Gary has long believed that the safety methods employed by the United States Steel Corporation, which experts estimate have saved 29,550 employes from serious injury in fourteen years, could be adopted for use in large cities. In accepting the chairmanship of the General Committee yesterday, Judge Gary made the following statement:

"The campaign will be initiated by a 'safety week' and will be continued throughout the year as a permanent organized community effort under the auspices of the Safety Institute of America.

"A careful study of the accident situation recently made by the Safety Institute revealed the startling fact that in New York City 3,345 persons were killed by accident in 1921. Of this number, 1,081 deaths resulted from traffic accidents; 402 of these were children. Motor vehicles caused 905 deaths, an increase of 109 over 1920.

Plans Community Effort.

"We are convinced that nothing but an aggressive, organized community effort backed by the best citizens of New York will be able to cope with this problem and make substantial reduction in this yearly toll.

"Careful study of the experience of such cities as St. Louis, Milwaukee and Detroit convinced us that it will be possible to conduct such an aggressive campaign of education that public opinion will be developed to a point where rigid enforcement of law will be maintained and an overwhelming sentiment in favor of protection will be established."

Judge Gary has had several conferences with Arthur Williams, President of the Safety Institute; Laurence Vail Coleman, Director of the institute; Charles L. Close, manager of the Bureau of Safety, Sanitation and Welfare of the United States Steel Corporation, and C. W. Price, former general manager of the National Safety Council.

"While the number of accidental deaths from all causes in New York City has dropped from 4,174 in 1918 to 3,345 in 1921," Mr. Coleman said, "deaths from motor vehicle accidents have increased to such an extent that Police Commissioner Enright predicts a total of 1,500 fatalities from this one cause during the present year against a total of 756 in 1920. A recent survey by the Safety Institute indicates that Commissioner Enright's prediction is materializing."

Judge Gary's decision to lead the New York campaign, it was stated, resulted from a personal study of the accident situation here and of what carefully organized permanent safety campaigns had accomplished in other cities. According to Mr. Coleman, the safety movement in America largely grew out of Judge Gary's personal interest in preventing accidents within the plants of the Steel Corporation.

Mr. Coleman said Mr. Price is familiar with the experiences of Boston, Baltimore, St. Louis, Detroit, Milwaukee and several other cities. Mr. Rasmussen, it was stated, was formerly Field Secretary of the National Safety Council and has specialized in preventing traffic accidents through developing safety organizations, safe drivers' clubs and safety schools among taxicab and motor truck drivers.

Arthur Williams, President of the Safety Institute, said the accident situation in this city had assumed such a serious aspect that the only hope of controlling it lay in the co-operation of the public press, the schools, the municipal administrative agencies and the social, civic, industrial and religious organizations. Each of these groups is represented on Judge Gary's committee.

The members of Judge Gary's committee include W. G. Besler, President Central Railroad of New Jersey; Nicholas F. Brady, President of the New York Edison Company; Henry Bruckner, President of The Bronx; Irving T. Bush, Mrs. Charles W. Childs, President Sorosis Club; John Kirkland Clark, President of the Community Councils; Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare; Maurice E. Connolly, President Borough of Queens; Robert Grier Cooke, President Fifth Avenue Association; Dr. Royal S. Copeland, George B. Cortelyou, William A. Day, James T. Halliman, Dr. John A. Harriss, Robert L. Hatch, Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes, Will H. Hays, William R. Hearst, Frank Hedley, J. C. Hicks, Mayor Hylan, Miss Georgine Iselin, Dayton P. Kingsley, Lee Kohns, Mrs. Irving Lehman, Justice Aaron J. Levy, Sophie Irene Loeb, John A. Lynch, Bishop William T. Manning, Frederick Roy Martin, George B. McAneny, Miss Helen C. Miller, Julius Miller, William Fellowes Morgan, Dr. Sydney E. Mezes, Frank A. Munsey, Dr. C. E. Sedgwick Norris, Adolph S. Ochs, Lew R. Palmer, Charles A. Peabody, Lewis E. Pierson, Frank Presbrey, Alfred Reeves, John Richards, Edward Reigelmann, Monroe Douglas Robinson, John D. Rockefeller Jr., Franklin D. Roosevelt, George T. Ryan, Henry De C. Sayer, Dr. C. E. Sherrill, Alfred E. Smith, A. H. Smith, Jesse Straus, Benjamin B. Thayer, A. E. Thorne, Gerard Swope, Dr. John J. Tigert, Henry R. Towne, William Haynes Truesdale, F. D. Underwood, Rodman Wanamaker, Arthur Williams, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Dr. John Withers, Haley Fiske, Michael Friedsam, John H. Delaney, Philip T. Dodge, Marcus A. Dow, Commissioner Enright, Dr. William L. Ettinger and Francis D. Gallatin.

GREEK ART AIDED POLICE.

Statue Dug Up at Greystone Once Used at Benefit Show.

Further light upon the history of the Greek statue of Demeter, recently pronounced by experts a rare work of original art, which was dug from the ground at Samuel Untermyer's country home, Greystone, in Yonkers, was shed yesterday by former Police Captain Frederick Woodruff of this city. He said that more than forty years ago the statue was borrowed and used as stage property at a show given for the benefit of the police pension fund in what is now the Warburton Theatre, Yonkers. Morris was one of the performers at this benefit.

Miss Janet Waring, whose father, John T. Waring, owned Greystone before it was sold to Samuel J. Tilden, has described how the statue came in to be broken and repaired. She said a tramp, angry because Tilden's servants refused him a meal, hit the statue with a rock and broke off the head. The headless statue was then buried.

Sale!

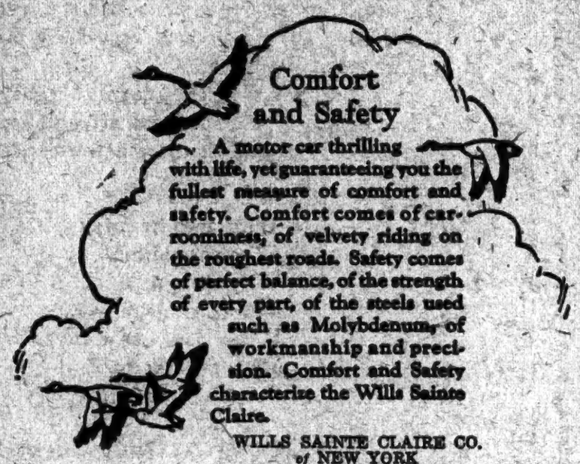
MEN'S FINE SHOES

$7.50

All leathers, Regular $12 and $14 Grades. Unusual opportunity

ALFRED A. KOHN

505 Fifth Avenue at 42nd



Comfort and Safety

A motor car thrilling with life, yet guaranteeing you the fullest measure of comfort and safety. Comfort comes of car-roominess, of velvety riding on the roughest roads. Safety comes of perfect balance, of the strength of every part, of the steels used such as Molybdenum, of workmanship and precision. Comfort and Safety characterize the Wills Sainte Claire.

WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE CO. of NEW YORK
EDWIN B. JACKSON, President.
Fisk Building, 57th St. at Broadway
New York City, N. Y.
Tel. Circle 9743
OPEN EVENINGS EXCEPT SATURDAY

WILLS SAINTE CLAIRE Motor Cars

TRUCKS AT BIG REDUCTION IN PRICE

ENTIRE STOCK OF USED TRUCKS

Pierce-Arrow

and other makes will be sold at a great reduction in price. Do not try to operate worn out equipment. Buy a good used truck from our used truck department at a bargain price.

HARROLDS

HARROLDS MOTOR CAR CO.
PIERCE-ARROW AGENTS

Trucks can be seen at our Service Station, Jackson & Fifth Avenues, Long Island City
Telephone—Astoria 2700

New Shoes—Old Shoes—Tight Shoes all feel the same if you shake into them some

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

The Antiseptic, Healing Powder for the Feet

It gives instant relief to Hot, Swollen, Smarting, Tender Feet, Corns, Bunions and Callouses.

Takes the friction from the shoe, freshens the feet and gives new vigor. At night, when your feet are tired, sore and swollen from walking or dancing, sprinkle ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE in the foot-bath and enjoy the bliss of rest without an ache.

Those who use Allen's Foot-Ease have solved their foot troubles.

Over 1,500,000 pounds of Powder for the Feet were used by our Army and Navy during the war.

In a Pinch, use ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

An instant favorite with lovers of fine Coffee.

"Good to the last drop"

REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

Clean-Clear-and Heavier-bodied

Any car is a better car with Texaco Motor Oil in the crank case.

The heavier body of this clean, clear oil keeps the rubbing surfaces apart—*that* means longer life, more miles.

The purity, shown by the clear golden color—*that* means a clean engine—one that doesn't know carbon trouble.

Made in four grades—light, medium, heavy and extra heavy—all stay right for complete lubrication.

The Texas Company, U. S. A.

Do this:

1 Drain out that old oil

2 Fill with Texaco Motor Oil

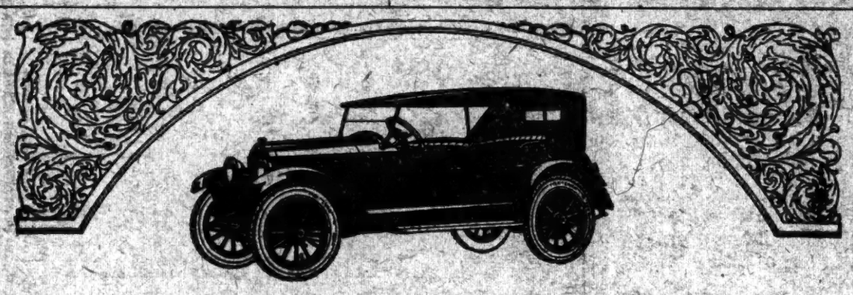
3 Then see the difference!

RUN it with TEXACO GASOLINE

SAVE it with TEXACO MOTOR OIL

Texaco Petroleum Products

TEXACO MOTOR OIL



A Motor That Actually Thrives on Carbon

Most people think of "carbon" in terms of trouble.

It means lost power, reduced compression and expensive repairs in most motors.

But here is a motor that actually thrives on carbon. The Willys-Knight Motor improves with use because accumulated carbon helps to tighten compression. Quiet—powerful—smooth-running—it is entirely free from the usual motor repair costs. And the motor is as simple and understandable as it is economical. The valve mechanism—for instance—just two sleeves sliding smoothly on a film of oil, instead of noisy, rapid-wearing poppet valves and springs.

The Willys-Knight is not only beautiful, graceful, easy-riding; it has been built to last and match the quiet motor.

WILLYS-OVERLAND, Inc.

All Present Models Will Be Continued

Broadway at 50th Street. Tel. Circle 9400
Bronx: 2486 Grand Concourse (Near 188th St.) Tel. Fordham 5340.
Brooklyn: Cor. Fulton Street and Bedford Ave. Tel. Sterling 6800.
Newark: 836 Broad St. Tel. Mulberry 4520.
Main Service Station: 851 West 57th St. Circle 4200

Ask About Extremely Easy Payments

OPEN EVENINGS

OPEN EVENINGS

WILLYS-KNIGHT

Roadster, $1320 · Touring, $1375 · Coupe, $1975 · Sedan, $2095 · f. o. b. Toledo

$1375

F.O.B. Toledo

WHY EXERCISE ON A STROP? GET THE QUICK, READY SHAVE—A

New Improved Gillette

SALESMAN! Here's Opportunity

High grade business producers can double income selling OARAS House Aprons. 14 Patented features. Popular-priced, advertised, guaranteed line. One sample sells every department and dry goods store. Liberal commission. Exclusive territory. Address

LURIE-METZL CO.

Samuel Lurie Agency Owner Aprons 30th St.

838 So. Franklin St. Chicago

Safe Milk For Infants & Invalids

NO COOKING

The "Food-Drink" for All Ages. Quick Lunches at Home, Offices, and Fountains. *Ask for HORLICK'S*

Avoid Imitations! Substitutes

DUNLAP & Co.

Sale of DUNLAP STRAW HATS for Men

$5.00 Hat—Price now $3.95

$7.00 Hat—Price now $5.00

UPTOWN 431 FIFTH AVENUE above 38th Street

DOWNTOWN 16 MAIDEN LANE near Broadway

Just because

milk is a liquid, some people think it isn't food. It's the best food in the world.

Drink a quart of milk a day.

DAIRYMEN'S LEAGUE CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION, INC. UTICA, N. Y.

TIRES

SPECIAL SALE OF FIRST QUALITY GUARANTEED TIRES AT BIG REDUCTIONS FROM MANUFACTURER'S NEW LOW PRICES.

STERLING—KELLY-SPRINGFIELD—FIRESTONE—LEE—AJAX—PENNSYLVANIA—BERGOUGNAN—GOODYEAR—KEYSTONE—GOODRICH—FISK—PERFECTION—LAFAYETTE—etc.

30x3	Fabric	$5.75 up	30x3½	Cord	$11.50 up
30x3½	"	6.25 "	32x3½	"	16.25 "
32x3½	"	8.50 "	31x4	"	19.50 "
31x4	"	8.75 "	32x4	"	20.50 "
32x4	"	10.85 "	33x4	"	21.40 "
33x4	"	11.75 "	34x4	"	21.75 "
34x4	"	12.50 "	32x4½	"	25.50 "
33x4½	Cord	$28.25 up			
34x4½	"	27.50 "			
35x4½	"	29.80 "			
36x4½	"	28.75 "			
33x5	"	33.25 "			
35x5	"	34.50 "			
37x5	"	35.00 "			

A good assortment in all discontinued but all makes in every size. Mail and telephone orders receive prompt attention. Be sure to get in the right store. Remember our name.

GREAT EASTERN TIRE

1695 BROADWAY — N.Y.CITY

PHONE-CIRCLE 0747-0720 BET. 53rd & 54th STS.

MID-WEEK PICTORIAL

A chronicle in pictures of important world-wide events. Printed by the rotogravure process.

OUT TODAY

Strike Incidents
Two pages of photographs of happenings in Railroad and Mining labor troubles.

New York's Spectacular Fire
Where two firemen were killed, 200 disabled, 70 persons seriously injured and 200 made homeless.

Airplane View of Manhattan
Picture from the sky shows the world's financial centre from Bowling Green through heart of the city.

Ambassadors of English-Speaking Nations
Meeting of George Harvey and Sir Auckland Geddes at Waterloo Station, London.

Scenes from War-Torn Dublin
Views show devastation caused by battles that raged for days in the Irish Capital.

Many other timely and interesting views of the news.

MID-WEEK PICTORIAL

Published by The New York Times Company

TIMES SQUARE NEW YORK

10 cents a copy *$5.00 a year*

CHIROPRACTOR DIES IN TEN-STORY LEAP

Wooden Leg Crashing on Pavement Startles Passers-By at 34th St. and Madison Av.

HAD NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Plunges From Window of Building in Which He Had Suite of Offices.

Immediately after conversing cheerfully with several acquaintances yesterday afternoon in the building at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street Archer R. Johns, a chiropractor, who had a large suite of offices on the fourth floor, climbed six more flights of stairs and leaped from a tenth-story window. Some of the passersby in the shopping and luncheon throngs had narrow escapes from injury when the body dropped among them on the sidewalk. Johns had a wooden leg which made a terrific noise on the pavement.

The office which Johns selected as sufficiently high for his suicide jump was temporarily unoccupied when he entered it except for the presence of the superintendent of the building, Gustave Jackson, who was making repairs. Johns went silently to a window, and Jackson, busy with his work, did not know the man had plunged to his death until he heard the wooden leg crash upon the sidewalk and looked to learn the cause of the sound.

Traffic Policeman Plate said that Johns had suffered a nervous breakdown about three months ago. At that time an elevator operator in the building summoned Plate, saying that a man and a woman were shouting for help in Johns's office. Johns, who was raving violently, was sent to Bellevue Hospital. He apparently recovered and was discharged from observation.

Johns, who was 40 years old, and had a suite of seven rooms, lived alone in a five-room apartment at 577 Isham Street, Inwood, where he also practiced. The police searched for memorandum or letters in the office and the home of Johns which would give the name of some relative, but they have not yet found a claimant for the body.

Johns kept no servant and looked after his cooking and household work himself.

Federal Oil Lands Pay $600,000 Monthly.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Royalties received from the production of oil and gas on Government leased lands are now running around $600,000 a month and for the last fiscal year aggregated $5,706,507, it was announced today by the Bureau of Mines. Receipts for June amounted to $565,199 for production in Wyoming, California and Montana. The bulk of this amount, $550,706, was for oil. There are now 311 producing wells on leased public lands, it was said, and seventy-two in process of drilling.

CLAIM ON BUDD LEGACY FOR ALIMONY IS DENIED

Wife of Julia Harriman's Grandson Loses Plea—Money Tied Up by Judgment.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 26.—William Hardenburg Budd, former motion picture actor, and grandson of the late Julia Harriman, who died in Yonkers last December, leaving an estate of several million dollars, won a legal victory in the Westchester Supreme Court here today when Justice Joseph Morschauser filed an order denying the contention of his wife, Violet Adelina Budd, that she is entitled to have turned over to her the sum of $2,500 willed to her husband by his grandmother. Mrs. Budd claims that her husband is $2,000 in arrears in alimony. She brought suit for separation some time ago.

When Mrs. Harriman died she left $1,000 to Budd, and in a codicil left another $1,500, with the stipulation that only $500 of it was to be her grandson's in the event that his wife, Violet, or their child, Adelaide, received any of the money. Shortly after the filing of the will one Raymond J. Carpenter started suit against Budd for $2,100 for money loaned, board and lodging and clothes. He took judgment against Budd's share of the Harriman estate.

Mrs. Budd, in her affidavit requesting that the share be turned over to her or her attorneys, states that Carpenter and Budd were friends, and that they "virtually framed it up between them" to secure Budd's share of the estate.

OLD PARK HILL INN PASSES.

Famous Dining Place in Yonkers to Be Site for Apartment Houses.

Work of demolishing the famous old Park Hill Inn on South Broadway, Yonkers, has just started and, according to an announcement, it is to make way for a new theatre and a row of modern apartment houses.

For years this was a famous dining place, and was visited every night by many notables from New York City. The place was closed by John Schilling, its last landlord, three years ago. Part of the inn was originally the old Samuel Getty homestead, which was built about eighty years ago.

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS
Exclusive, But Not Expensive

The Easily Reached JOHN DAVID SHOPS *Roundabout New York*

BROADWAY, AT 32nd STREET
62 BROADWAY, BELOW WALL STREET
125 AND 127 WEST 42nd STREET
COURT STREET, AT MONTAGUE, BROOKLYN

CLEARANCE

Our Entire Stock

JOHN DAVID PALM BEACH SUITS

$12.50

Plain And Sport Models—All Colors

Originally $15 *And* $19

¶Only The Wane Of The Summer Season And The Wish For Quick Clearance Have Induced Us To Offer The Substantial Concessions Above In Our Palm Beach Suits Which, By General Admission, Have Established A New Style Standard In Hot-Weather Clothes

REG. AND TRADE MARK OWNED BY GOODALL WORSTED CO.

An Unusual Value
Summer-Weight Imported Golf Hose
Camel's Hair, Oxford Gray And Heathers
$1.95

Plain Color Pajamas
Tan, Pink, Blue, White
At The Unusual Price of
$1.65

New Complete Stock
John David White Oxford Shirts
Collar Attached Or Neckband
$1.95

Extraordinary!
Silk Mixture Union Suits
Blue, Pink, White
$2.35

For Sports and Motor
A New John David Cap
In The Newest Gray And Tan Fleeces Now So Much In Vogue
$2

BATTEN

How long will you remember this?

HERE is a chart of questions that is the result of our thirty years of study in the uses of advertising.

It is not easy to get the true answers to these apparently simple questions.

The second and fourth questions cannot be treated casually and a correct answer obtained.

People buy things for reasons of their own, which are usually different from the reasons you have for selling it.

For instance, folks do not buy a mechanical thing because it is rigidly and repeatedly inspected. They buy it because it works.

If you think the right answers are easy to obtain, let five people in your business attempt separately to fill out this chart and then compare their replies.

Who buys it?
Why does he buy it?
Who should buy it?
Why should he buy it?
Where does he live?
When does he buy it?
How does he buy it?
(*or* How is it sold?)

*Goods as they seem to**
a—Manufacturer
b—Manufacturer's salesmen
c—Wholesaler
d—Wholesaler's salesmen
e—Retailer
f—Retailer's Salesmen
g—Consumer (or user)
h—Competition

*That is, all the factors through whose hands goods pass from manufacturer to ultimate user

We asked, "How long will you remember this?" because it is our observation that important, simple things like this are easily forgotten or overlooked.

ONCE a month, or more frequently, we issue a publication called Batten's Wedge. Each issue is devoted to a single editorial on some phase of business. If you are a business executive and would like to receive copies, write us.

George Batten Company, Inc.
Advertising

Boston 10 State Street
381 Fourth Avenue New York
Chicago McCormick Bldg.

Moulding favorable public opinion for articles or services that deserve it

To Yonkers and back—on 1 GALLON
The Economical
CLEVELAND SIX
"The Wonder Value of the Motor World"
SEDAN
$1595 NOW
F.O.B. CLEVELAND
CLEVELAND AUTOMOBILE SALES CORPORATION
BROADWAY at 62d ST., NEW YORK
BROOKLYN OPEN EVENINGS BRONX
JERSEY CITY

MADE FOR THE B.V.D. BEST RETAIL TRADE
The Underwear of assured Comfort and Long Wear
Identified by This Red Woven Label
"Next to Myself I Like 'B.V.D.' Best"
THE B.V.D. COMPANY
NEW YORK
Sole Manufacturers of "B.V.D." Underwear

Corns?
—just say
Blue-jay
to your druggist
Stops Pain Quickly
The simplest way to end a corn is Blue-jay. A touch relieves the pain and the corn soon disappears. Made in two forms—a colorless, clear liquid (one drop does it!) and in extra thin plasters. Use whichever form you prefer, plasters or the liquid—the action is the same. Safe, gentle. Made in a world-famed laboratory. Sold by all druggists.
Free: Write Bauer & Black, Chicago, Dept. 128, for valuable book, "Correct Care of the Feet."

Cuticura Soothes Rashes and Irritations
Hot baths with Cuticura Soap, followed by light applications of Cuticura Ointment, afford relief in most cases of rashes, irritations, eruptions, etc. Cuticura Talcum is also excellent for the skin.
Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. 21B, Malden 48, Mass." Soldiers everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

"20th CENTURY" Taxi Rates
16¢—First Third Mile
24¢—per Mile Thereafter
3 Miles—$1.28
If you pay your fare with coupons
Same rate for 5 passengers.
$10 Coupon Book $8
CIRCLE 8000

THOMAS OPPOSES STAGE CENSORSHIP

Newly Appointed Chairman Believes in Cleaning House From Within.

FAVORS ACTORS' EQUITY

One of His Main Efforts Will Be to Maintain Harmony as to Contracts.

The establishment of harmonious relations between the various theatrical interests is one of the chief aims of Augustus Thomas, the newly appointed Executive Chairman of the Producing Managers' Association, he said in an interview yesterday. Although he refrained from discussing with any definiteness his plans for the work, he made it clear that he was against any political censorship imposed from without and would help to forestall such censorship by helping to clean house from within and to keep it clean.

"Once we are functioning we can get to a matter like this before the police do, and thus save a lot of trouble," said Mr. Thomas. "As a matter of fact, there is little need for condemnation or alarm in that direction. The theatre is governed generally by men of true instincts and of intelligence, and the occasional questionable plays have been overshadowed by the production of good stuff. Only those who know the theatre are capable of giving it proper care, and it is my hope that the Producing Managers' Association will be antiseptic instead of corrosive."

The reason for his appointment by the managers, Mr. Thomas told the reporters, was probably the need felt for a leader in whom they had confidence and who was aided by an absence of personal interest in rendering impartial judgments.

"What is the first problem that you are going to tackle?" Mr. Thomas was asked.

"I don't know myself," he replied. "Those fellows keep things pretty well to themselves, you know. In a general way, I am going to try to bring harmony to all the interests that make up the theatre and the stage—actors, managers, dramatists, artists and so forth. And differences that arise between members of the Managers' Association over the interpretation of contract clauses and the like I shall help to iron out."

In labor troubles and labor issues between actors and managers Mr. Thomas said that he expected to play a direct part.

"I know the idea of the Actors' Equity Association," he added, "and they are capital fellows, every one of them. I anticipate no trouble—nothing but the most cordial understanding—with the Equity."

Mr. Thomas admitted a certain similarity between his new position and that of Will H. Hays in the moving picture field and Judge Landis in baseball.

"But I'm not going to be as autocratic as Judge Landis," he remarked. "He can reach out and put Babe Ruth off the field for a month, but my big stick is going to be mainly talk. We are going to reason things out and hold hands and laugh all we can."

Mr. Thomas will begin his work on Aug. 1, with an office at the Producing Managers' Association headquarters, 234 West Forty-fifth Street.

The following telegram was received yesterday by Augustus Thomas from former Postmaster General Will H. Hays, chief arbiter in the moving picture field, now in Los Angeles.

"My Dear Friend—Have just heard of action of Producing Managers' Association and am delighted. I congratulate the association, and I congratulate you in this new opportunity for still larger service and usefulness. Very warmest personal regards.

"WILL H. HAYS."

'Whispering Wires' Coming Aug. 7.

Among early theatrical openings of the new season will be that of the Forty-ninth Street Theatre on Monday, Aug. 7, when the Shuberts will present "Whispering Wires," by Kate McLaurin, based on a magazine story by Henry Leverage. Olive Tell, Ben Johnson, Bertha Mann and others are in the cast now rehearsing for a week's try-out afield, starting at Long Branch next Monday. The play's arrival on Broadway will be simultaneous with the return of "Blossom Time" to the house next door.

STEINBERG WILL STICK.

Declines to Withdraw in Favor of Senator Meyer for Nomination.

William Chilvers, Republican leader of the Fifteenth Assembly District, and other Republicans labored for hours yesterday with Assemblyman Joseph Steinberg of that district to dissuade him from entering the primaries as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator from the Seventeenth Senatorial District in opposition to Senator Schuyler M. Meyer, who is seeking renomination and who was indorsed by the Senate District Committee on Tuesday night.

Mr. Steinberg told Mr. Chilvers that in justice to himself and his friends he must go through with the fight and that he expected to win. The result, it was stated, might be the formation of a compromise candidate. Ex-Senator Courtlandt Nicol and former Assemblyman W. W. Pellett are mentioned in this connection.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Basil Rathbone, seen here in "The Czarina," has been lent by Charles Frohman, Inc., to the London production of Somerset Maugham's "East of Suez."

John Murray Anderson will direct rehearsals for the fourth annual Greenwich Village Follies, beginning today at the Park Theatre.

Louis T. Rogers, hitherto in motion pictures, will become a musical comedy producer with "O Joy," due on Broadway about Aug. 1.

Muriel Stryker has rejoined the dancers in "The Follies" after two weeks enforced idleness owing to a strained tendon.

A. P. Kaye enters the cast of "He Who Gets Slapped" tomorrow, replacing Ernest Cossart in the role of Papa Briquet.

The International Theatre Managers' Association has petitioned Lee Shubert to book "The Goldfish" for a season of one-night stands.

Al Jolson returned to this city yesterday from a motor trip through Maine. He was a guest at the Winter Garden last evening.

The School of the Theatre will close Aug. 25, to reopen Oct. 2. The Threshold Playhouse season is extended to Sept. 1.

A new all-negro show, "Bon Bon Buddy Jr.," opening at Philadelphia, is to reach New York late in August.

Marilynn Miller, Leon Errol and others in "Sally" will resume their season at the Colonial in Boston on Labor Day.

Henry Hull, now in "The Cat and the Canary," and Leighton Osmun are authors of the comedy "Manhattan," to be produced Aug. 15 at the Playhouse by John Cromwell.

Wilton Lackaye appeared in Grace Wilbur's "The Monster" last night at Stamford, Conn. Others in the cast were Mickey Morris, Frank McCormack, Marguerite Risdon and Wallie Jones. The play goes to Atlantic City for a week before coming to New York.

MUSIC NOTES.

Henry Hadley conducted his own "Lancelot," together with Tschaikowsky's Fourth Symphony and "Overture 1812," at his farewell program at the Stadium last evening. Tonight Willem Van Hoogstraten begins three weeks there with the Philharmonic in Tschaikowsky's "Pathétique."

A program of negro "spirituals" by Harry Burleigh will be performed this evening at the Omaha Memorial Library of New York University.

Matilda Lozeau, pianist, will appear at the Capitol next week before going abroad for study with Donfanyi and Schnabel.

RADIO SET-MAKERS FORM CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

W. H. Davis of New York Elected President at Organization Meeting in Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Radio apparatus manufacturers from all parts of the country met here today and effected a temporary organization of the National Radio Chamber of Commerce. The officers elected were President, W. H. Davis of Pennie, Davis, Marvin & Edmunds, New York; Vice President, Harold Powers, American Radio & Research Corporation, Medford Hill, Mass.; Secretary, George Lewis of New York; Treasurer, Cloyd Marshall, Dubilier Condenser & Radio Company, New York.

Dr. L. du Plessus Clements spoke for Secretary Hoover in urging the manufacturers to co-ordinate the various fields of wireless activity.

"We have the opportunity to become the leaders of the radio industry throughout the World," he said. "It is up to this convention to fulfill the important task of creating a National Radio Chamber of Commerce, so powerful and progressive that the radio industry of this country can introduce American standard supplies throughout the world at American prices. Radio is a coming public utility, even more important than the telegraph and telephone.

"One problem which overshadows all others in importance is the change of the radio dabbler to a standard, regulated radio subscriber. It proves the necessity for increased broadcasting activities, the introduction of a low priced short-range radio broadcaster, sold at a price within reach—its action and practical application governed by standard rules laid down by the National Radio Chamber of Commerce. In this way can radio activity be harnessed to public service."

Commander Hooper, U. S. N., stressed the importance to be gained from properly co-ordinating the manufacturing and Government radio interests of the country so that in a national emergency the vast potential army of more than 1,000,000 radio operators would be at the instant service of the Government.

Captain Guy Hill of the Army Signal Corps, urged standardization of radio parts so that should it be necessary for military forces to utilize all radio sets in a national emergency the smaller units for composing the receiving sets might be interchangeable.

PRISON FOR OFFICER WHO BEAT A CITIZEN

Judge Johnstone Makes an Example of a Federal Agent Who Used a Blackjack.

Imprisonment of from six months to three years in the State penitentiary was imposed yesterday on Benjamin Kaskel, 45, of 265 Central Park West, an inspector in the Narcotic Division of the Internal Revenue Bureau, who was convicted of assault in the second degree several days ago. Kaskel was accused of beating Raymond Duffy of 300 Third Avenue with a blackjack after Duffy had accidentally pushed against him in a crowd in the Pennsylvania Station.

Duffy, according to the testimony, was being swept backward by a crowd when he jostled Kaskel. The Federal officer struck him several times with the blackjack and escaped. He was caught several months later in the Custom House. His excuse for beating Duffy was that he thought Duffy was trying to block his view of a drug suspect. Federal authorities praised Kaskel and said that on his past record they did not think he would use a blackjack without good reason.

Judge Robert S. Johnstone in General Sessions, in imposing sentence, declared that he intended to make an example of the prisoner to remind officers of the law that they must know how to use, and not to abuse, their weapons.

$12,000 IN STOCK OF B. R. T. MISSING

Brokers Mystified by Loss of 500 Shares — Surety Company Questions Clerks.

Warner & Co., stock brokers, of 52 Broadway, yesterday announced the disappearance of 500 shares of the capital stock of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, worth at current prices about $12,000. The stock was in the form of five certificates of 100 shares each, the numbers of which are 71,091, 71,188, 68,807, 62,503 and 70,985.

Mystery surrounds the disappearance of the securities. F. M. Warner, head of the firm, yesterday said the matter had been placed in the hands of the National Surety Company. He said no satisfaction was obtained from employes as to how the securities were missed and that the surety company is questioning the clerks.

The head clerk, Mr. Warner said, declared that he turned the certificates over to a messenger to deliver, while the messenger asserted that he never received the order for delivery.

FOUR BROKERS ARRESTED.

E. W. Wagner Among Those Accused of Improper Deals.

Four brokers, including Emil W. Wagner, were arrested yesterday in civil suits, alleging conversion, and released upon giving bail at the Sheriff's office. Mr. Wagner, who gave a bond for $3,000, was sued with other members of E. W. Wagner & Co. by Oscar Steinmetz of 250 East Fifty-third Street, who alleged that this sum was due him on transactions involving the purchase of Chile Copper and Erie stock. He said the brokers treated his property as their own and when the firm failed he could not recover it.

Harry A. Cochrane, trading as Harry A. Cochrane & Co., was sued for $2,000 by Joseph A. Linjek, asking $1,755 because he did not deliver stock of the North American and the Pullman Companies.

Irving Richman caused the arrest of L. H. Baker of 30 Riverside Drive in a $2,000 suit, alleging that Baker induced him to buy stock of the Acme Food Products Corporation by representing that the corporation was flourishing, whereas when the stock was sold to him the concern was in bankruptcy. Baker gave a bond for $1,000.

Thomas F. McGrath, who now runs Thomas F. McGrath & Co., and was formerly connected with Andrews & Co., was arrested in a suit of Albert Dimmerling, who said McGrath got him to invest $10,000 in the Dictagraph Products Corporation and the Standard Cap and Seal Corporation. He says he never got the stock, but that it wasn't worth anything, anyhow. McGrath gave a bond for $6,000.

Insane Man Shoots Two Women.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Suddenly becoming insane today, William Smith, an inmate of the Presbyterian Home for Aged Couples and Single Men, shot two women, one of them being Mrs. Lillian Pierce, Superintendent of the institution. He then fled to his room and shot his own life by slashing his throat with a razor and firing a bullet into his head.

ART AND TRADE JOIN TO FORM NEW PARTY

Players, Writers and a Few Business Men Call Convention for Oct. 2.

WANT NEW-TYPE GOVERNOR

Must Be "Immune From Political Influences"—Secrecy Shrouds Details.

Moving with utmost secrecy until it became necessary, in compliance with the Election law, to proclaim their purpose, a group of men and women of the stage and of the literary profession, with a sprinkling of plain business people, have been banded together for months in an effort to seat in the Governor's chair at Albany after Jan. 1 "an independent business man-candidate immune from political influence." Inquiries from some of those identified with the movement brought to light last night the fact that they have a certain man in view but were not ready to reveal his identity.

The announcement was made in an unsigned and unsponsored statement which gave the names of some members of the "Committee of Citizens to Nominate an Independent Gubernatorial Candidate." A call has been issued by the committee for a nominating convention in this city on Oct. 2. The call was formally adopted, according to the announcement, at a meeting held yesterday at 34 West Forty-fifth Street.

George P. Putnam of the Putnam publishing house appears to be one of the prime factors in this new political adventure. Some other names given are Chester Aldrich, Tom B. Clarke Jr., George Chappell, editor and writer; Frank Craven, actor; Frank Crownshield, editor; Elsie Ferguson, actress; Ruth Hale (wife of Heywood Broun), dramatic critic and author; Wallace Irwin, author; B. Kenneth Murchison, salesman; Mary Nash, actress; Edwin Streeter, writer; Charles Hanson Towne, critic; H. C. Witwer, humorist, and Whitney Warren, architect.

Mr. Putnam said last night at Rye that the only reason any announcement was made was to keep the movement within provisions of the Election law which require formal announcement by any group of independent voters of their intention, should they desire to hold a convention for the selection of an independent candidate for State office.

After giving the names of some members of the group, the statement goes on: "It announces its intention of offering the citizens of New York an opportunity to elect a Governor who will administer the affairs of the State with the economy and efficiency which characterizes most successful business executives. While a few names were mentioned as possibilities, it was stated that nobody has as yet been definitely decided upon. The committee will devote the next month to a thorough canvass of the situation and appraisal of prospective candidates."

Ruth Hale, who is active in the Lucy Stone League of Women, which holds that married women should retain their maiden names, said: "I would like to tell, but I have been asked to keep secret the details."

Frank Craven said at his home in Great Neck that he had been asked to keep the matter secret, but would be very glad to make a statement "at the proper time."

Mr. Streeter said he knew nothing of the details and principles of the movement, and had been asked to join by Mr. Putnam.

"I would like to explain everything," said Mr. Putnam at his home in Rye, "but unfortunately the committee has decided on secrecy for the present. The committee has a certain man in view. That is all I can say—absolutely all—just now."

ACCUSES PANAMA OFFICIALS.

Hushing Says Dismissal to Statement Regarding Malaria Epidemic.

PANAMA, July 26.—W. C. Hushing, a member of the Ware Board of the Panama Canal recently dismissed, declares that his discharge was due to a statement he made while in the United States concerning the recrudescence of malaria in the Canal Zone at the beginning of the rainy season, that the Gorgas sanitation program had been destroyed.

Colonel Morrow, Governor of the Canal, asserts that the Hushing statement was falsification and misrepresentation of the policy of the Canal Government.

Hushing, who represents the Panama Canal workers, made charges on July 5 at the headquarters of the American Federation of Labor at Washington that recent economies in the administration of the Canal Zone had resulted in an epidemic of malaria and fever among employes there.

DANCER HELD FOR MURDER.

Locked Up Here on Cable Message From Italian Foreign Office.

"Little Italy's" dancing master was locked up last night at the request of the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Italy, who by cable said he was wanted at San Severo for killing Luigi Cozzo. The dancing master gave his name as Giuseppe Rossi, 27, but Detective Sergeants Fiaschetti and Scrivani, who arrested him at the home of his mother-in-law, 400 East 117th Street, said that the message gave his name as Guiseppe Campenelli.

The killing occurred on Jan. 21, 1921. Cozzo, according to the story told by the prisoner, was one of five men who attacked him and others. Rossi said his cousin was slain with an axe by one assailant and that he had been stabbed before he fired the shots that killed Cozzo.

The clue which led to Rossi's arrest was the Italian Minister's description of the fugitive as "an adept dancing instructor."

Soviets Execute Gen. Perkhouroff.

MOSCOW, July 25.—Major Gen. Alexander Perkhouroff, who was sentenced to death a few days ago for leadership of the Yaroslav mutiny in 1918, was executed yesterday by a firing squad.

INJURED SAVING A GIRL.

Motorcycle Policeman Strikes Kiosk to Avoid Hitting Her.

Policeman John Powers was severely injured yesterday afternoon, at Fourth Avenue and Union Street, Brooklyn, when he ran his motorcycle against the subway kiosk to avoid striking a little girl.

The policeman was severely cut about the head and body and was taken unconscious to the Methodist Episcopal Hospital.

Powers, who is 33 years old, lives at 4,380 Park Avenue, Manhattan.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

WINTER GARDEN B'way & 50th. Evs. 8:30. Matinee Tomorrow. WORLD'S GREATEST REVUE. SPICE of 1922. WALESKA SURATT, ADELE ROWLAND, GEORGIE PRICE, and Superlative Cast.

MICHIO ITOW'S SENSATIONAL PIN WHEEL. OPENS MONDAY AT LITTLE THEATRE. Seats Now.

NATIONAL THEA., 41 St., W. of B'way. Only. Evs. 8:30. CAT AND THE CANARY. MATINEES SATURDAY & WEDNESDAY

BELMONT W. 48th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., 2:30. THE KEMPY with Grant Mitchell and the Maguire. Big Hit!

ASTOR Thea., 45th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU in the Comedy Classic The GOLDFISH

SHUBERT Theatre, 44th St., West. Marjorie RAMBEAU in THE GOLDFISH. MOVES HERE NEXT MONDAY. BOX OFFICE OPENS TO-DAY

FROM MORN TO MIDNIGHT 42d, W. of B'way. Mats. Sat. & Wed., $ 30.

HE WHO GETS SLAPPED 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., $2

F. RAY COMSTOCK & MORRIS GEST Present BALIEFF'S Chauve-Souris. From MOSCOW—Direct from LONDON—PARIS NOW AT CENTURY ROOF THEA. 62d St. & C.P.W. Entrance on 63d St. Phone Columbus 8869. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Tues., 2:30.

GARRICK 65 W. 35th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat., $2

WILLIAM FOX presents NERO. LYRIC THEATRE, W. 42d St. TWICE DAILY, 2:30 & 8:30. 133d & 134th Times. Today - Tonight

Silver Wings with MARY CARR in person. APOLLO THEATRE, W. 42d St. TWICE DAILY, 2:30 & 8:30. 148th & 149th Times. Today - Tonight

Wm. A. Brady's 48TH ST. THEA., E. of B'way. The PLANTATION REVUE. FLORENCE MILLS. Evs. 8:30. MATS TO-DAY & SAT.

MOROSCO THEATRE, WEST 45th ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. THE BEST MYSTERY PLAY IN TOWN. THE BAT 2nd Year

TIMES SQUARE W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. The Queen of Musical Comedies. "SUE, DEAR"

SELWYN THEATRE, W. 42d St. MATS. WED. & SAT. $2. BARNEY BERNARD and ALEXANDER CARR in a new Comedy "PARTNERS AGAIN"

8th MONTH—BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Mts. Sat. & Wed. THE DOVER ROAD By A. A. MILNE. With CHAS. CHERRY. SEASON'S SMARTEST COMEDY

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. ANNE NICHOLS' Laughing Success 'ABIE'S IRISH ROSE'

MOTION PICTURES.

Romance Lives and Breathes Again!

Days of Chivalry, of Brave Men and Beautiful Women, of Sword Play, Passionate Love and Vivid Battle BROUGHT TO YOU— Through the Master Production REX INGRAM'S METRO PRODUCTION "Prisoner of Zenda"

From Anthony Hope's Novel—Cost more than "The Four Horsemen." Matinees 25c to $1.00 and $1.50. Nights 50c-75c-$1.00-$1.50

OPENING MONDAY NIGHT, JULY 31 AT THE ASTOR THEATRE. BROADWAY & 45 ST. Twice Daily 2:30—8:30

"THE STORM" HURRY! Universal-Jewel—Presented by Carl Laemmle. LAST THREE DAYS. TONIGHT—Fight Returns by Radio. Loud Speaker Furnished by Bamberger's, Newark. CENTRAL Broadway at 47th St. Room to 11:30 P. M.

RIVOLI B'WAY AT 49th ST. AGNES AYRES in "BORDERLAND" A Paramount Picture. "Everybody's Going to the Rivoli Now" Beginning Sunday GLORIA SWANSON in "HER GILDED CAGE"

RIALTO B'WAY & 42d ST. "THE MISTRESS BY INDIA" A Paramount Picture. Famous Rialto Orchestra

LOEW'S STATE B'way & 46th St. 11 A.M. to 11 P.M. JACK HOLT in "While Satan Sleeps" KRAUS & WHITE SONGS & SCENES. Parcell, Tyler Trio, Orlo.

CRITERION B'WAY & 44TH STREET. Continuous Noon to 11 P. M. "A mere 10 cent at the flower which blows, it mea... —Verse. "FORGET ME NOT" Metro pictures Corp'n. Distributors

PLAZA Mad. Ave. & 58th St. Geo. Loane Tucker's production "THE MIRACLE MAN," with Thomas Meighan, Betty Compson, Lon Chaney and Wm. J. Dowling.

MARK STRAND B'way & 47th St. "HURRICANE'S GAL" with Dorothy Phillips. Strand Symphony Orchestra.

CAPITOL B'WAY AT 51st. HARRY CAREY in "THE KICK-BACK" Capitol Grand Orchestra.

CAMEO 42nd St. & B'way. John Barrymore in "SHERLOCK HOLMES"

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

Dine in Cool Comfort
Fresh breezes of refrigerated air keep
The ITALIAN GARDEN
always cool and comfortable—for luncheon, tea, or dinner.
A delightful summer restaurant where seashore coolness is always maintained.
The Ambassador
Park Avenue and Fifty-First Street
THE AMBASSADOR HOTELS SYSTEM
The Ambassador, New York City. The Ambassador, Los Angeles. The Ambassador, Atlantic City. The Alexandria, Los Angeles.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42nd St. nr. 8th Ave. Popular mats. Wed. & Sat. ZIEGFELD FOLLIES. BELASCO W. 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. Only at 2:15. "Mme. Ulric's performance as Kiki is the most finished piece of acting of the season." DAVID BELASCO Presents LENORE ULRIC as KIKI

EARL CARROLL 7th Av. 50th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. MIDNIGHT SNOW FROLIC at 11:45. STRUT MISS LIZZIE

SAM H. HARRIS ATTRACTIONS. Harris W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. 391 Times. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Tonite. SIX CYLINDER LOVE. A Comedy by William Anthony McGuire. with ERNEST TRUEX

CORT W. 48th St. Evs. 8:30. 244 Times. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Tonite. Wallace Eddinger—Mary Nash. CAPTAIN APPLEJACK. Walter Hackett's Comedy

Music Box W. 45th St. Evs. 8:15. 361 Times. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Tonite. IRVING BERLIN'S "MUSIC BOX REVUE." With Wm. Collier, Florence Moore, Joe Santley, Ivy Sawyer, Hamilton Terry, Sally Ward. Staged by Hassard Short. And many others.

Good Morning Dearie. Musical Comedy Sensation at the GLOBE Evs. 8:40. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'way & 47th St. LEO LEWIS & BAND. W. C. FIELDS & CO. VAN & SCHENCK. JACK ROSE, KRAMER & BOYLE, "Constitution," other

B. F. Keith's RIVERSIDE 96th St. & B'way. Triple Headline Bill. Mabel Waterous, Gordon Dooley & Allan Cooper. Jack Pendrey, "The Comedian." Margaret Severes & Co. "Are You Married?" others & Jack Holt in Photoplay "The Man Unconquerable."

B. F. Keith's 81st STREET B'way & 81st St. HENRY HADLEY.....CONDUCTOR. TO-NIGHT AT 8:30. TSCHAIKOWSKY. WAGNER PROGRAM. PRICES, 25c., 50c., $1.00.

STADIUM CONCERTS. N. Y. Philharmonic Orchestra. LAWRASON STADIUM, Amst. Av. & 138 St. SYMPHONY ..... CONDUCTOR

DANCING. CLOVER GARDENS. GRAND CENTRAL PALACE. Every Night. Sat. Mat. 2:30-5:30. Ladies Free. Gentlemen $1. No extra charges.

STEEPLECHASE. CONEY ISLAND. The Funny Place. Surf and Pool Bathing

PALISADES AMUSEMENT PARK. Opposite W. 130th St. Ferry. 50 New Attractions. Salt Water Surf Bathing NOW OPEN.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

THE HOTEL KITCHEN. If you ever paid a visit to the Hotel Hamilton kitchen you would know at once why the cuisine is so good. Now leasing for fall occupancy. Summer rates for transients. HOTEL HAMILTON. West 72nd St.

Café Boulevard. "41 Steps from Broadway, on 41st St." Luncheon 80c. Dinner $1.50

PARADISE ROOF Columbus Circle and 58th St. Formerly REISENWEBER'S. NIGHTLY DURING DINNER 7:30. Also Midnight & 2:30 A.M. ALL STAR SHUFFLE ALONG REVUE. BLUE PLATE DINNERS 75¢ & $1. Table d'Hote DINNER. Served 6 to 8. NO COVER CHARGE. $2. CONTINUOUS DANCE MUSIC BY STRICKLAND'S ORCHESTRA

The Touraine. 9-11 EAST 39TH STREET. NEW YORK CITY. An apartment hotel catering to patrons who desire exclusive surroundings. Special low rates for the summer. RESTAURANT A LA CARTE. A. R. SMITH, Prop. Formerly of the St. Regis

HOTEL COLONIAL. Columbus Ave. at 61st St. Newly decorated and furnished throughout. Rooms. Convenient to park, subway, elevated and surface cars. Complete hotel service. Restaurant. SUMMER RATES. Room, use of Bath, $10 Weekly Up. Room, Private Bath, $15 Weekly Up. 2 Persons, Private Bath, $20 Weekly Up.

HOTEL NOBLETON. 126 WEST 73D ST. Centrally located in Park and express subway and elevated stations, surface cars and buses. Newly decorated, handsomely furnished; 2 and 3 room suites at attractive summer rates. Full hotel service; Restaurant à la carte. Moderate prices. All communicating. RATES UNTIL SEPT. 1. 2 Rooms, Private Bath, 1 Person, $20 Weekly. 2 Rooms, Private Bath, 2 Persons, $25 Weekly. $100 Monthly.

Hotel Beresford. Central Park West—81 to 82 St. LARGE, COOL, Newly Furnished Suites of 2, 3 or 4 Rooms, Bath. Overlooking Central Park and Manhattan Square. Summer Rates Now in Effect. Dining Room on 9th Floor. Prices Moderate. CHAS. A. WEIR, Manager.

HOFBRAU. FAMOUS RESTAURANT. QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA. Jansson awaits to see you. BROADWAY & 30th ST. Luncheons-Dinners, Beefsteak Parties

Hotel Manhattan Square. 50 & 53 WEST 77TH ST. Desirable furnished and unfurnished apartments, now leasing for the fall at especially attractive rentals. Parking Accommodations.

Hotel Narragansett. Broadway, 93d and 94th Sts. SUITES OF 1, 2, 3, 4 Rooms with Baths. By Day, Week, Month or Year. Leases now being made for Fall occupancy. FRANK A. PETELER, Manager. TELEPHONE 9000 RIVERSIDE.

BEAUX-ARTS. SUMMER GARDEN. NOW OPEN AT 6 P. M. DANCING. ENTERTAINMENT. 80 West 40th St. Tel. Longacre 7460. Parking Accommodations.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

Apartment Hunting In Your Easy Chair

Tramping the streets in search of an apartment has been largely done away with for Tribune readers. You can now settle down comfortably in your easy chair, and with no more effort than it takes to scan a printed page, cover the available apartments in New York City, suited to all purses. The New York Tribune's new tabloid size supplement—the

Apartment House Guide

OWNERS & AGENTS. Send in your list of vacant apartments for publication in the Tribune Apartment House Guide. Give in each case number of rooms, yearly rental, street, number and renting agent. Corrections will be made weekly. Forms close Thursday. Blanks for listing will be furnished on application.

is a comprehensive list of desirable apartments for rent in all the boroughs of the city, indexed for quick reference according to number of rooms, location and yearly rental. Beginning next Sunday and continuing through the renting season the Guide will be included with

Each Sunday's

New York Tribune

Any further assistance or information will be gladly given if you will phone

BEEKMAN 3000

LEONARD TO BOX TENDLER TONIGHT

Lightweight Championship Will Be at Stake When Rivals Meet in Jersey City.

EXPECTS 60,000 TO ATTEND

Rickard Predicts Receipts Will Total $400,000—Principals Reported to Be at Weight.

FAIR AND WARMER PROMISED BY THE WEATHER MAN.

Boxing fans who have made arrangements to see the Leonard-Tendler bout tonight will welcome the prediction of the weather man: "Generally fair and somewhat warmer today."

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, will defend his title tonight against Lew Tendler, Philadelphia's challenger for the championship. In the ring of the huge pine bowl erected on Boyle's Thirty Acres, Jersey City—the identical battle platform on which Jack Dempsey dashed in the fistic mire the world's heavyweight championship aspirations of Georges Carpentier—Leonard and Tendler will clash in a bout scheduled for twelve rounds. It will be a no-decision contest. Referees' decisions are prohibited under the provisions of the Hurley law governing boxing in New Jersey. The lightweight championship, therefore, will not be affected if both boxers are on their feet when the bell clangs at the end of the twelfth round. Only a knockout by Tendler or the commission of a foul by Leonard can produce a change in the ownership of the title.

J. Harry Ertle of Jersey City has been selected to referee the title struggle. The bout is scheduled to start about 9:45 o'clock this evening, daylight saving time. In the conduct of this championship match Promoter Tex Rickard will follow a similar procedure to that which prevailed on the occasion of the memorable heavyweight championship bout in the same arena a year ago. The important bout will be put on in advance of the semi-final. The latter contest will be the closing attraction of the card.

The preliminary bouts are scheduled to start at 8:20 o'clock, daylight-saving time. In advance of the championship match there will be two bouts, one an opening preliminary of eight rounds and another scheduled for ten rounds. Following the principal event a ten-round bout will be staged. This arrangement has been adopted in an effort to lessen the confusion and congestion which would naturally result if the title struggle was the last event. Everybody would wait for the championship bout, whereas a number of people will leave after the championship contest, as it is planned, while others will remain for the extra bouts.

Weight to Be Made at 2 P. M.

The boxers have each agreed to make 135 pounds at 2 o'clock this afternoon. The prospective combatants are scheduled to leave their camps early this morning. Leonard and his challenger were reported to be at weight yesterday after completing their training. To guarantee the weight forfeits of $15,000 each have been posted.

Under the terms of the contract for the bout the principals will battle on a percentage basis. Promoter Rickard has agreed to give 62½ per cent. of the gross receipts to the principals. Of this amount Leonard will receive the major portion. The title holder, Rickard said, is to receive 42½ per cent. Tendler will receive 20 per cent.

It is estimated that a crowd of 50,000 will witness the spectacle. The arena has a capacity in excess of 61,000, the number which turned out for the Dempsey-Carpentier battle. Promoter Rickard has estimated that the bout will draw about $400,000. An estimated advance sale of $300,000 is reported.

The bout promises to attract a thoroughly representative gathering of boxing enthusiasts. Leonard's ring ledger will be augmented by out-of-town admirers of both boxers. For the last several days arrivals have been reported from points in New England, the South and the Middle West. A delegation of 150 Chicagoans arrived yesterday. Philadelphia's admirers of Tendler are expected in droves today. Four hundred fight fans were reported last night at the Waldorf-Astoria and more than 700 at the McAlpin and Martinique Hotels. Other arrivals were reported at the Astor, Pennsylvania, Commodore, Belmont and other leading hotels.

Both Boxers Insured.

The bout is not insured against rain. Promoter Rickard has insured the boxers each for $25,000 against accident or incapacitation. He has announced that if the weather is unfavorable tonight the match will be held tomorrow night or the first favorable succeeding night, omitting Sunday.

Everything was yesterday reported in readiness for the spectacle. The arena has been prepared for a big crowd; the lighting system has been completed and found in perfect working order, following a test; ushers have been drilled in their duties; Jersey City policemen, detailed to the battle site yesterday went through their final drill; the ring has been erected and will receive its padding and canvas covering this afternoon, and the boxers have completed their training and both are reported to be in excellent condition.

There is every reasonable foundation for the assertion in advance that the match will overshadow any similar lightweight championship bout in history. Already the advance sale of tickets has exceeded receipts for any similar ring encounter. Greater interest has been evinced in the contest than in any previous lightweight championship, and a larger crowd will witness the bout. The general atmosphere extends also to the remuneration of the principals. Leonard, if the bout attracts $400,000, will receive $170,000, on the basis of 42½ per cent. of the gross receipts. Jack Dempsey and Georges Carpentier are the only two boxers in history who have received more than this.

Men Are Keen Rivals.

Interest in the match is justified. Leonard is conceded to be one of the greatest lightweights who ever held the title. Tendler, on the other hand, is regarded the estate of the foremost challenger for the title—the most dangerous rival Leonard has had to meet. The boxers have been bitter rivals for the last two years. During this time Tendler has persistently sought a title match with Leonard, and the champion, as persistently, has ignored the Philadelphian. The rivalry between the boxers has contributed to intensify interest in the clash. The pair were matched for a bout in Philadelphia last Summer, but Leonard was injured while training and forced to cancel the engagement. His forfeit of $5,000 was collected by Tendler, an action which added fuel to the fires of ill-feeling which had previously existed.

Because of this, the physical measurements of the prospective rivals and the wide knowledge of their respective styles, there is every reason to expect one of the most spectacular lightweight battles in ring history. The physical differences between the boxers are slight. A comparison of their measurements gives Tendler almost infinitesimal advantages in size, reach and all-around build. In years, too, Tendler has an advantage, for he is three years younger than the champion. In experience they are about evenly matched.

The physical measurements of the boxers follow:

LEONARD.		TENDLER.
26	Age	23
135	Weight	135
5 ft. 5¼ in.	Height	5 ft. 7 in.
69 in.	Reach	70 in.
14½ in.	Neck	15 in.
36 in.	Chest Normal	37 in.
39 in.	Chest Expanded	39½ in.
27 in.	Waist	31 in.
14 in.	Biceps	14 in.
10¾ in.	Forearm	11 in.
6¾ in.	Wrist	6¾ in.
19½ in.	Thigh	19 in.
14 in.	Calf	15 in.
8 in.	Ankle	8½ in.

Leonard the Favorite.

Leonard is favored to win the bout. In what betting there has been, odds of 3 to 1 have prevailed. Boxing critics in general favor Leonard to win. The champion is regarded as a comparative marvel of the ring today. He has speed, cleverness, generalship and possesses destructive force in the blows of either hand. He has held his title against all contention for the last five years, during which time he has engaged every formidable rival with the sole exception of Tendler. Slightly more than two weeks ago Leonard knocked out Rocky Kansas, one of the sturdiest lightweights in boxing today.

The champion appreciates the importance of the impending bout and the danger he confronts in tackling Tendler. The Philadelphian has proved himself a worthy contender for the title. He is a clever ring-general, equipped to engage the champion. Tendler's unorthodox style—he stands with his right hand and right foot extended—is expected to produce a problem for Leonard. The champion has seldom opposed a formidable left-hand boxer. Leonard has been training steadily to solve this puzzling style in his preparatory work.

Tendler is of a rougher school than the champion. The Philadelphian is a rugged boxer, with admirable powers of resistance to punches and a crushing hitting strength of his own. Tendler depends almost entirely on his left hand to accomplish knockouts. He employs an uppercut to the body and, as weakens his opponent and prepares him for a decisive blow to the jaw. The Philadelphian has always maintained that if he ever got Leonard in the ring at 135 pounds he would defeat the champion. Tendler is counting on his left hand to win the title. Leonard expects his superb boxing skill and hitting strength to enable him to retain his laurels.

The title struggle will be preceded by an eight-round bout and a ten-round contest. Eddie Monroe and Johnny Coney, local lads, will open the show in an eight-round preliminary. In the second bout, scheduled for ten rounds, Phil Kruz, Newark middleweight, will oppose Sailor Joe Quinn of St. Paul. Following this bout, Leonard and Tendler will decide the ownership of the lightweight title. The closing bout will bring together Pet Hartley, "Durable Dane," and Mickey Denley, Newark's rugged lightweight, in a clash of ten rounds.

GOOD WEATHER IS ALL I ASK, SAYS RICKARD

'I Am Sure Every One Will Leave Arena Satisfied,' Adds the Promoter.

With hardly more concern than he would exhibit had he been discussing an ordinary Madison Square Garden battle during the Winter season Promoter Tex Rickard yesterday discussed the world's lightweight title match which will bring together Champion Benny Leonard and Challenger Lew Tendler in Jersey City tonight. Rickard had just returned from a hurried visit to Jersey City, where he supervised, with officials of the Jersey City Police Department, a final drill of the police detail which will handle the crowd. The promoter expressed his relief at the arrival of the battle date and added: "Good weather is all that I ask."

"I have been fortunate with weather conditions in practically all of my important fights," said Rickard. "I hope Dame Fortune smiles again.

"I have no choice in the matter of a victor. The boys are evenly matched, as far as I can see, and, as the saying goes, may the best man win. Leonard, being the champion, is the favorite. But Leonard is facing a dangerous man in Tendler. Whether the battle goes the limit of twelve rounds or there is a knockout, I am sure everybody will leave the arena perfectly satisfied. The contest should be a great spectacle.

"I have experienced little difficulty in making the arrangements for this important bout. I have had less worry and trouble from the boxers, their managers and other sources than with any other title bout with which I have been connected. I have a good organization for handling an event of such importance. All that is necessary to make the affair a success is favorable weather."

ASTROLOGER PICKS LEONARD

Gustave Meyer Says Tendler Will See More Stars Than Ever Before.

In a statement, in which the sun, the moon, the signs of the zodiac and the planets, especially the planet Mars, are used for the basis of its prognostication, Gustave Meyer, Hoboken astrologer, yesterday predicted that Benny Leonard will hold his lightweight boxing championship in his fight tonight against the challenger, Lew Tendler. Leonard, according to the statement, will probably win by a knockout, or "at least win the decision."

Leonard's victory, according to the astrologer, will be due to "the fact that Leonard has the martial planet Mars in friendly aspect to the sun at his birth. Tendler is due to see more stars than he ever saw in all his pugilistic career, and will imagine that his star is setting."

Facts Regarding Tonight's Lightweight Title Bout

Principals—Benny Leonard of New York, world's lightweight champion, and Lew Tendler of Philadelphia, challenger.

Stake—World's lightweight championship.

Weight—135 pounds at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Weight forfeits—$15,000 by each boxer.

Length of bout—Twelve rounds.

Decision—No referee's decision in New Jersey; title can change hands only by a knockout or foul.

Purse—62½ per cent. of the gross receipts.

Leonard's share of the purse—62½ per cent.

Tendler's share of the purse—30 per cent.

Place—Rickard's Arena, Jersey City, N. J.

Referee—J. Harry Ertle of Jersey City.

Promoter—George Lewis (Tex) Rickard.

Timekeeper—Dr. J. E. Farrell of Jersey City.

Time arena opens—4 P. M. (daylight saving time).

Time of title bout—About 9:45 P. M.

Time of first preliminary bout—8:20 P. M.

Estimated attendance—60,000.

Estimated gate receipts—$400,000.

Estimated advance sale—$300,000.

Prices of tickets—Admission, $2 and $3; reserved sections, $5, $7 and $10; ringside section, $16 (war tax additional in each instance).

Directions for reaching arena—Hudson tubes to Grove Street or Summit Avenue stations, or all ferries to Jersey City, then by surface car or on foot to arena.

ODDS ON BOUT 8-1; LEONARD FAVORITE

Little Betting Reported — Not More Than $50,000 Will Change Hands Here.

For a sporting event that has aroused the general interest that the championship bout between Benny Leonard and Lew Tendler has, betting on the result has been extremely light. As nearly as can be judged, $50,000 would be a liberal estimate of the amount that will change hands in Greater New York, and most of this has been placed in amounts of $100 and less. Few wagers running into thousands of dollars have been recorded by the brokers who are accustomed to handle most of the money placed on big sporting events of this nature.

This can be attributed to the preponderance of Leonard money in this city. It had been expected that big commissions would be received from Philadelphia, the supporters of Tendler in his home city realizing that they could get better odds here than in Quakertown. But these big commissions had failed to materialize yesterday and leading brokers here were resigned to the fact that this bout would go down as one of the poorest betting propositions in the modern history of sport.

In what comparatively small betting there has been, Leonard has been made a 1 to 3 favorite, but even these attractive odds have failed to coax forth any appreciable amount of Tendler money. John Doyle, one of Broadway's leading commission brokers, declared that he has seen little money wagered. In a majority of instances it has been confined chiefly to the chances of either of the principals scoring a knockout. This condition has been brought about by the fact that if the bout goes the limit of twelve rounds the laws of the New Jersey Boxing Commission will not permit a decision to be rendered. In this way a decisive result is possible only by either a knockout or a foul.

The betting in Manhattan and the Bronx on the knockout possibilities was chiefly at 2 to 1 that Leonard will win by a knockout and 6 to 1 that Tendler scores a knockout. Other wagers were recorded at 8 to 5 that the bout does not go the limit. In this instance, the bettor who is wagering the bout terminates before the twelfth round is completed is betting that either man scores a knockout or that either commits a foul. Doyle reported that the biggest wager he had heard of was $1,000 to $2,000 that Leonard will win by a knockout.

In Brooklyn Fred Schumm reported that the odds there were 3 to 1 on the bout, with the champion the favorite, although he had placed one wager of $4,000 to $1,000 that Leonard would win. Another bet of $3,000 to $1,500 was made that Leonard does not knock out Tendler and still another of $1,000 to $200 that Tendler does not knock out Leonard. He also reported that a bet had been made of $300 to $50 that Tendler does not respond to the bell at the beginning of the third round.

BOXING NO PART OF TENDLER'S FINAL DAY

Challenger Keeps Fit With Long Walk and Bag Punching—Weighs 135 Pounds.

DELANCO, N. J., July 26.—Boxing was not on the program of Lew Tendler's final day of training. His morning exercise consisted of a five-mile walk, a brisk bag-tapping session, a little rope-jumping and his regular calisthenics. Dr. Shliefer of Philadelphia, who examined Tendler after the final workout, pronounced the challenger in "splendid physical condition." Tendler concurred in the opinion with a statement that he had never felt in better condition. He weighed 135 pounds this afternoon and said he probably would weigh about 134½ at ringside.

After a sound eleven-hour sleep last night, Tendler awoke declaring he was worrying about nothing. As usual he ate two meals today, one at 11 o'clock following his morning workout and the other at 6 this evening. He retired early. Tomorrow morning at 10:06 he and his party will leave Burlington in a special car for Jersey City, where he will spend the day quietly previous to the long-looked for battle.

The challenger will be the same sort of southpaw battler he always has been when he steps into the ring at Boyle's Thirty Acres. He has spent long hours trying to crowd more power into his powerful left arm, and a new bit more of co-ordination into his right. He says he has succeeded.

Tender is bent on continuing with both arms his body-busting, rib-ripping tactics from close range. His sparring boute show this. His one diversion is carving in somebody's superstructure and he evidently will carry on the same sort of struggle that has made his campaign to be the logical contender a successful one.

Tender's training quarters here were not what he had anticipated, but he is satisfied. He was prevented from occupying an ideal mansion with a basement gymnasium, situated on the river bank, by vandals who broke in and smashed most of the furniture a few days before his arrival.

That necessitated renting a house two blocks from the portable ring with two boarded sides, which was set up in a field behind a garage. He has been favored with warm weather and little rain and is thoroughly tanned.

PUBLIC CAN LISTEN IN.

Radio Institute Extends Invitation to Hear Fight Returns.

The Radio Institute of America invites the public to listen in at its headquarters, 98 Worth Street, to the returns of the Leonard-Tendler bout tonight. The affair will be described in minute detail round by round by Major J. Andrew White, who described the Dempsey-Carpentier and Leonard-Britton matches. The institute will use the Western Electric loud speaker and power amplifier for this occasion.

WILLARD GETS OFFER.

Sept. 22 or 29 Is Named as Date for Match With Dempsey.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 26.—A definite offer of a match with Jack Dempsey on Sept. 22 or 29 has been received by Ray Archer, Jess Willard's manager, according to Gene Doyle, the challenger's local representative. The offer will not change Willard's determination to hold out for an October or November date, however.

MAY POST FORFEITS AUG. 7.

Dempsey and Brennan Will Hold Conference in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Jack Dempsey, world's champion heavyweight pugilist, his manager, Jack Kearns, with Bill Brennan and Manager Leo P. Flynn, will meet here Aug. 7 with Floyd Fitzsimmons to post forfeits for the Dempsey-Brennan fight, to be held at Michigan City, Ind., on Labor Day, it was learned today.

'I Will Win Inside Seven Rounds,' Leonard; 'I Will Knock Benny Leonard Out,' Tendler

The following statements were issued last night by the principals and their managers:

BENNY LEONARD, World's Lightweight Champion—I am prepared to put up the greatest battle of my career against Lew Tendler. The lightweight championship will not change hands, in my estimation. I am satisfied with my speed, wind, and punching ability and feel that with the aid of my cleverness and ring generalship, I will accomplish what I am after—a knockout in seven rounds. If the opportunity presents I will terminate the bout in the first round. I am quite sure Tendler's defense is poor. That is one reason why I am sure I will encounter little difficulty in reaching a vital spot. I have not decided upon any set plan of campaign. It will depend chiefly upon what Tendler does. If he rushes me a right to the jaw will stop him. Should he decide to box defensively, I will be prepared to knock him out with an assortment of body blows. I will win inside of seven rounds.

LEW TENDLER, challenger—It is my honest opinion that I will knock Benny Leonard out, clever fighter though he is. While I am not much given to predictions and have made my reputation as a boxer rather than a prophet, yet I feel I am going to win by the knockout route. I cannot make any prediction, however, as to the round in which the end will come. I have trained hard and am in tip-top condition for the bout.

BILLY GIBSON, Leonard's Manager—I am sure that Leonard will win. In making this statement I am taking into consideration the relative merits of the two boxers. By comparison Leonard is head and shoulders above Tendler in every respect. Benny is faster, more clever and hits harder than Tendler and with greater accuracy. In short, Benny is a finished boxer, Tendler's greatest asset is his left hand. He directs blows with this hand to the body. Tendler undoubtedly is banking on Leonard being an easy target for such an attack. The challenger will experience a rude awakening.

PHIL GLASSMAN, Tendler's manager—I think that there will be a new world's lightweight champion after the bout. Lew will wear Leonard down with his left digs to the stomach. Left digs—that will do it. I don't care how good Leonard is. Lew is going to show that he is better. The champion will never be able to stand Tendler's body punishment.

CHAMPION FINISHES TRAINING FOR BOUT

Leonard Winds Up Work by Falling in Lake—Completes Plans for Today.

Special to The New York Times.

BUDD LAKE, N. J., July 26.—The grind of training for the defense of his world's lightweight championship title is concluded for Benny Leonard. The titleholder wound up his preparation this afternoon with a session of sparring in the forenoon, when he boxed four rounds, two each against Sammy Barne and Johnny Martin. Following the workout Leonard sought the cooling influences of the nearby lake and suffered a trying experience. "His canoe upset. Fortunately, however, the champion escaped with nothing more serious than a thorough ducking.

Leonard's carelessness in getting into the canoe caused the champion to be spilled into the lake. He hopped into the treacherous craft without regard for the balance and before he knew what had happened he was floundering about in the water. At the time Leonard was attired for a stroll. The champion splashed out of the water and quickly repaired to his training quarters, where he donned another outfit before again tackling the canoe. This time, however, Leonard was more careful.

On the eve of what promises to be his most important battle since he took the title from Freddie Welsh in the old Manhattan Casino in New York, Leonard radiated confidence. He went about the camp in a manner which indicated that he had little on his mind. In discussing the approaching title bout the champion reiterated confidence in his ability to retain his title against Tendler.

Plans were completed today for the champion's movements tomorrow. The champion will rest at the Elks' Club in Jersey City before and after weighing in. Tendler will go to Budd Lake in time to catch the 10:13 o'clock train out of Dover tomorrow morning. The train is due at Hoboken at 11:40, daylight saving time. Trainer Maanie Seaman, brother Charley Leonard and Packey Swartz, the camp chef, will accompany the champion. Manager Billy Gibson will meet the party in Hoboken and will immediately escort the champion to the Elks' headquarters, where Leonard will await the summons to weigh in at 2 o'clock. After weighing in Leonard will return to the Elks' Club and remain there until it is time to go to the arena for the bout.

The champion has arranged to have a light meal in the afternoon. The repast will consist of two broiled lamb chops, dry toast and a cup of tea. Leonard plans to eat the meal about 4 o'clock.

Ma Leonard and Sister Enid, who have been living at the champion's training quarters, departed today by automobile for New York. Leonard's parents plan to remain away from the battleground. They will receive reports of the progress of the contest, however, through radio messages from the ringside.

CRIQUI CHALLENGES AMERICAN CHAMPION

European Featherweight Issues Defi Through New York State Athletic Commission.

Eugene Criqui, the French boxer who holds the European featherweight championship title, has challenged America's champion featherweight to a title struggle. Criqui's challenge is made through the New York State Athletic Commission, and was announced yesterday following the weekly meeting of the commission. The challenge was forwarded in a letter under date of July 13 by Paul Rousseau, Vice President of the International Boxing Union, with headquarters in Paris. M. Rousseau advised the commission that Criqui was ready, as French featherweight champion and holder of the European title, to journey to this country to engage America's foremost featherweights.

In view of Criqui's formal challenge, it is likely that a match will be arranged between the French boxer and the winner of the contest between Johnny Kilbane and Dave Brush. Dundee and Frush, accepted as the foremost contenders for Johnny Kilbane's title, which was declared vacated by the New York State Commission, are scheduled to clash in a bout at Ebbets Field, Brooklyn, on the night of Aug. 15. The commission was notified yesterday of the completion of arrangements for this match.

MAX MARSTON WINS MEDAL AT EKWANOK

Marion Golfer Leads Field of 100 in Qualifying Round of Isham Cup Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

MANCHESTER, Vt., July 26.—Coming within a stroke of equaling the par of the course and the amateur record as well, Maxwell R. Marston of Overbrook, Pa., playing from the Marion Cricket Club, led a field of a hundred golfers in the qualifying round of the annual Isham Cup tournament at the Ekwanok Country Club today and annexed the gold medal for low score.

His card:

Out	4	4	4	3	5	4	4	3	5—36
In	4	5	3	4	4	4	3	4	4—35

The field was fairly strong and the first division broke in a tie at 83, with seven in the running for a single place. In the play-off all but Donald Carr of Ardsley and William Simpson of Marion were eliminated at the first hole. Carr won at the next hole.

Tigers Release Pitcher Stoner.

DETROIT, July 26.—Release of Pitcher "Lil" Stoner to the Birmingham Club of the Southern Association was announced today at the Detroit American League baseball headquarters here. Detroit obtained Stoner last season from the Western League.

AMERICAN DERBY MAY BE REVIVED

Illinois Jockey Club Plans to Run Classic Race Next June at Hawthorne.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Moss Costeman, racing Secretary for Colonel Edward R. Bradley, has been in Chicago getting a line on the proposal to revive racing here. Mr. Costeman, who was en route to Saratora for the big Eastern meeting, called on Tom Bourke of the Illinois Jockey Club, which is pushing the plan. Mr. Bourke showed Costeman the signed lease of the Hawthorne track, also an agreement from the United States Government giving permission to the club to have workmen begin the transformation of the premises. Ninety per cent. of the Government's property has been removed. The contract for the entire renovation has been let.

The newly organized club is planning a revival of the American Derby for next June. The derby will be run, it is said, without any attempt at betting and entries will be sent from all the big Eastern and Southern tracks. The American Derby was last run in 1904 at Washington Park, when Highball won. More than a thousand Chicago business and professional men are members of the new club and have pledged sufficient money for all expenses necessary to the revival of racing here.

While the club has a lease on the Hawthorne track, it has two other sites, one north and one south. A mile and a half track and a grand stand accommodating 50,000 people will be built. It is planned to hang up a purse of $100,000 for 3-year-olds in the derby renewal, the largest amount on record for an event of that kind.

The plant will include an athletic stadium for football with a seating capacity of 100,000; club houses, golf grounds, tennis courts and swimming pools. The club is to be organized along the lines of the California Jockey Club, which does not recognize betting. The legal end of the racing program is being handled by able lawyers and a test case is scheduled for the near future. Plans are under way for action in the Legislature to legalize the sport.

BRYN MAWR TAKES RUMSON POLO CUP

Philadelphia Four Shows Great Team Work to Beat Whippany River Team, 18-13.

Special to The New York Times.

RUMSON, N. J., July 26.—By defeating Whippany River today by the score of 18 to 13, the Bryn Mawr team captured the Rumson Country Club Cup, presented by Bertram H. and Howard S. Borden, in the annual tournament matches. Whippany River was conceded a handicap of 13 and was held scoreless by the fast Bryn Mawr four.

The Bryn Mawrs showed splendid team work and Fred Rea was the high scoring player with 9 goals to his credit. Whippany River started out well and held their opponents for two chukkers, but were outclassed for the balance of the game.

Bryn Mawr's defeat by the Eatontown first team on Monday eliminates them from the finals in the Monmouth County Cup, and their ponies will be shipped tomorrow.

The line-up:

BRYN MAWR.	WHIPPANY RIVER.
No. 1—C. H. Earle.	No. 1—D. Fonda.
No. 2—A. M. Collins.	No. 2—H. E. Albright.
No. 3—Fred Rea.	No. 3—Jesse Metcalf.
Back—Gen. H. K. Bethell.	Back—W. J. Met-calf.

Goals—Bryn Mawr: By Rea 9, Earle 2, Collins 2, Bethell 3; total 16. Whippany River: No earned goals; allowed by handicap 13; total 13.

Referee—Mr. Peter Hauck. Timer—E. W. Brown.

FLAMINGO FOUR IS BEATEN BY DEDHAM

Winners Play Fast Polo in Opening Game of Season at Narragansett Pier.

Special to The New York Times.

NARRAGANSETT PIER, R. I., July 26.—The polo season opened today at Narragansett Pier with a game between Dedham and Flamingo in the series for the Rhode Island cups. The two teams seemed to be evenly matched during the first half, but in the last three periods Dedham played far superior polo and time after time Dempsey and Almy took the ball from one end of the field to the other to score a goal.

The only mishap of the game was the fall of Cooley, whose pony knocked down one of the local ponies throwing his rider. Luckily, Cooley was unhurt. The final score of the game was Dedham 12, Flamingo 7.

The line-up:

FLAMINGO.	DEDHAM.
No. 1—T. Fleischman.	No. 1—R. B. Almy.
No. 2—D. Cooley.	No. 2—C. Nelson.
No. 3—J. R. Fell.	No. 3—G. H. Dempsey.
Back—G. R. Small.	Back—C. G. Foster.

Total: 7. Total: 12.

Flamingo allowed one goal by handicap.

Sallee Joins Semi-Pro League.

MOUNT VERNON, Ill., July 26.—Harry Sallee, former pitcher of the St. Louis and New York Nationals, has been signed by the local team of the Missouri-Illinois Trolley League, a semi-pro organization, it was announced here today. Sallee recently was released unconditionally by the Toledo, American Association, Club.

Foster to Manage Club.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., July 26.—George Foster, former Boston American League pitcher, has been named manager of the local Western Association Club, it was announced today.

BRAINSTORM WINS THE KNICKERBOCKER

Shocks Talent by Defeating Other Three-Year-Olds in Handicap at Yonkers.

Henry Waterson's coal-black son of Peter Pan, Brainstorm, had the honor yesterday afternoon of placing his name just below that of the great Grey Leg on the list of winners of the Knickerbocker Handicap, the eleventh renewal of which was the sole noteworthy event of the Empire City card. Nine three-year-olds competed for the palm, and, with many well-known names such as Jay Jay, Hephaistos, Serenader and Sweep By on the list, it will be readily understood that the victory of Brainstorm was something of a shock to the talent.

The only one of the quartet of notables mentioned to creep into the money was Mr. H. Lawson Sweep By, which finished third, two lengths back of the Greentree Stable's Galantman. This latter colt furnished almost as much of a surprise as the winner, for he made a hot pace for seven furlongs of the mile-and-a-sixteenth journey, and then, when passed by Brainstorm in the stretch run, came again gamely at the end and was only a neck behind the Waterson racer at the line.

Sweep By was rated off the pace and responded pretty well to a drive down the stretch, but Hephaistos, Jay Jay and Serenader simply wouldn't do, although the first mentioned of the trio made up some ground in the last half. Pirate Gold, stablemate of Galantman, showed a flash of early speed and then faded to a whisper.

The victory of Brainstorm was worth $4,900 to his owner, but it wasn't worth a cent to the goodly crowd of onlookers, most of whom had financial interest in the chances of one or another of the highly fancied youngsters named above. Serenader was the favorite at around 2 to 1, and Jay Jay, Hephaistos and Sweep By were all well backed at short prices.

Rice, who had the mount on Pirate Gold, was suspended for the balance of the meeting for rough riding while Miller, Sweep By's pilot, received the same sentence from Starter Cassidy for misbehavior at the barrier.

The Syndicate Stable scored in the Greenfield Purse, a dash for two-year-olds, which opened the meeting, with the Rock View filly Sustana. The favorite, J. B. Smith's Monardella, ran second and W. V. Casey's Grost appropriated the remnant of the purse.

The Cos Cob Purse, selling race at a mile and a sixteenth, resulted in A. handily gained victory for J. J. O'Toole's gelding Algoa. The Ascot Stable's Tan Buttons plucked second money from E. J. Benedetti's Quesada, in the final stage. Algoa was reserve of the early betting, while Quesada, which was the public choice in the betting. In the stretch young Pater brought the son of Marathon along to win, going away by a couple of lengths.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

The Greenfield Purse; for two-year-olds; conditions; claiming; purse $1,000. Five furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Sustana	102	Pool	12-1	1
Monardella	102	Martinelli	3-5	2½
Ghost	106	Callahan	12-1	3½
Four Sport	107	McAtee	8-1	4
Lady Lad	107	Gallinea	6-1	5
*Smatter Pie	97	Bell	12-1	6
Sowespit	102	Parke	30-1	7
Noonhour	113	Miller	15-1	8
Feldman Traveler	102	Rice	20-1	9
Princess Nash	104½	L. Pater	20-1	10
Eris	102	Thomas	12-1	11
Laura Gaffney	97	Marts	6-1	12

*Syndicate Stable entry.

Time—1:02 2-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Sustana, ch. f., by Rock Flow—Stellata, owned by Syndicate Stable and trained by J. B. Healy.

SECOND RACE.

The Cos Cob Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; selling; purse $1,000. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Algoa	106	L. Pater	3-1	1
Ten Buttons	106	Harrison	15-1	2
Quesada	105	L. Pater	9-5	3½
Vendor	101	Bell	9-1	4
Benedetti	101	Pool	8-1	5
Bonnet	103	Thomas	15-1	6
Service Star	101	Merimee	15-1	7
Cromwell	111	Tryon	6-1	8

Time—1:48 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Algoa, ch. g., by Marathon—Attentive; owned by J. J. O'Toole and trained by N. L. Bret.

THIRD RACE.

The Peekskill Purse; for three-year-olds; conditions; selling; purse $1,000. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Tarn	103	Thomas	2-1	1½
Peekskill Purse	110	Rodriguez	7-2	2
Penola	110	L. Pater	3-1	3½
Boxwood	106	Marts	7-1	4
Bobbed Hair	108	McAtee	10-1	5
Fleetdale	103½	Browning	30-1	6
Sir Orlando	110	Foster	15-1	7
Simple Simon	110	Parke	40-1	8
Nat S.	105	Tryon	30-1	9
Jug	103	Merimee	40-1	10
June	106	Marinelli	10-1	11

Left at post.

Time—1:10 4-5.

Start good for all but Juno; won driving; place same. Tarn, b. g., by Celt—Dark Water; owned by Greentree Stable and trained by A. J. Martin.

FOURTH RACE.

The Knickerbocker Handicap; for three-year-olds; $5,000 added. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Brainstorm	112	L. Pater	10-1	1½
Galantman	112	Thomas	4-1	2
Sweep By	106½	Miller	4-1	3
Hephaistos	116	Morris	2-1	4
Jay Jay	112	McAtee	3-1	5
*Pirate Gold	112	Rice	8-1	6
Serenader	112	Parke	6-1	7
Cherry Tree	100	Foster	20-1	8
Ramsden	100	Rutherther	30-1	9
Mary Patricia	98	Marts	20-1	10

*Greentree Stable entry. †Added starter.

Time—1:41 3-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Brainstorm, b. c., by Peter Pan—Dustable; owned by H. Waterson and trained by J. Edwards.

FIFTH RACE.

The Yonkers Purse; for four-year-olds; claiming; purse $1,000. One mile and an eighth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Moody	100	Martinez	11-5	1½
Mad Jester	107	Pruning	13-2	2
Lord Herbert	112	F. Peters	4-1	3
Drumsend	102	Hammond	7-1	4
Brink	97½	Marts	30-1	5
Sam Watson	118	Pool	7-1	6
Whisper	108	Thomas	8-1	7
Herob	110	L. Pater	4-1	8
Scotch Verdict	104	Martinelli	7-1	9

*Coupled.

Time—1:03 3-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Moody, b. g., 4, by Broomstick—Contrary; owned and trained by W. C. Casey.

SIXTH RACE.

The Sunny Maid Purse; for maiden fillies, two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Most Love	110	Pool	10-1	1½
Stella Maris	110	L. Pater	20-1	2½
Speedball	110	Parke	10-1	3½
Woodflower	110	Morris	4-1	4
Pandowdy	110	Thomas	6-5	5
Miss Star	110	Rice	15-1	6
Segovia	110	Fairbrother	4-1	7
Merry Land	110	Merimee	15-1	8
Ella C.	110	Miller	30-1	9

Time—1:09 2-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place driving. Most Love, b. f., by Green—Maud S., L., owned by J. R. Madden and trained by H. Talbert.

Weather clear; track slow.

EMPIRE CITY ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—The Williamsbridge Purse; for two-year-old maidens; selling; five and a half furlongs. Driftwood 120 pounds, Belle of Bine Ridge 120, Adelaide 120, Jennie C. 120, Sunset 120, Mamie 112, Bassata II. 112.

SECOND RACE—The Daffodil Purse; for two-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and seventy yards. Tracey 110 pounds, Martin A. Mosher 110, Arcadius 106, Sir Applejohn 110, Tom Kelly 110, Malinee 105, Pat Dolan 110, Sandy Hill 110, Ambition 110, Canalan 108, Wyne 106, Ramain 110, Rosebert Mail 110.

THIRD RACE—The Rosslyn Selling Handicap; for two-year-olds; selling; about nine furlongs. Voice 110 pounds, Trevelyan 98, Teddy B. 110, Mary Ann 110.

FOURTH RACE—The Wakefield Handicap; $1,000; for two-year-olds; five and a half furlongs. Mockingbird 112 pounds, Mary McMillan 112, Sandy Hill 112, Sunshiner 110, Lady Lightfoot 110, Flying Fairy 110, Meanwater and Dunkeld, Greentree Stable entry. The weight on Dunkeld and Meanwater will be increased by 5 pounds.

FIFTH RACE—The Riverdale Purse; for three-year-olds and upward; selling; about six furlongs. Affaire 110 pounds, Fluff 110, Rose Red 110, Lucrezia Borgia 110, Sterling 110, Dustable 110, Fallen Star 110, Dr. Johnson 110, Comus

GIANTS MAKE MERRY WITH THE CARDINALS

Champions Increase Their Lead to Two Games by Slamming Out 10-5 Victory.

SIX PITCHERS TAKE PART

Four Toil for the Mound City Clan, While Douglas and Ryan Work for McGraw.

The great battle for first place at the Polo Grounds is rapidly assuming the aspect of a playful frolic for the Giants. Unless the Cardinals get their dander up in the next two days they are likely to leave New York with the imprint of a large Giant heel on their championship aspirations. Rickey's men lost again yesterday in the second tilt of the crucial series, and the Giants now have a clear lead of two games.

Fans who like plenty of hitting with their baseball had the time of their lives yesterday. The score was generous in proportions—10 to 5. The Giants made twenty hits and the Cardinals seven, one of which was a home run. Four pitchers toiled and suffered for the dear old St. Louis cause, and the Giants found two boxmen necessary when Shufflin' Phil Douglas was hit on the right forearm by a pitched ball in the seventh and retired to let Bill Ryan finish it out.

It was a terrific ball game, two hours and a half long and full of a number of things that Father Chadwick and A. G. Spalding hadn't thought of when they devised the sport of baseball. Douglas wrangled like a child with the umpires. Ross Young, hit by a pitched ball, went out near the pitching mound and threatened to wipe Bill Pertica off the earth with a single swing of his Texan fist. Rawlings fanned and got to first base while a run scored. The great Hornsby succumbed to the general wildness and pulled a play that had a flavor of ivory and solid bone about it.

Giants on Hitting Spree.

However, it wasn't bad fielding that lost for the Cards. They made several plays that were far from championship calibre, but after all the crux of the matter lay in the New York hitting. And how those Giants did hit! Talk about the Larruping Legion. The champs wouldn't let an inning go by without at least one safe blow. They picked up three clean hits in the second, fourth and seventh, five in the sixth and two in the first and fifth. Everybody got a finger in the joyous pie. Even Casey Stengel, who didn't edge into the fun until the seventh, managed to get a tremendous triple out to the centre field fence.

Ross Young can't hit left-handers, they say, but he played little Bill Sherdel for a single, a triple and another single in William's limited stay on the mound. For Bancroft there were two singles and a double, the extra base hit breaking up the game in the sixth. Young Will Cunningham had a two-bagger and a pair of singles and everybody but Irish Meusel and Phil Douglas exceeded the limit of one.

There was a regular procession of St. Louis pitchers, and it took the parade five minutes to pass a given point. At the head was Sherdel, who was pounded unmercifully in the first six innings, but got through the first five by dint of good pinch hitting and the Giants' prodigality. Out of eleven hits in five innings the Giants coined but two runs, as many as the Cards had made on three safeties.

However, Sherdel couldn't get by forever. In the sixth he got what an ungrateful providence had ordained he should get. At the time the Cards were leading, 3 to 2, having broken the tie by means of Hornsby's double and Fournier's single in the sixth.

Cunningham started the assault in the same inning by singing past Hornsby. Snyder jammed one to centre, but Douglas struck out. Bancroft came to the front with a long, high fly to right centre and it went for a double because Frack and Smith were out of position. With Snyder on third, Banny on second and the score even once more, Branch Rickey saw a great light and pulled Sherdel out, sending big Jeff Pfeffer to the rescue. John Rawlings spoiled Jeff's coming out party by sticking a single through the gap between third and short. The two runners came home, but Johnny was erased trying for second. Pfeffer then fanned Frisch, and the Flash galloped safely to second when Leevan dropped Ainsmith's perfect throw after Umpire Sentelle had called the runner null and void. At this juncture Meusel got his only hit, a line single to third on which Frisch cantered over the plate. Young bunted foul on the third strike, ending the inning.

Douglas's Arm Gives Trouble.

Douglas's lame arm started giving him some trouble in the seventh and the Shuffler began to crumble at the base. He walked Leevan, but struck out Toporcer, a pinch hitter for Pfeffer, and got Frack on a fly. Then Jack Smith punched the first ball on a line into the right field lower tier, and the Cards were only a run behind.

It was too good to last, however. Barfoot emerged from the bullpen to twirl the Giant seventh, and the Giants welcomed Clyde with the proper seat. Kelly singled to left for the seventeenth New York hit. Stengel, batting for Cunningham against a right-hander, forced Long George with a grounder to Stock. On Snyder's single to the middle sector Stengel paused at second. Douglas was hit on the arm by Barfoot, and there was a great commotion while the entire Giant team gathered around and examined the bruise. Ryan hurriedly began warming up, but Phil turned a cold shoulder to the suggestions that he desist from further baseball. He went to first like a true hero.

When Bancroft grounded to Hornsby, playing in on the edge of the grass, Rogers was thrown off his balance for the nonce, and then he pulled what many folks called a "boner." He tried to tag Douglas and complete a double play at first, but Phil was coy about the matter. He took his time running into Rogers's neighborhood, and by the time Philip had been expunged Bancroft was across first base. If Hornsby had thrown to first and then caught the lumbering Douglas between the bases, the side would have been out and Stengel wouldn't have scored.

That wasn't the worst, however. Mawkings struck out, but Ainsmith let the ball roll to the screen while Snyder limped home and Bancroft sprinted to third. Frisch belted a single to right, scoring Banny, and Barfoot was withdrawn in favor of Bill Pertica, the Portuguese, who was helped out by the fact that Rawlings was caught trying to steal third.

Young was hit by Pertica in the eighth and was forced by Kelly, and Stengel then tripled to deep centre for the last run. The Giants' first tally in the opening inning came out of Rawlings's infield single, Meusel's walk and Young's single to centre. Rawlings was out at the plate, but Ainsmith kindly dropped the ball and Klem had to reverse himself.

The Cardinals, in their half of the second, scored twice on Fournier's single and steal, Ainsmith's single and steal and Lavan's base hit. The steals were accompanied by some bat tossing by the hitter at the plate, and neither time did Snyder try a throw. The fans jeered the Cards. In the same session the Giants tied on Kelly's single and Cunningham's double over Mueller's head in left.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Bancroft,ss	5	2	3	3	4	
Rawlings,2b	5	1	2	2	3	8
Young,rf	4	1	2	0	1	
Meusel,lf	4	0	1	1	0	
Young,rf	4	0	3	1	0	
Kelly,1b	5	2	2	12	0	0
Cunham,cf	3	1	2	1	0	
Stengel,cf	3	1	1	1	0	
Snyder,c	5	2	2	7	0	
Douglas,p	3	0	1	0	1	
Ryan,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	40	10	20	27	9	

ST. LOUIS (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Frack,rf	4	0	0	2	0	
Smith,cf	4	1	2	2	1	
Hornsby,2b	4	1	1	2	6	
Mueller,lf	4	0	0	3	1	
Fournier,1b	5	1	2	5	0	
Stock,3b	3	0	0	3	3	
Ainsmith,c	4	1	1	3	3	
Lavan,ss	3	0	1	1	3	
Sherdel,p	2	0	0	0	0	
Pfeffer,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Toporcer,ss	1	0	0	0	0	
aMan	0	1	0	0	0	
Farfoot,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Pertica,p	0	0	0	0	0	
bShotten	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	35	5	7	24	13	

Errors—Fournier, Ainsmith (2), Lavan.
a Ran for Lavan in seventh.
b Batted for Pertica in ninth.

New York	0	1	1	0	0	4	3	1	0—10
St. Louis	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0—5

Two-base hits—Cunningham, Bancroft, Hornsby. Three-base hits—Young, Stengel. Home run—Smith. Stolen bases—Fournier, Ainsmith, Bancroft. Sacrifice—Stock. Double plays—Stock, Hornsby and Fournier; Hornsby and Fournier. Left on bases—New York 10, St. Louis 6. Base on balls—Off Sherdel 1, Pfeffer 1, Douglas 1, Ryan 2, Stock out—By Douglas 4, Ryan 1, Sherdel 1, Pfeffer 1, Barfoot 1. Hits—Off Sherdel 14 in 5 1-3 innings, Pfeffer 2 in 2-3, Barfoot 3 in 2-3, Pertica 1 in 1 1-3, Douglas 7 in 7, Ryan none in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Douglas (Smith), Pertica (Young), Barfoot (Douglas). Passed balls—Snyder (2), Ainsmith. Winning pitcher—Douglas. Losing pitcher—Sherdel. Umpires—Klem and Sentelle. Time of game—2:39.

UHLE BLANKS ATHLETICS.

Cleveland Pitcher Has Best of Rettig in 2-0 Pitching Battle.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—Cleveland defeated Philadelphia here today, 2 to 0, George Uhle besting Rettig, Connie Mack's latest pitching sensation, in a hurling duel. Rettig held the Indians to four hits, but none of them was wasted. Uhle was supreme in the pinches and fanned Johnston, a pinch hitter, for the third out in the ninth inning with the bases full.

The score:

CLEVELAND (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Jamieson,lf	3	0	0	1	0	
W'mk'y's,2b	3	1	1	6	2	
Speaker,cf	2	1	1	2	1	
Wood,rf	3	0	1	1	0	
Sewell,ss	3	0	0	5	6	
Gardner,3b	3	0	0	1	3	
McInnis,1b	3	0	1	12	0	
O'Neill,c	3	0	0	9	0	
Uhle,p	3	0	0	0	2	
Total	25	2	4	27	14	

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
McGowan,cf	2	0	0	1	0	
Dykes,1b	3	0	1	8	2	
Walker,lf	4	0	1	2	0	
Hauser,1b	1	0	0	12	0	
Galloway,ss	3	0	0	1	2	
Perkins,c	4	0	3	5	2	
Welch,rf	4	0	2	3	0	
Sheer,2b	3	0	0	2	0	
Young,2b	0	0	0	0	0	
Rettig,p	2	0	0	0	2	
Eckert,p	0	0	0	0	0	
aMiller	1	0	1	0	0	
bBruggy	1	0	0	0	0	
cJohnston	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	30	0	7	24	12	

a Batted for Sheer in seventh.
b Batted for Rettig in seventh.
c Batted for Eckert in ninth.
Error—O'Neill.

Cleveland	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two-base hits—Walker, Miller, Wambsganss, Wood. Three-base hit—Speaker. Stolen bases—McGowan, Wambsganss. Sacrifices—Wambsganss, Speaker (2), McInnis. Double plays—Dykes and Hauser; Sewell, Wambsganss and McInnis; Sewell and McInnis. Left on bases—Philadelphia 9, Cleveland 5. Bases on balls—Off Rettig 3, Eckert 1, Uhle 6. Hits—Off Rettig 4 in 7 innings, Eckert none in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Rettig, Jamieson, Struck out—By Rettig 1, Uhle 3. Losing pitcher—Rettig. Umpires—Hildebrand and Mallin. Time of game—1:50.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York 10, St. Louis 5.
Brooklyn 7, Pittsburgh 6.
Philadelphia 12, Cincinnati 7.
(First Game.)
Philadelphia 5, Cincinnati 4.
(Second Game; 10 innings.)
Boston 9, Chicago 1.
(First Game.)
Chicago 5, Boston 1.
(Second Game.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York 11, St. Louis 4.
Boston 3, Chicago 1.
Washington 5, Detroit 4.
Cleveland 2, Philadelphia 0.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	56	34	.622
St. Louis	57	38	.600
Chicago	50	43	.538
Cincinnati	49	46	.516
Pittsburgh	45	46	.495
Brooklyn	45	47	.489
Philadelphia	39	54	.379
Boston	31	58	.348

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
St. Louis	54	39	.581
New York	54	42	.563
Chicago	49	45	.521
Detroit	49	46	.516
Cleveland	49	47	.510
Washington	43	48	.473
Boston	39	54	.419
Philadelphia	37	53	.411

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
St. Louis at New York.
(Game starts at 2:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 2:30 P. M.)
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at Detroit.
Boston at Chicago.

YANKS BURY BROWNS AND RUTH HITS TWO

Babe Decorates Hard-Fought Game With Pair of Homers—Score Is 11 to 6.

SHOCKER FAILS IN PINCH

Can't Stem Tide as Hugmen Rush From Behind in Eighth — Hoyt Driven Out, Bush Saves Day.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—The Yankees smashed the might of the Browns this afternoon in a slam-bang, hammer-down-and-drag-'em-out battle at Sportsman's Park. There was nothing technical and little tactical in the methods of the Yankees. They simply dug in, took a out and ran out their hits. They were kept busy running, too, as the box score will show, for they hammered four Brownie pitchers for fourteen hits, thirteen of which were bunched in the last two innings. The Browns had nine hits and bunched seven of them in scoring innings, but these were not enough. The score was 11 to 6.

Babe Ruth, jeered and hooted all day yesterday and for the greater part of the game today, took a turn at his critics and maced out a pair of home runs. In the seventh, with the score locked at 1-all, the behemoth smashed the ball over the right-field wall into Grand Avenue and trotted around the bases in solitary grandeur. In the ninth, with little Whitey Witt on first, Babe cut into a fast one and maimed it for life. His first homer was off Wright, a right-hander, and the second off Bayne, a southpaw. He now has seventeen to his credit and 179 in his major league career.

Babe, while he draws preference by virtue of his two homers, was not the only Yankee who hit the ball. There was a youth named Schang who did some clouting himself. Wally's triple in the eighth inning drove over a couple of runs and tied the score, and when he later crossed the plate the Yankees went into the lead to stay. Joe Dugan got two hits for himself, Witt had three passes and a base hit, which is fair enough.

Victories are ever welcome, but this one especially. The Browns were running in front, fair and free, but the Yankees rallied and caught them, and having taken the lead, the Hugmen did not again allow their rivals a chance to catch up. When Waite Hoyit failed Joe Bush took up the fight and more than made good.

Sparkling defensive plays by the Yankees also figured. Pipp made a bare-handed grab of a shot by Wright which cut off a triple, and Ward made several bright plays. So did Scott, and for that matter, so did Gerber and Sisler.

One Run for Yankees.

Neither team was equal to the occasion of scoring in the first inning. In fact neither had even a chance, but in the second the Yankees got together for a tally. Wallie Schang failed to duck a fast one, and Wallie Pipp smacked one to centre for a clean single, Schang spurning the turf in giant strides as he raced to third. Jacobson was hurried in fielding and his heave through the infield was wild, but Schang could not score and Pipp held first base. Ward then entered the scene and projected a long fly to centre, Schang taking his starting signal from Bob Shawkey and scoring without difficulty. Pipp made second after the catch, but there matters rested for a while.

The lead of the Hugmen was short-lived. In the last half of the second inning the Browns got at Hoyt and jimmied a tally out of him in workman-like manner. In fishing around for a weakness on Williams, Hoyt wafted four balls wide of the plate. Marty McManus then came to the plate and in attempting to bunt the ball forced Williams at second. Jacobson slashed between Ward and Pipp, getting a hit when Hoyt forgot to run over and cover first. Ward fielded the ball all right, but had no place to throw it. This "boner" shaped the one run of the game, and when Hank Severeid maced the ball through Dugan, McManus ran home. Neither Bronkie nor Wright could do anything of note.

All through the game the fans had ridden Babe Ruth in terrific style and, to use the expression of a local bigot, "made him like it." So Babe decided to do something in his own behalf in the seventh. Wright served him a fast one for a strike and then three wide ones. Ruth picked on a cripple and rode it out of the lot for his first home run of the afternoon. Schang, Pipp and Ward then singled successively, and Schang scored the second and final run of the inning.

Browns Drive Hoyt Out.

The roaring and tumult died for a couple of minutes as the Yankees were scoring their brace of tallies, but it broke out again with a roar in the last of the frame as the Browns came back with a rush. Jacobson singled and scored on a double by Severeid. Bronkie tapped to the box, and Hoyt tried for Severeid, at third, losing a close decision. Collins, batting for Wright, singled. Hoyt was removed from the game, Bush replacing him. Gerber and Tobin singled, Meusel made a wild throw to the plate, and a sacrifice fly by Williams produced five runs.

In the eighth and ninth innings, however, the Yankees came back strong. Witt and Dugan singled in the eighth off Danforth and out went young David. Shocker came in. Meusel beat out a tap to Bronkie. Ruth up, with the bases full, boded no good for the Browns. But Shocker got him easily. The Babe forced Meusel, scoring Witt. Schang then tripled, sending in Dugan and Ruth, and Wally crossed the plate himself on a long fly by Pipp. That put the Yankees ahead and there they stayed.

In the ninth inning the Yankees gathered themselves four more runs. Scott doubled and Bush beat out a bunt. Witt walked. Scott scored on a wild pitch and Dugan then bunted safely. Meusel hit into a double play, Bush scoring, but with Witt on third, Ruth hit over the right-field wall for his second homer, and the sun of the Browns set for the day.

The score:

NEW YORK (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Witt,cf	2	2	1	4	0	
Dugan,3b	5	1	2	4	3	
Meusel,rf	5	0	1	1	0	
Ruth,lf	4	2	2	2	0	
Schang,c	4	1	2	8	2	
Pipp,1b	3	0	2	6	0	
Ward,2b	3	0	1	3	5	
Scott,ss	4	1	1	4	2	
Hoyt,p	3	0	0	1	1	
Bush,p	1	1	1	0	1	
Total	35	11	14	27	14	

ST. LOUIS (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Gerber,ss	5	1	1	0	4	
Tobin,rf	5	0	2	1	0	
Sisler,1b	5	0	0	9	0	
Williams,lf	4	1	0	0	1	
McManus,3b	3	1	0	2	3	
Jacobson,cf	4	1	2	2	0	
Severeid,c	4	1	3	3	1	
Bronkie,2b	3	1	1	1	2	
Wright,p	3	0	0	0	2	
Danforth,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Shocker,p	0	0	0	0	0	
aBayne,p	0	0	0	0	0	
aCollins	1	0	1	0	0	
bDurst	1	0	0	0	0	
cBoeshen	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	35	6	10	27	13	

a Batted for Wright in seventh.
b Ran for Collins in seventh.
c Batted for Shocker in eighth.
Error—Meusel.

New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	4	2	—11
St. Louis	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—6

Two-base hits—Tobin, Severeid, Scott, Schang. Three-base hit—Schang. Home runs—Ruth (2). Sacrifices—Ward, Williams, Pipp. Double plays—McManus, Gerber and Sisler, McManus and Gerber, Gerber, McManus and Sisler. Left on bases—New York 4, St. Louis 8. Bases on balls—Off Wright 2, Bayne 2, Hoyt 3, Bush 1. Struck out—By Wright 2, Hoyt 1, Bush 1. Hits—Off Hoyt 7 in 6 innings (two on base and none out in seventh), Bush 3 in 3, Wright 8 in 7, Danforth 2 in none (two on base and none out in eighth), Shocker 2 in 1, Bayne 0 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By Wright (Schang); Wild pitch—Bayne. Winning pitcher—Bush. Losing pitcher—Shocker. Umpires—Connolly and Owens. Time of game—2:09.

American Association.

Minneapolis 8, Indianapolis 2.
Minneapolis 8, Toledo 4.
Louisville 5, St. Paul 1.
(Second Game; 10 innings.)
Kansas City 6, Columbus 5.

Record Today, Minor Field.

Curves and Bingles

"I have it, I have it!" yelled Jacques Fournier as he settled under Snyder's foul in the fourth. But Jacques was never more mistaken in his life. He dropped it. Snyder, given another chance, hit into a double play and Fournier looked more cheerful.

That was one error that cut off a run for Douglas and Bancroft followed with another which would have scored Cunningham if Bill hadn't been doubled up on Snyder's second crack at the ball.

As a matter of fact, losing runs was the best thing the Giants did in the early innings. It wasn't until the sixth that they began to hit in the pinches.

It doesn't begin to tell the difference between the play of the two teams.

John McGraw was detected peering forth from the exit gate in right centre in the front part of the game. The doctor may keep him off the bench, but not away from the park.

Hornsby was fooled by a low ball in the first and struck out as Smith stole second. Douglas then cleverly slipped a third strike over on Heinie Mueller.

It was just as well that Douglas got out of the box. Ryan was fresher and had lots of stuff and did not allow a hit in two innings.

The Cards will have to win three straight now to leave in first place. They will face Jess Barnes today. Jess warmed up yesterday, but Hughey Jennings finally decided on Douglas. Jess Haines is due for the visitors.

The Giants' total base figures were twenty-six.

Leading Home-Run Hitters In Each Major League

National League.

Hornsby, St. Louis	26
Williams, Philadelphia	24
Wheat, Brooklyn	11
Ainsmith, St. Louis	10
Kelly, New York	9
Meusel, New York	9
Grimes, Chicago	9

American League.

Walker, Philadelphia	24
Williams, St. Louis	22
Ruth, New York	17
Hellmann, Detroit	16
Miller, Philadelphia	12

FORMER YANKS WIN GAME FOR RED SOX

Quinn Holds White Sox to Three Hits, Miller Gets Two Homers and Mitchell a Triple.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Three former members of the Yankees now with the Boston Red Sox turned the trick on the Chicago White Sox today and defeated the locals, 3 to 1. Jack Quinn, former Yankee pitcher, held Chicago to three hits, while Elmer Miller, who made his début today as a member of the Red Sox, celebrated the occasion with two home runs into the left field bleachers. Mitchell, another former Yankee, tripled and scored the third run for the visitors. Miller and Mitchell are two of the players who figured in the Dugan deal.

The score:

BOSTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Miller,cf	4	2	2	3	0	
Foster,lb	4	0	0	0	0	
Burns,1b	4	0	1	0	1	
Pratt,2b	4	0	1	2	2	
Harris,lf	4	0	2	4	0	
J. Collins,rf	2	0	0	1	0	
Mitchell,ss	4	1	1	3	4	
Ruel,c	4	0	1	4	1	
Quinn,p	3	0	0	1	2	
Total	33	3	8	27	10	

CHICAGO (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Johnson,ss	4	0	0	1	3	
Mulligan,3b	3	0	0	1	5	
E.Collins,2b	4	1	0	2	5	
Hooper,rf	4	0	0	1	0	
Strunk,cf	3	0	0	2	0	
Falk,lf	4	0	1	4	0	
Schalk,c	3	0	1	7	3	
Robertson,p	2	0	1	0	8	
Total	30	1	3	18	27	10

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1—3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1

Errors—Foster, Mitchell (2). Two-base hits—Harris, Schalk, Burns, Ruel. Three-base hit—Mitchell. Home runs—Miller (2). Sacrifices—Mulligan, J. Collins (2), Strunk. Left on bases—Boston 6, Chicago 5. Bases on balls—Off Robertson 1, Quinn 1. Struck out—By Quinn 2. Umpires—Moriarty and Dinneen. Time of game—1:26.

REDS DROP TWO GAMES.

Phillies Win Second Straight on Fletcher's Homer in 13th.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Philadelphia won both ends of a double-header from the Cincinnati Reds today, 12 to 7 and 5 to 4. The second game went thirteen innings, Fletcher's home run for the Phillies breaking a 4 to 4 tie.

Lebourveau, pinch hitting for Rapp in the ninth inning of the second with two out, hit a home run with a man on base, tieing the score. Lee's pair of home runs in the first game played a big part in the victory. Fonseca had a home run in each contest.

The score:

FIRST GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Rapp,3b	4	0	0	1	1	
Parkinson,2b	5	1	1	3	5	
Williams,cf	4	1	1	2	0	
Walker,rf	5	3	3	0	0	
Mokan,lf	5	2	2	2	1	
Fletcher,ss	5	2	2	2	1	
Lee,1b	4	2	2	8	1	
Peters,c	5	0	2	7	1	
Weinert,p	2	0	0	0	0	
Winters,p	1	0	0	0	1	
aHeeline	1	0	0	0	0	
Hubbell,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Ring,p	1	0	0	0	1	
Total	40	12	16	27	11	

CINCINNATI (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,cf	4	1	1	1	0	
Daubert,1b	3	1	1	8	0	
Duncan,lf	3	2	2	1	0	
Harper,rf	4	0	0	2	0	
Fonseca,2b	5	1	2	2	1	
Hargrave,c	3	0	1	7	1	
Pinelli,3b	3	1	1	2	2	
Caveney,ss	4	0	0	1	0	
Rixey,p	3	1	1	0	4	
bReush	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	34	7	10	24	8	

a Batted for Winters in seventh.
b Batted for Rixey in ninth.
Errors—Rapp, Fonseca, Pinelli (2).

Philadelphia	5	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	—	12
Cincinnati	1	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	— 7

Two-base hits—Walker, Williams, Duncan, Mokan, Hargrave. Home runs—Lee (2), Fonseca, Duncan. Stolen bases—Walker, Rixey, Daubert. Sacrifices—Burns, Duncan, Mokan. Double plays—Pinelli, Hargrave and Daubert; Ring, Peters and Lee. Left on bases—Philadelphia 9, Cincinnati 12. Bases on balls—Off Rixey 4, Weinert 6, Hubbell 2, Ring 2. Struck out—By Rixey 5, Weinert 1, Winters 1. Hits—Off Weinert 6 in 4 innings, none out in 5th, Hubbell 0 in 1-3, Winters 3 in 8, Ring 1 in 1 2-3. Winning pitcher—Ring. Umpires—Hart and O'Day. Time of game—3:47.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Rapp,3b	4	0	1	1	3	
Parkinson,2b	5	0	1	2	4	
Williams,cf	4	0	0	2	1	
Walker,rf	4	0	1	2	0	
Mokan,lf	5	1	2	1	0	
Fletcher,ss	4	1	1	3	6	
Lee,1b	4	0	1	20	0	
Wrightst'e,3b	2	0	1	0	1	
Ring,p	3	0	2	0	6	
aLebourv'u	1	1	1	0	0	
G. Smith,p	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	43	5	11	33	21	

CINCINNATI (N.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Burns,cf	5	0	1	3	0	
Daubert,1b	6	0	1	13	1	
Duncan,lf	5	0	0	0	0	
Harper,rf	5	0	1	1	0	
Fonseca,2b	6	2	4	3	3	
Pinelli,3b	5	0	1	3	2	
Caveney,ss	5	0	0	4	6	
Wingo,c	4	1	1	8	0	
Couch,p	4	0	0	0	6	
Gillespie,p	1	0	0	0	0	
Total	47	4	10	*37	21	

*One out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Rapp in ninth.
Errors—Mokan, Henline.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	1—5
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0—4

Two-base hits—Ring, Wingo. Home runs—Fonseca, Lebourveau, Fletcher. Sacrifices—Parkinson, Caveney. Stolen bases—Fonseca. Double plays—Ring, Fletcher and Lee; Wingo and Caveney. Left on bases—Cincinnati 9, Philadelphia 9. Bases on balls—Off Ring 4, Couch 4, Gillespie 2. Struck out—By Ring 2, Couch 1, Gillespie 4. Hits—Off Couch 10 in 8 2-3 innings, Gillespie 3 in 3 2-3, Ring 5 in 9. G. Smith 2 in 4. Hit by pitcher—By Couch (Mokan). Winning pitcher—G. Smith. Losing pitcher—Gillespie. Umpires—O'Day and Hart. Time of game—3:17.

GHARRITY'S HOMER WINS.

Gives Washington 5 to 4 Victory Over Detroit in Ninth.

DETROIT, July 26.—Washington beat Detroit this afternoon, 5 to 4, when Gharrity hit a home run off the first ball Olsen pitched to him in the ninth.

Gharrity was substituted for Picinich, who was benched by Umpire Guthrie for disputing a decision on a bunt that rolled along the foul line and on which Heilmann scored from third with the tying run in the eighth.

Shanks also was banished from the game for protesting the same decision.

The score:

WASHINGTON (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Rice,cf	4	1	1	0	1	
Harris,2b	4	1	1	7	5	
Judge,1b	3	0	1	13	0	
Goslin,lf	4	0	1	3	0	
Brower,rf	4	0	0	1	0	
Shanks,3b	4	1	2	1	2	
Lamotte,3b	0	0	0	0	1	
Peckinp'h,ss	4	0	0	1	1	
Picinich,c	3	1	2	3	1	
Gharrity,c	1	1	1	0	0	
Mogridge,p	3	0	0	0	2	
Total	35	5	9	27	20	

DETROIT (A.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Blue,1b	5	0	1	14	0	
Jones,3b	5	2	2	2	3	
Cobb,cf	4	1	2	1	0	
Veach,lf	4	0	0	3	0	
Heilmann,rf	4	1	2	1	0	
Cutshaw,2b	3	0	1	3	5	
Rigney,ss	3	0	1	2	5	
Woodall,c	4	0	1	6	1	
Pillette,p	3	0	0	0	1	
Olsen,p	1	0	1	0	1	
aFlagstead	1	0	1	0	0	
Total	37	4	12	27	16	

a Batted for Pillette in seventh.
Errors—Cutshaw (2).

Washington	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	—5
Detroit	1	0	2	0	0	0	0

Suffering Cats! Here we've been thinking everyone knew about our moving "34th St." over to the Herald Building, one of the real landmarks of the City—

And yet—

Only yesterday a policeman, stationed at B'way and 33rd St., admitted to a stranger, who'd been directed to our Herald Square Store by a California friend, that while he knew we'd moved from 34th Street, he didn't know where!

The officer had perhaps been recently transferred to a new post for he kindly sent the stranger to B'way and 13th Street, where he was sure we had a store.

Just goes to show how long it takes in a city the size of New York for a change of address to go the rounds.

Of the brown suits offered yesterday at $28, the few that remain are youths' sizes (32 to 35 chest) and a handful of men's up to 38 chest.

Straw hats!
$2.25 now—were $4.
$3.25 now—were $5 and $6.

For boys—substantial price revisions in norfolks, hats, caps, bathing suits, stockings, neckwear.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY

Broadway at 13th St. "Four Convenient Corners" Herald Sq. at 35th St.
Broadway at Warren Fifth Ave. at 41st St.

EARL
Motor Cars

have rapidly gained public approval as indicated by augmented sales throughout the country. Such favor is founded upon the durability, economy and power—the essence of motoring comfort. We invite you to for a demonstration drive.

MORROW MOTORS CORP.
1761 Broadway, N. Y.
Phone Circle 4163
Brooklyn Branch
1619 Bedford Avenue.
Phone Lafayette 6657.

$1095

LAST 3 DAYS
EMPIRE CITY RACES
(YONKERS & MT. VERNON)
TO-DAY'S (THURS.) ATTRACTIONS.
$5,000 Wakefield
RESOLUTE HANDICAP.
The Daffodil—Ridgefield Purse.
The Wildflower—Larchmont Purse.
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Special Race Train leaves Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:30 P. M. Regular train to Mt. Vernon at 11:35, 12:50, 1:30, 2:35 P. M. Additional trains Sat. All trains stop at 125th St. Also reached via Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway, or via 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to Jerome Ave. Subway, thence by trolley from Woodlawn Station.
GRAND STAND, $3.85, Including Tax.

TYPEWRITERS
RENTED
3 MONTHS $7.50
Late Models, All Visible
Prompt Service. All Machines
Call, Phone or Write
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO.
345 Broadway, N. Y. Franklin 8400

BOATS. LAUNCHES. ACCESSORIES.

ATTRACTIVE forty foot yacht, raised deck, trunk cabin, double stateroom, saloon, toilet, galley, stern quarters, electric lights, Twentieth Century motor, speed 12 miles. Norwalk Country Club, Norwalk, Conn. Captain Phelan.

EDWIN M. POST,
Yacht & Boat Broker,
Tel. No. 413. Babylon, L. I.

WASHBURN'S DEFEAT IS TENNIS SURPRISE

Howard Kinsey of California Causes Upset in Met. Title Singles, Winning by 9-7, 6-0.

ROBERT KINSEY A LOSER

But Coast Star Forces Shimizu to Three Sets Before Latter Wins, by 1-6, 6-4, 6-4.

In the tennis calendar of the Kinsey brothers yesterday in the tournament at the Crescent Athletic Club, Bay Ridge, for the metropolitan singles champion, Howard Kinsey, brought off the big upset of the tournament by defeating Watson Washburn in straight sets, 9-7, 6-0, and Robert, the higher ranking member of the California family, played some of the best tennis of his life in taking one set from Zenzo Shimizu by a score of 6-1 and extending the famous Japanese to the limit of his skill and endurance to win the next two at 6-4, 6-4.

As long as he was fresh Robert Kinsey fairly overwhelmed one of the world's greatest players. He was continually rushing the net in the first set, and every time he ran up he aced the Japanese, while from back court his low-bounding chop stroke threw Shimizu completely off his stride.

Kinsey's strength was not sufficient to enable him to maintain his strenuous tactics through the second and third sessions, however. He stayed in back court and swapped drives, but even at that he was a fair match in steadiness for a player in whose game steadiness is the backbone.

The Kinsey brothers' achievements were the main features yesterday in the Bay Ridge tournament, which is turning out to be the greatest metropolitan competition in the history of the sport. Vincent Richards obtained an expected victory over Philip Battens of California in the fifth round and thus entered the semi-finals. His scores were 6—3, 6—2. Shimizu will be his opponent this afternoon in that round.

Voshell Defeats Neer.

In the lower half of the semi-finals Howard Kinsey's opponent today will be S. Howard Voshell. Thus three of the four men who had been expected to reach the semi-finals fulfilled anticipations. Voshell advanced by winning from Philip Neer of Stanford University, 6—4, 10—8.

There was a Californian in every fifth round bracket yesterday, but Howard Kinsey was the only one of them to win. The defeat of his brother removed the man who won the metropolitan honors on grass last year at Bay Ridge.

In his match with Washburn, Howard Kinsey found himself in the toughest argument of his career for one set. Washburn concentrated his whole effort upon taking that and, when he lost it, offered comparatively mild resistance in the second. The playing of both men in the first chapter was somewhat uneven, but, on the whole, was entirely worthy of their lofty standards.

Howard Kinsey, like his brother, possessed a chop that is exceedingly difficult to deal with on short acquaintance. The bound is low and fast and, on a court still a trifle heavy from its drenching earlier in the week, it was additionally effective. Washburn made many errors of it. It was so hard to gauge and meet that the former Davis Cup player's famous slap drive found the net with distressing frequency. Washburn volleyed better than Kinsey, but the latter placed his chops so accurately that it was dangerous to take the net against him.

Final Break in Fifteenth Game.

Game followed service in the opening set up to 4-all. Then Kinsey broke through. Washburn did his best volleying of the set to fight off defeat in the tenth game and he was successful. The final break came in the fifteenth game, in which Washburn failed to gather a single point. In the sixteenth, with Kinsey serving, Washburn made a last big effort, but the best he could do was to force the points four times to deuce. Kinsey had the set point up twice before he actually won it.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

																	Pts.	G.
H. Kinsey—	5	4	2	4	5	6	2	7	4	2	2	4	4	4	4	6—	68	9
Washburn—	7	0	4	1	5	4	4	5	2	4	5	1	6	1	0	4—	55	7

SECOND SET.

H. Kinsey	6	4	4	4	4—	25	6
Washburn	3	2	2	0	0—	9	0

Robert Kinsey seemed almost toying with the great Shimizu in the first set of their match. His brilliant overhead hitting moved the gallery many times to ecstatic applause. His chop strokes bounded but a scan few inches, and Shimizu could not get his back into his returns as he usually does or exercise his usual control. Kinsey yielded in the second session only after a bitter struggle. But Shimizu was gradually wearing him down and Kinsey was helping to waste his strength by going after almost impossible balls. He usually returned them in spectacular fashion, but the effort was costly in the end. Shimizu exercised every wile he knew to keep Kinsey running and sooner or later force him to an error. The rallies were long and the gets of both men were little short of miraculous.

Kinsey was a tired player in the third set, but he stuck to his guns to the last stroke of a brilliant battle. He had cramps in his legs in the middle of the set and had to pause for a minute while Shimizu and Umpire Edward C. Conlin straightened out the kinks. Shimizu broke through service in the seventh game and had only to win his own delivery the next two times up to take the match. Kinsey, on his own service in the ninth game, pulled up gamely from 15—40, to win it, and he also made a fine effort in the tenth and last. But Shimizu outlasted him in the final rallies. The match as a whole was of a calibre worthy of champions.

The point score:

FIRST SET.

											Pts.	G.
Shimizu	4	2	5	4	2	6	4	2	5—	9	1
R. Kinsey	1	4	7	6	4	4	6	4	7—	29	6

SECOND SET.

Shimizu	3	4	2	4	3	5	4	3	5	4	6—	36	6
R. Kinsey	4	1	4	1	5	1	1	6	1	2	4—	29	4

THIRD SET.

Shimizu	2	5	4	2	7	4	6	3	5—	42	6
R. Kinsey	4	7	0	0	5	2	4	5	3—	34	4

Voshell's triumph over Phil Neer reversed the result of a meeting between those two at Newport a season ago. On that occasion Neer won by two sets to one. Yesterday Voshell took the first set handily but had to call on all the energy and skill he could master to take the second. Voshell is playing better tennis than he was a year ago at this time, while Neer is not doing himself quite such full justice.

A big hole was made in the doubles entry in the first day of competition, though the leading teams, Shimizu and Kashio, Neer and Davies and the Kinsey brothers, were too busy in the singles to compete. Tilden and his 14-year-old protégé, Sandy Wiener of Philadelphia, teamed up again and furnished the gallery with lively entertainment. They won two matches, Tilden roaming all over his partner's court as well as his own. Yet the boy showed good promise, especially in the match which they took from Armand Brunesu and William H. Hartye. This went into three sets, Tilden and Wiener winning by 6—0, 2—6, 6—4. The doubles championship a year ago was won by the Kinseys.

The semi-finals of the singles will be the big feature this afternoon, starting at 2 o'clock. They will be decided by the best three in five sets.

The summaries:

Metropolitan Singles Championship—Fourth Round—Philip Battens defeated Fred C. Bagge, 6—1, 7—5; Robert Kinsey defeated Edward C. Colsmer, 1—6, 6—4; Watson M. Washburn defeated Harold L. Trafton, 6—4, 6—3; Howard Voshell defeated Stephan V. Brubans, 6—2, 6—4.

Fifth Round—Vincent Richards defeated Philip Battens, 6—3, 6—2; Zenzo Shimizu defeated Robert Kinsey, 6—1, 6—4; Howard Kinsey defeated Watson Washburn 6—4, 6—0; S. Howard Voshell defeated Philip Neer, 6—4, 10—8.

Doubles—Championship—Play Started—A. E. Vetter and W. E. H. Richards defeated Bellewes and Clark, 6—2, 6—3; Royal D. Richey and Reginald W. Talmage defeated Haddon Irving and W. A. Johnson, 6—2, 6—3; Hugh Oakley and L. Gwynne French defeated C. Douglass and A. Chaffee, 6—1, 6—1.

Second Round—Henry Pellenhaar and V. C. Bennett defeated Cassles A. Anderson and J. Harry Steinkamp, 6—4, 3—6, 6—3; Alexander Iler and Murray Vernon defeated Clifford Roe and Donald Straiam, 6—2, 6—2; Valentine B. Bevens and R. W. Seabury defeated Valentine and Edwards, 6—2, 6—3; William T. Tilden 2d and A. L. Wiener defeated Burrows and Chambers, 6—2, 6—1; Armand L. Bruneau and William J. Hartye won from Sherman A. Manchester and Larry Sleamaker by default; Ludlow and Philip Vandeventer defeated Verley and Richards, 7—5, 2—6, 6—3; Dr. William Robabum and Fred C. Bagge defeated John Whyte and Edward C. Colsmer, 6—2, 6—4; Kenneth D. Fisher and Albert J. Ostendorf defeated Thurston Woodford and J. Redmond, 6—4, 6—3; Gerald B. Emerson and Carl N. Jolliff defeated Jay L. Anderson and H. R. Burroughs, 6—0, 6—3.

Third Round—Tilden and Wiener defeated Bruneau and Hartye, 6—0, 2—6, 6—4.

MISS GILLEAUDEAU EXTENDS MRS. BUNDY

Wins First Set, but Californian Rallies and Triumphs by 7-9, 6-4, 6-3.

Miss Helen Gilleaudeau of Mamaroneck furnished the sensation of the tournament at the Green Meadow Country Club, Harrison, N. Y., for the women's New York State championship when she won a set from Mrs. May Sutton Bundy and so extended her for the rest of the match that an upset seemed imminent at any moment. This was the first real test of Mrs. Bundy's game which it has undergone since her arrival from California this week. She met it admirably. It was no reflection upon the ability of her play that the match was so close. It was a tribute to the supreme excellence of Miss Gilleaudeau's performance. The Connecticut women's champion played the game of her life. The scores, in Mrs. Bundy's favor, were 7—9, 6—4, 6—3.

Her opponent in that round will be either Miss Margaret Grove or Miss Marie Wagner. Miss Leslie Bancroft of Boston is another semi-finalist. She is in the lower quarter and awaits the result of the match today between Mrs. Molla Mallory, the national champion, and Miss Martha Bayard.

Tennis of the highest order was played by both Mrs. Bundy and her diminutive opponent in the first set of their match. Mrs. Bundy was hitting quite as well as she did a year ago. Her court covering could hardly have been improved upon. She made sensational backhand gets of balls to the left corner of her court, making the return with her back to the net. She controlled her drives beautifully and put a lot of pace into them. They sailed close to the net and kept Miss Gilleaudeau moving fast at her base line to keep up with them.

In one respect Mrs. Bundy's game was different from that of a year ago. She went to the net far oftener. She is not yet in perfect practice in her volleying, but she angled many of them with the utmost possible precision for clean aces in the last two sets. In the opener Miss Gilleaudeau, with the exception of the thirteenth game, passed Mrs. Bundy every time she advanced to the volley. In this thirteenth game Mrs. Bundy turned an overhead shot into a beautiful kill and made one keen backhand volley for an earned point. She netted two other volleys, but won the game through her aggressive and daring tactics.

That Mrs. Bundy was to undergo a severe test was apparent in the very first game of the long first set. Miss Gilleaudeau won it after deuce had been called by Umpire William A. Campbell. In the next game Mrs. Bundy took two of the five points on a keen placement and a service ace and the others on errors after long rallies. Mrs. Bundy added three more games for a lead of 4—1, but the rallies were almost invariably close and exciting. Miss Gilleaudeau took the next, but Mrs. Bundy quickly ran into a lead of 6—3 and seemed to have the set in her grasp.

That was the signal, however, for a splendid rally by Miss Gilleaudeau. She was mixing her shots beautifully and placing with perfect accuracy. Her cross-court drives for placements after she had manoeuvered Mrs. Bundy out of reach were especially excellent. She won three games in a row to level the count at 6-all. From that point on to the finish of the set it was a ding-dong battle. Miss Gilleaudeau had the set point up in the fourteenth game, a long deuce affair, but Mrs. Bundy postponed disaster for a time by forcing Miss Gilleaudeau to drive out. The end came in the sixteenth game on Mrs. Bundy's service. Two fine cross-court placements helped Miss Gilleadeau win it and the errors that gave the other points were all forced on the most difficult of shots.

The second and third sets were just as hard fought, though of lesser duration. It was a battle of steadiness, with Mrs. Bundy showing the greater powers of endurance. The victory was a fine one for her. But it was expected that the fourth ranking player should beat the sixth. The real feature was the wonderful showing of Miss Gilleaudeau and a huge share of the credit was her unmistakable property.

The point score follows:

FIRST SET.

Mrs. Bundy—																	Pts.	G.
	3	4	4	5	0	4	2	2	4	2	1	6	1	3—	47	7
Miss Gilleaudeau—	5	1	0	1	5	4	1	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	5—	60	9

SECOND SET.

Mrs. Bundy	3	4	4	4	4	1	4	1	4	4—	32	6
Miss Gilleaudeau	4	2	1	4	0	4	6	4	2	1—	28	4

THIRD SET.

Mrs. Bundy	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	5—	27	6
Miss Gilleaudeau	0	6	1	3	1	0	4	2	0—	17	3

The match was stopped for a few moments in the third set, when Mrs. Bundy was overtaken by cramps brought on by excessive running. Both women were exhausted when the finish came.

The other matches of the day all resulted in accordance with expectations. Miss Martha Bayard played well to defeat Miss Katherine Gardner by 6—4, 6—1. Miss Margaret Grove and Mrs. Percy Wilbourne figured in another well-played contest, the former being the steadier. Mrs. Wilbourne had previously eliminated Mrs. Theodora Sohst in a three-set duel. Miss Bancroft won easily from Miss Martha Hollister, while Miss Wagner was in top form in beating Miss Marion Chapman in straight sets.

The summaries:

New York State Women's Championship.

Second Round—Mrs. Percy Wilbourn defeated Mrs. Theodore Sohst, 6—3, 6—1.

Third Round—Miss Margaret Grove defeated Mrs. Percy Wilbourn, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Marion Chapman, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Martha Bayard defeated Miss Katherine Gardner, 6—4, 6—1.

Fourth Round—Miss Leslie Bancroft defeated Miss Martha Hollister, 6—0, 6—2; Mrs. May Sutton Bundy defeated Miss Helen Gilleaudeau, 7—9, 6—4, 6—3.

Doubles, Second Round—Miss Florence Ballin and Mrs. M. J. Farquhar defeated Mrs. Agnes Sherwood and Miss M. Martin, 6—4, 6—2; Miss Martha Bayard and Miss Katherine Gardner defeated Miss Mary Cary and Miss Gertrude Hoppe, 6—2, 6—1; Mrs. Mollie Bjurstedt Mallory and Miss Phyllis Walsh defeated Mrs. E. J. Leach and Miss Carmen Wing, 6—3, 6—1.

GOLDEN LEADS PRO FIELD AT SHAWNEE

Tuxedo Home-Bred Scores 145 for First 36 Holes in Annual Open Tournament.

BARNES AND WILLIAMS TIE

Former Open Champion Has Hard Luck With Putts—Herd and Taylor Well Back.

Special to The New York Times.

SHAWNEE-ON-DELAWARE, Pa., July 26.—Johnny Golden, staunchly-built Tuxedo professional and held in high esteem by the members of his fraternity as one of the coming home-bred golfers, took the lead in the opening day of the annual Shawnee open championship. At the conclusion of the first thirty-six holes of the tournament, Golden, as a result of a brilliant round of seventy in the morning, was out in front of the field of 100 with a total of 145, two strokes in advance of the nearest competitor.

Trailing him at 147 were Jim Barnes of Pelham, 1921 national open champion, and a newcomer to championship play, Dan Williams, assistant to Bobby Cruickshank at the Shackamaxon Club in the New Jersey district. Williams learned the rudiments of the game as a caddie up in the Westchester district, which has been the starting place of more young stars than any other section of the country, one of the most notable, of course, being the present open champion, Gene Sarazen.

One stroke back of this pair is Johnny Farrell, the Quaker Ridge youth, who has been climbing rapidly to the front, while tied at 149 are Bob MacDonald, the rangy metropolitan open champion who presides over the destinies of the Bob o' Link Club, and Joe Mitchell of Montclair.

In the 150 division are Bobby Cruickshank, former Scottish amateur star, and Emmet French of Youngstown, Ohio, the Captain of the American team invading England last year. Cyril Hughes of Lancaster, Pa., and Wilfred Reid of Indian Springs followed at 151, while Willie Ogg of Worcester, Mass., last year's winner, follows Bert Bassell of Sunnehanna. Tied at 154 are Isaac Mackie of Canoe Brook and Harry Hampton of Detroit.

British Veterans Trail.

And where are J. H. Taylor and Sandy Herd, the two invaders from the British Isles, with six titles in the British open in their possession? For some reason or other Shawnee seems to take special delight in hampering players of note, especially if they happen to hail from across the water. Last year it was Duncan and Mitchell who felt the wrath. This year it is the two old veterans. Herd, after an 80 in the morning round, came back in 76 for a total of 156; but Taylor, starting out auspiciously with a 75, took a 77 for the first nine holes in the afternoon and had a total of 158.

Charley Hoffner, the recent winner in the Philadelphia P. G. A. championship, was another who came to grief today, a 79 in the morning round and a 76 in the afternoon leaving him with considerable work on his hands tomorrow.

Golden's place at the top of the heap may be attributed to a brilliant 32 over the last nine holes in the morning round. Reaching the turn in even par, 36, although he had a chance to shave strokes at the third and fourth holes, where he took three putts, Golden started the fireworks. A birdie 4 at the tenth was followed by another at the twelfth, where he ran down a 10-foot putt.

More birdies at the fourteenth and seventeenth brought him home in 70, foot under par and leading Bob MacDonald by two strokes. He went bad in the afternoon, taking 40 to the turn, his putter failing him at the fourth and seventh holes. He was 2 under par going to the sixteenth, but here he was trapped, taking a 4 at the next he had an 8-foot putt for a 4, but missed. His morning card with par:

Out—										
Par	4	5	4	3	5	5	4	4	3—	36
Golden	4	5	5	3	4	5	4	4	4—	38
In—										
Par	5	4	4	3	4	4	3	5	3—	36—72
Golden	4	5	4	3	4	4	3	4	3—	32—70

His afternoon card:

Out	4	4	5	3	5	5	5	4	4—	40
In	4	5	4	4	4	4	5	3	3—	35—75

Barnes's Putts Unlucky.

Barnes played beautiful golf, after taking a six at the second hole in his first round. Here he pushed his drive out too far and was 4 in getting on the green. Coming in he was a stroke under par for a 73. He was unfortunate in his putting, missing five short ones, through no fault of his own. At one hole the ball dropped in almost out of sight and then hopped out, and at the seventeenth he was robbed of a birdie 4 by a bit of mud, which caused his ball to hang on the lip of the cup.

In the afternoon round he lipped the cup at the second; ran over the hole at the third, after a great recovery from a trap; lipped the cup at the next, and hoped over at the fifth. He had putts for an eagle at the tenth and a birdie at the eleventh, missing both by fractions. His only error came at the fourteenth, where he was over the green on his second. He should also have had birds at the fifteenth and sixteenth.

Williams looked hopelessly out of it at the turn in the morning, his card showing a 40 and containing two sixes, one at the second and another at the third. After that, however, he sailed along complacently and ended up with a 74. He was a stroke under par at the turn in the afternoon and even fours on the last nine.

Barnes's and Williams's cards:

MORNING ROUND.

Out—										
Barnes	4	6	5	4	3	4	5	4	3—	38
Williams	4	6	6	4	4	4	5	3	4—	40
In—										
Barnes	5	4	3	4	4	4	5	3	3—35—73	
Williams	3	3	3	5	4	4	3	5	4—34—74	

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Out—										
Barnes	4	4	5	4	3	5	5	5	4—	39
Williams	5	5	4	4	5	5	6	4	4—	47
In—										
Barnes	4	4	3	4	5	4	3	4	4—35—74	
Williams	3	3	3	4	4	3	5	4	4—36—70	

Taylor, after a fine round of 75 in the first round, started back like this:

5	5	6	4	5	6	5	4	7—47

Taylor in Difficulty.

His 7 on the ninth came as the result of being over the green and in a bunker on his second. His next was on the top of the mound in long grass, and after getting on in 4 he proceeded to take three putts. He had two consecutive birdies at the twelfth and thirteenth, but finished up with another 7 at the seventeenth, where he hooked in the road on his drive.

His incoming card:

3	5	2	3	5	3	5	7	4—37

Herd was unable to putt, and took a pair of 40s in the morning, his card showing ten 5s. He was 40 out in the second round. He said afterward that he had never putted quite so badly, taking three putts on fifteen greens during the day.

The summaries:

John Golden, Tuxedo	70	75	145
Dan Williams, Shackamaxon	73	74	147
Jim Barnes, Pelham	73	74	147
John Farrell, Quaker Ridge	76	73	149
Bob MacDonald, Bob o' Link	73	76	149
Joe Mitchell, Montclair	75	74	149
Bob Cruickshank, Shackamaxon	78	72	150
Emmet French, Youngstown	74	76	150
George Griffin, Clearfield	79	76	155
Joe Turnesa, Fairview	80	76	156
Isaac Mackie, Canoe Brook	80	74	154
Harry Hampton, Detroit	77	77	154
Donald Brown, Lancaster	79	78	157
Jim Cooper, Colonial	79	74	153
Louis Costello, Millburn	80	75	155
John Rowe, Stanton Country	80	75	155
Ray S. Derr, Wyoming Valley	78	75	153
Charles Hoffner, Germantown	79	77	156
James Donaldson, Perimore	75	80	155
Charles Mothersell, North Fork	79	77	156
Alex Herd, Sunningdale, England	80	76—	156
Jack Beckett, Scantakah	78	77—	155
R. S. Miner, Navesink	76	81—	157

Five Leading Batsmen In Each Major League

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player.	Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby, St. Louis		95	372	89	148	.398
Grimes, Chicago		83	308	61	110	.383
Daubert, Cincinnati		96	375	75	135	.360
Hollocher, Chicago		94	350	63	120	.330
Kelly, Pittsburgh		90	367	91	131	.357

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player.	Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Cobb, Detroit		82	333	80	124	.415
Blair, St. Louis		83	286	84	105	.405
Speaker, Cleveland		85	312	59	111	.356
Schang, New York		87	313	52	76	.353
Bassler, Detroit		82	249	37	87	.349

KNOLLWOOD GOLFERS WIN.

Reach Semi-Finals by 3 to 1 Victory Over Wykagyl Team.

The Knollwood Country Club of White Plains yesterday continued its unbeaten career in the Westchester County amateur-pro competitions and made its way into the semi-final round by defeating the amateur and professional of the Wykagyl Country Club of New Rochelle by a total of 3 and 1. Edward Barber and Fred Decker, the club professional, represented Knollwood, and they won from T. V. Bermingham, the Wykagyl champion, and his pro, Fred Moore. The morning round of eighteen holes was played at Wykagyl, and Barber and Decker took the lead at the end of the round by 2 up, the White Plains pair having a best-ball score of 75. In the afternoon the match at Knollwood was even closer, and better golf was played. Bermingham and Moore trailed by 1 up, giving Knollwood the victory for the day by 3 and 1. In the afternoon round Barber and Decker had a best-ball of 67.

DOUBLES FINALS GO IN STRAIGHT SETS

Mrs. Bodman and Mrs. Davis Beat Misses Talcott and Simmons in Seabright Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

SEABRIGHT, N. J., July 26.—Before a large gallery of tennis enthusiasts on the courts of the Seabright Lawn Tennis and Cricket Club, the final round of the women's doubles was played this afternoon. Mrs. George Bodman and Mrs. H. Davis defeated Miss Martha Talcott and Miss Marion Simmons in straight sets, 6—4, 6—1. Unable to repeat their play of the previous day when they brilliantly won their way through the semi-final round, the younger players tried advancing to the net. On every occasion, however, they were forced to retire to the baseline. Repeatedly Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Bodman placed forehand drives along the lines and by pretty placements and accurate stroking they were able to pass their opponents on almost every attempt the latter made in advancing to the net.

The challenge round is to be played the latter part of the week. Mrs. Harold Van Tine and Mrs. E. Hatch, who are the present titleholders of the title, will meet the winners of today's final match. The match should be a net battle, as both the titleholders and challengers aspire to this type of play.

The summaries:

Semi Final Round—Miss Marion Simmons and Miss Martha Talcott defeated Miss S. Atha and Miss M. Hurd, 6—0, 6—0.

Final Round—Mrs. George Bodman and Mrs. H. Davis defeated Miss M. Simmons and Miss M. Talcott 6—4, 6—1.

MRS. FLETCHER PUT OUT BY MISS GARIN

Nassau Country Club Golfer Eliminated From French Women's Golf Tourney.

DIEPPE, France, July 26 (Associated Press).—Mrs. Fletcher of the Nassau Country Club, New York, the only American player to qualify in the quarter finals, was defeated this afternoon by Miss Garin in the international women's golf championship tournament. Miss Garin won by 7 up and 5 to play.

Mrs. Fletcher previously had defeated Mlle. Baigneaux, 4 and 3. Miss Derosenko of Philadelphia fought a splendid battle against Mrs. Simpson of England before being eliminated, the contest necessitating an extra hole.

Toth to Try Channel Aug. 1.

BOSTON, July 26.—Charles Toth, Boston swimmer, will make his attempt to swim the English Channel on Aug. 1, a cablegram received here today said.

7-20-4
R. G. SULLIVAN'S
CIGAR
Famous for Quality
Sold Everywhere
FACTORY-MANCHESTER N.H.

LAST CALL!
Good Bye to all 1 PANTS SUITS

Next Monday morning our Broadway and 11th Street Store will be turned over to contractors for extensive remodeling. After completion we will occupy our entire establishment of 50,000 square feet as

AN EXCLUSIVE TWO-PANTS SUIT HOUSE

To make room for this merchandise

and prior to starting our remodeling we offer to the public

OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF 12,000
SUMMER—MEDIUM—FALL WEIGHT
TRIVERS
ONE-PANTS SUITS
Regardless of Cost!!

Every One-Pants Suit must be disposed of in both uptown and downtown stores. The values are the greatest ever offered by any clothing house in America!!

SPECIAL LOT of 845 Odds and Ends
ALL-WOOL SUITS
$25.00 $30.00 $35.00 Values
$12.75
ALL SIZES, BUT NOT IN EVERY STYLE.
Small Charge for Alterations
In Our 11th Street Store Only

Men's and Young Men's $25 and $30 TRIVERS SUITS
$17
Small Charge for Alterations

Men's and Young Men's $40 and $45 TRIVERS SUITS
$27

Men's and Young Men's $55 and $65 SUITS
$37
This group comprises Goodman & Suss, C. G. C., Tip-Top Clothes, H. M. Industrial, Chadwick Clothes

Unquestionably the Greatest Values
SUMMER CLOTHES

PALM BEACH SUITS
Silk Mohair Suits
$10.50 up
Palm Beach
REGISTERED U.S. PATENT OFFICE
THE GENUINE CLOTH
MFD. ONLY BY GOODALL WORSTED CO.
$8.50 up
At $10
We Offer Palm Beach Suits
in the greatest variety ever displayed. The season's smartest styles, sport models included, in all the wanted shades, in all sizes. Values $12.50 to $15.

Gabardine and Tropical Worsted Suits
$16.50 up

All Wool PANTS Worth Up to $8.50
Worsteds, tweeds, herringbones—all here to match your coat and vest. Try your luck and save!
$3.75

White Flannel Pants, $6.50
Silk Mohair 3-Piece Suits and Tuxedos $27.50
All Silk Lined

RIGHT NOW, DURING THIS SALE, WE OFFER HUNDREDS OF TWO-PANTS SUITS AT THE LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY

Trivers Clothes

801-807 BROADWAY
Corner 11th St.
Open Saturday Evening Till 10 o'Clock

1600 BROADWAY
Cor. 48th (Reator's Corner)
Open Every Evening, Inc. Saturday, Till 11 o'Clock

STORES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Published Every Day in the Year by The New York Times Company.
Adolph S. Ochs, Publisher and President
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

OFFICES: [TELEPHONE BRYANT 1000]
TIMES BUILDING.....Times Square
TIMES ANNEX...243 St. co. of Broadway
DOWNTOWN.....Ass'n Chamber Bldg.
WALL STREET.....14 Broadway
HARLEM.....111 West 125th Street
BROOKLYN.....326 Washington Street

Paris.....3 Rue Taitbout
Washington Bureau.....1322 New York Avenue
Washington Bureau.....2 Dupont Circle
Chicago.....Tribune Building
St. Louis.....401 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit.....701 Ford Building
San Francisco.....742 Market Street
Los Angeles.....Chamber of Commerce
London.....15 Salisbury Square, E. C.
London (Advertising)...95-94 Chancery Lane
Paris.....Au Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière
Telephone Bureaux 922-23.
Rome (Advertising)...24 Blvd. des Capucines
and 5 Rue Lamartine, 9me.
Buenos Aires.....Avenida C. Pellegrini & Mayo-500

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
(Entered as second-class mail matter.)
Two Cents a Copy in Greater New York; Three Cents within 200 miles; Four Cents elsewhere; Sunday, Five Cents in Manhattan, Bronx and Brooklyn; Ten Cents elsewhere.

By Mail, postage prepaid.	One Year.	Six Mos.	Three Mos.
*Daily and Sunday	$12.00	$6.00	$3.00
†Daily only	10.00	5.00	2.50
Sunday only	4.00	2.25	1.25
Sunday only, Canada	4.00	2.25	1.25

*One week, 25c. †One week, 20c.

Foreign Rates.	One Year.	Six Mos.	Three Mos.
Daily and Sunday	$26.00	$13.30	$2.40
Daily only	17.40	8.70	1.45
Sunday only	9.75	5.12	.85

Binder, Picture Section, for 26 issues, $2.50.

AUXILIARY PUBLICATIONS
ANNALIST (Academic) per year, $5; Canada, $5.36; other countries, $6. Binder, 26 issues, $1.50.
NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW AND MAGAZINE (Weekly), per year, $3; Canada, $3.26; other countries, $4. Binder, 52 issues, $1.50.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL (Thursdays), one year, $2; Canada, $2; other countries, $2.60. Binder, 52 issues, in leather, $2.50; cloth, $1.50.
CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE, 1 yr. (12 issues), $3; Canada, $3.50 (foreign $4). Per copy, 35c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Full year, per copy, $12; per year, $48.
TIMES WAR VOLUMES—20 volumes—Illustrated—cloth, $63.50; ½ leather, $75; full leather, $85.
HISTORY OF THE NEW YORK TIMES—1851-1921. U. S. and Canada, cloth, 1 v.; paper, 10 cents. Foreign, cloth, $1.25; paper, 85 cents.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it, or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news published herein. All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1922.

WHY THE PUBLIC KEEPS CALM.

A foreigner not familiar with the United States and sent here to report on the effect of the strikes would find one thing highly puzzling to him. He would discover in official circles at Washington a great deal of anxiety. The Administration and Congress are naturally much concerned. Yet in general the people, he would note with surprise, display very little excitement and almost no apprehension. In a few of the Northwestern States, it is true, the public is clamoring that something be done to insure an early supply of coal. But the rest of the country seems to be indifferent, or at least sublimely confident that everything will be settled in due time.

There may be in this an element of unreasoning optimism—the kind which JOHN MORLEY described as insisting that it was fine weather although it was raining cats and dogs. The hopefulness of the people may also be a reflex of the old American belief in our lucky star. We feel that we have always managed to get through our labor crises in the past, and that somehow we shall be able to emerge happily from this one. It is the complacent theory, so comfortable but which may not always be justified, that Providence especially looks after idiots, drunken men and the United States. But the present calm and confidence of the public are not merely instinctive and traditional. If our foreign inquirer were to search for the true explanation of the seeming conflict between the official view and private opinion in America, he would learn that the mass of the people can give reasons for the faith that is in them.

They believe, first of all, in their Government. With all its defects and weaknesses, it can be counted upon to rise to the needs of a national emergency. It has latent and unwritten powers which can be utilized under the supreme law of the safety of the public. Furthermore, the people have a firm belief in the good sense of the men on both sides of the great controversy. They do not expect either to go to extremities. Moreover, they know that the solidarity of labor unions is never what it seems. There are jealousies between the leaders, and doubts and fears on the part of the members. Laboring men, after all, are not so different from other mortals in the fundamentals of human nature. They, too, have a stake in the country. They know that it would be madness to pull down the pillars of the temple over their own heads. They are aware that their power, even when it seems greatest, is strictly limited, and must not be pushed too far. Hence, when the hour of fair adjustment arrives, they can be depended upon to do their part in settling the dispute.

All this may appear guileless and dangerously credulous to the alarmists. But it is the kind of confidence bred in Americans by long experience, and they are not to be easily shaken out of it now. Until events compel a different attitude, they will go on hoping, in the spirit of SHELLEY, till hope creates from its own wreck the thing it contemplates.

ONE AFTER ANOTHER.

In 1913 three men ruled Turkey—ENVER, TALAAT and DJEMAL. They had brought Turkey into the war. They came to the conclusion, with the Germans standing by and consenting, that the Armenian nation would have to be reduced to insignificance. They were responsible for the massacres and deportations which killed off a million Armenians or more. But they did not kill all the Armenians, and those who survived have not forgotten.

With the end of the war the Turkish triumvirate had to go into exile. All three were condemned to death by a Turkish court-martial in 1919, a verdict which arose partly from the hostilities of Turkish domestic politics, partly from a desire to placate the Allies, chiefly from hatred of the men who had bet on the wrong horse. The verdict was not an expression of opinion on the Armenian massacres; the Turks under MUSTAFHA KEMAL have done what they could to get rid of those who escaped ENVER. The Big Three, under sentence of death, lived comfortably enough abroad; but the Armenians were on their trail. Five years after the great massacres they killed TALAAT, shot down on the streets of Berlin. Now, after seven years, they have slain DJEMAL, who seemed to have a safe retreat in Afghanistan. Apparently an earlier attempt in Kabul had failed; but DJEMAL incautiously went to Berlin to buy supplies for the Afghan army, of which he was Chief of Staff, and on his way home the Armenians assassinated him in Tiflis.

ENVER remains, more or less safe in Turkestan, where he has established a sort of local despotism and conducts a desultory war with the Bolsheviki. But he must live in mortal fear that in the end the Armenians will find and kill him too.

PULLING THE WOOL.

Senator WALSH of Massachusetts took his life in his hands the other day by reminding the Republican Senators that "in every one of your States "there are more voters who wear "clothes than there are voters who "raise sheep." There was a time when the sheep of the protected sheep, particularly in Ohio, were the pastoral gods of the United States. They are not so far from being that now; but there are uneasy disturbers of the worship. Still, the debate released certain interesting sentiments. It is always a joy to have Senator LODGE utter the music that arises in him.

He says, in effect, that the rates in the McCumber bill, whether high or "just," have the merit of intelligibility. That is, a duty of, say, 150 per cent., inserted in the schedule, is vivid enough for the fellow who has to pay it to understand. Possibly Mr. LODGE would "better—not that he ever does less than well—to stick to purely literary matters. His defense of the wool rates is much like that which Mr. GEORGE HOAR used to make for the high rates on steel and iron. Mr. HOAR was a scholar and a worthy member of the Massachusetts Historical Society. His theories and practices of the tariff were made for him by Mr. PHILIP L. MOEN of Worcester, a gentleman thoroughly interested in his own business; and really quite as disinterested in his views of it—except that he got the price—as Mr. HOAR, whose specialty was not economics.

Beyond all theories honestly or dishonestly held comes the pinch upon the people's pocket. Senator WADSWORTH is, of course, illogical when he kicks against the maximum ad valorem duties on the finer grades of wool. He didn't kick the other day; he supported with his whole heart the high duties on gloves made by his old friend, the "genial" and severely practical former Representative, Mr. LUCIUS NATHAN LITTAUER of Gloversville.

There was talk in the Senate about the "rich man's" clothes and the poor man's. To an extent this is nonsense. The "rich man" buys cheap clothes. The "poor man" pays prices indicative of the rich. And, as a matter of cold, plebeian fact, nearly everybody buys cotton for woolen. It is possible that the American people may get tired of this sort of thing. Senator LENROOT was careless enough to "ask Senators to realize the difficulties they will encounter between "now and next November if these "rates are approved as submitted by "the committee."

It is not merely the wool schedule; it is the whole tariff, biting the consumer, whose name in millions is so incredibly superior to that of the "sheep" and shepherd and all the rest of the subsidized interests, that is going to make Democratic votes next November.

TEETH IN THE COMMERCE ACT.

The Act for the regulation of interstate commerce has gone through a generation of strengthening by Congress, and the Interstate Commerce Commission has had long experience in its administration. The consequence is that there are teeth enough in it to control the railways. They have given hostages for good conduct in the form of twenty billions of investment. They long ago ceased to be contumacious. Therefore there is no chance of resistance to enforcement of the act.

The law under which the country's commerce is to be conducted during the existing emergency is the same as that which gives the President power to act in the case of war or threat of war. The commission is acting under the provision:

> Whenever the commission is of opinion that shortage of equipment, congestion of traffic, or other emergency requiring immediate action, exists in any section of the country the commission shall have, and is hereby given, authority, either upon complaint or upon its own initiative without complaint, at once, if it so orders, without answer or formal pleading by the interested carrier or carriers, and with or without notice, hearing, or the making or filing of a report, according as the commission may determine—to do thus and so.

The priority rules are an example of how summary and complete are the powers given. The same powers are given in the same language in the Transportation act as an incident to the creation of through routes temporarily. Still another clause provides that the enumeration of the commission's powers shall not be exclusive of any powers otherwise given under the act. Another section gives the commission power to act through designated "agents and agencies," required to co-operate under a penalty. It is plain that the commission has initiative, without awaiting action by railways and regardless of their protest.

The mining of coal is not interstate commerce, but coal which cannot be transported between States might as well not be mined. More coal has been mined than now can be transported. There are plenty of cars, but their movement is congested. The point to remark is the interlocking of Secretary HOOVER'S action with the commission's. Together they are a force which it is prudent for all concerned not to antagonize. The commission can control the movement of all products. Ordinary consumers of coal, the families which buy by retail, may be surprised to find that they rank at the bottom of the list of priorities. Yet the precedence for Government and public utilities is really in their interest. There is now a plain issue on which the people of the United States must take sides.

THE CHIEF PROCRASTINATOR.

Every humane American will join the American Legion in the demand that the Chairman of the Legion's Committee on Rehabilitation has made in his reply to the astounding letter of the "Chief Co-ordinator of the Federal Board of Hospitalization," Brig. Gen. CHARLES E. SAWYER:

> Give these men the best care that medical science can provide in Government institutions maintained at the highest standard of equipment and administration—and near to their own homes, so that if rehabilitated they can be returned to civil life with greater ease, and, if doomed to hospitalization, they can be near those whom they love best.

The nation has done its part in providing millions for this purpose—over $35,000,000 in all. But the Chief Co-ordinator thanks heaven that it is "not mandatory" to use what has been given. "Let us be careful," he says, "in the disposition of it." "It is our duty to oppose wastefulness." But certainly there has been no haste that makes waste. There has been, on the other hand, delay, inexplicable, inexcusable delay, which means a waste of life precious to the country for which it was proffered. The Chief Co-ordinator, if he is responsible for this, should be renamed the Chief Procrastinator.

MENTOR FOR THE THEATRES.

"Overlord" is decidedly not the name for AUGUSTUS THOMAS in his new relation to the theatre, nor for WILL HAYS and Judge LANDIS in their similar spheres. Guide, Philosopher and Friend would be better, though the order of the words should be reversed. Friend this new type of executive must be, or he would not be asked to take the post. There is an equal need of philosophy if he is to continue in it. The net result, it is hoped, will be guidance—in the way those who appoint him wish in their hearts to go.

In modern business life men have chiefly to be defended against themselves. A world of individual enterprise is being transformed into a world of occupational groups. Few men can now do what they will with their own. The prime requisite of individual success, if it is to be legitimate and continuous, is the success of the industry as a whole. It is not without reason that the lead in this matter has been taken by the purveyors of public amusement. Scarcely less than the theatre, baseball and the movies are, as Mr. THOMAS happily expresses it, "sensitive to the atmosphere that surrounds" them. The mentor is chosen to represent the public. The individual manager who rejects his guidance does so at his own unmistakable peril and that of the industry. It is out of a similar necessity that so many trade associations have sprung up, but in their case the "surrounding atmosphere" is not so much that of public opinion as of the law. For a friend, philosopher and guide they have turned to Secretary HOOVER and the Attorney General.

One danger which the theatre faces is the possibility of a censorship, but that Mr. THOMAS should certainly obviate. Liberal minded, human and humorous, he if any one can guard essential proprieties without moral bigotry or prudery. A more serious difficulty is that of the Actors' Equity Association, the present agreement with which has a scant two years to run. With its many liberal and helpful purposes Mr. THOMAS has always been in full sympathy, and so is in the strongest possible position to remonstrate if the proposed "Equity shop" develops the evils of the closed shop. The greatest problem lies in the sale of theatre tickets. Unquestionably thousands of those who might and should be constant playgoers have been alienated by the difficulty of obtaining seats at a reasonable price. The good of the industry demands central control, which should be possible—and is possible except for the reluctance of a few managers, mainly theatre owners, to permit a check upon their sovereign will.

Whether Mr. THOMAS can affect that situation remains to be seen, but public opinion will be strongly with him, and as strongly against any managers who seek a dubious individual profit, with resultant injury to the theatre.

THE LANGUAGE OF DEMAGOGUES.

The once great HORATIO BOTTOMLEY is to have a final hearing in the House of Commons. He will seek to show cause why he should not be expelled from it in consequence of his sentence to penal servitude. Meanwhile, English critics are amusing themselves with the study of Mr. BOTTOMLEY as a literary phenomenon. It is easy for them to prove that he was as prone to muddled thinking as to muddled accounts. But Mr. A. CLUTTON-BROCK has gone beyond that into questions of style. Taking up the popular book "Great Thoughts of Horatio Bottomley," he finds evidence in it of what is currently called auto-intexication. The writer first succeeded in deceiving himself before setting out to deceive the public. The strained language and the conventional phrases which were his chief stock in trade he seems to have persuaded himself stood for actualities and real thought.

This is a charitable view which kind-hearted Americans would be glad to apply to some of their own demagogues. Recently, for example, we have had in this city a great outpouring of political manifestoes. In them the gifted authors write glibly of "the profiteers," of "corporate interests," of exploiting bankers and dominating captains of industry. The reader at first is tempted to grin at it all, as if it were in fact the parody or burlesque which it seems. But it is not necessary to charge outright insincerity. If a public man has used convenient epithets often enough, especially if he has won, or seemed to win, elections on the strength of them, he can hardly be blamed for coming to think that they are solid realities. They become a part of his mental baggage, often it is true merely a means of thought-saving, but to him full of meaning and quite indispensable in his business.

Thus it may be wiser as well as kinder to think of these wielders of the language of demagogues as artless gentlemen, not aware of the impression which they make upon the judicious, rather than as conscious hypocrites.

BAVARIA AND THE REICH.

The question of States' rights dominates German politics just now—specifically Bavarian rights. Though most of the special rights guaranteed by the Imperial Constitution disappeared in the reorganization made at Weimar, there are still States' rights in Germany, and there still exists that home-rule sentiment, that dislike of Berlin, which has always been strong in Bavaria. The present issue amounts virtually to nullification of a Federal law by the State Government, although under the pretense that measures to the same end have already been taken by the State. But notoriously Bavaria will do nothing serious against the monarchist conspirators who are the objects of the new law for "safeguarding the republic." Whatever the legal theories, the question is whether laws made by the Reichstag run in Bavaria when Bavarian sentiment is against them.

Ten years ago, even three years ago, foreign opinion would have sided with Bavaria. The Bavarians are or used to be a more agreeable race than the Prussians, and it was the general opinion that South Germany would never have been dangerous to the rest of Europe if Prussia had not made it over after the Prussian image. Yet today it is Prussia that stands up for republicanism, for a policy of getting along with the rest of the world; Bavaria has chosen to assert her particularist claims in defense of the men who made the war and who are now trying to overthrow the German Republic by assassination in order to restore the old Germany of blood and iron.

On this issue the rest of the world must side with the Berlin Government. Even those Frenchmen who have retained the hope of detaching South Germany, a hope disappointed in the days of NAPOLEON III. and much less plausible now, ought to realize that any apparent advantage which the division of Germany might bring would be far overbalanced by the persistence of a centre of militarist reaction in Munich. Germany cannot be abolished; she must be reformed; and the best hope of reform lies in the Central Republican Government. That Government is often feeble and hesitating, but it is more disposed to assert itself now than ever before. WALTHER RATHENAU is mighty yet; indeed, his spirit seems more influential now than when he was alive. The issue between Berlin and Munich can fairly be described as RATHENAU against LUDENDORFF.

It seems unlikely that the conflict will be settled by force. Nobody could profit from a war but the Bolsheviki, except perhaps the least admirable elements in France. The Wirth Government seems to be preparing a bombardment of notes, to be followed, it may be, by a suit in the German Supreme Court to settle the constitutional question. Neither notes nor court decisions will coerce the Bavarians; but just as the Kahr Government in Munich finally gave way last year on the question of the Orgesch, so the Lerchenfeld Government will probably submit in the long run when it sees that the only result of stubborn defiance will be the ruin of Bavaria along with Germany.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Another Soviet Retreat.

After eight years Russia is going back to the vodka—or, at least, to the Government monopoly of the manufacture of vodka, which was abandoned at the outbreak of the war. Prohibition was never very effective in Russia—though more effective, apparently, under the Soviets than before the revolution.

The retreat to capitalism has failed because capitalism refused to let Russia catch up with it. Like the celebrated character who had no place to go but off, nowhere to come but back, the Russians are now compelled to go back and live with and by their new economic gospel and see how they like it. They seem to have concluded that communism can be swallowed more easily if there is a little vodka to wash it down.

But what is this news that the new drink is to have only 36 per cent. of alcohol as against 43 per cent. of the prewar days? Foreigners who tried this vodka as an incident to their study of the Russian novel usually thought that it was at least 100 per cent. alcohol and probably more.

Types in Temperament.

At a recent meeting of the Royal Geographical Society in London, when the thoughts of all were well up Mount Everest with their fellow members, the President, Sir FRANCIS YOUNGHUSBAND, made some remarks about the two types of men in every expedition. Doubtless he was thinking only of such scientific expeditions, but these two types are in every great adventure in life where men go out together with a common goal but without an individual ambition.

One type is of men who, once they have started out, never allow themselves to suppose for a moment that the undertaking is to be anything else but an unqualified success. They are exhilarated by the contemplation of difficulties and dangers. The other type is of men who weigh the chances of success with cool deliberation and seem to take "unholy delight" in summing up the chances against them: each is a spur to the other. Such were the men who climbed Mount Everest and succeeded despite their failure to reach the top.

Explorers at Home.

Sir FRANCIS, however, turned from the far side of the Himalayas to speak of the home explorers, who need not have even a motor car, nor even a motorcycle or bicycle, much less oxygen apparatus. They need not have even youth, for what they do can, he said, be better done on foot and by men of 60 or 70 than of 20 or 30. They need not be expert naturalists nor trained surveyors, for maps are ready for their use, and bird books and flower books and the like. All they need is the power to understand, to get an impression that will be a true picture because it has preserved the essential details.

So the thousands whose imaginations have carried them to the Himalayas may, on this authority, become home explorers and real geographers, for it is the very essence of geography to know whatever stretch of earth it covers.

Dramatic Rights in the Kaiser.

In WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN'S suit against the dramatist who wants to produce a play entitled "Bismarck's Dismissal" one must allow for several kinds of wounded feelings—the emotion of a former sovereign who doesn't want himself impersonated by an actor, to be hissed or laughed at by the populace, and conceivably the bad conscience of an amateur statesman who may suspect, in his more candid communions with himself, that perhaps BISMARCK could have done it better, after all. This latter feeling, however, the ex-Kaiser would hardly confess. His counsel rests the argument largely on the right of a citizen to be protected against representation of his person and actions on the stage during his lifetime, which, it seems, has never been legally settled.

Fiction and the drama, which may take liberties with the facts in the interest of art or other things, have their legitimate fling at the life stories of the deceased; but when they essay to deal with the living they ought to cover up the identity of the characters, even if the disguise be transparent. Mr. SHAW has been in the habit of putting distinguished contemporary statesmen and critics into his plays, but the names are always fictitious, even when the make-up leaves no doubt of the identification. Revue, of course, has its own privileges; when WILL ROGERS impersonates Mr. HUGHES we feel that Mr. HUGHES has no ground for complaint, and yet if somebody wrote a tragedy about the Washington conference with Mr. HUGHES as the hero most people would feel that the ethics of the stage had been violated.

The dramatist might argue, of course, that as a sovereign WILLIAM HOHENZOLLERN is already dead; that he ought to say, like one of his distinguished predecessors:

> Jetzt bin Ich vor dem Tod dem Toten gleich,
> Und fall' in Trümmer, wie das alte Reich.

But, after all, there is a live HOHENZOLLERN at Doorn, live enough to be able to bring suit in the courts.

Education in Tidiness.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to my letter to you of July 19, wherein I stated that I am not in favor of placing any memorial building in Central Park, I would again refer to the importance of keeping the Park in clean condition and of trying to induce the visiting public not to strew waste paper and other waste on the lawns and other places in the Park. This, in my opinion, is not only desirable and important on account of trying to avoid having unsightly places in the Park, but particularly important because of its educational effect.

We have committees to Americanize the people that come here from foreign parts; in the countries from which these immigrants arrive lawns and public places are kept in a very clean and orderly condition. Is it a good thing to let them feel that they need not take care of the public property, but can be selfish and only look out for their own comfort and convenience, without considering the rest of the community?

ADOLPH LEWISOHN.
New York, July 25, 1922.

POISE.

> You will end life just as you close a favorite book,
> Turn off the shaded light and slowly climb the stairs.
> With you there'll be no startled cry, no wondering look
> When you behold the Room you're entered unaware.

VIOLET ALLEYN STOREY.

THE SUBWAY FIRE.

With Adequate Ventilation Danger Would Have Been Minimized.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Had ventilation been only fairly good in the Lexington Avenue subway, very little would have been heard of the fire that happened there last week. Even if a score of Pyrene containers had been emptied on the burning panel, only those within half a car length from the fire would have been inconvenienced to any appreciable extent, and this only during the short time it takes to move from one car to another.

In coal mines, where accidents of this sort occur quite frequently in electric locomotives, pump rooms or motor-generator stations, they result in little trouble or delay, although Pyrene is sometimes used freely to put out the fire. All gases evolved are promptly carried away, too abundantly diluted in the ventilating current to do harm to anybody.

Our subways are certainly easier to ventilate than coal mines. This is especially true of the Lexington Avenue line, where, the tracks being laid in two separate galleries, both of which have a large cross area, it would take comparatively little power to keep a current of pure air moving with a velocity sufficient to prevent such an accident as that of last week from being more than a source of quickly passed annoyances to the passengers and employes. A velocity of a couple of feet a second would be ample.

F. C. CORNET,
Consulting Mining and Mechanical Engineer.
New York, July 19, 1922.

FREDERICK LAW OLMSTED.

Proposed Memorial to Be Placed in Central Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

After reading your article in Sunday's issue of the 16th, "A Tale of Two Parks," referring to Frederick Law Olmsted, I am reminded of what Henry Ward Beecher said of him, viz.: "I would rather have done for humanity what Frederick Law Olmsted has done than any man living."

It has long seemed to me a great oversight that there was nothing in Central Park to stand as a recognition of what he achieved for humanity. Shortly before Bishop Potter died I heard him express the desire to start a movement to erect a statue in Central Park to Mr. Olmsted's memory.

If you are interested to accept contributions for such a project, I shall be glad to start it with my check for one hundred dollars, and know others who will do the same.

ELIZABETH C. THAYER.
Brooklyn, July 21, 1922.

Choate Sympathized With Wilson.

To The Editor of The New York Times:

In The Boston Transcript of June 15 George R. Bishop of New York has much to say in criticism of a speech of Dr. Henry van Dyke advocating the Woodrow Wilson Foundation. Mr. Bishop is especially irritated by references which Dr. van Dyke made to Mr. Choate, and says, in part: "He also referred to Mr. Choate as if he had approved of the politics * * * of Dr. van Dyke's 'epochal leader.' That Mr. Choate sympathized with the dilatory White House policies * * * is too grotesque to be, for a moment, tolerated, and if Dr. van Dyke intended to imply that such a condition existed he should be corrected and asked to apologize."

If Mr. Bishop will refer to Mr. Martin's "Life of Mr. Choate" he will learn from the following remarks therein quoted and addressed by Mr. Choate to The Associated Press, on April 20, 1917, how fully Mr. Choate had become converted to Mr. Wilson's policies and how great was his admiration of "our great President."

Remarks of Joseph H. Choate to The Associated Press on April 25, 1917:

"Let me say a word about our great President, for he is entitled at every step to the applause and support of every American citizen, man, woman and child, and I believe he has it.

"Some of us have long hesitated and doubted, some of us have thought that watchful waiting would never cease. But now we see what the President was waiting for and how wisely he waited. He was waiting to see how fast and how far the American people would keep pace with him and stand up to every action he proposed.

"From the day the President appeared before Congress and made that wonderful address of his—one of the greatest State papers since the formation of the Government—from that moment all doubt, all hesitation, all unwillingness was banished from the minds of all the people, and he is now our chosen leader for the great contest.

"By no possibility can we have any other, or think of any other, and we must uphold him through thick and thin from now until the end of the war."

ELLEN SHAW BARLOW.
Lenox, July 5, 1922.

The Late Dr. Goucher.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Dr. Goucher, the founder of Goucher College for Women, at Baltimore, whose death is reported this morning, was a unique figure in the educational world, a man of extraordinary personal charm, insight and constructive imagination. One of the foremost leaders of the foreign mission activities of the Methodist Episcopal Church, his view of those activities was in the highest degree statesmanlike and comprehensive. He was concerned with the unification and modernizing of the educational work of the mission societies and contributed liberally in both money and ideas to the upbuilding of educational institutions, particularly in the Far Eastern countries.

ELMER ELLSWORTH BROWN,
Chancellor, New York University.
New York, July 26, 1922.

Subway and Proposed Music Centre.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Concerning the proposed music centre at Fifty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue, one very necessary matter I have not seen mentioned at all.

Ever since the new subway has been in operation the rumble of the trains has been distinctly audible and very unpleasant during the progress of concerts in Carnegie Hall. It has greatly lessened the desirability of the hall for concerts. Before any steps are taken to locate the new centre at Fifty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue a map should be published showing just how far the auditoriums of the music centre will be from the path of the subway. From what I have noticed of hypersensitivity in such matters in this city I should not be surprised to find plans projected to place a music hall vertically above the very tracks.

J. F. BENLEY.
New York, June 27, 1922.

A Real Recreation Park.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I don't believe there is a city in the United States that has a park that will compare with Central Park. But how many people realize that next year the world's greatest city park will be completed? It begins at Bronx Park and for fifteen miles it follows the course of the Bronx River and connects with the Kensico reservoir at Valhalla.

There will be playgrounds, swimming pools, areas of eight beautiful lakes, set by eleven artistic bridges and a forty-foot boulevard. It will extend through the valleys and highlands of the Bronx and Westchester. A noted English statesman visiting here a short time ago said, "There is nothing like it in the Old World."

Roosevelt deserves immortality.

LAUNDRY PRICES.

Laundry Official Explains Factors Determining These Charges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

From time to time recently many well-meaning individuals have directed various complaints against the laundry industry through the medium of the public press. The usual complaint is against laundry prices.

I have particular reference at this time to the letter of A. H. Knasis, which appeared in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Sunday, July 2, under the caption "Laundry Prices."

In the first place, he charges that "laundry prices are too high." Everything is comparative in this world. It all depends upon the basis of comparison. Perhaps this little illustration may serve to make the point more marked. The average cost to the public of laundering a stiff collar, in New York City, is four cents. For this price the laundry calls at the home, takes the collar to the laundry, launders it, during which process it goes through from twelve to fifteen operations, returns it, spotless, to the home. A man usually wears a collar but a day. He kicks at the laundering charge. This same individual goes daily into a shoe-shining parlor and has his shoes shined, paying the bootblack ten cents and usually giving him a five-cent tip. Compare the two services. In the latter, the customer does most of the work. He takes the goods to the plant and takes them away. He loses the time there, as he has to wait for the operation to be performed.

The laundry industry of New York City is now asking the City Board of Education to establish courses in "The Science of Laundering" in order to give the young men and women of the city an opportunity to enter this growing industry, and provide the plants of the city with competent employes, fortified with sufficient knowledge to warrant their promotion to executive positions.

Now let us briefly consider the question of price. I have drawn up a table showing what happens to each dollar received in the laundry for service rendered. Laundry prices are based on costs, and costs are fairly uniform; therefore the prices are about the same. Any laundry which offers a service at a low price must cut the cost somewhere, and it cannot be done except at the expense of the supplies used, the labor employed, or in the handling of the goods. Laundry prices are like automobiles—there is a Ford service and there is a Rolls-Royce service. There are also many intermediate services. Consider this tabulation:

WHAT HAPPENS TO YOUR LAUNDRY DOLLAR.

Payroll, including productive labor, power plant and office employes, drivers, salesmen and executive salaries	.5400
Productive supplies, including soda, soap, bleach, blue, starch, paper, twine, boxes and boards, flat work ironer supplies and press covers, water softener supplies, &c.	.0772
Machinery upkeep, including repairs, depreciation, fire insurance, taxes, &c.	.0726
Building expense, including rent, repairs, depreciation real estate, taxes, insurance, light, &c.	.0258
Miscellaneous accounts, including gas, water, liability insurance, compensation insurance, power, delivery equipment upkeep, claims, advertising, stationery and printing, profit and loss account, &c.	.2100
Profit (not including dividends on stock, &c.)	.0746
Sales	$1.000

The only items entering into laundry service which have at all declined in price are soap, soda and miscellaneous supplies, such as paper, twine, &c. Based on the average laundry bundle of $3 per week, this reduction is less than 3 per cent. net.

Therefore, it can be plainly seen that laundry prices are not too high, based on actual service and quality of workmanship. The trouble is that in the past, before the war days, laundry prices were too low, and the laundry owner, through lack of knowledge of his costs, instead of making money from his customers, made it in terms of sweat and blood from his employes. We are now trying to right the wrong by paying our employes a decent and more than living wage. They earn it!

H. K. WILDER,
Secretary-Manager, the Laundry Board of Trade of Greater New York.
New York, July 7, 1922.

Radium Within General Reach.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We notice that in your issue of June 29 you gave prominence to the announcement by the United States Radium Corporation of the reduction in the price of radium from $120 to $100 a milligram, which had been made possible by lower cost of labor and transportation.

The public generally is not aware that radium as a therapeutic agent for cancer and other malignant diseases is within reach of all, and anything which tends to focus attention on the existence and availability of radium therapy is to be commended.

Radium therapy has been found by eminent physicians and surgeons such as Dr. Robert Abbe of St. Luke's Hospital, Dr. George Stuart Willis, Director of the radium department of the Post-Graduate Hospital, and Dr. Harvey B. Gaylor, Director of the Institute for the Study of Malignant Diseases, to be an effective means of combating the ravages of cancer and similar growths; and this reduction in the price of radium is consequently of great interest to the whole country, because the death toll of this disease annually is 80,000.

This reduction in the price of radium will tend to lessen the death rate from cancer, since it means that radium will now be available for the 10 thousands of additional cases. The radium appropriated by the physician or hospital or city or State will go further, and the same outlay of money will procure 15 to 20 per cent. more radium. Although the initial outlay for radium is considerable, it does not lose its strength for 2,000 years and can be used over and over again, since it does not deteriorate to any appreciable extent.

Besides widening the field of usefulness of this branch of therapy, the reduced cost of radium will probably make possible further experimentation which may result in even greater advances in the future.

Your interest in the subject is therefore commendable, and we take this occasion to congratulate you on your public-spirited action.

ARTHUR ROBIN,
Radium Information Service.
New York, July 15, 1922.

Rubbish on the Tide.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you not say a word about guarding the beaches of the city against rubbish which descends on all of them at high tide?

Rockaway Beach is one of the most beautiful beaches nearby, stretching out for many or more miles to Rockaway Point. It comes under the supervision of private owners and the Park Department, but they are unable to cope with the rubbish which floats in on the tide.

It is disgusting to bathe when mattresses, crates, tin cans, &c., come in around you, and it is difficult to expect the Park Department and property owners to do more than they are able in "policing" the beach.

M. PODRAM.
Fordham, N. Y., July 19, 1922.

ONE LAW FOR BOTH.

Labor as Well as Capital Should Be Decentralized.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the gravest errors in dealing with social relations is to assume that our democratic institutions are static and self-perpetuating. Most of us unconsciously fall into this error.

As a matter of fact, our free institutions are not static, but dynamic in the highest degree, and every generation must learn to adapt the vital forces of democracy to its own requirements. Our democratic form of government is not an achievement in the sense of being a completed work. It is rather a process which must be subjected to the constant supervision of patriotic men if we are to avoid the melancholy fate of other democracies and prevent a retrogression to the cruder and more elementary forms of government by classes, which must be supported by force instead of reason.

We need to emphasize the meaning of that phrase of the fathers, "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

In our generation this vigilance is not to be directed so much to influences outside of our national boundaries as to tendencies within our own borders. The protection of our free institutions from outside aggression is a simple proposition comparatively and one which, if the occasion ever arises, will find our people united in a common purpose. Those developments within our own social structure which tend to undermine our free institutions are more dangerous because more insidious and therefore difficult to resolve into clear issues.

The issue which is now urgently pressing for solution is that of the relations of capital and labor, especially as in industries which are of vital importance to the public welfare, such as railroads and coal mining.

Public opinion has already rendered an adverse verdict against unrestrained combinations of capital, and Congress has attempted to provide methods of restraint, such as the Sherman and Clayton acts, &c. Whether or not these methods should be revised, in the light of experience with their administration in recent years, is aside from our present discussion.

Public opinion has also rendered a favorable verdict on the abstract question of the right of workmen to organize for common defense, &c. The arbitrary and selfish use of the power of association by workmen is also a menace to the public welfare. This has been strikingly illustrated by the action of some of the railroad brotherhoods and the United Mine Workers of America. Some practical methods must, therefore, be adopted to prevent the abuse of power by labor organizations.

The law should jealously guard the right of workmen to organize for common defense. This is the natural, just and inevitable corollary of the right of individuals to organize as stockholders of a corporation. But having provided this protection in the fullest measure for the employes of a corporation, they should not be permitted to menace the public welfare by joint action with the employes of other corporations.

The issue confronting us may be expressed in these words:

"Decentralization of control of American industries by organized labor is as essential to the public welfare as decentralization of control by organized capital."

This can only be accomplished by bringing labor organizations under control of the same Federal laws which safeguard the public from combinations of capital.

The country is now in this anomalous position:

Under the present Federal laws it is illegal for two or more coal companies to act jointly in the sale of their product; at the same time, an irresponsible organization of miners, the United Mine Workers of America, which is not even incorporated, has the legal right to organize the employes of all the coal mining companies in the country, and so dominate the production of this commodity, which is so essential to the maintenance of modern civilization.

This highly autocratic, irresponsible organization has already succeeded in securing control of practically all of the anthracite mines and a large percentage of the bituminous mines, and, as a result, industry is being strangled. Not only the business but the health and comfort of the people, especially of the great Northwest, are being jeopardized by the coal strike.

The country, as never before, is faced with the necessity for statesmanship in high places, as against the mere playing for supposed party advantage. There can be no room in our scheme of government for an organization, either of capital or labor, which can successfully challenge the power of the State and Federal Governments in matters affecting the general welfare.

If this issue is made clear to the American people, I have no doubt that they will demand the enactment of the legislation necessary to accomplish this purpose and its enforcement by all of the resources of the Federal Government.

A PLAIN AMERICAN.
New York, July 23, 1922.

Verne Inspires Katonah.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In connection with yesterday's editorial and the past publicity given to the gold-seekers of Katonah, the writer desires to call attention to the following most unusual coincidence. If the reader will refer to Jules Verne's "Five Weeks in a Balloon," he will find the following in Chapter 22, entitled "A Good Man's Death":

"'What are you thinking of, Samuel?' inquired Kennedy.

"'Of the curious contrasts nature presents and the extraordinary effect of chance. Do you know in what ground this man of self-denial and simplicity has been buried?'

"'What do you mean, Samuel?'

"'This priest who had vowed himself to poverty now rests in a gold mine!'

And further down, the following paragraph:

"So you set to work with a will. He soon collected about a thousand pounds of quartz fragments,

DU PONT, CUT OFF, A STRIKE-BREAKER

Alfred Victor, Son of Divorced Mother, Takes Shop Job on Pennsylvania.

WAS STUDYING AT HARVARD

Son of Alfred I. du Pont Was Disinherited When He Stood by His Mother.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., July 26.—Alfred Victor du Pont, the disinherited son of Alfred I. du Pont, one of the forty richest men in the United States, starts work tomorrow morning as a strike-breaker in the local shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Young du Pont is about 23 years old and a student at Harvard, and was here spending the vacation season at his mother's home. His announcement that he was going to take the place of a striker as an apprentice was a surprise to the few he informed and possibly not more than a half dozen are aware that the former heir to $40,000,000 or $50,000,000 will earn 29 cents an hour by working eight or ten hours in the humid shop buildings.

Just what his intentions are no one seems to understand. He is a serious student, and, it is thought, may be seeking to gather direct information relative to the problems of labor and capital, possibly with a view to utilizing it after he finishes his college course. All he announced was that he would report for work at 8 A. M. tomorrow in overalls and jumper with two friends and would continue indefinitely. He may enroll under another name.

Alfred Victor du Pont is spare and good looking, with little resemblance to his father's family. He is said to be one of the best men in his class at Harvard. He is popular in society here.

His father and the latter's third wife are touring Europe with the brother of the second wife, Major E. C. Bradford, who accompanied Mr. and Mrs. du Pont to England to attend the wedding of his niece, the daughter of his sister, Mrs. Alicia Bradford Maddox du Pont. They are traveling in the usual du Pont luxury with a retinue of servants and living, while in Paris, in the du Pont residence in the most fashionable section.

The wedding of Alicia Maddox du Pont in London was celebrated with much splendor. The new heiress to the millions of the powder manufacturer and banker married a penniless New England man who had gained a Rhodes Scholarship and had just completed his career at Oxford a day or two before the wedding. He is Harold Sanford Glendenning, 24 years old, the son of a Norwalk, Conn., mail carrier. The millions that would have gone to Alfred du Pont will go to his father's stepdaughter, the daughter of his second wife. With the great fortune the Glendennings will also inherit the great responsibilities attendant on directing many enterprises, for Alfred I. du Pont has broken with all his children and has settled all their claims for them according to law. The eldest daughter, Madeline, who left her mother's house after the parents had separated, returned to her father and was taken in, but soon thereafter she eloped with John Ellancroft, and later, after appealing for divorce, hurried to Europe and married a German, the corespondent of her husband's suit.

None of the other children so far is known has crossed the threshold of the du Pont home since the separation, although it was reputed at one time, following the death of Mrs. Bradford Maddox du Pont, the second Mrs. du Pont, that a reconciliation with the first wife would not come as a surprise. Mr. du Pont's marriage several months ago to a middle-aged woman who had taught him the sign language proved that report unfounded. Mr. du Pont was then past 60. He is not only almost totally deaf but has lost the sight in one eye through the loss of an eye while hunting. The three other children have adhered closely to the mother and have, it is said, merely bowed to their father when they met him.

Alfred Victor du Pont never forgave his father for accusing his mother of infidelity and for disputing his own (Alfred Victor's) parentage. The father had a bill passed by the Delaware Legislature in 1913 changing Alfred Victor's name to Dorsey Caxenove du Pont, but the measure was not signed by the Governor. This was such a blow to the boy, who was then at school at Great Barrington, that he wrote a note of protest to his mother and his matched her strength in the Legislature against that of her husband and won.

Nevertheless, if the great grilled gateway of bronze leading to Nemours, one of the most luxurious homes in America, is closed to the disinherited son and if he never again visits the magnificent estate with its 100-room mansion, park of 200 acres in an estate of more than five square miles, he will have the aid of his cousin and the family generally.

There are reports that his uncle, Pierre S. du Pont, sent a check for $3,000,000 or $4,000,000 as a dowry when the second sister of Alfred Victor married W. Haidekoper of Washington. All the other members of the family contributed rich gifts and made it a point to attend the wedding, which attracted neither the father nor his second wife.

Young Alfred is comparatively poor for a du Pont. His mother's settlement allowance was not generous, in view of the wealth of the husband who discarded her.

PICKFORD TO WED JULY 30.

His Marriage to Marilynn Miller Advanced Two Days.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., July 26.—The date of the wedding of Marilynn Miller of the stage and Jack Pickford of the screen has been advanced from Aug. 1 to July 30. The announcement was made by Jack's mother, Mrs. Charlotte Pickford, also mother of Mary Pickford, the wife of Douglas Fairbanks.

Miss Miller arrived here yesterday, and she and her fiancé were discussing their plans for being married Aug. 1 when Mrs. Pickford interrupted:

"No, they'll be married next Sunday—at 7 o'clock Sunday night—so there will be no interruptions in the picture work."

"All right," said Jack and Marilynn.

The wedding will be at Doug's and Mary's home in Beverly Hills.

Phelps—Ketchum.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Van Rensselaer Ketchum of New York announce the marriage of their only child, Miss Helen Van Rensselaer Ketchum, to George Osborne Phelps on June 27 at Tamora, Newport, R. I.

Papal Secretary Receives Americans

ROME, July 26.—Cardinal Gasparri, Papal Secretary of State, today received Henry Morgenthau of New York, and Dr. Herbert Adams Gibbons, correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor, and discussed the situation of Christians in Asiatic Turkey, from which region Mr. Gibbons has just returned.

Lawyer Is Fined $200.

A fine of $200 was imposed yesterday by Magistrate Charles A. Oberwager in Morrisania Court on Herman G. Friedman, a lawyer, of 138 West Ninety-third Street, as managing agent of a five-story tenement at 537 East 138th Street, owned by his wife, Emma A. G. Friedman, for not keeping the building in repair.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Russell Grace of Old Westbury, L. I., are at the St. Regis for a short visit.

Mrs. Robert L. Stevens gave a luncheon at Pierre's yesterday for her daughter, Miss Mary S. Stevens, and Mrs. Oliver Perin also entertained at luncheon there for her sister, Mrs. Edward S. J. McVickar.

Mrs. L. Hastings Arnold has come in from her country place at Smithtown, L. I., and is at the Lorraine for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Osgood Field entertained yesterday in the Italian Garden at the Ambassador at luncheon, and among the guests were their two sons, William Osgood and F. Vanderbilt Field.

Baron Maurice de Vaux Verus entertained last evening at his home, 635 Park Avenue, for the Duke and Duchess de Richelieu.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Cooper gave a dinner in the roof garden at the Ritz-Carlton last night for Mrs. Goodhue Livingston, J. Gordon Douglas, Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d and former Governor R. Livingston Beeckman of Rhode Island. Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Drexel Biddle Jr. also gave a dinner there last night, their guests including Mrs. de Lancey Newland, Herman C. Hoffer Jr., A. E. Duke and Van Rensselaer C. King.

Mrs. Henry W. Lowe, Mrs. Barrett Andrews and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Emery were among those giving small luncheon parties yesterday at Sherry's. Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Thomas entertained at dinner there last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Norment of Washington, D. C., are at the Ritz-Carlton, and will sail on Saturday for Europe on the Majestic. Sir Archibald Mitchelson, who was at the hotel, after returning from Europe, has gone to Toronto.

Mrs. J. P. Brown of Newport will return from England after the Cowes regatta, where she will be the guest of a member of the Royal Squadron Yacht-ing Club during that week.

Colonel and Mrs. S. Frederick Dallam, who have been in the White Mountains, are at the Astor for a few days before going to Washington, D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. MacCorkle are leaving Garden City this week and will spend the remainder of the Summer in California.

Mrs. Francis M. Scott is spending the Summer with her daughter, Mrs. Joseph R. Truesdale, at Westbury, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Bridgman, who are at Fox Hill, their place at Norfolk, Conn., are sailing on the Majestic on Saturday for a short visit to England.

Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish Jr. are spending the Summer at Berkeley Manor Inn, Central Valley, N. Y.

Mrs. Charles P. Barton Jr. is staying with her mother, Mrs. George L. McAlpin, at Dune Alpin, East Hampton, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald L. G. Auchincloss are at the Maidstone Inn, East Hampton, for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Van Brunt, who have been occupying their cottage on South Beach Lane, at East Hampton, have left for the Adirondacks, to remain until early September.

Mrs. Robert Hewitt of Ardsley-on-Hudson has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. James Eads Switzer, at Great Neck, L. I. Another daughter, Mrs. Rufus Sewall of Boston returned on the Majestic after spending two years abroad with her son, R. Lentner Sewall, and will visit her mother at Ardsley-on-Hudson.

Newport.

The Clambake Club was the centre of social interest last night. The occasion was a dinner, followed by dancing, given by Paul J. Rainey, who this season is stopping at the Ten Mile Mr. Rainey had about twenty guests for dinner and later a hundred or more came in for the dancing.

For the party the interior of the clubhouse had been hung with oak boughs, giving the place a forest effect. Tubs of orangeset were placed along the edge of the grounds and about the entrance. There were also many hanging baskets filled with amber-shaded gladioli with strings of hydrangeas raining down from them. The dinner table was decorated with yellow dahlias and delphinium.

Conde Nast, who will be among those giving dinners tonight, returned from New York last evening.

Every one of the boxes for the invitation tennis tournament next month has been taken.

Roger Cutler of New York has arrived at the Muenchinger-King.

Dr. Henry Barton Jacobs is to preside at the meeting at the Art Association this afternoon under the direction of the Rhode Island Society for Mental Hygiene. The meeting was originally planned for the Summer home of the Misses Mason on Rhode Island Avenue but so many of the Summer colony accepted invitations that a larger place had to be secured. Dr. Thomas W. Salmon and Dr. Frankwood E. Williams are to be the speakers.

The Misses Fanny and Marion Wickes, Elisabeth Woodward and Marion Gray have entered for the girls' singles tennis tournament that is to start at the Casino next Monday.

Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James spoke at the meeting of the Newport Current Topic Club yesterday afternoon, Mrs. Lansing Lee presiding.

There was a gathering of the women of the Summer colony at the Casino Theatre yesterday afternoon for the musicale given under the direction of Mrs. William A. Clark of New York. The artists were Miss Greta Torpadie, soprano, and John Corigliano, violinist. Mrs. George Cornelius Corcoran acted as accompanist for Miss Torpadie, who is visiting her at her Summer home, and George Bilotti was accompanist for Mr. Corigliano, who during the program played a group of Mrs. Corcoran's songs. Those who occupied boxes with their friends were Mrs. John Aspegren, Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mrs. Frank M. Bruguiere and Mrs. Clarke Howell Woodward.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt 2d has gone to New York for a few days.

Edwin J. Berwind arrived at the Elms last night from New York, joining his sister, Miss Julia Berwind, who has been there for some days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Mullen of New York and W. M. Regan of San Juan are at the New Cliffs.

It was learned yesterday that Mrs. Charles Frederick Hoffman, who was in Newport early in the season and then went abroad, is to return in a short time and that she plans to open Armsea Hall for the remainder of the season.

Rear Admiral William H. Brownson left for New York last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Alwyn Ball 3d registered yesterday afternoon at the Casino.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Jr. Rickard son entertained at dinner last evening and among their guests were Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. William Fahnestock, Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Mrs. J. J. Wysong, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Quentin Jones, General and Mrs. W. E. Wilder, General Nelson A. Miles Dr. and Mrs. Roderick Terry, Dudley Gilbert and Mrs. Alexander Phillips.

Mr. and Mrs. Joel E. Fisher gave a dinner last evening at the Corners.

A luncheon was given yesterday by Mrs. W. Storrs Wells at Chatewobe, and Countess Szechenyi, who is soon to close her Newport stay, gave another beach party for her children and their little friends.

N. B. L. Swan has registered at the Casino.

Miss Margaret L. Bryan of New York, Mrs. Otis Porter of Harrisburg, Pa., and Mrs. Frank Curtiss Smith of San Antonio, Texas, are at Hilltop Inn.

Mrs. William Goadby Loew is visiting in New York.

Mrs. Daniel W. Jones has left for St. Louis, where she is now making her home.

Mrs. Lewis S. Treadwell is arriving at the Pines Lodge on Aug. 3.

Mr. and Mrs. Gustav J. S. White will be among those who will give dinners at the first of the series of dinner dances to be given at Hilltop Inn on Saturday evening.

Miss Ethel King was the winner yesterday afternoon of the nine-hole medal play sweepstakes for women at the Newport Country Club. Miss King played against a field of eleven entrants.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Pratt of New York are arriving today to be the weekend guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. Suffern Tailer, who will give a dinner for them on Friday night. Mrs. Eugene Reynal is having a dinner for them tonight, and Dr. and Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice one on Saturday night.

Southampton.

Mrs. George Barton French will entertain the heads of the various committees of the Midway booths of the Street Fair this afternoon at her Summer home, Darina, in Ox Pasture Road. This will be the last meeting of her committees before the fair, which will open in Agawam Park Aug. 4.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Tony will give a cabaret dinner to thirty-five of their friends at Darina Saturday night in honor of Mrs. William B. Scalfe of Pittsburgh and Mrs. Lawrence Dilworth. Mrs. Dilworth and Mrs. Scalfe will sing a number of Southern songs.

Angier B. Duke, who has been in New York since Monday, will return today with his mother, Mrs. Benjamin N. Duke, who will remain a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Esmond O'Brien, who motored to New York Sunday night, returned last night.

Mrs. P. A. Valentine will have with her at her Summer home for the next two weeks Miss Louise B. Willard of Greenwich, Conn., and Mrs. Bradish Carroll, who will arrive Monday to be the guest of Mrs. Valentine for several days.

Mrs. J. Clifton Edgar will entertain at a dinner party at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club for Miss Louise Willard next Thursday.

Mrs. Horace H. Work has with her at her Summer home in Ole Lane Mrs. Alan Brown of Madison, N. J., who will remain for two weeks. Horace H. Work and Alan Brown started by automobile for the camp of Mr. Brown at Bath, Ontario, where they will be on a fishing trip for the next two weeks.

Mrs. Percy H. Stewart is the donor of the prizes for this week's women's handicap match, which will be played on the links of the Shinnecock Hills golf course today.

Mrs. Finley Peter Dunne will give a luncheon for Mrs. Percy H. Stewart this afternoon at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club.

Mrs. T. Gaillard Thomas entertained at luncheon yesterday for the Misses Alida Coonley Iroven and Laura Phillips of Troy, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tiffany, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas A. Howell at their Summer home on Ram's Island in Shinnecock Hills for a few days, left for New York yesterday.

Mrs. William W. Hoppin Jr., who has been in New York since Monday, returned yesterday morning. In the afternoon Mrs. Hoppin received the guests who came to view the exhibition of portraits in the Parrish Memorial Hall by Alfred Hoen, the French portrait painter.

This afternoon the annual flower show of the Southampton Horticultural Society will open.

Friday afternoon Master Tony, young son of Angier B. Duke, will celebrate his fourth birthday with a lawn party on the grounds of Sandhurst, the Summer home of his father. Angier B. Duke Jr., his elder brother, will assist in receiving the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Esmond O'Brien will entertain at dinner at the Shinnecock Hills Golf Club House Friday night for thirty guests in honor of Miss Katherine Mackay and Kenneth O'Brien, who will be married Sept. 28 in Roslyn, L. I. Later in the evening they will join the dancers at the club.

Mr. and Mrs. Morstead Patterson will give a dinner for Miss Mackay and Mr. O'Brien Saturday night, afterward going to the Meadow Club for the weekly dance.

SAWYER DEFENDS HOSPITAL POLICY

President's Physician Denies He Has Delayed Work of Caring for Veterans.

ALL POSSIBLE BEING DONE

Says There Are 28,412 Hospital Beds Available, but Only 19,191 Are Occupied.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Brig. Gen. Sawyer, personal physician to President Harding, tonight issued a reply to charges made by A. A. Sprague, Chairman of the American Legion Rehabilitation Committee, that he had delayed and obstructed hospitalization work for veterans. He offered figures to show that hospitalization work had not been unduly delayed and quoted numerous telegrams and letters from members of the Hospitalization Board and others to show that he had co-operated in the work.

"These facts certainly show that the United States Government is doing every consistent thing possible for the disabled veteran," said General Sawyer's statement, and for the length of time at its disposal everything has been achieved which human agency could accomplish. It is the determination of the present Administration to give to the disabled World War veteran the very best of hospital service that can be possibly provided.

"It shall be my constant effort and my policy to proceed with reason, efficiency and economy in carrying out such of its affairs as come to the attention of the Federal Board of Hospitalization. From this position I will not be forced, cajoled or stampeded. The American people should know the hospital situation as it really exists at the present time and they will be able to determine whether the United States Government is making an effort to take care of its disabled, and whether the charges of Sprague are just.

"At present under Government control and operation, there are in the United States ninety-nine hospitals, with a capacity of 28,412 beds, 19,191 of which are unoccupied. The White Committee has supplied and turned over to the Veterans' Bureau 2,598 beds, and will have provided in the completed program 6,169 beds. The Veterans' Bureau has under process of construction at the present time 3,500 additional beds, which have already been located and work commenced. There is engaged in this hospital service a personnel of about one attendant to each patient.

"When the hospitalization plan of the Government shall have been completed as now contemplated—and which is being hurried to early completion—will represent in all of the departments a total expenditure of approximately $300,000,000."

General Sawyer quotes a telegram from Colonel Sprague to Frank Ryan, editor of the Newspaper Enterprise Association, in response to a question by Mr. Ryan asking General Sawyer to comment on the statement by Legion officials that he had delayed the hospital building program and that he was ineligible to hold his army commission because of his duties in the Indoor Council. Colonel Sprague wired as follows:

"General Sawyer has shown me your telegram. I have been as closely in touch as any individual with the hospital program for disabled ex-service men, and I am sure that the return trip was in charge that the General has delayed the hospital program is false. The latter part of the charge is too trivial and futile to answer.

"General Sawyer has given much valuable advice and assistance to this work, and I am sure that misinformation and ignorance of facts are responsible for this ridiculous and unfortunate statement."

General Sawyer quotes other messages which, apparently he solicited, from Major Gen. Ireland, Surgeon General of the Army; Admiral Stitt, Surgeon General of the Navy; Hugh S. Cummings, head of the Public Health Service, and Charles E. Winslow, member of the Federal Board of Hospitalization. All deny that General Sawyer has hampered or delayed the Government program.

BACK CATHOLIC LEADER AS PREMIER OF ITALY

King Is Expected to Call Meda to Form a Cabinet—Mussolini Duel Is Off.

ROME, July 26.—Signor de Facta called on the King at the Quirinal this afternoon and expressed to the monarch his opinion that after the failure of Signor Orlando and Signor Bonomi to form a Cabinet the best man to solve the crisis would be Signor Meda, who, as the leader of the Catholic Party, had been chiefly instrumental in the overthrow of the de Facta Government. Signor Tittoni and Signor de Nicola expressed the same opinion to the King.

It is expected that King Victor Emmanuel will call Signor Meda to the Quirinal tomorrow. Meda's friends are endeavoring to persuade him to overcome his reluctance and form a Government.

A request to come to Rome has been sent to Signor Meda, who is at present in Milan. It is probable that he will be asked to organize a Cabinet.

Deputy Benito Mussolini, leader of the Fascisti, and Signor Luccness, editor of a Socialist newspaper, will not meet in a duel. Mussolini was challenged by Luccheni because of a political article which Mussolini had published. The men who were asked to act as seconds have agreed that there was no intention on the part of Mussolini to offend Luccheni.

Mussolini is advocating general elections because he says the chamber does not represent the feeling of the people of the country. If elections are held, he declares, there will be more Fascisti elected than Socialists.

He denounces the Catholic Party, which he charges made arrangements for the Bank of Italy, which he holds is almost a Government institution, to advance 2,000,000,000 lire to the Bank of Rome, a Catholic organization, to prevent the Bank of Rome from falling like the Banca Italiana di Sconto, which got into financial difficulties last December.

COUNTESS TO ADOPT PAINTER'S WIFE

Mrs. Tartoue to Become the Daughter of the Widow of Vicomte de Tocqueville.

Announcement was made yesterday that Claudia Windsor Tartoue, wife of Pierre Tartoue, portrait painter, with whom she has been in litigation since a few months after their marriage, is to be adopted today by Mme. de Tocqueville, widow of Vicomte Augustin René Clerel de Tocqueville, who was an officer of the Legion of Honor and whose late husband had a house in Paris and the Château de Tourlaville near Cherbourg.

Mme. de Tocqueville, in explaining her purpose in adopting Mrs. Tartoue, said that the latter was about the age her own little girl would have been had she lived, and that she knew Tartoue in France before the latter married the young woman, and has sympathized with the latter in her troubles with the painter.

The final proceedings which will make Mrs. Claudia Windsor Tartoue the adopted daughter of the Countess de Tocqueville will take place today, according to the law firm of Berger & Hartmann, counsel in the proceedings. A conference was held yesterday between the representatives of the firm at 217 Broadway and the Countess and Mme. Tartoue, at which final details were completed.

After the documents are signed they will be submitted to the Surrogate Court. If the Court issues an order decreeing the adoption, the proceedings will be completed with the filing of the papers with the County Clerk. Mme. Tartoue at first expressed reluctance to use the titles which would be bestowed upon her through the proceedings, preferring to use her maiden name. The Countess, however, has insisted that she adopt the title of Countess Claudia Windsor de Rampan de Changuestot.

The adoption will make the little California girl who was born Claudia Windsor a member of one of the oldest of the French noble families, and one which has been prominent in French history since the ninth century.

BOARD OF EDUCATION HONORS MRS. FORSYTHE

Says Equal Pay Bill, Due to Her, Was Step in Advancement of Women.

A resolution of deep regret was adopted unanimously by the Board of Education yesterday on the death on July 21 of Associate Superintendent Grace Strachan Forsythe. It expressed appreciation of her long and faithful service in the public school system of the city and in the cause of education generally.

The law about equal pay for teachers, male and female, which was passed owing to her efforts, it said, was universally regarded as a decided forward step in the advancement of women, which reached its culmination in the adoption of the Nineteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution. The tribute will be engrossed and sent to members of her family.

A resolution was adopted approving the opening of fifty-seven school yards in congested sections of the city to the public from 7 to 9:30 P. M. daily during July and August. A committee was appointed to open additional school yards if desirable.

Commissioner M. Samuel Stern said that swimming pools for adults have been opened in the following schools:

Public School 68, Brooklyn, four nights a week for men and two nights for women; No. 89, Brooklyn, three nights for men and three nights for women; High School of Commerce, Manhattan, six nights for men; Nos. 4, 83, 40 and 45, and Evander Childs High School, all in the Bronx, three nights each for men and three for women. Mr. Stern said it was his intention to have pools for the children opened in the schools in the congested districts.

The board approved of a new building for the Girls' Commercial High School, Brooklyn, to accommodate 4,500 children.

LADY ASTOR ENLIVENS LATE COMMONS DEBATE

She Stays Wide Awake and Argues Heatedly in Early Morning Hours.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, July 27. The House of Commons was in session this morning until 2:45 o'clock discussing the Criminal Law Amendment bill, and one of the most watchful members present was Lady Astor, who, with Mrs. Wintringham, was present until the House rose.

Lady Astor was very active and complained loudly of the movers of the amendments who were trying "to wreck the bill."

Her arguments with Sir George Hamilton were heated on one occasion. She was speaking of the bill as one to protect young girls and Sir George interrupted to point out it was also designed to protect young boys.

"It is all very well," cried Lady Astor, "for the Honorable Members who know nothing about the matter to speak like this."

Sir George replied that he knew as much about the bill as Lady Astor, whereupon she simply shouted: "You will not know as much about it if you live to be a hundred."

BISHOP JOHN GRIMES, LONG ILL, DIES AT 69

He Had Been Head of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Syracuse for Ten Years.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 26.—Bishop John Grimes of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Syracuse died at 9:10 o'clock tonight after a long period of illness, which had been critical for the last ten days.

He was born in County Limerick, Ireland, Dec. 18, 1852, and was educated at the National School and Results College in Ireland and at the Grand Seminary in Montreal. Following his ordination in 1882, he was an assistant at St. Mary's Church in this city for five years. After a three years' interval as pastor in Whitesboro, N. Y., he returned to St. Mary's and remained there since 1890. He was consecrated bishop coadjutor of Syracuse in May, 1909, and bishop in August, 1912.

GOOD-WILL DELEGATES SAIL.

Eighty-Six on Liner Carrying American's Message to France.

For two hours prior to her sailing for Plymouth and Havre the decks of the French liner France were crowded yesterday with the relatives of eighty-six young women from fifty cities in the United States who compose what has been designated "America's good will to France." In selecting the delegates $500,000 was raised by the American Committee for Devastated France through a voting contest in each of the fifty cities. The money has been applied to France to the committee, of which Miss Anne Morgan is Chairman.

Four gold star mothers accompany the party. All of the young women delegates are unmarried, and the committee believed it fitting that there should be a few mothers in the party. These are Mrs. Herman H. Birney and Mrs. William Abbey of Philadelphia, Mrs. Otto Brewer of Wichita, Kan., and Mrs. Clay S. Stephens of Nashville, Tenn. They will visit the graves of their sons. Supreme Court Justice Alfred R. Page of Brooklyn sailed on the France with Alexander Konta to visit Europe.

BOYS' CLUBS AT 'DEWINTON.'

New York and Greenwich Rotarians Also Attend Outing.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., July 26.—The second annual outing for boys' clubs from New York and Greenwich was held yesterday at Dewinton, the estate of Ernest Thompson Seton, the naturalist, on Round Hill Road. Eighty boys from eleven different boys' clubs in New York and seventy boys from the Greenwich Boys' Club, fifteen New York Rotarians and four members of the local Rotary Club were the guests of Mr. Seton.

Raymond J. Kloepper, Chairman of the Boys' Work Committee of the New York Rotary Club, and Justus B. Ritch of Greenwich, member of the Greenwich Rotary Club, were Chairmen, and Mr. Ritch was assisted by Frederick G. Smith, Paul B. Russell, J. T. Tracy and Robert B. Sullivan.

Games were played in the open during the afternoon, which included a treasure hunt, "spot the rabbit," "fuzz stick" and "tree hunt." Members of the Greenwich Boys' Club won the largest number of prizes.

At 5 P. M. a fire was started, over which were cooked brigand steaks. A grand council followed, and because of a heavy rainstorm this was held in the Indoor Council Ring. Chief Seton of the Wood Craft League of America presided and told ghost and other stories. Reports of last year's outing were read and accepted and all sorts of stunts and games were indulged in. At 9:30 P. M. the return trip was made by the New York Rotarians and the boys in automobiles.

CHARLES R. MILLER'S WILL.

Estate Goes to Children, With George Fred Williams as Executor.

The will of Charles Ransom Miller, editor-in-chief of THE TIMES, who died at his home, 635 Park Avenue, on July 18, was filed in the Surrogates' Court yesterday after it had been found in a box of the Fifth Avenue Safe Deposit Company and had been removed under a court order.

The will was made in 1901 and left the entire estate to Mrs. Miller, who was Miss Frances Daniels. Mr. Miller provided that if his wife died before him the estate was to go to the children, Hoyt Miller and Miss Madge Miller. Mrs. Miller died in 1908.

Mr. Miller named his wife as executrix and urged that she be guided in the administration of the estate by "my friend, George Fred Williams." He directed that if his wife died before him Mr. Williams, who was his classmate at Dartmouth in the class of 1872, should act as executor. No petition for the probate of the will has been filed.

PHYSICIANS GO ABROAD.

Several Among Passengers Sailing on American Liner Mongolia.

Among the passengers sailing today for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Hamburg on the steamship Mongolia of the American Line are a number of physicians going to attend medical conferences. Among them are Dr. Charles F. Kettering, Dr. Oscar Ziegler, Dr. A. C. Beck, Dr. C. O. M. Kayser of Princeton, Dr. A. C. Germann of Chicago and Dr. Roltman of Philadelphia.

Other passengers include Rt. Rev. Bishop J. Taylor Hamilton, the Rev. Paul C. Schwerin of Newark and the Rev. J. Kenneth Pfohl of Bethlehem, Pa., Murray Taylor, Mrs. Sarah J. King, the Rev. and Mrs. George F. Taylor of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Eldridge Sundy, Miss Eleanor Sundy, Miss Wilhelmina Sundy, Mrs. A. Berthean, Mr. Berthean, Mrs. L. E. Winslow, Miss Yvonne Winslow, Garth Winslow of San Francisco; Mrs. Mary E. Lockwood, Washington; Mr. and Mrs. William C. Bulleck and Thomas McConnell 3d, Philadelphia, and Mr. and Mrs. John Hinmans, Jonah Bird, Mrs. Dorothy Neely and Miss Mildred Neely of Brooklyn.

PRESIDENT VAN BUREN SAILS

Many Passengers Leave on Liner for Plymouth and Cherbourg.

The steamship President Van Buren of the United States Lines, sailed yesterday for Plymouth, Cherbourg and London. Among the passengers were:

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. de Konen, Captain N. L. Smith, Miss H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Parrish, Mr. and Mrs. L. Munford, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Johnson, Dr. S. C. Hester, Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Hall, Misses C. and E. Alberti, C. E. Dickenson Jr., Miss Hazel Dixon, Miss Mabel Grant, Miss Florence E. Wood, Miss D. Thomas, Mrs. George B. Rea, Miss Anne Rea, Miss B. J. Johnson, Miss O. Hoffman, Miss Florence Hawes, Miss Alice Harrison, Miss E. Browne and Miss F. G. Carpenter.

GIFT TO LONDON DENTISTS.

Northwestern University Will Present a Bust of Dr. Black.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 26.—A bust of Dr. Crosse V. Black, father of American dentistry, has been presented by Northwestern University of Chicago to the dental school of the University College Hospital.

It will be unveiled on Monday, the presentation being made by Professor Frederick W. Menifield of Northwestern.

Bank Commissioner Bissland Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 26.—State Bank Commissioner John R. Bissland dropped dead of heart disease tonight at his home in Enfield. He was Deputy Commissioner for several years under Everett J. Sturges, and was appointed Commissioner by Governor Lake last March when Mr. Sturges resigned.

FUNERAL HONORS TO SLAIN POLICEMAN

Commissioner Enright and 100 Patrolmen in Procession at Loewe Obsequies.

THOUSANDS LINE STREETS

Coffin Borne on the Shoulders of Six Fellow-Officers From Home to Church.

An "Inspectors' Funeral," one of the highest honors that the Police Department can give to a comrade killed in the performance of duty, was accorded to Patrolman Arthur V. Loewe yesterday. Loewe was killed last Saturday morning by "Liverpool Jack" Walsh, a burglar, whom with three others Loewe was trying to arrest. Walsh was shot and killed by Loewe.

Commissioner Enright, Deputy Commissioner John A. Leach, Chief Inspector William J. Lahey and three other Inspectors were among those who joined the funeral procession at 9:30 in the morning as it left the home of the dead officer at Fourth Avenue and Seventy-fourth Street, Bay Ridge. The escort, in charge of Inspector John L. Falconer and Captains Thomas Brennan and Hubert A. Callahan, consisted of four Lieutenants, eight sergeants and one hundred patrolmen, among them brother members of Loewe in the Lafayette Post of the American Legion.

Thousands of people lined the streets to watch the procession with its flag-draped coffin borne on the shoulders of six fellow-patrolmen of the Fifth Avenue precinct as it moved to the Church of Our Lady of Angels, at Fourth Avenue and Seventy-third Street. The police band played "Nearer My God to Thee."

The celebrant at the requiem mass was Father Charles H. Evenson. Father Bracken. He was assisted by the Rev. John Pendleton of Holy Cross Church, Brooklyn, the Rev. Ambrose Aikens of St. Ambrose Church. The Rev. Joseph Reilly was master of ceremonies.

The Police Glee Club sang the requiem mass by Pietro Yon and three hymns. Interment was in Holy Cross Cemetery, where a salute was fired by eight ex-soldier policemen, and "Taps" sounded by a department bugler.

While Loewe's funeral was in progress one of the men involved in the beating with Walsh on Saturday morning was being arraigned in the Fifth Avenue Court charged with the murder of the policeman. His name was given as John Doyle of 723 Second Avenue, Manhattan. Doyle was arrested early yesterday morning at the Bowery and Bayard Streets by Brooklyn detectives who assert that Doyle was a close companion of "Liverpool Jack's," with a long police record. He pleaded not guilty and was held without bail for a hearing today.

DR. HAROLD BARCLAY DIES AT BIARRITZ

Cable Informs Relatives of Sudden Death of Specialist Who Was Traveling With His Wife.

Dr. Harold Barclay of 58 East Fifty-sixth Street, one of the leading specialists in New York in gastro-enteric diseases, died suddenly Tuesday at Biarritz, France, according to a cable dispatch received yesterday by relatives in this city. The message contained no further information, and members of his family were unable last night to suggest any theory as to the probable cause of Dr. Barclay's death. Mrs. Barclay was with him at Biarritz. They have been spending their vacation trip. For years Dr. Barclay has been recognized as an exceptionally able practitioner in the treatment of diseases of the stomach and intestines. He had a wide circle of friends in his profession and in society to all of whom the news of his death came as a shock, for he was popular and in the full tide of his career as a physician.

He was about 48 years old, a graduate of Harvard College in 1897 and of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1899. He belonged to the Academy of Medicine, the American Medical Association, and was an assistant attending physician to Bellevue Hospital. His clubs included the Union, Players and the Brook. His wife before her marriage was Miss Helen F. Potter, a daughter of the late Dr. Elphalet Knott Potter and a niece of Bishop Potter. There are no children.

MRS. D. P. GRISWOLD DEAD.

As Annie Robie She Was a Prominent Actress in the Eighties.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., July 26.—Mrs. Annie Robe Griswold, widow of Daniel Paine Griswold of New York, died suddenly today at her villa, the Geranium Cottage. She was born in London, England, about sixty years ago, and had been a Summer resident of Lenox twenty years. After their marriage Mr. and Mrs. Griswold lived much in London and Paris. He died in 1912.

Mrs. Griswold was formerly an actress. As Annie Robie she was prominent on the stage more than thirty years ago. Mrs. Griswold was interested in Berkshire charities, having always a prominent part in benefits for the Home for Crippled Children at Pittsfield and the Lenox Visiting Nurses Association. She was a member of the Lenox Club and Trinity Episcopal Church.

Annie Robe was the daughter of Eliza Rugg, a Shakespearean actress in England fifty years ago. Her father was a scene painter. She went on the stage as a child and early began to play in Shakespeare. Lester Wallack brought her to New York, and she succeeded Rose Coghlan as leading woman in his theatre. On her marriage to Mr. Griswold in 1868, she retired from the stage, though occasionally appearing in private entertainments.

LEVI HOLBROOK DIES.

Retired New York Banker Passes Away in Maine.

CENTRAL HARBOR, N. H., July 26.—Levi Holbrook, New York millionaire and retired banker, died at his Summer home on Lake Winnepesaukee today, aged 86 years. Death was due to pneumonia. Besides his widow, a son, Clark Holbrook of Red Bank, N. J., survives.

Mr. Holbrook's striking appearance, with his long white hair and beard, earned for him the name of "The Grand Old Man of Lake Winnepesaukee."

Mr. Holbrook was President of the Hawthorne Apartments, 138 West Fifty-ninth Street, where he resided with his wife. He was President of the Holbrook Realty Company and had formerly held important banking and business interests. He was a member of the Yale and University Clubs, the Order of the Cincinnati, Society of Colonial Wars and the Sons of the Revolution. He was born in Westboro, Mass., and was graduated from Yale College in 1857.

Born.

DWORSKY—Mr. and Mrs. David Dworsky (nee Carrie Autler) announce the birth of a son at 939 Marolla Boulevard, Long Beach, L. I., on July 26.

SCHULMAN—Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Schulman of 901 Ocean Parkway, Brooklyn, announce the arrival of a baby girl on July 25 at Lying-In Hospital.

Engaged.

BATT—SAMSON—Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Samson of 3,707 Broadway, N. Y. City, announce the betrothal of their daughter Blanche to Mr. Jack Batt of this city.

Married.

BAER—MURPHY—On Wednesday, July 26

Lost and Found

Rate: 75 cents an agate line.
Advertisements for tomorrow received up to 12 P. M. today. Telephone Bryant 1000.

BAG—Old brown Gladstone bag, from automobile, probably on 44th St. or 4th Av., last Friday; contains wearing apparel and miscellaneous papers, also some unopened letters; reward. N 819 Times Downtown.

BAG—Beaded ladies' bag, lost 5th Av. par stop at 84th; owner's cards. Please Huntington, Circle 2000. Address 300 W. 85th St.; suitable reward.

BAG—Lost, small French beaded bag, left in taxi; reward and contents. Miss Lapsitis, 238 White St., Brooklyn.

BOND—United States Government; will surrender to owner. Abraxas, P 416 Times.

HANDBAG, brocaded, left in a taxicab Tuesday night; gold vanity case with rubies, emeralds, and pearls; reward. Tel. Spring 5601.

HAT BOX—Patent leather, containing three hats, between Spring Lake, Tomah River, on Shore Road; liberal reward. 2 South Tallahassee Ave., Atlantic City.

MONEY—Lost, $400, North Beach, Queens Boulevard cars; liberal reward. Juszewski, Van Wyck St. and Jamaica Av., Jamaica, N. Y. 1280W Jamaica.

POCKETBOOK—Black leather, on Long Island Motor Parkway, Friday, July 21, containing money, gold bag, card case, watch. Notify Mrs. John Savage, Seastrays, Easthampton, Long Island. Reward.

SUITCASE—Brown, Van Cortlandt Park Subway Sunday A. M.; liberal reward. Stuyvesant 5620, Parkinson, Ext. 260. Lee.

Jewelry.

BAG—Lost, bag, containing cash and two diamond rings left by diamond brother Monday between 65th St. Central Park West and Broadway and 51st St.; reward. Mrs. Gallagher, 215 West 51st St., Apartment 10.

BRACELET, twisted gold, Tiffany, neighborhood Broadway-53d St., Sunday; pawnbrokers take notice. Notify Dr. Means, Hotel Breslin. Reward.

CIRCLE of 34 diamonds, Monday Night, between Park Av. and 16th St. and 90th St. and Riverside Drive; $200 reward. P 208 Times.

CAMEO PIN, Tuesday evening, between 168th St. and Van Cortlandt Park. Fleischman, 112 Haven Av.

DIAMOND HORSESHOE PIN, platinum setting, Broadway car, 59th-59th St. Wednesday morning; reward. Kilroy, 2060.

RING, diamond, lost either on Surf Av. or Mermaid Av., between 21st and Luna Park; liberal reward. H. T., 1,238 Surf Av., Coney Island.

WATCH AND CHAIN—Waltham movement, open face, "S. A. H." two pictures on face; liberal reward. Horwitz, 107 West 42d St.

WRIST WATCH—Wednesday evening, 44th St. and Broadway. Give description and will be returned. L 278 Times.

WRIST WATCH, gold, on black ribbon, initials "C. N. R." Reward if returned to Mrs. J. Van Riper, 490 West End Av.

WRIST WATCH, white gold, initials "A. J. V." lost on Whitehall St.; reward. Vestport, 7,492 17th Av., Brooklyn.

WRIST WATCH, St. Nicholas Av., between 188th and 192d; reward. Jonas, 127 West 112th.

$50 REWARD.

NECKLACE—Pearl, July 4, Boardwalk or Nassau Hotel, Long Beach, L. I. Dreisler & Snowden, Inc., 105 West 40th St.

$300 REWARD

for return of long bar pin, seven large and numerous small diamonds, lost July 22. A. C. Bennett, 15 William St., Broad 2784.

Wearing Apparel.

COAT AND VEST lost or stolen Friday, July 21, neighborhood of 72d St., West End Av., between 9 and 7 P. M.; $25 reward; no questions asked. Braunstein, 8 East 46th.

NECKPIECE—Fur, two-skin marten, 3905 Century taxi, Monday, 116th St. and 130 Claremont Av.; reward. Morningside 0291, Apt. 54.

NECKPIECE—Fisher; lost in taxi, Grand Central Station to Brooklyn, Sunday evening; liberal reward. Stuyvesant 4321.

Cats, Dogs and Birds.

RED IRISH TERRIER, lost near Stamford, Sunday, July 23; male, long, bushy whiskers; N. Y. license 1633-R, leather collar; reward. Telephone Stamford 2407.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANY PERSON KNOWING THE WHEREabouts of Catherine Emma Bullen or D'Anna, or who is able to give any information about her or her husband or children, is requested to communicate with the undersigned. She is believed to have been living in Buffalo, United States of America, about 1895. Parker & Parker, Barristers and Solicitors, 21 Howard St., Perth, Western Australia.

JOSEPH PONTELL PURCHASED A. BUCCHERIS' stationery store, 167 Grand St., Brooklyn. Purchaser is not responsible for any bills contracted under A. Buccheris' name.

THIS IS TO NOTIFY ALL PERSONS THAT Tewel Amkraut is no longer connected with the Knickerbocker Feather Co.

Steamer-Baskets

Thousands of people are sailing early next month. If any of your friends are among them, there is nothing that they will appreciate more than a Huyler's Steamer-Basket. We deliver them at the pier.

$7.50 - $10.00 - $12.00
$16.00 - $20.00

Huyler's NEW YORK

America's foremost fine candy

Special this week:
Chocolate
Ice Cream Soda

Next Sunday

American schoolboys on a tour of England place a wreath at the Cenotaph in Whitehall, London.

The only sixteen-inch guns carried by an American battleship shown aboard the U. S. S. Maryland.

Great Republican demonstration passing through the fashionable West End in Berlin.

Representatives of Chile and Peru signing agreement in the Tacna-Arica Arbitration.

The New York Times
Rotogravure-Picture Section
Order in advance from your news dealer

HIRSHFIELD GRIEVES FOR 'FOXY GRANDPA'

Bitterly Denounces Ruston for His Disrespectful Reference to the Mayor.

NOT A "KALSOMINE DAVE"

Commissioner Gives Proof in Statement Regarding Pushcart Inquiry.

Mud-slinging and incivility on the part of public officials were denounced in indignant and stern language yesterday by Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield in the course of a statement reproaching District Attorney Ruston of Kings County and Governor Miller. The alleged incivility of District Attorney Ruston was excoriated with merciless severity and bitter personalities.

The lecture on the proper deportment of men in public office by Commissioner Hirshfield was drawn out by developments in the controversy over the collecting of money from pushcart peddlers. The peddlers formerly were robbed by many politicians, according to Commissioner Hirshfield, whereas at present the taking of money from them has been systematized and concentrated by Market Commissioner O'Malley in few legitimate hands. For his part in the controversy Commissioner Hirshfield was called "Kalsomine Dave," while Mayor Hylan was referred to by District Attorney Ruston as "Foxy Grandpa." This disrespectful allusion to Mayor Hylan constituted an attack on the cradle, according to Commissioner Hirshfield, who said:

"From The Standard Union of yesterday I note that having proven by District Attorney Ruston's own letter to the Mayor that, notwithstanding his previous denial, he is really holding up my investigation of the Brooklyn Building Department and having also been smoked out as to the real motive behind his so-called open-air markets investigation where people can purchase fruits, vegetables and other foods at comparatively low prices, the Honorable District Attorney has taken to mud-slinging and calling uncivil names, the last resort of a man without a defense.

Grieves Over Attack on Mayor.

"The fact that the, particularly to me unfriendly, Mayor legislative investigating committee last year examined over 3,200 of my reports made as a result of that many investigations, without finding anything to criticise is enough proof that when District Attorney Ruston called me 'Kalsomine Dave' he knew that on my record in office he was not honestly justified to make this false accusation against me and that he did so for the sole purpose of distracting public attention from his own shortcomings.

"What does grieve me mostly as a Brooklynite is that our County of Kings should have a District Attorney whose calibre and mentality allow him to stoop so low as to call our chief city executive a vulgar name and make a target of his little grandson, a babe less than a year old. Mayor Hylan was elected Mayor of New York by over 187,000 plurality in 1917, and after serving a full term in office was re-elected by nearly 420,000 plurality last Fall, and yet this temporary appointee of Governor Miller has the audacity to speak lightly of the Mayor, and, boobilike, refer to the Mayor disrespectfully as 'Foxy Grandpa.'

"Of course, Governor Miller, the acknowledged friend and the former paid attorney of the B. R. T. and other large corporate interests, only a few weeks ago in his speech at Poughkeepsie called the foreign-born citizens and the masses in New York City ignorant and un-American. What, then, can we expect of his appointee? Luckily, on Nov. 7 next, the people of Brooklyn will have an opportunity to elect their own District Attorney.

At the inquiry of Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield into the pushcart situation yesterday Aldermans Moritz Graubard of the Second Aldermanic District, testified that pushcart graft had been eliminated by the present Administration.

Tells of Old Conditions.

"Before the present ordinance was passed establishing open markets, peddlers were subject to all kinds of extortion by the so-called leaders and Presidents of local organizations," said Alderman Graubard. "The practice then was to compel peddlers to give up on the pretense that the police Captains and other city officials had to be taken care of by means of presents, and it was not unusual that before holidays, such as the Jewish New Year, Passover, Christmas and other feasts, when the peddling business was good, to collect $5 or more from each peddler.

"These Presidents of block organizations maintained themselves as leaders by bullying the peddlers, and the employment of gunmen was a common practice at that time. Colonel Waring tried to eliminate this graft by establishing markets and charging a license fee of $10 a year. But at that time the peddlers' leaders evidently had more power than the city officials and the regulation fell through.

"Since the establishment of pushcart markets by Commissioner O'Malley a similar agitation has been started by these block leaders, and they have had the support of Rabbi Buchler in their efforts to destroy the ordinance."

WOMAN HITS DETECTIVE.

Mistakes Him for Burglar, Hurls Vase and Sets Dog on Him.

When Detectives Clarence Weaver and Milton Kaufman of Chief Inspector Lahey's staff entered the florist shop of John Changuris at 100 West Fifty-seventh Street Tuesday afternoon Changuris's wife Dorothy mistook them for burglars.

With a cry that summoned her bulldog, Brownie, from the rear of the store, Mrs. Changuris threw a cut glass vase at Detective Weaver. It struck him on the left arm. Brownie attached himself promptly to a section of the detective's new Summer suit. Weaver, attacked from front and rear, drew his pistol, and told Mrs. Changuris that he would have to shoot the dog if she didn't call him off. She did. The detectives then informed her that her husband was wanted on charge of bookmaking. In West Side Court yesterday Mrs. Changuris was arraigned for disorderly conduct. She was discharged. Her husband's case was adjourned.

GIRL TAKES POISON IN PARK.

Clings to a Letter and Refuses to Let Any One Read It.

Clinging to a letter which the police thought might give them a clue to the cause of her attempt to end her life, Sophie Fein, 22 years old, of 1,800 Lexington Avenue, was taken yesterday morning from Morningside Park to the Knickerbocker Hospital suffering from iodine poisoning.

Some women in the park with their children called the attention of Patrolmen Wynn and Deary to the young woman, whose lips showed evidence of having been burned by iodine. Patrolman Deary got a bottle of milk which a boy was carrying and gave it to the young woman to offset the effects of the iodine.

The police tried to get from her a letter they found in a book she was carrying, but she seized it and held fast. She refused to let any one read it. The book, the work of Richard Le Gallienne, had on the flyleaf the written inscription: "He saw me and passed me by."

TO USE ARMED TRUCKS IN BORDER LIQUOR WAR

Ogdensburg Says They Will Have Machine Guns, but Washington Officials Deny It.

OGDENSBURG, N. Y., July 26.—The war against liquor smugglers in Northern New York is on in earnest. The new patrol along the border is now a reality. This fact was impressed on local residents yesterday when two light army trucks with machine guns mounted on their platforms reached this city. The trucks are the forerunners of a fleet which numbers twenty-four in all which is on the way to this section from New York City.

In connection with the use of the trucks there will be about thirty Federal agents located in this section. They will work with the United States customs agents. Besides the trucks, boats will be used to cover ports on the river. One fast motorboat will operate out of Clayton. Trucks and men will be located at Ogdensburg, Malone, Moores, Rouses Point and other places.

The trucks, which are of the one-ton type, are deceptive in appearance, as there have been transplanted on their chassis the engines usually mounted in five-ton trucks. The cars are capable of developing seventy miles an hour. Each truck is manned by two men who carry side arms and are expert in the use of their mounted guns. The guns are encased and are of a light field type which will enable their being quickly dismounted and transported by hand.

The trucks will not be stationed at any one place, but will be movers, doing duty between this city and Rouses Point. The trucks are able to speed up to sixty miles an hour within the space of less than 400 yards.

The cars are being sent out by the Treasury Department to work in conjunction with the customs officials and the State troopers. The movements of the entire fleet have been kept very much in the dark and their being detailed here came as a surprise.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Use of machine guns in the war on rum smugglers along the Canadian border was denied today by customs officials here.

N. G. Van Doren, director of the special agency service of the customs service, is now in Northern New York State, officials said, making an inspection of the territory preparatory to the installation of a border patrol operating on both sides of Buffalo to check liquor-running across the border.

Officials here understood that automobiles, possibly armored, would be used on the patrol, but they said it was improbable that machine guns would be a part of their armament, not only because of the treaty with Canada covering armed forces along the border but also because it was believed machine guns would be impractical weapons for hunting liquor runners.

NEW TRAFFIC CARDS READY FOR AUTOISTS

Applicants Must Furnish Two Photographs—Regulation Goes Into Effect Aug. 1.

Acting Police Commissioner John A. Leach announced yesterday that the new traffic warning cards for autoists can be obtained at all police stations. Each applicant must furnish two photographs of himself. These must be at least one inch and a quarter square, with the head at least an inch across. The pictures must be full faced. One of these photographs will be affixed to the card, to be carried by the operator of the car. The other will remain on file at the station house.

The traffic cards must be carried by all drivers living in the city and should be obtained before Tuesday, Aug. 1, when the new regulation goes into effect. It is not required that out-of-town drivers have the cards, but any who wish can obtain them by applying at 230 West Twentieth Street, the headquarters of the Traffic Division of the Police Department, in charge of Inspector William T. Davis.

Drivers living in New York found without the cards after Aug. 1 will be summoned to the Traffic Court.

DIRECTORS BACK TROTTER.

Declare Faith in Evangelist Whose Wife Seeks Separation.

WARSAW, Ind., July 26.—The Directors of the Winona Assembly and Bible Conference in a resolution made public here today expressed faith in the Rev. Melvin E. Trotter, former Director of the assembly, who is now defendant in a suit for separate maintenance brought by his wife at Grand Rapids, Mich.

The resolution, a copy of which was sent to Mr. Trotter, stated that the Directors, "as those who have been closely associated with him and have known him for years, wish to express ourselves as still believing in his moral character and integrity, and we have confidence that when all the facts are brought out he will be exonerated of the principal charges made and that he will be able to prove his innocence in such a way that he can again take up and carry forward a large work for our Lord and Master."

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., July 26.—Mrs. Lottie Trotter once referred to her husband, Melvin Trotter, as "the anti-Christ," according to testimony today of Mrs. Daisy Spence, a defense witness. Hearing of the suit was resumed today after an adjournment from last Saturday.

Mrs. Spence also quoted Mrs. Trotter as having said Trotter threatened to kill her if she told anything about his alleged confession that he was the father of a child born to Miss Florence Moody, his private secretary, in the Grand Rapids City Rescue Mission.

"Mrs. Trotter told me," the witness testified, "that she was telling it only to a few Christian persons."

Mrs. Spence also related what she said was Mrs. Trotter's version of the "vision" which Trotter asserts was responsible for his wife's charges against him. Mrs. Trotter has denied ever having had a "vision."

TRUCK CRUSHES FIREMAN.

Catches Him as It Is Being Backed Into Fire House.

Caught behind fire truck No. 2 while it was being backed last night into the fire house at Fiftieth Street and Lexington Avenue, Fireman James O'Donnell, 37, of 64 Thirteenth Avenue, Astoria, L. I., received a fracture of the left ankle and possible internal injuries.

O'Donnell's cries caused Fireman Joseph Martin of 322 East Eighty-eighth Street, chauffeur of the truck, to bring it to a quick stop and hasten to the assistance of O'Donnell, who had fallen to the floor. Dr. Bernstein of Flower Hospital took O'Donnell to Bellevue Hospital.

'Michigan Shorty' Caught in South.

United States Attorney Ralph C. Greene of Brooklyn received word yesterday that John Murray, alias "Michigan Shorty," one of five prisoners who escaped from the Raymond Street Jail on Oct. 31, 1921, was under arrest at Memphis, Tenn. Murray was arrested in Brooklyn with "California Bill" Datos. Both men were wanted in Raleigh, N. C., for robbing a Post Office safe. After Federal Judge Garvin signed the order for their removal to North Carolina they escaped from the Brooklyn jail with three other prisoners. All now have been retaken.

WOMAN RAN A STILL TO FEED HER BABIES

Didn't Know of Volstead Law and Is Surprised When Police Arrest Her.

TRUCK OF LIQUOR SEIZED

Prohibition Agents Say Deal for Its Purchase Was Made in Hotel Near Broadway.

Men of Police Inspector Coleman's staff detected the odor of a distillery yesterday on Allen Street, between Rivington and Canal, and traced it to 21 Allen Street. A woman on the second floor let them in when they said they wanted whisky. In the parlor, they said, was a ten-gallon copper still. Beside it, they reported, were fifty gallons of mash and four gallon jugs of the finished product.

The detectives told the woman she would have to go with them to the police station. "What for?" she asked.

"There is nothing wrong in making whisky, is there? It is all that supports me and the three children. My husband died several years ago and I can't leave the children home alone. I have to make a living for them and myself."

She was astonished when she was told of the prohibition laws.

At the Clinton Street Station the woman said she was Mrs. Anna Klyachki, 38 years old. The children are Henry, 13; Zola, 8, and John, 7. They were left with a neighbor.

Leonardo Giglia, a grocer at 325 Second Avenue, was held in $500 bail for the Grand Jury by Magistrate Marsh in Yorkville Court. Patrolman Frederick Franklin, the complainant, said the grocer gave him wine and refused to accept any payment for it. Assistant District Attorney Daniel O'Sullivan asked a dismissal.

A truck with twenty cases of whisky was seized and four men were arrested yesterday by five Federal prohibition agents as the result of a deal alleged to have been made Tuesday night at the Longacre Hotel, 159 West Forty-seventh Street, between the agents and Samuel Morrison, who lives at the hotel. The agents charged that Morrison agreed to deliver the whisky at $37.50 a case and that they had paid $250 on account.

Mrs. Edith Stevens, 19 years old, was arraigned before Judge Frank Cooper in the United States District Court, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon on a charge of violating the Volstead act in connection with the rum-smuggling operations of the trawler Ripple, which was seized by prohibition agents in Brooklyn on June 2. She pleaded not guilty and was held in $20,000 bail.

LOUIS STAUCH SUES WIFE FOR DIVORCE

Coney Island Restaurateur Says She Took $114,000 and Deserted Him.

SEVERAL MEN ARE NAMED

One a Former Chauffeur and Another a Singer at His Cabaret.

Louis Stauch, proprietor of Stauch's dance hall and restaurant at Coney Island, is seeking an absolute divorce from his wife Matilda, who, he alleges, left him a year ago, taking $114,000 in jewelry and Liberty bonds. About $85,000 of this sum, Stauch alleges, was in Liberty bonds.

In his petition, which was filed last Tuesday in the County Clerk's Office of Rockland County at Nyack, by Julian V. Carrabs of 25 Beaver Street, Stauch's attorney, it was set forth that the plaintiff is 61 years old and his wife 50. They were married Nov. 4, 1896. It was asserted that while Mr. and Mrs. Stauch were living at Coney Island in 1918 and 1919 she maintained two other establishments, one at the Fowler Court Apartments, 490 Riverside Drive, where she lived with one of three alleged correspondents, Grover Muller, as "Mr. and Mrs. Grover Muller."

The second establishment cited was at 420 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn. Muller was a former floor manager at Stauch's. The other correspondents named are Charles Miller, a former chauffeur employed by Mr. Stauch, and Thomas Penfold, a singer at the dance hall. It is alleged that Mrs. Stauch bought two race horses for Penfold. Indiscretions were alleged to have been committed in four cities, Norwalk, Conn.; Hudson, N. Y.; Philadelphia and Atlantic City.

Much of Mr. Stauch's property, it was said, was in his wife's name. Mr. Carrabs said that for the last eight months process servers had been seeking Mrs. Stauch without success. Finally one, bearing summons and complaint in the action filed Tuesday, found her at the Empire City race track at Yonkers. It is alleged that she was watching the races in the company of Muller. Her only comment at the time was: "I was expecting it." Mrs. Stauch and Muller then looked over the papers while seated in the grand stand.

Stauch has been in the restaurant and cabaret business at Coney Island for thirty years. He began life in Newark as a piano player. Although his establishment several times has been wiped out by fire, it is said that he has amassed a large fortune.

DISTILLERS DECLARE WAR

Will Fight Regulation of Industrial Whisky Warehouse Withdrawals.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 26.—Whisky distillers from the entire country were assembled here today to "declare war" on prohibition enforcement officers, according to statements of their attorneys.

Support for the distillers in opposing the regulation of whisky withdrawals from warehouses, when this liquor is to be used for medicinal purposes, will come from the American Medical Association, it was asserted, as to the recent protest to Commissioner Haynes of the National Association of Retail Druggists. Both organizations, according to announcements, have complained of the "arbitrary rulings placed on physicians and druggists by the national prohibition administration."

The selection of a committee to confer with Treasury and prohibition department officials would be announced, it was indicated. The committee will represent practically all the large distilleries of the country and may ask more than the present enforcement of prohibition at its conference in Washington next month.

"We intend to force the prohibition officers to stay within the law, even if we have to start litigation from one end of this country to the other," counsel declared.

Clicquot Club

Pronounced Klee-Ko

GINGER ALE

For the two of you

A bottle of Clicquot Club is the happiest, friendliest drink. You can fill two glasses from one bottle.

Two glasses of golden liquid alive with sparkling bubbles that leap joyously to the brim! No need to be thirsty to drink Clicquot. To look at it creates the desire that Clicquot satisfies.

Man or woman, boy or girl—*they all like it.*

Clicquot is purity itself—clear spring water, real Jamaica ginger, sugar, and the necessary fruit juices to make the blend and the taste.

Ginger Ale
Sarsaparilla
Birch Beer
Root Beer

You should try these, too

However much you like Clicquot Ginger Ale, you may prefer a change occasionally. You may have it. Clicquot Sarsaparilla, Birch Beer or Root Beer is equally pure and delightful. When you order a case of Clicquot for the home, ask for a few bottles of these flavors.

THE CLICQUOT CLUB COMPANY
Millis, Mass., U. S. A.

'WOOL SENATORS' WIN SWEEPING VICTORY

Defeat, 43 to 22, Amendment to Limit Duty to 60 Per Cent.

BOTH PARTY RANKS SPLIT

Eight Republicans Vote for Lower Rate and Seven Democrats Back Committee.

LENROOT WARNS MAJORITY

Declares High Duties Will Mean Another "Schedule K" Fight and Republican Defeat.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The "wool Senators" won a sweeping victory today when, by a vote of 43 to 22, the Lenroot amendment fixing 60 per cent. as the maximum ad valorem equivalent of the specific rates in the wool schedule was rejected.

Eight Republicans voted for the reduction, but their defection was offset by the votes of seven Democrats, who were recorded in favor of the high duties, some of which run as high as 187 per cent. on the coarser grades of wool. Had Senator Pittman of Nevada been present, it was announced, he would have been the eighth Democrat to support the committee rates, which the Democratic and Republican opponents of the schedule declare will increase the cost of clothing and add millions of dollars to the living costs of the American people.

The size of the majority in favor of the committee rates means that the committee will be sustained all along the line and that the country will witness another "Schedule K" fight in the campaign that is now under way.

Senator Lenroot admitted that the battle was apparently lost. He warned his Republican colleagues today that the adoption of the committee rates would mean, in his opinion, the defeat of the Republican Party and the return in the not distant future to a tariff constructed along the lines of the present Underwood law.

"Wool Senators" Won't Yield.

Senator Lenroot was aided in his final assault on the committee rates by Senators Wadsworth and Kellogg, but it was apparent long before the roll call was ordered that the battle was going in favor of the "wool Senators," who refused to budge an inch or to take seriously the danger of another party disaster such as followed the passage of the Payne-Aldrich law.

In his summing up of the opposition's case Senator Lenroot critibized severely the attitude of Senator Gooding of Idaho, who wants an embargo voted against everything made in foreign countries that comes into competition with anything made in the United States. A platform framed along Gooding lines, he said, would mean the practical extinction of the Republican Party.

The vote on the Lenroot amendment came late today. It follows:

FOR LENROOT AMENDMENT—22.

Republicans—8.

Borah,	Rawson,	Nelson,
Kellogg,	Cummins,	Wadsworth.
McCormick,	Lenroot,	

Democrats—14.

Caraway,	Swanson,	Robinson,
Gerry,	Underwood,	Smith,
Hitchcock,	Dial,	Trammell,
Pomerene,	Heflin,	Walsh, (Mass.)
Simmons,	Overman,	

AGAINST THE AMENDMENT—43.

Republicans—36.

Ball,	Harreld,	Nicholson,
Brandegee,	Jones (Wash.)	Norbeck,
Bursum,	Keyes,	Pepper,
Cameron,	Ladd,	Phipps,
Capper,	Lodge,	Shortridge,
Colt,	McCumber,	Smoot,
Curtis,	McKinley,	Spencer,
Du Pont,	McLean,	Stanfield,
France,	McNary,	Sterling,
Frelinghuysen,	Moses,	Warren (Ind.)
Gooding,	New,	Willis.
Hale,	Newberry,	

Democrats—7.

Ashurst,	Jones (N. M.),	Ransdell,
Broussard,	Kendrick,	Sheppard,
Walsh (Mont.)		

Senator Kellogg opened today's debate with a short speech in which he endorsed the position taken by Senators Lenroot and Wadsworth. Senator Lenroot, who followed, said he was growing tired of the constant attacks being made upon those Republican Senators who believe that in the framing of a protective tariff bill some regard should be had for the general public and for the consumers of the country.

Sees Blow to Farmers.

"Where does the Senator from Idaho, Mr. Gooding, think that Europe is to get the money or the credits," Senator Lenroot asked, "to purchase the surplus wheat, the surplus corn, or the other surplus agricultural products of America if we are going to build a tariff wall so high that nothing can came in with which to pay for those products? If there is to be an embargo upon everything that we produce then you strike a blow at every wheat grower in America, every farmer in America, who must have a foreign market for his surplus.

"Let us see where the logic of the Senator from Idaho leads us. He is willing, he says, that we put up a tariff wall so high that Europe cannot establish any credits here and consequently cannot pay us for our surplus products. He is willing to drive Europe to Australia or to South America to purchase all their wheat. He is willing that 100,000,000 or 200,000,000 bushels of surplus wheat that is produced in this country shall not find any outlet abroad, thus reducing the price in this country to 50 or 60 or 75 cents a bushel. That is the kind of a friend of the farmer the Senator from Idaho is in the policy he advocates, and what is true of wheat is true in other agricultural products.

"I have not a doubt in the world," Mr. Lenroot said, "that the position I am taking here today will be used against me in Wisconsin. But I do not care to serve one hour longer as a Senator of the United States unless I can stand here and express my own convictions, and if I am satisfied that a given rate of duty is ample protection to the wool growers of Wisconsin, the wool growers in the West or any other portion of the country, I am going to stand for that rate and take whatever political consequences may result.

Calls for Proper Rates.

"I want once more to repeat that I am a better friend of the wool grower than is the Senator from Idaho because I want to see such rates imposed in this bill not only upon wool but upon manufactures of wool and every other article embraced within its stages as will be sustained and endorsed by the American people. I do not want to see such rates in this bill as will result in a Democratic Congress next year and a Democratic President in 1924, with a return to free wool and a repetition of the suffering and the hardships the farmers have endured in the past Democratic Administrations."

Senator Heflin of Alabama, supporting the Lenroot amendment, read into the Congressional Record excerpts from an editorial in today's issue of The New York Herald charging that the wool duties were made and are being supported by Senators interested in the production of wool.

"That presents a very serious situation," said Mr. Heflin. "The time was when members of both houses would not participate in the debate nor vote on legislation in which they had a personal interest. I submit that this is a perversion of the legislative power as the fathers intended it should be used."

Raw Wool Rate Fixed.

WASHINGTON, July 26 (Associated Press).—A raw wool tariff rate of 33 cents a pound of clean content, 8 cents more than proposed by the House, was approved today by the Senate, 38 to 16. Four Republicans voted against the rate and six Democrats supported it. The Democrats were Senators Ashurst, Broussard, Jones of New Mexico, Kendrick, Ransdell and Sheppard. Republicans against it were Senators Borah, Kellogg, Lenroot and Wadsworth.

The committee amendment to the bill, as finally approved, is in the same form as the provision was passed by the House, except that the House proviso for a limitation of 35 per cent. ad valorem is stricken out.

The Finance Committee majority withdrew at the last minute its original amendment providing for graduated bracket rates dependent upon the percentage of the shrinkage of the wool when cleaned. This arrangement was recommended by the Republican agricultural tariff bloc, and this was the second time it had been before the Senate.

Before acting finally on the substitute committee amendment the Senate rejected, 39 to 15, an amendment by Senator Wadsworth to make the rate 28 cents a pound. Six Republicans supported this amendment and six Democrats opposed it. The Republicans were Senators Borah, Jones of Washington, Kellogg, Lenroot, McCormick and Wadsworth. The Democrats were Senators Ashurst, Broussard, Ransdell, Jones of New Mexico, Kendrick and Sheppard.

DOUBTS IF BETELGEUSE IS SOLID THROUGHOUT

French Scientist Thinks Its Immense Apparent Size Due to Luminous Atmosphere.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 26.—The bigness of Betelgeuse does not lie in its body, but in the immense extent of the luminous atmosphere which surrounds it, according to the theory advanced by M. Veronnet, the astronomer of the Strasbourg Observatory, yesterday at the Congress for the Advancement of Science now being held at Montpelier.

M. Veronnet frankly stated his belief that no star as big as Betelgeuse could exist in a solid mass. According to the measurements of Professor Michelson at Mt. Wilson Observatory, it is 300 times greater in diameter than the sun, with a circumference greater than the whole orbit of the earth, whereas Sirius, the most brilliant normal star in the sky, is only twice as big as the sun.

Mr. Veronnet cited measurements of other giant stars, such as Antares, which has forty times the diameter of the sun, in support of his theory. The established laws, he said, did not admit an explanation of the physical equilibrium of these giant stars, and he quoted determined laws of correlation, mass and temperature to show that in no case could one of these giant stars exceed in actual mass two or three times the size of the sun.

What gave them their gigantic appearance, he said, was that their mass was surrounded by an immense luminous envelope forming a photosphere. Something analgous to this envelope, but much less brilliant, was to be found in the sun's corona. If an effulgent photosphere stretched beyond the sun's atmosphere at the level of the corona, something like a giant star of the Betelgeuse kind would be produced. But to produce this effect the sun's superficial heat would have to be raised to 300,000 degrees. An outside stable envelope with diameter equal to 300 times that of the sun would then be formed.

Ultimately, says M. Veronnet, these giant stars become normal as their envelopes contract with the decline of heat, turning successively yellow and blue.

MEETING MAY BE DELAYED.

Lloyd George Provides for Presence of Italian Representative.

PARIS, July 26 (Associated Press).—A slight delay in the holding of the meeting at London of the heads of the allied Governments for discussion of the reparations question is foreseen in official quarters here following the receipt of a note from Great Britain that Prime Minister Lloyd George would be very glad to meet Premier Poincaré on Aug. 1 if the Governmental crisis in Italy were settled by that time.

It has been definitely decided that Italy and Belgium shall attend the conference, and the failure of Italy to form a Government before Aug. 1 would necessitate a brief postponement of the meeting.

Pending a settlement of the Italian situation, no date will be fixed for the assembling of the conferees.

ECTOPLASM
Marvel or Myth?
Discussed at length
by Dr. Joseph Jastrow,
Professor of Psychology,
University of Wisconsin.
The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY
Reserve a copy at your news stand

Mrs. McCormick Plans Fence To Avoid Seeing Bungalows

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Mrs. Edith Rockefeller McCormick, daughter of John D. Rockefeller and divorced wife of Harold F. McCormick, does not propose to be stared at by a lot of mere bungalow dwellers in Lake Forest.

A real estate agent has plotted off a sub-division adjoining Mrs. McCormick's estate and bungalows are going up on all sides of her. Mrs. McCormick summoned her architects and instructed them to erect a 16-foot wall around the entire estate. Contractors are preparing bids on the work. Mrs. McCormick also purchased twenty additional acres adjoining her grounds to prevent further encroachments.

BERLIN TO PROCLAIM STAND ON BAVARIA

Wirth Cabinet Holds Separate State Action Program Is Clearly Illegal.

MUNICH ASSERTS LOYALTY

But Premier Lerchenfeld Declares Prussian Secret Surveillance Has Been Shown.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, July 26.—The Bavarian crisis has entered a quiet, talkative stage. The press polemics, while continuing copious, have toned down. Germans on both sides of Germany's Mason and Dixon Line are calling each other slightly less crude epithets.

The Munich and Berlin governments are still deliberating and mutually protesting that they have no desire to force the crisis to a breaking point, and yet the Berlin Boerse betrayed greater nervousness today over the Bavarian crisis than at any time since it bobbed up. Perhaps the very fact that the crisis had not developed any further overnight and was stuck in the talking stage gave the Boerse gooseflesh.

The mark dropped to around 314, the official Reichsbank quotation. This drop in the mark and rise in the dollar should normally have acted as a stimulus to the whole stock market, but instead of stocks rising, nearly all German stocks went down, while a significantly big boom was started in foreign railroad stocks. The day's sensation was Baltimore and Ohio soaring 265 points.

Cabinet Framing a Proclamation.

In Munich there was an interpellation in the Bavarian Landtag on the Leoprechting espionage scandal, while in Berlin the unwearied Wirth Cabinet deliberated for the third day all day long on the Bavarian crisis. At 6 o'clock this evening a "final" Cabinet sitting began, followed by a Ministerial Council presided over by President Ebert. The result of the deliberations will be formulated in a proclamation to the German people and given out presumably tomorrow.

The result of the Cabinet deliberations up to a late hour was that "there could be no doubt that the Bavarian ordinances were illegal and unconstitutional."

Two courses are open to the Wirth Government without entailing bloodshed. Under Article 48 of the Constitution President Ebert can declare the offensive Bavarian ordinances null and void or call upon the Bavarian Government to rescind them, or, secondly, the Berlin Government can ask the German Supreme Court to decide whether the Bavarian ordinances are constitutional.

The latter course seems more probable tonight, as there is no immediate hurry, but there is nothing to prevent Berlin from making both moves simultaneously.

Bavaria Suppresses Papers.

Both the national law "for safeguarding the republic" and the Bavarian ordinances on the same subject are effective from last Sunday. But while the Wirth Government so far has taken no action under the new national law, the Bavarian Government has acted quickly under its "extraordinary" ordinance. It has suppressed two Bavarian papers, one a village paper, the Miesbacher Anzeiger, actively anti-semitic, anti-democratic, anti-Berlin and pro-monarchy, and confiscated it for one day as retailing and libelling the Berlin Government. The other paper is the Voelkische Beobachter (Germanic Racial Observer), confiscated for three days for an article entitled "The Victory of Jewry."

Munich hears that German professors may be muzzled by the new national law and demands to know of Berlin about championing the right of professors to air their views in or out of print. Specifically Munich hears that a law is being drafted in Berlin barring students from all political activities and a law compelling university professors under penalty of immediate dismissal to teach that the republic is the only right and sensible form of a State.

A report is printed by a well-informed Russian democratic organ in Berlin, "The Rul," that Grand Duke Nikolai Nikolaievitch, former Commander-in-Chief of the Russian armies, has gone from Italy to Bavaria with the intent to settle down there. Bavaria is already extending inexpensive hospitality to other leading personages of the Russian reaction.

Munich Espionage Case Up.

One of the day's best crisis stories was the Leoprechting espionage case, as aired by both the interpellant and the responding Minister, President Count Lerchenfeld, in the Bavarian Landtag this morning. Baron Hubert Leoprechting was convicted of treason by a Bavarian court for having operated in Bavaria in the pay and service of the French. According to testimony at the trial, he worked for the French Minister to Bavaria, Count Dard. In addition to supplying secret reports, Leoprechting's particular function, it is charged, was to arouse and foster antagonism between North and South Germany, more specifically between Prussia and Bavaria.

According to the secret court testimony aired in the Landtag today, he was also operating in Bavaria as an intelligence agent for the Berlin Government, getting money from the French and at the same time from the German taxpayers, incidentally failing to serve his Berlin employers and throwing his real help to his French paymaster.

In the Landtag debate based on the secret court minutes, it was said that Leoprechting while employed by the French Minister had the idea of promoting trouble between North and South Germany by offering his secret services to the Berlin Government and then feeding it with false reports about Separatist plots in Bavaria and other political material likely to arouse the suspicions of Berlin against Munich's loyalty to the Reich. Leoprechting conducted his operations for fifteen months. He offered his services to and was employed by the press section of the German Government.

According to official Bavarian revelations, Leoprechting received 30,000 marks in August of last year from Geheimrat Schmid-Elscop of the press section and also received money from Geheimrat Haas and Reichsgerichtsrat Schwarz, represented as confidants of Chancellor Wirth. He is alleged to have worked for and received money from Dr. Weismann, Prussian Commissioner for Public Service.

Berlin Surveillance Resented.

The story of the German Republic and Prussia maintaining secret agents in Bavaria who at the same time worked for the French has greatly disturbed the Bavarians. The Prussian Minister to Bavaria, Count Zech, was openly accused of having had dealings with the "traitor" Leoprechting and the Bavarian Government's urgent request to Berlin that he be recalled has not yet been complied with.

The interpellant in the Bavarian Landtag today also demanded that Bavaria ask France to recall Minister Dard. Premier Lerchenfeld, in replying, was diplomatically careful not to mention Dard or the French Government by name in offensive connections, though everybody knew to whom and what he was referring.

Count Lerchenfeld told the Landtag that Leoprechting had gained the confidence of the Reich's press section and the Prussian Bureau for Surveillance of Public Order. Then he continued:

"The Court ascertained that Leoprechting had obtained from these official Government offices information the knowledge of which was of significance to France, including the White Book about Upper Silesia, which he immediately proceeded to pass on to France. There is no remaining doubt that influential official sof the Reich's press section and the Prussian State Bureau made use of Leoprechting to obtain secret intelligence about political conditions in Bavaria. This is tantamount to political surveillance of Bavaria."

Enright Orders Honor Policemen to Display Decorations on Breast, Military Fashion

A military touch will hereafter be added to the appearance of all members of the New York Police Department who have been decorated for meritorious duty. An order promulgated by Commissioner Richard Enright directs all honor men to wear their insignia on the left breast of their coats, one inch above their police shields instead of on their sleeves.

The insignia consist of gold, silver and bronze stars, according to the extent of the commendation. About 250 members of the department have been decorated. The order will go into effect in a few days.

The order is based on the fact that in the army medals and decorations are worn on the left breast. Police officials believe the scheme will add a more military and distinguished appearance to the city's policemen as well as give proper recognition to those who have been decorated.

The gold star is worn by policemen who have received honorable mention and who have been awarded the department medal, one of which is awarded each year. The silver star is worn by policemen who have received honorable mention and the bronze star by those who have received commendation.

The stars will be worn attached to a metal bar 1½ inches in length, faced with white enamel. The bars are made to accommodate only three stars.

The most decorated man in the department at present is Sergeant Patrick Fitzgibbons, attached to Chief Inspector Lahey's office. Fitzgibbons has been in the department seventeen years and possesses one gold, two silver and four bronze medals awarded for various feats of heroism. He is credited with having saved several persons from death by fire, drowning and runaways and by disarming desperadoes. He will wear three bars, two containing three stars and the third one star.

DEBT PLAN MAY PUT GERMANY IN LEAGUE

Britain Expected to Make That a Condition for Accepting Poincare's Proposals.

INFLUENCE ON WASHINGTON

Anti-League Sentiment Among Elements Friendly to Germany, It Is Thought, Would Be Weakened.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, July 26.—It is understood that one of the conditions Prime Minister Lloyd George will present to Premier Ponicaré for acceptance of the latter's reparation plans, when the chiefs of the two Governments meet in London, will be the admission of Germany to the League of Nations. He has made no secret of the fact that he favors this step, and he expects to present it to the French Premier as a proper move toward world political stabilization.

Withdrawal of French opposition would insure the admission of Germany by the League Assembly, which meets in Geneva in September. If M. Poincaré gave the word, Germany would in all probability get a two-thirds vote and become almost immediately a member of the Council of the League. There is good reason to believe the German Government has notified Lloyd George that if he can give assurance of French consent Germany will submit an application in September.

It is reckoned on this side of the Atlantic that the accession of Germany to membership will have its effect in the relation of the United States to the League, for the League would thereby become more nearly complete, stronger and more influential, and, conversely, there would be an important reduction of the forces which by their absence from the League lend strength to American opposition. It also is reckoned in Europe that not only would Germany's joining the League produce in foreign relations an effect on America, but that it would bring a domestic effect as well. Up to the present, Republican enmity to the League has been the consistent support of important pro-German influences in the United States. Every time the League has been an issue its enemies in America have profited by the votes of American friends of Germany.

The question is now asked: With Germany a member, may this not change? Will the friends of Germany in America continue to be hostile to the League when Germany is once a member?

With Germany in the League, the two big nations outside would be those governed from Washington and Moscow. The world would then see the paradox of the two Governments most widely opposed in their general political conceptions occupying the same position relative to the League of Nations. Lenin's general attitude is that the League is a group of capitalist Governments, all enemies of communist Russia, and therefore Russia should have none of the League. President Harding, of course, has different premises, but arrives at approximately the same conclusion. However, the absence of the Washington Government's delegate worries the League leaders vastly more than the absence of a Moscow delegate who couldn't get in if he would.

The prospect of Germany's entering into the League, therefore, is viewed with satisfaction by those European statesmen who have never doubted that eventually America would become a member.

From this viewpoint it is interesting to look for a moment at the reasons which have led Germany to change her mind about becoming a member of the League. Let it not be supposed that Germany now is willing to join the League in order to shoulder responsibility for helping the world into a better day. Germany wants to join the League to help herself. Many leading Germans have bitterly opposed entering the League, and the League has been hated in Germany as fervently as it is hated in the United States. But Germany is nearer the League than the United States and has come to see she would be better off in than outside it. It is good form for Germany two years ago to say the League was the instrument of her conquerors and she would have nothing to do with it, and that it was formed to oppress and ruin her. That sounded as well in Germany two years ago as did in America the heresy that the League was formed for the purpose of using American doughboys to police Europe and vote the United States into war whenever imperialistic Europe liked. But no one in America now believes election catch phrases of two years ago, and no one in Germany now seriously believes the League was fabricated as a torture machine for Germans.

Germany has seen that the League is not dead. She has seen the League has a host of powers which affect German interests. It has the power to see that Germany keeps within the armament allowance of the Versailles Treaty, it controls the administration of the Saare Basin, runs Danzig, protects minorities in Upper Silesia, Germans as well as Poles, and has activities which touch Germany on all sides.

Up to the present the League has taken decisions affecting these affairs in the absence of a German vote. Now Germany has realized that after she becomes a member of the League she is assured a place in the Council and a vote on all decisions as well as regular representation in the Assembly.

It is quite apparent that the forces which are bringing Germany into the League do not operate with anything like the same force on the United States. Most of the international troubles of the world are now in Europe and America is far away. It is true one European entanglement got us in, but the American Government seems to regard that as an exception rather than illustrative of any rule.

But all in all it is thought in Europe that the United States has got along very well without League membership. Washington has had its way about enjoying all the advantages of League members in mandated territories without shouldering the burden of any of the mandates. Washington has been able to obtain for the United States privileges of League members in any direction desired. This has been facilitated by the fact that the allied nations which are up to the present control the Council of the League have been especially anxious not to offend the United States Government, an anxiety which borrows most of its force from the circumstance that they owe American money which America might be stiffer about collecting if Washington should fail to have its way here or there.

SOVIET ARMY NOW LITTLE OVER 250,000

Trotzky Is Reducing the Active Force to a Peace Basis and Reorganizing It.

PAY IS TO BE INCREASED

1,250,000 Trained Reservists Subject to Call Are Helping to Reap the Harvest.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, July 25.—The reorganization of the Russian Army on a peace basis is proceeding rapidly. The "active" force is now reduced to a low figure for so large a country. It is announced in today's press that a mixed commission of representatives of the War and Finance Ministries has been appointed to determine the rates of pay for the troops.

Trotzky has taken these steps at a time before the harvest is gathered—when Russia's need of money is greatest and when the efforts of Pilsudski, the former military dictator, and the Polish Francophiles to maintain Poland in a militarist path still menace Russia's peace.

To prove the pacifism of the Government he has reduced the "active" army to not so much more than a quarter of a million men—of whom many are new recruits—actually with the colors. Of course, there are a million and a quarter more reservists trained for the Red Army who could be re-mobilized in a fortnight and behind them other millions would be ready to defend the country against foreign or counter-revolutionary aggression. But they are now on the land, busy reaping the harvest.

But, says Trotzky, if the army is to be small it must be efficient. For that it must be decently paid, fed and clothed. Today the clothing is pretty good. The rations are momentarily poor, but will improve after the harvest. The pay is small, quite inadequate. A subordinate officer receives 25 to 75 million, 50,000,000 rubles, say $1 to $6, a month, a sergeant $2 to $4, soldiers $1 to $2. As it requires from $1 to $10 monthly, according to the locality, to keep a wife and family in the bare necessities, it is evident that the soldiers cannot manage on the present pay.

The answer is theft and graft—as Lenin has said repeatedly, two of the worst failings in the Russian character. A man who stoops to neither—and there are plenty in the new Red Army—can, not but wish to return to civil life, where after the harvest there will be opportunities on every side.

DEATH SENTENCE SURE IN THE MOSCOW TRIAL

Prediction That Several Social Revolutionaries Will Suffer the Extreme Penalty.

By WALTER DURANTY.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MOSCOW, July 23.—The trial of the Social Revolutionaries is drawing to a close and will be finished this week. The condemnation of the majority of the accused is certain, and several death sentences will be carried out.

In view of the attention the trial has attracted in European Socialist and labor circles, it is worth while to give an explanation of the attitude of the Soviet Government in relation to the whole affair. I am informed that the purpose of these proceedings is threefold.

First, to make it clear to the Russian people, especially the peasants, who naturally supported the Social Revolutionary program in 1917 of "land and peace," and to the rest of the world that the Social Revolutionaries were led by their desire to overthrow the Bolshevikl to "betray the people's revolution" by conspiracy with the French and other Entente powers, with Kolchak and other reactionary leaders, and finally by assassination.

Second, to show that the Social Revolutionary leaders betrayed and disavowed their subordinates to save their own skins and are therefore unworthy of public support or sympathy.

Third, to put on record for future historians the inside facts about the revolutionary struggle in the years 1917-19.

In the opinion of the Soviet Government these three purposes have been achieved by the trial. It is certainly true that the proceedings demonstrated the truth of statements enumerated. But the question whether the mass of the Russian people—let alone the rest of the world—is fully aware of that, or even greatly interested, is another.

So far as the Socialists of the Second Internationale are concerned, the proceedings have shown that the foreign delegates were wise to abandon the defense when they did. It appears that they thought that the Bolsheviki would be willing to let them have an easy success in this case as payment for the Second Internationale's adhesion to the "united front" of European workers for which the Soviets launched their campaign in the Spring, or believed that they would be defending a gallant group of political prisoners. If the first supposition is correct, they made a psychological error; if the second, they soon found that the defense had not a leg to stand on, either politically or logically.

One instance of many will show this. One of the accused, who turned State evidence related how an important woman member of the Social Revolutionary Party, Ivanova, also on trial, in the Fall of 1918 attempted, with him and two others, to wreck a train bearing Trotsky to the Czechoslovak front in the Province of Samara. The witness gave a detailed account of how the conspirators were awaiting a signal from a confederate that the train was coming, so that they might tear up the rails and hurl the train over a culvert; how they made a fire in a neighboring hollow; what they said and how the attempt failed because Trotsky took a different route. All Ivanova could say in her defense was that she did not remember it.

The prosecution did not succeed in getting from the Social Revolutionary leaders a direct admission that their Central Executive Committee planned and directed terrorist attempts, but it established beyond a reasonable doubt that the committee was aware of and approved them.

SOVIET'S NEXT MOVE, SAYS LLOYD GEORGE

Powers Await a Clear Answer to Conditions Made Plain at Hague Conference.

SOME PROGRESS MADE

British Delegate, Reporting to Commons, Says Russians Have Taken a Forward Step.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 26.—Lloyd George made a statement in the House of Commons tonight during the debate on The Hague conference. He declared his belief that the conference represented a distinct advance toward a final solution. Whether it would reach a final solution or not would not depend on any action of this country or its allies and associates, but on the action taken by the Russian Government as a result of the two conferences.

Although The Hague Conference had not achieved all that was hoped for, Lloyd George urged that the world ought not suddenly to become discouraged and allow things to drift and by that means take risks which the world could not possibly face at the present moment. In dealing with the troublesome situation in Europe they were not going to bring things to an end in one conference or two or perhaps even a dozen. He hoped whoever succeeded to this Government would not be embarrassed by jeers or criticisms of their policy. Let them go on conferencing until peace was established in Europe and the world restored to order. It was impossible except step by step to achieve that end which all had in view.

People were too apt to forget, the Prime Minister went on, that they were only three years from the greatest war which the world had ever seen. When he thought of that fact he was amazed that such progress had been made by the world as a whole. He could not accept the view that things were getting worse in Europe. If they compared Europe as a whole today with Europe of three years ago things were better. Taking it as a whole, the world which was exhausted by war was gradually being replenished.

Not to Blame for Russian Ills.

"When Mr. Cynes said we were partly responsible for the miseries of Russia as allies in the war," declared Lloyd George, "he could not possibly have remembered the history of the war. Russia was the first in and first out of the war. Russia was the first to sign and the first declaration of war was by Russia and not by ourselves.

"We certainly had no responsibility for the disaster that befell Russia. On the contrary, we did our best to repair the deficiencies of the Russian organization.

"Mr. Clynes has further complained that we did not support Kerensky. The Government gave every support in their power to Kerensky, and if he failed it was not their fault. There was no request made for material support that we did not accede to. The honorable members opposite assumed there was a Russian Government controlling and governing the whole of Russia and that we wanted only to invade Russia to stir up strife, civil turmoil and rebellion. I am afraid they read their history from the columns of The Daily Herald. It has absolutely nothing whatever to do with the facts.

"The fact is that the Bolshevist Government, by a coup d'état, by force, and not by appealing to the Russian people, attacked the Socialist Government and overthrew it by the sword. What is the good, therefore, of saying we made an invasion on a peaceable and friendly power which was governing by the will of the people? There is no evidence that the Russian people ever wanted this Government. Russia acquiesced in their rule; it cannot be put beyond that. But they only acquiesced in that rule after they had by sheer force been conquered. It is ridiculous to say we interfered. Practically five years there has been a Soviet regime in Russia, and during the whole of that time Russia has been practically inaccessible to the world."

"The only question was how long was it to continue, proceeded Lloyd George. Was there anything that the Government could do to accelerate restoration? There were people in Russia who imagined that an agreement with Britain and with the other powers was entirely to the advantage of Britain. There were people in this country who imagined that an agreement of that kind would be the greatest thing for Russia. It was not true; it was to the advantage for both if it could be done.

Russia Must Call in Help.

"What was the condition of Russia? A country of infinite resources, it has been visited during the last few years with every conceivable calamity—war, revolution, civil war, every form of bad government, pestilence, drought and famine. Were things going to get better? Things would not get better in Russia until Russia called in the civilized world. That was her need. Her currency was a joke; there was no currency. A man who had just come from Russia paid a tip to a railway porter, and it was 3,000,000 rubles.

"Unless something was done and done soon Russia would be reduced to something like primeval conditions. Property would have no property to which could be restored. There would be nothing for factories and railways would be useless.

"There was need in this country for orders for the very things in which Russia stood in greatest need—engineering of all kinds and agricultural implements —so that the two needs made one opportunity and the question was whether that could be done.

"Mr. Clynes had said, Why did they not give recognition to Russia first and the rest would follow; send an Ambassador to Moscow and he would be followed by bankers, financiers, manufacturers and traders. If they sent the best Ambassador of whom they could think he would not be followed by a single banker or trader until the necessary conditions were established, and to say otherwise was really to mislead Russia. Therefore, he (Lloyd George) wanted the Russians thoroughly to appreciate and to understand fully that until these conditions were restored it was idle for her to seek any credit or any aid from the West.

"In his judgment the greatest advantage of these conferences, and in very large measure the greatest achievement was the process of educating Russia to an understanding of these facts.

The Prime Minister continuing said it was not a question of property, as had been suggested. It was a question of security. No one was going to invest their capital and labor unless they felt that there was complete security for both in that country. In regard to property, Russia must either put the former owners back in possession under some working plan or give real compensation in one form or another. If they were prepared to do that and he understood the Russian delegates were taking back this proposition to their Government for consideration and to carry out loyalty to their undertaking they would be the time for diplomatic reconsideration.

In conclusion Lloyd George hoped Russia would give the Allies an unequivocal and simple answer. What his country wanted was to restore the normal life of Europe. He believed it would be done. There was already a better spirit prevailing. It was significant that whenever there was danger of a break-up of the conference at The Hague—and there were some who wanted to break it up—all the powers along the frontier who were a short time ago arming against Russia and some of whom were fighting with her, signed a paper pleading that the conference should not be broken up. The mere fact that there was this new desire to work together was worth something.

It was only on that basis that peace could be restored to the world and that there could be a restoration of prosperity.

In his picture of Russia Lloyd George recognized the tremendous losses she sustained in the war more, perhaps, than all the other allies together.

British Delegate's Report.

LONDON, July 26 (Associated Press).—Sir Philip Lloyd-Greame, head of the British delegation at The Hague conference, reporting on the work of that body to the House of Commons today, expressed the opinion that it had made a long step forward on the path toward a Russian settlement. The next and final step, he added, rested with the Russian Government. He denied that the procedure of the conference was in any way forced upon one party by the others, and declared that the only hope of restoring Russia's industry lay in bringing back into it as many of those who built it up as possible.

In the last few days of the conference the Russian delegation had made a marked advance; its first proposals regarding compensation would have left the property in Russia of foreign owners in exactly the same position as before the conference.

It was perfectly clear, said Sir Philip, that there was no basis in the Russian Government's plan which would attract private investors or justify foreign Governments in pledging credits, and the conference decided that it would be impossible to negotiate further if Russia maintained that attitude. If matters had rested there, the conference would still have been of value, as it would have made plain the reasons why an agreement was impossible. But happily, although the conference was unable to recommend any basis of immediate agreement, the final phase did offer real hope of concrete results.

Russia's Step Forward.

The further proposals of the Russians constituted a distinct and remarkable advance.

"It was not a formal offer," said Sir Philip, "but showed that the Russians were definitely prepared to invite their Government to consider a policy which included formal acknowledgment of Russia's debts and the obligation to pay compensation where property had been nationalized.

"The Hague conference," continued Sir Philip, "brought the Russian Government face to face with actualities as never before. It has shown Russia the willingness of other countries to co-operate with her, while at the same time showing the inevitable character of the economic forces which govern co-operation.

"If Russia decides to pursue the policy foreshadowed by the Russian delegation, she will not merely be entering on a path to bring her back into the community of nations; she will be setting out on the road to the complete restoration of her economic life."

BIRKENHEAD REASSURES ENGLAND'S CREDITORS

Tells English-Speaking Union She Will Uphold Nation's Tradition of Probity.

LONDON, July 26 (Associated Press).—Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, and Lord Birkenhead, Lord High Chancellor, took occasion today at the dinner of the English-speaking Union, in farewell to the Ambassador on his return to Washington, to reiterate and underscore previous Ministerial assurances of the inviolability of the obligations of Great Britain to her creditors.

The Lord High Chancellor's reference to Anglo-American financial affairs, which he termed "a delicate subject," was the only materialistic note intruded on what otherwise was a most felicitous exchange of expressions of amity and good-will between "the two greatest English-speaking nations."

"When we look back upon our long history we find no occasion where we ever failed to meet a bond to which we had set our hand," Lord Birkenhead declared. "Honor and the stability of the finance of this country require that we should be ready to meet any proper and reasonable charge which can properly and legally be laid upon us.

"I only touch upon this delicate subject because it is proper I should say plainly for the understanding of the citizens of this country and the United States that we are not today the unworthy legatees of those who for generations had charge of the security and financial hegemony of the world."

The Lord High Chancellor's declarations drew more applause then Sir Auckland's affirmations a few minutes later that far more Americans had a comprehensive view of Great Britain's problems and conditions than Britons or American Continent called to the British press.

The Ambassador, through his residence in America, prior to the reading of the papers which he praised so highly, displayed an extensive knowledge of American slang, which he used appropriately and handily throughout his address. He also illustrated what he termed "the unbelievable ignorance of America existing in Great Britain," by a number of amusing anecdotes. This ignorance, however, he added, was not a one-sided affair, and he urged a campaign of education "to throw light into the dark places in the minds of the citizens of the two countries to remove such colossal ignorance."

In conclusion the Ambassador declared that at present, so far as official relations were concerned, nothing could be more fortunate or happy than the relations between these two Governments.

Otto Kahn toasted Lord Birkenhead, lauding his services to the Allied cause and referring to the esteem in which he is held in America. Viscount Grey of Fallodon, Among the guests were Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Secretary for War, the American Consul-General, Robert P. Skinner, and Lord Riddell.

LLOYD GEORGE WHIP BEATEN

Lewis Loses Commons Seat to Jones, Laborite, in Wales.

Copyright, 1922, by The New York Times Company.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, July 26.—A Government candidate sustained a severe defeat today.

T. A. Lewis, Coalition Liberal, had to stand for re-election to the House of Commons at Pontypridd, Wales, on his appointment as Government whip. His seat seems to have had at its gift general election of 1918 a majority of 3,176 over his Labor opponent. He was, however, defeated by 4,080, the figures being: T. I. Mardy Jones, Labor candidate, 16,630; T. A. Lewis, Coalition Liberal, 12,550.

This is the second seat captured by the Laborites in the last few weeks, and the blow is more severe in that it has been dealt by Lloyd George's own people to a man selected for such an important party position as whip.

Bigamist's Wife Keeps Home Fires Burning Near Prison

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, July 26.—When Frank Gibson, an aged bigamist, ordered paroled today, leaves Sing Sing, the State will be saved the price of his railroad ticket. The law requires that a ticket be furnished to a released prisoner to take him back to the county seat where he was sentenced. Gibson was sentenced in White Plains to four years, three months, for bigamy. While he was in Sing Sing, however, his second wife hired a tenement on Hunter Street, Ossining, only a few yards from the prison. Gibson can

Portland Railway Light & Power Co.

1st & Ref. 5% Bonds

Due 1942

Secured by direct first mortgage on more than 75% of the Company's generating capacity, including its largest hydro-electric plants.

Price to yield about

6.15%

Circular on request

The National City Company

Main Office: National City Bank Building
Uptown Office: 42nd St. & Madison Ave.

E. H. Rollins & Sons

Founded 1876

43 Exchange Place, New York

Boston Philadelphia Albany
Buffalo Chicago San Francisco

City of Winston-Salem, N.C.

4¾% and 5% coupon bonds

Due May 15, 1924 to 1942

Price to yield

4.70%

Free of all Federal Income Taxes

Send for descriptive circular

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co.

Pitts., L. E. & W. Va.

Ref. Mtge. 4s—Due 1941

Legal for Savings Banks in New York, Connecticut and Massachusetts

Listed on the New York Stock Exchange

Price at the Market
To yield about 5.45%

Circular D-172 sent upon request

Merrill, Lynch & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

120 Broadway New York

Uptown Office, 11 East 43d St.

Chicago Detroit Milwaukee
Denver Los Angeles

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes

City of New Orleans, La.

4½% Paving Certificates

Due Serially 1925-1932

At prices to yield
4.60%—4.75%

Blodget & Co.

34 Pine St.
New York

Boston Philadelphia
Chicago Hartford

Specialists in

U. S. Government Bonds

New York City Bonds

New York State Bonds

U. S. Treasury Notes & Certif's

Federal Land Bank Bonds

Joint Stock Land Bank Bonds

CHAS E. QUINCEY & CO

Members New York Stock Exchange

14 Wall Street New York

Telephone Rector 2803

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Irregular Reaction on Stock Exchange—Bonds Firm, Foreign Exchange Lower.

Yesterday's market appeared to draw an unfavorable inference from the Interstate Commerce Commission's announcement that "priority orders" would be applied in railway freight traffic while the coal strike continues. That inference may have been based on the mere fact of the commission's declaration of a "public emergency," or it may have been caused by apprehension over the effect of such readjustment of traffic on industrial plans or expectations. The Iron Age, for instance, points out as regards the steel trade that this industry will not only have to await its turn for transportation far down the line, but will presumably have to depend hereafter on the stock of fuel actually on hand.

The day's decline in various industrial shares, which canceled most of the previous day's advances, was of a tentative and speculative character; it did not of itself indicate much except the perplexity and fluctuation of feeling about the coal strike outlook, which has been visible for some time past. The commission's action was inevitable under existing circumstances, whether or not the strike is to be prolonged. The Government was bound to act on the supposition of continued blockade of coal and continued harassing of transportation; because, if the trouble were to continue, postponement of measures giving priority to food, to perishable articles and to fuel directed to communities whose need of it might presently be urgent, would be taking rash chances.

But the actual interference with the industrial situation depends entirely on the duration of the strike. A not uninteresting sidelight on the position of things was provided by the statement of railway car-loadings for the second week of July, as published yesterday. The total of loadings exceeded the same week of 1921 by 86,000 cars, or more than 11 per cent.; it had been exceeded only by two previous weeks in the present year. Loadings of merchandise and miscellaneous freight (not including grain or fuel) were larger by 83,386 cars than in the week preceding and by 104,554 than in the same week of a year ago.

Foreign exchange rates slipped off another fraction, though the change was slight except in the case of the German mark, which, measured in hundredths of a cent, fell from 10¾ to 10½; a rate pretty close to the low figure of 10⅝, touched on July 8. In the interval since that date it has risen to 23¼, which shows the tendency of the market.

At first consideration, it might have been assumed that Secretary Mellon's overnight announcement, calling in $1,000,000,000 of the outstanding Victory 4¾ per cents for redemption Dec. 15, would have cut down the market premium on the loan. Instead of that, the 4¾s rose yesterday from 100.55 to 100.80. The obvious reason was the coupling of this announcement, of the early redemption of half of the outstanding bonds at par, with the further intimation that a 4½ per cent. bond with a four-year maturity would be offered at par next month for at least a part of the surrendered 4¾s.

When this last replacement of May maturities by loans falling due at a later date shall have been effected, barely one-fifth of the amount originally fixed for payment in 1923 will remain outstanding. The part of the loan bearing 3¾ per cent. has all been taken up with the proceeds of other short-dated loans; the bulk of the 4¾ per cents have been converted into new 4¾s maturing in 1925 and 1926 or into 4½ per cents maturing in 1925, and now conversion into 4½s maturing in 1926 is offered. Under the combined auspices of an increasingly favorable investment market and a skillful hand at the Treasury, what is perhaps the largest conversion operation in the history of public debts has proceeded so quietly that the general public probably does not realize how near it is to completion.

MONEY.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1922.

Stock Exchange call loans got down to 3 per cent. in last few minutes of session, having previously ruled at 3½, and an initial and renewal rate of 4. Minimum is cheapest since July 18, and drop of 1 per cent. from Tuesday's prevailing rate. Dealers report quite a sizable lot of money unloaned at day's close. There was no change in time money rates, a little short date money going at 3¾, later maturities going at 4 and 4¼. Commercial paper is moving quietly and firmly, acceptances likewise ruling steadily at prevailing discounts.

Call Loans.

Renewals.	High.	Low.	Last.	Tuesday's Last.
	4	4	3	4

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60-90 days	3¾@4
4, 5 and 6 months	4 @4¼
All industrial collateral, 60-90 days	3¾@4
4, 5 and 6 months	4 @4¼

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 4 to 6 months	4 @4¼
Other names, 4 to 6 months	4¼
Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.	
Commercial paper, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days	4
Liberty bonds, victory notes and Treasury certificates of indebtedness, 15 days, 4; 16 to 90 days	4

Bankers' Acceptances.

	Bid.	Asked.
Call loans against acceptances	4⅜	4¼
Prime bankers' acceptances, eligible for purchase or rediscount by Federal Reserve Banks. Rates quoted are for discount at purchase.		
30 days	3¼	3
60 days	3¼	3
90 days	3¼	3
4 months	3¼	3
5 months	3¼	3¼
Non-member and private bankers, 60-90 days	5¾	5½

London Market.

Money on London market unchanged at 1¼ per cent.; short bills unchanged at 1⅞ per cent., and three months down 1-16 at 1⅞@1 15-16 per cent.

Gold bullion 1d higher at 85s 7d. Taking the British Mint standard price of 85s. per fine ounce as par, the market quotation for gold would represent a price of 109 at London. On the same basis the highest London price for gold for the year to date was 115½, on Jan. 3. The highest price since open trading in gold was resumed at London in September, 1919, was 119¾, on Feb. 5, 1920; the lowest, 107⅝, on June 7, 1922.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $486,100,000; balances, $38,300,000; Federal Reserve Bank credit balance, $51,400,000; year ago, $546,100,000.

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver in London ¼d higher at 35¼d. New York price for domestic silver was quoted yesterday at 99¾c per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ⅛c higher at 69¾c.

Range for 1922:

	Highest.	Lowest.
London	67¾d May 22	33¼d Feb. 23
New York	73½c May 23	33½c Feb. 23
Range for 1921:		
London	43¾d Sep. 27	30¾d Mar. 8
New York	72¾c Oct. 17	28½c Mar. 8

ASKS BANKS TO AID IN REFUNDING DEBT

Mellon Wants Them to Facilitate Exchange of Victory for Treasury Notes.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Banking institutions were called upon today by Secretary Mellon to perform an important service to the nation by extending their facilities for the exchange of outstanding 4¾ per cent. Victory notes for the new 4¼ per cent. Treasury notes offered for subscription as part of the Federal program for refunding the short-dated debt.

In a letter to bankers throughout the country the Treasury Secretary explained that approximately $4,500,000,000 of the nation's short-dated debt must be refunded during the current fiscal year.

"The refunding of this debt," he said, "most of which will have to be accomplished within the next ten months, presents a problem of first importance. The $300,000,000, or thereabouts, of Treasury notes offered for subscription on the usual terms will provide for the Treasury certificates maturing Aug. 1 and for the Treasury's remaining cash requirements between now and Sept. 15, 1923, while the offering to allot additional notes in exchange for 4¾ per cent. Victory notes should accomplish the refunding of some more of the Victory Liberty Loan and correspondingly reduce the amount of Victory notes to be provided for upon redemption or maturity.

"At the same time the call for the redemption of about half of the outstanding Victory notes before maturity will make that much of the Victory Loan payable on Dec. 15 of this year and enable the Treasury to deal with it before maturity by appropriate refunding loans. This will mean that by Jan. 1, 1923, the outstanding Victory notes will have been reduced to about $1,000,000,000, or, in other words, a manageable maturity which can be dealt with as opportunity offers without spectacular refunding operations that would upset the security markets and disturb the course of business and industry."

Discussing the Treasury operations in connection with the national indebtedness, Mr. Mellon stated that by June 30, 1922, the gross public debt had been reduced to about $22,963,000,000, a reduction of about $1,000,000,000 during the past fourteen months, the reduction taking place for the most part in the short-dated debt. Meanwhile, he declared, the Treasury, through its refunding operations, had distributed about $2,250,000,000 of early maturing debts into Treasury notes of more convenient maturities, the earliest series falling due in 1924, 1925 and 1926.

"As a result of these operations," Mr. Mellon said, "the amount of outstanding Victory notes has been reduced from over $4,000,000,000 on April 30, 1921, to about $1,900,000,000 on June 30, 1922, and the amount of outstanding Treasury certificates from over $2,800,000,000 to about $1,825,000,000. In addition there are about $625,000,000 of War Savings certificates of the series of 1918 which become payable on Jan. 1, 1923, so that on June 30, 1923, there still remained outstanding about $4,440,000,000 of short-dated debt, all of which matures in the current fiscal year.

RUSH MEXICAN DEBT PLAN.

International Bankers Reported Ready to Call for Bonds.

It was reported in the financial district yesterday that the international bankers, who came to an agreement on June 16 with Minister of Finance de la Huerta over Mexico's defaulted debt, plan to go ahead with the organization of committees for the deposit of the bonds and that they expect to send out the call for the deposit by Aug. 1.

Mr. de la Huerta told them that President Obregon would sign the agreement within three days after his return from the conferences.

Gain in Operating Profit.

The American La France Fire Engine Company for the six months ended June 30, 1922, reports operating profit of $466,970, against $452,553 last year. Net income after interest, but before allowing for taxes, was $450,399, against $356,178.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market and Strike News.

The appraisal by the stock market of the news of the Interstate Commerce Commission declaring that a national emergency exists and that the railroads of the country must give priority rights to certain commodities, was somewhat confusing at the opening yesterday. It had been realized for a week or more that the situation was rapidly growing worse, so far as fuel was concerned, and the action of the commission was at first looked upon as a favorable development, indicating that the Government had at last taken the situation in hand and would endeavor to straighten it out. This resulted in a somewhat strong opening on the Stock Exchange, some substantial gains being reported on initial prices. The trading had not progressed very far, however, before prices began to fall. Apparently, it was realized that the commission's ruling would affect many industries. With this in mind, professional operators began to sell stocks again on a considerable scale, and prices from then to the close continued downward. In the end losses of 1 to 3 points were frequent, with extreme losses of 5 points or more in some of the Mexican oil issues. There was virtually not a single group in the entire market which was not affected by the selling, losses being recorded in the motors, steels, rails and coppers, all sold off. Even the sugar stocks, which have been moving against the trend for several days, sold off yesterday.

***

The Railroad "Emergency."

Railroad executives generally expressed satisfaction yesterday over the turn which the transportation situation has taken as a result of the Interstate Commerce Commission's order declaring the existence of a public emergency. It was pointed out that this move eliminates a possible embarrassment which might have faced the carriers in the near future. Transportation cannot be rationed without a public determination of what is fair and equitable, the officials explained, and the commission's initiative is believed to embody one more concrete step in the solution of the railroad and coal disturbance. Traffic managers yesterday expressed little fear that the temporary priority orders—involving food for human consumption, fuel for live stock, live stock, perishable products, coal, coke and fuel oil—would result in any sharp difference in the earnings of one railroad as against another, although those lines which originate this traffic are expected to benefit in noticeable manner. If the order obtains for any appreciable length of time. In 1920, during the switchmen's strike, the carriers asked the commission for a priority order to relieve a temporary congestion of freight traffic.

***

Oil Stocks Again Under Pressure.

The Mexican oil stocks were again particularly hard pressed in yesterday's markets, losses of two to five points being recorded in this group. Mexican Seaboard stock and certificates appeared to be the target for the professional element, the attack being centred about these issues. The former registered a loss of 5% points and the latter 5¾, the low points being new records since the listing of these shares on the Exchange. Mexican Petroleum lost only ¼ point on the day, wholly because of a sharp advance in the early dealings, while Pan-American dropped only ⅝. The pressure against the Mexican oil shares started with the news early in July that some of the prominent Mexican fields had "gone to salt water," thus causing a serious drop in production in that country. That there has been a decline in output is proved by production figures for the Toteco field, where only about 130,000 barrels are now being produced daily, against 190,000 barrels earlier in the year. Production in the other fields is holding up well, but the decline in Toteco alone is large enough, according to oil men, to cause an important change in the domestic situation before long. It was said yesterday, however, that it would take some time for the lower Mexican output to affect the statistical position in this country at all seriously, because of the large amount of crude oil now in storage.

***

German "Catastrophe Boom" Resumed.

Bankers who are in daily communication with Germany by cable said yesterday that the "catastrophe boom," by which that country's artificial "paper money prosperity" is known, has been resumed with a furious and nervous intensity, and that stocks are fairly booming on the Boerse. The markets of Germany are now so closely interwoven with the position of the mark abroad and at home, according to these bankers, that one has but to take a look at the mark quotation to ascertain what the markets there are doing. Continued declines in the mark bring fresh bursts of strength in the markets. The recent recovery of the mark to 25-one hundredths of a cent, as against 18-one hundredths three weeks ago, caused a temporary halt in the excitement of speculative activity. Since the mark has again assumed a downward trend, however, stocks on the Boerse are mounting higher and higher. The mark yesterday fluctuated between .19¼ and .19¾, just about one hundredth of one cent above the lowest price at which it has ever sold.

***

Tightening Up on the Pools.

There are few people in the financial district who are not fully aware of the fact that the upswing in stocks was started, at least, by pools, who, in turn, were financed by call money. It has been a profitable enterprise both ways; for the pools, because of the appreciation in the market value of stocks, and for the lenders of call money because of the fact that it has been a fairly profitable place in which to put liquid funds. The events of the last two or three weeks, however, have changed the attitude of some of the bankers who are in the call market with funds to lend. They are scrutinizing the collateral much more closely. This is due not alone to the uncertainty of the outlook because of labor troubles, but to consideration of a certain big failure. Some stocks which were acceptable two or three months ago no longer find a temporary residence in loan envelopes, and some others, which have been pushed up speculatively, have been scaled down in loans to the point where their owners hardly know them.

***

Coal Strike and Railway Earnings.

In railway circles particular interest was shown yesterday in the June earnings statements of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western and the Norfolk & Western Railroads, two roads whose fortunes have been affected in an exactly opposite way by the coal strike. The Norfolk & Western penetrating the heart of the non-union bituminous district showed an increase in gross business during June of $2,417,224, while the Lackawanna, running largely through unionized anthracite territory, reported a decrease in gross revenues amounting to $2,064,865. Other reports which were published yesterday led to the estimate by some railway officials of a total June net operating income amounting to something between $60,000,000 and $65,000,000. This would compare with $61,989,000 for May and with $51,841,000 for June, 1921.

***

Further Relaxation in Money Rates.

So far as the money market is concerned, Wall Street has not a worry in the world. There is nothing in the immediate future, so far as the bankers yesterday professed themselves able to see, but continuation of present easy conditions, which were reflected yesterday by a decline in the call rate from 4 per cent. to 3½ per cent. and the offer of a few large lenders to "shade" that figure if sufficient business of importance offered. There was something like $5,000,000 of call money on the book at the New York Stock Exchange loan desk, which was not taken at the close.

To Holders of

Consolidated Gas

Conv. 7s due 1925

August 1st, 1922, is the last day on which the above bonds may be converted into Consolidated Gas stock.

We advise the sale of these bonds or their conversion into the stock prior to August 1st. They have been called for redemption September 1st, 1922, at 102½ and interest.

We will be pleased to further discuss the above with you and take care of any details incident to the sale or conversion of your bonds.

W. C. Langley & Co.

Investments

115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

Established 1865

$1,690,984,000 New Buildings

In 27 Northeastern States F. W. Dodge Co.'s report shows new building construction started during the first half of 1922—$1,690,984,000—the highest figure for the first half of any year.

We suggest to investors an attractive First and Refunding Mortgage Gold Bond of a company which is one of the most important producers of standard building materials in North America. $100,000 must be drawn by lot semi-annually at 110. The Bonds yield 8% to maturity and as much as 14% if drawn in 1924.

Full details upon request.

Hambleton & Co.

43 Exchange Place, New York

Philadelphia BALTIMORE Washington

Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville Railway Co.

(Monon Route)

First & General 6's Due 1966

Price to yield 6%

Circular upon application

Potter & Company

Members New York Stock Exchange

New York Washington

Reinhart & Bennet

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange

50 Broadway, New York.

Telephone 3327 Broad

BROOKLYN EDISON

Stock offers the opportunity for profitable investment sought by many persons. It has paid 8% since 1903—Is listed on the Stock Exchange—Is quoted to yield about 7.30%.

Details are given in our Brooklyn Edison Circular.

We Deal in:

Amer. Typefounders
Atlas Portland Cement Pfd.
Barnhardt Bros. & Spin. 2d Pf.
Borden Co. Com. & Pfd.
Bucyrus Com. & Pfd.
Driver Harris Pfd.
Fidelity Inter. Trust
Goodyear Prior Pref.
Kensico Cemetery.

Inquiries Invited

TOBEY & KIRK

Established 1879

Members New York Stock Exchange

25 Broad St. 208 S. La Salle St.
New York Chicago

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1922.

Day's Sales.	Tuesday.	Monday.	A Year Ago.	Two Years Ago.
715,926	696,860	837,460	450,415	574,984

Year to Date.	Same Period 1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
149,580,139	100,247,131	134,763,405	159,983,913	83,616,192

1922. High.	1922. Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	Closing. Bid.	Closing. Ask.
50¾	10⅝	100	Advance Rumely	11¾	11¾	11¼	11¾	— ¼	11	13
18⅝	13¼	1,600	Ajax Rubber	14	14	13⅜	13½	— ⅛	13¼	13⅝
⅝	⅛	400	Alaska Gold Mines	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜	— ⅛	⅜	½
2	⅝	700	Alaska Juneau	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼	— ⅛	1¼	1⅜
73¾	55⅝	1,300	Allied Chem. & Dye (4)	68½	69¼	68	68	— ¾	68	68½
58	47⅜	1,400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. (4)	52	53½	52½	52½	— ¼	52	53½
100	86½	1,000	Allis-C. Mfg. pr. (7)	96¾	96¾	96	96	— 1	97¾	99
42⅜	29¾	200	Am. Agric. Chem.	38½	38½	38¼	38¼	— ¼	38	38¾
77⅞	67	300	Am. Bk. Note (4) x d	67	67	67	67	+ 1	67	70
49	31⅝	700	Am. Best Sugar	47	47½	46¾	46¾	— ¼	46	46¾
46	31¾	600	Am. Cotton Magnetic	33¾	35	33	35	+ 1	37½	38
85	81¼	100	Am. Ex. & Br. (4)	83½	83½	83½	83½	— ½	83½	85
108	98¾	100	Do. pf. (7)	108	108	108	108	— ½	106¾	108¾
59¾	32⅛	11,900	American Can	59¼	59¾	58¾	58¾	— ¾	58¾	59
109	98¼	100	American Can pf	108	108	108	108		108	110
169¾	141	200	Am. Car & Fdry. (12)	160½	160½	160	160	+ ½	163¼	169½
121½	115¾	100	Do. pf. (7)	120¾	120¾	120¾	120¾	— ¼	120¾	125
30¾	17½	300	Am. Cotton Oil	20¾	20¾	20	20	— ¾	20¾	26
82¾	67½	100	Am. Drug. Synd.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾		5¼	5⅝
17⅝	12	500	Am. Hide & Leather	13¾	13¾	13½	13½	— ⅛	13½	13¾
73	55	500	Am. Hide & L. pf.	66¾	68¾	66¾	68¾	— 1	65½	68¾
114½	76	300	American Ice (7)	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾		107	109
23⅝	12	100	American Ice pf. (6)	60	60	60	60		60	65
53¾	38½	1,600	Am. International	42¾	42¾	41¾	41¾	— 1¼	41½	41¾
15¾	13¾	1,000	Am. Laf're Fire (5)	13	13	13	13		13	13¼
40¾	39¾	100	American Linseed	33½	33¾	33½	33½		33¾	34
118¼	102	800	Am. Loco. (6)	115¾	116¼	114	114	— 1¼	114	114½
13	1⅜	500	Am. Malt & G. stpd.	2¼	2¼	2	2	— ⅛	2	2¼
5⅝	3¾	500	Am. Safety Razor	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ⅛	5¾	6¼
25⅞	5¼	1,800	Am. Ship & Com.	19¾	20	19¼	20		19¾	20
67⅛	44	1,100	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	61	61	59¾	59¾	— 1¼	59¾	60¾
40⅞	30¾	900	Am. Sil. Fdrs. (3)	37	37	36½	36½	— ¼	36¾	37
85¾	54⅞	1,900	Am. Sugar Refining	82	82¾	80¾	81		80¾	81
107	84	100	Do. pf. (7)	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾		106	107
47	23½	100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	25	25	25	25	— ½	27¼	27½
124½	114¾	1,700	Am. Tel. & Tel. (6)	122	122¾	122	122		122	122¾
145¾	139¼	500	Am. Tobacco (12)	143¾	143¾	143	143		142	142¾
142¾	126	400	Do. Class B (12)	140¾	140¾	139½	139½	— ½	140	141
105	98½	100	Do. pf. (6)	104	104	104	104		103	105
17⅝	6	500	Am. W. W. & Elec.	16¼	16¼	16	16	— ¼	16	16¼
173¼	153⅛	100	Am. Woolen pf. (7)	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	— ⅝	106¾	108
100	102½	100	Am. Writ. Paper pf.	29	29	29	29		28	29
37¼	22½	100	Am. Zinc L. & S.	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾		17¾	18
20⅝	12⅛	2,500	Anaconda Copper	53⅞	53⅞	52⅝	52⅝	— ⅛	52⅝	53
57	47	100	Ann Arbor pf.	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	— 1	41	42¼
24½	20	2,700	Assets Realization	2	2	1⅞	1⅞		1⅞	2
83½	75	220	Assoc. D.G.1st pf. (6)	82¾	82¾	82	82	— ¼	81½	82½
86	75⅞	100	Do. 2d pf. (7)	83	83	83	83		83	84
102⅝	91⅜	1,400	A. T. & S. F. (6)	102¾	102¾	101½	101⅝	— ⅛	101½	102
5¼	¾	100	Atlanta, Birm. & At.	3	3	3	3	— ¼	3	3¼
111¾	83	300	Atl. Coast Line (7)	107¾	107¾	107	107	— ¾	106	107¾
2¾	⅝	200	Atlantic Fruit	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝		2⅝	2¾
45¾	22¾	14,500	Atl. Gulf & W. Ind.	34	36¾	30	32¾	— 3	32¾	33
30	24	900	Do pf.	25½	25¾	24	24	— 2	24	24¾
21	7	21	Atlantic Refin. (20)	1000	1000	1000	1000		1000	1020
120	100	100	Atl. Refin. pf. (7)	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼	— ¼	116	118
29¾	20¾	700	Austin Nichols	26¼	26¼	25¾	25¾	— ¼	25½	26¼
120	114	8,400	Baldwin Loco. (7)	117¾	117¾	115¾	115¾	— 1¼	115¾	116
82	63	7,700	Baltimore & Ohio	64¾	65¾	63¾	63¾	— ¾	63¾	63¾
93	62¼	1,100	Bald. Ohio pf. (4)	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾		62	62½
30	20	5,800	Barnsdall Class A	28	30	25¼	30	— 2	29½	30
24	22	1,800	Barnsdall Class B	25	25	24	24¼	— 2	22	24
35	33	300	Beech-Nut Packing	33½	33½	33	33	— 1	33	34
76½	61	3,600	Beth. Steel Cl. B(5)	76¾	77¼	75¾	76	— 1	75¾	76½
97	80¾	200	Beth. Steel pf. (7)	96¾	97	96¾	97	— 1	95¾	97
104	101	100	Beth. Steel pf. (8)	113	113	113	113	— 1½	113	114
59	4¾	1,100	Booth Fisheries	5¼	5¾	5½	5½		5¼	5¾
36½	19¾	200	Brit. E. Steel 2d pf.	30	30	30	30		30	31
110	100	500	Bklyn. Ed. Elec. (8)	108¾	109¾	109¼	109½	+ ¼	109	109¾
29	19	1,200	Bklyn. Rap. Trans.	23	23	24½	24½	+ ¼	24¼	24½
119	70	100	Bklyn. Un. Gas (5)	110	110	110	110	+ 1	109	110
55¾	40	200	Brown Shoe	52	52	52	52		52	53
97¾	85	100	Brown Shoe pf. (7)	93	93	93	93	+ 1¼	92½	94¾
64	50½	100	Buff., R. & P. (8)	64	64	64	64	— 2	64	70
139½	115	100	Burns Bros. (10)	129¼	129½	129½	129½	+ 2	129½	132
50	39¾	1,000	Do Class B (2)	43	43	42¼	42¾	— ¼	43¾	43
9¾	5¾	400	Butte Cop. & Zinc	6¼	7	6¼	6¾		6¾	8
30	20	100	Butte & Superior	25¾	28¾	25¾	25¾		27½	29½
3,200	57	57	California Pack.	58¼	58¼	56¾	57¼	— ¼	57¼	58
100	94	94	Cal. Pets. pf. (7)	94	94	94	94	— 2	93	95
1,300	7⅛	8	Callahan Zinc Lead	7⅞	8	7⅝	8		7¾	7⅞
300	120	139	Can. Pacific (10)	139	139	138¼	138¼		138½	139
11,100	37¾	38¾	Cent. Leather Co.	39¾	39¾	37¾	37¾	— 1⅞	37¾	38
1,100	72	72	Cent. Leather Co.pf.	72	72	71	71	— 1½	70½	71¼
1,100	35⅛	37¼	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	37¼	37¾	34¼	34¼	— 2¾	34¼	34½
5,000	65¾	68¾	Chandler Motor (6)	65¾	68¾	65¾	68¾	— 1¾	68¾	69
1,100	67⅛	69¾	Ches. & Ohio (4)	69	69¾	67¾	67¾	— 1¾	67¾	68¼
300	34¾	34¾	Chicago & R. Il.	34¾	34¾	33¾	33¾	— ¾	33¾	34½
300	53	54	Chi. & E. Ill. pf.	54	54	53	53	+ 1	53	55
1,600	27¼	28	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	28	28	27¼	27¼		27¼	27⅝
700	43	44	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	44	44	43	43	— ½	43	43¾
700	7⅝	7¾	Chicago N. W. (5)	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	— ⅛	7¾	7⅞
100	114	114	Chi. & N. W. pf. (7)	114	114	114	114	— 1	113	115
200	70½	70½	Chi. Pneu. Tool (4)	70½	70½	70½	70½	— ½	69¾	70½
1,400	43	43	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	43	43	42¾	42¾	— ¼	42¾	42¾
100	94	94	Do pf. (7)	94	94	94	94	— ½	93	94
2,600	22½	23	Chile Copper	22½	23¼	21½	21⅝	— ⅛	21⅝	21¾
100	29¾	29¾	Chino Copper	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾		29	29¾
200	74	74	C., C., C. & St. L. (3)	74	74	74	74	+ 1	73	74
1,800	40¾	41	Coca-Cola (4)	40¾	41	40¾	41		40¾	41
100	30	30	Colo. Fuel & Iron	30	30	30	30		30	30
300	46	46	Do (3)	46	46	45	45¾	— ¼	45¾	47
800	92¾	92¾	Col. Gas & El. (6)	92¾	92¾	91½	91½	— ¾	91½	92
1,400	56	56¾	Col. Graphophone	54	56¾	54	56¾	+ 2	56	57
300	16¾	16¾	Col. Grapk. pf.	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾		16¾	17
200	64¾	64¾	Comp. Tab Rec. (6)	64¾	64¾	64	64	— ¼	63½	64
100	⅝	⅝	Cons. Distributors	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝		⅝	¾
100	34	34	Cons. Cigar	34	34	34	34	— ½	33½	34
2,400	121¾	121¾	Cons. Gas (7)	121¾	121¾	120¾	120¾	— 1	120¾	120¾
16,200	9¾	10	Cons. Textile	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾		9¾	9¾
1,000	74	74	Continental Can	74	74	73½	73½	— ½	72½	73
14,100	107¾	108¾	Corn Pr. Ref. (10)	106¾	108¾	106¾	107¾	+ 1¼	107	107¾
9,000	41¾	41¾	Cosden Co. (2½)	41¾	41¾	40¾	40¾	— ¾	40¾	40¾
5,700	85	85¾	Crucible Steel	80¾	85¾	83	83½		83	83¼
100	92¾

Public Utility Bonds

Improvement in business conditions and the continued decline in interest rates are constantly narrowing the opportunities for selecting sound bonds that yield a satisfactory return.

Public Utility Bonds are still 29% below the high levels of 1917.

Our suggestions on bonds of this type sent upon request.

SUTRO & KIMBLEY
Members New York Stock Exchange
Sixty-six Broadway
New York

Exempt from Federal Income Taxes. Legal for New York Savings Banks.

$100,000 Detroit, Mich. 5s
Price to yield 4.25%

$250,000 North Tonawanda, N. Y., 4½s
Price to yield 4.25-4.20%

$47,000 Wheeling, W. Va. 5s
Price to yield 4.35%

Send for full details.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York

Japanese Government Bonds

BOUGHT—SOLD—QUOTED

ABRAHAM & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
27 William Street, New York
Telephone: Broad. 3765

Legal Investment for Trust Funds in New York State

Trinity Buildings
First Mtge. 5½% Bonds
Due 1939

An absolute first mortgage on the land and buildings at Nos. 111 and 115 Broadway, two of the finest and best located office buildings in the financial district. Property is valued at over twice amount of bonds.

The United States Realty and Improvement Company unconditionally guarantees payment of the principal, interest and sinking fund of the loan.

Price to yield about **5.45%**

P. W. Chapman & Co., Inc.
115 Broadway, New York — 116 So. LaSalle St., Chicago

Bonds for the Investment of July Funds

Our offerings comprise an extensive variety of conservative investment bonds to yield about

4% to 8%

Municipal Bonds
Railroad Bonds
Equipment Bonds
Public Utility Bonds
Industrial Bonds
Foreign Gov't Bonds

Bond Circular No. 929 furnished on request.

Redmond & Co.
33 Pine Street, New York
Philadelphia — Pittsburgh
Baltimore — Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1922.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales:					
Liberty bonds	$3,812,500	$4,833,450	$8,487,000	$10,888,000	$4,780,000
Other domestic bonds	5,893,500	3,752,000	1,993,500	1,980,000	678,000
Foreign bonds	2,015,000	1,073,500	622,500	1,244,000	526,000
Total all bonds	$11,721,000	$9,658,950	$10,803,000	$14,112,000	$5,984,000
Year to date:					
Liberty bonds	$1,120,923,450	$1,082,624,425	$1,720,031,700	$1,357,055,150	$579,026,500
Other domestic bonds	1,098,523,305	483,257,200	327,404,580	619,549,485	165,134,500
Foreign bonds	374,825,800	173,652,200	170,250,300	146,008,000	132,575,500
Total all bonds	$2,594,272,555	$1,739,533,825	$2,217,676,580	$1,822,612,635	$876,736,500

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Range Since Date of Issue— High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Range '22— High.	Low.	Sales.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.	Quotations '22 Asked.	Yield.
102.50	May 22,'18	96.60	June 2,'21	101.18	94.24	225	Liberty 3½s, 1932-47	101.00	101.56	100.86	101.46	+.34	101.00	101.02	3.09
100.90	July 24,'22	98.14	July 11,'21	100.80	94.32	2	Liberty 3½s, registered	101.90	101.90	101.90	101.90				
101.84	July 25,'22	83.00	May 19,'20	101.62	96.70		Lib. 1st cv. 4s, 1932-47						102.50	101.70	
101.80	July 25,'22	83.80	May 19,'20	101.30	97.80		Lib. 1st cv. 4s, registered								
100.80	July 24,'22	81.40	May 20,'20	100.80	95.66	3	Lib. 2d cv. 4s, 1927-42	100.74	100.74	100.74	100.74	—.02	100.70	101.48	3.94
100.84	July 26,'22	81.56	May 21,'20	100.54	95.80		Lib. 2d cv. 4s, registered								
102.00	July 13,'22	90.00	June 4,'20	102.00	98.00		Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1932-47	101.80	100.78	100.60	101.60	+.36	101.60	101.70	4.01
101.78	July 26,'22	81.00	May 21,'20	101.78	96.00	236	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, reg	101.40	101.40	101.40	101.40	+.10			
101.46	July 24,'22	84.00	July 30,'20	101.40	95.86	2	Lib. 1st cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	100.96	100.96	100.80	100.84		100.84	100.88	4.16
101.86	July 24,'22	81.40	May 20,'20	101.09	94.78	529	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, 1927-42	100.76	100.76	100.66	100.70	+.14			
100.80	July 25,'22	83.60	Dec. 23,'20	100.80	95.68	13	Lib. 2d cv. 4¼s, reg	100.76	100.76	100.66	100.70	—.10			
101.90	July 25,'22	84.80	Dec. 20,'20	101.00	94.72	1,180	Liberty 3d 4¼s, 1928	100.82	100.00	100.16	100.13	—.08	100.78	100.80	4.12
100.86	July 22,'22	82.44	May 19,'20	100.86	94.72	24	Liberty 3d 4¼s, reg	100.68	100.70	100.66	100.70	—.16			
101.74	July 25,'22	82.00	May 20,'20	101.74	95.90	935	Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	101.68	101.70	101.60	101.68		101.64	101.68	4.07
101.62	July 26,'22	82.44	May 20,'20	101.62	95.70	15	Liberty 4th 4¼s, reg	101.54	101.62	101.50	101.50	—.02			
100.98	July 26,'22	84.76	May 20,'20	100.98	100.05	6,708	Vic. 4¼s, unspec., '22-'28	100.58	100.80	100.76	100.80	+.22	100.80	100.84	3.85
100.58	July 26,'22	100.46	July 26,'22	100.58	100.46	148	Vic. 4¼s, 1922, call'd	100.50	100.58	100.46	100.46		100.50	100.54	3.43
100.90	Apr. 5,'22	94.86	May 21,'20	100.90	94.84	8	Victory 4¾s, registered	100.48	100.50	100.48	100.50	+.06			
100.48	July 26,'22	100.46	July 26,'22	100.46	100.40	9	Vic. 4¼s, reg., called	100.40	100.46	100.46	100.46				

FOREIGN BONDS.

Argentine 5s 1 .... 88 temp 5s 20 .... 100 7sf .... 100 6 .... 100¾ Chinese Ry 5s 2 .... 54½ City of Berne 5s 20 .... 110½ City of Bergen 5s 1 .... 100¾ City of Bord'x 6s 2 .... 84¼ 6 .... 84½ City of Copenhagen 5½s 1 .... 84½ City of Greater Prague 7½s Int ctfs 2sf .... 88 1 .... 86½ 2 .... 86½ City of Lyons 6s 1 .... 84 6 .... 84½ 30 .... 84½ City of Marseilles 6s 6 .... 84 21 .... 84½ City of Paris Alegre a f 8s 1 .... 96 Int ctfs 7 .... 100¾ City of Rio de Janeiro a f 8s 1946 5 .... 103¾ Ser B 11 .... 103¾ 10 .... 104 Dept of the Seine 6s 1 .... 92 1 .... 92½ 1 .... 92¾ Int ctfs 4 .... 92¾ 6 .... 92¾ 6 .... 92¾ 10 .... 92¾ 25 .... 93 City of Santa Paulo a f 8s 10 .... 92¾ Dom Rep 5s 2 .... 100¾ Dom of Can 5s 1936 45 .... 99¾ 1937 20 .... 99 temp 5s 1952 5 .... 98¾ 5sf .... 98 25 .... 98½ 20 .... 98 1 .... 98¼ 30 .... 98 20 .... 98¼ Dutch Eastindies 6s '47 tr rcts 7 .... 95¾ 8 .... 95¾ 11 .... 95½ 19 .... 95¾ 6 .... 95¾ 1 .... 95¾ 1 .... 95¾ 1

An English Bank in Spain

We maintain six branches for handling import and export business with Spain.

Madrid, Barcelona, Vigo, Bilbao, Valencia, Seville

Other branches in

Paris, Argentina, Bradford, Chile, Manchester, Peru, Mexico, Uruguay

Head Office, London

Cable transfers on Liverpool direct.

ANGLO-SOUTH AMERICAN BANK LIMITED

New York Agency, 49 Broadway

We own and offer

First Mortgage Bonds

of a corporation whose constituents have been in successful operation for an average of over 40 years.

Annual Income—7.07%

Yield to Maturity 7.10%

Circular MT sent upon request

Lawrence Chamberlain & Co INC

One Hundred and Fifteen Broadway

Foreign Remittances

are made promptly and accurately through the mediation of

KNAUTH, NACHOD & KUHNE

and their correspondents throughout the world.

We are especially equipped through experience and organization to render a complete Foreign Exchange Service to American business men and American travelers.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE
TRAVELERS' CHECKS
LETTERS OF CREDIT

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne

Equitable Building
New York

Free from all Federal Income Taxes

$60,000

State of Oregon

4½s, 5s, 5½s

1927 to 1944

To Yield 4.30%

R. W. PRESSPRICH & CO.

40 Wall St., New York — Phone John 0907

Municipal and Railroad Bonds

Erie Railroad

The Common Stock

We shall be pleased to furnish, upon request, a circular describing the above.

Tucker, Anthony & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange

60 Broadway, New York

Boston, New Bedford, Providence, Manchester, N. H.

NEW PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS ARE OFFERED

Long-Time Securities Among Those Featured by Investment Bankers.

HAVANA ELECTRIC ON LIST

Southern Colorado Power Co., Oklahoma Gas and State of Oregon Issues on Market.

New public utility bonds feature the offerings of securities by investment bankers today. Speyer & Co. and Harris, Forbes & Co. are offering at 85 and interest, to yield about 6.07 per cent., $3,000,000 Havana Electric Railway, Light & Power Company general mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds, series A, due Sept. 1, 1954. As to $1,500,000 of these bonds, the offering is subject to the right of the holders of $1,500,000 five-year 7 per cent. secured convertible gold notes, due 1926, called for redemption for Sept. 1, 1922, to convert their notes into these bonds on or before Aug. 22, 1922. The company's net income for 1921 was $5,629,075. For the first five months of 1922 it was $571,366.

An issue of $6,000,000 first mortgage gold bonds, 6 per cent. series "A" of the Southern Colorado Power Company, will be offered today at 94, to yield 6.50 per cent. The syndicate is composed of H. M. Byllesby & Co., the Federal Securities Corporation, Spencer Trask & Co. and Janney & Co. The bonds mature in 1947 and the proceeds will be used to retire all existing bonds and the short term funded debt. The corporation serves the district centering at Pueblo, Col.

The Oklahoma Gas and Electric Company has sold $500,000 first and refunding 6 per cent. bonds, due in 1941, to H. M. Byllesby & Co., the Federal Securities Corporation, Bonbright & Co., Spencer Trask & Co. and E. H. Rollins & Sons. They are issued under the present mortgage and are offered at 94½, to yield 6¾ per cent.

A syndicate composed of Stacy & Braun, Eldredge & Co., Kissel, Kinnicutt & Co., the Anglo, London and Paris Company, and the Ralph Schneeloch Company is offering a new issue of $1,000,000 State of Oregon 4½ per cent. highway gold bonds at prices to yield 4¼ per cent. The bonds are dated Aug. 1, 1922, and mature semi-annually from Oct. 1, 1927, to April 1, 1947, inclusive. Eastman, Dillon & Co. are offering $235,000 Oklahoma City, Okla., 5 per cent. coupon gold public improvement bonds, dated March 1, 1922, and due March 1, 1936, 1942, 1943 and 1944, at prices to yield 4½ per cent.

Blair & Co. announce the closing of the books on the issue of $5,000,000 Otis Steel Company first mortgage twenty-five-year 7½ per cent. sinking fund gold bonds offered yesterday. The issue was oversubscribed.

Eldredge & Co. are offering two new issues of City of Toledo, Ohio, bonds, as follows: $562,000 City of Toledo 5s, due serially Nov. 1, 1923 to 1947, at prices to yield 4 per cent. for the 1923 maturity, 4.25 per cent. for maturities of 1924 to 1925, 4.35 per cent. for maturities from 1926 to 1931 and 4.30 per cent. for maturities of 1932 to 1947. The other offering is of $1,000,000 Toledo school district 4½ per cent. bonds, due serially from Sept. 1, 1923 to 1946 at prices to yield 4 per cent. to 4.30 per cent.

Richards, Parish & Lamson are offering an issue of City of Akron, Ohio, direct obligation serial 5 per cent. bonds, due from 1923 to 1939 at prices to yield 4.35 per cent. Prudden & Co. are offering a new issue of $80,000 Kernersville, N. C., 6 per cent. water bonds, due serially 1924 to 1956, at a price to yield 5.50 per cent.

Drexel & Co., Brown Bros. & Co., the Guaranty Company and the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh are offering $6,000,000 twenty to fifty year optional 4 per cent. City of Philadelphia bonds at 101 and accrued interest to yield more than 3.93 per cent. The bonds mature July 26, 1972, and are redeemable at the option of the City of Philadelphia on July 26, 1942. This syndicate was awarded the bonds at par and interest.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Gas & Electric	132	136
Am. Gas & Electric pf	130	133
Am. Light & Traction	95	97
Am. Power & Light	113	114½
Am. Power & Light pf	85	87
Appalachian Power	19	21
Appalachian Power pf	110	120
Appalachian Power new pf	67	74
Ark. Light & Power	22	28
Carolina Power & Light	47	50
Cities Service	197	200
Cities Service pf	67	67½
Cities Service pf. B	6¼	6¾
Cities Service, bankers' shares	19¾	20¼
Colorado Power	17	18
Colorado Power pf	80	81
Columbus El. & P. 1st pf	97	98½
Columbus El. & P. 2d pf	86	88
Com. Power, Ry. & Light	29	31
Com. Power & Light pf	61¼	63
Continental Gas & Electric pf	73	74
Conn. Power pf	86	89
Consumers' Power pf	86	88
East Texas Electric	90	92
East Texas Electric pf	80	83
El Paso Electric	121	122
Electric Bond & Share	95¼	96¼
Empire Gas & Fuel pf	91½	93
Federal Light & Traction	11½	13
Federal Light & Traction pf	73	74
Galveston-Houston Electric	34	36
Galveston-Houston Electric pf	74	77
Lehigh Power Sec.	15¾	16¼
Miss. River Power	25	27
Miss. River Power pf	79	81
Metropolitan Edison pf	93	96
N. News & H. Ry. G. & E. pf	91	94
Northern States Power	90	92½
Northern States Power pf	93	95
North. Ont. Light & Power	50	53
Northern Texas Electric	90	93
Northern Texas Electric pf	83	85
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	88	88½
Penn. Edison pf	97	102
Puget Sound Power & Light	45	47½
Puget Sound Power & Light pf	80	82
Republic Ry. & Light	14	17
Republic Ry. & Light pf	49	51
So. Cal. Edison	105	108
So. Cal. Edison pf	116	...
Standard Gas & Electric	19½	20¼
Standard Gas & Electric pf	49	50
Tampa Electric	133½	136½
Tenn. Ry., L. & P.	23	24
United Light & Railways	52	54
Western Power	30	32
Western Power pf	77	90

Bonds.

Adirondack P. & L. 5s, '30	93½	93¾
Am. Gas & Elec. 5s, 2014	96	96
Am. Power & Light 6s, 2016	89	91
Cities Service deb. B	126	...
Cities Service deb. C	92	...
Cities Service deb. D	90	94
City Light & T. 5s, '52	70	75
Cons. Cities L., P. & T. 5s, '62	68	73
Col. Power 1st 6s, '43	87	89
Conn. Power 5s, '63	87	90
East Texas Electric 5s, '42	88	91
El Paso Electric 5s, '52	90	93
Empire Gas & Fuel 6s, '26	101	...
Galveston El. 1st 5s, '40	84	...
Gal.-Houston 5s, '04	84	87
Houston Electric 1st 5s, '25	94	97
Lehigh Power Sec. 6s, '27	80¾	81¾
Louisville Gas & Elec. 1st 5s, '52	100	101
Miss. River Power 5s, '51	92½	93½
Miss. River Power 7s, '25	100	102
Northern States Power 6s, '26	96½	96
Northern States Power 5s, '41	91¾	92¾
Nebraska Power 1st 5s, '41	90	91
North N. Y. Util. 1st ref. 5s, '63	87½	90¼
N. News & H. R. G. & E. 5s, '44	79	85
No. Tex. Elec. 6s, '40	94	97
Penn. Power & Light 7s, '31	103½	105
Puget Sound P. & L. 7½s, '31	103½	106
Seattle Electric 5s, '20	92	94
Standard Gas 6s, '26	94	97
Standard Gas & Elec. 6s, '35	84¼	89
Tampa Electric 5s, '52	93	...
Utah Light & Traction 5s, '44	105	106
W. States G. & E. 1st 5s, '41	89½	...

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Continued from Page 21.

DOMESTIC BONDS.

Wastn Md 4s 1..65	13....107⅝	1st 6s 3....99¼	
Wastn Pas 5s 2....86	1....108	11....99½	
tmg 6s, SerB 1....98	1....107⅝	3....99¼	
West Shore 4s 1....83¾	1....108	2....99½	
We U Tel 5½s 1....110¼	2....86	1....99¾	
1....110	Wickw Spen Steels f 7s	cv. deb 10s 2....104¾	
Westingh E & M 7s	5....102¾	5....104½	
	Wilcox & Co	2....104¾	
		15....104¾	

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Irregular Trend and Featureless Market—Rates Show Slight Change.

After a spell of early weakness which carried over from Tuesday, yesterday's European exchanges turned moderately strong in the afternoon, during which sympathies narrowed the forenoon losses.

Sterling went a full cent under Tuesday's closing to $4.44¾, but got up to $4.44¾ at the close, while francs were weak at 5.23½ cents, but finished at 5.32. Rome, Holland and Scandinavians ruled steady, while marks were heavy. Far Easterns were higher, South Americans steady.

In the subjoined table the quotations on sterling represents dollars and decimals of a dollar; all others represent cents and decimals of a cent. Quotations preceded by the decimal mark indicate a price measured in fractions of a cent.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 26, 1922.

Range of Rates, Sight Exchange.

	High.	Low.	Tuesday's Final.	Final.
LONDON	$4.45	$4.44¾	$4.45¼	$4.45¾
PARIS	5.31	5.23½	5.28	5.29¾
HOME	4.60	4.55¼	4.56	4.59¼
AMSTERDAM	38.82	38.75	38.75	38.80
BERLIN	.10½	.10¼	.10¼	.10¾
MADRID	15.65	15.50	15.53	15.56

CLOSING RATES.

Europe.

	Wednes. Today.	Tues. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
STERLING—Par $4.86⅔ per sovereign.				
Demand	4.44¾	4.45¼	4.45¾	3.57
Cables	4.45	4.45¾	4.46¼	3.57¾
Com'l, 60 days	4.42¾	4.42¾	4.42¾	3.53¾
Com., 90 days	4.41¾	4.41¾	4.41¾	3.51¾
FRANCE—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	5.29	5.23½	5.20	7.10¾
Cables	5.25½	5.30	5.26½	7.11¾
ITALY—Par 19.3 cents per lira.				
Demand	4.59	4.59¾	4.26½	4.08
Cables	4.59¾	4.60	4.58	4.08½
BELGIUM—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	7.65⅝	7.62	7.58½	7.00
Cables	7.66	7.61	7.56	7.01
GERMANY—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.10¼	.10¼	.10¼	1.20
Cables	.10¼	.10¼	.10¼	1.36½
AUSTRIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.0031	.0033	.0030	.12
Cables	.0075	.0075	.0075	.13
CZECHOSLOVAKIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	2.20	2.20	2.23	1.27
Cables	2.21	2.21	2.24	1.29
DENMARK—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	21.47	21.50	21.60	15.05
Cables	21.50	21.53	21.65	15.10
FINLAND—Par 19.3 cents per finmark.				
Demand	2.08	2.06	2.10	1.34
Cables	2.09	2.09	2.11	1.36

Europe.

	Wednes. Today.	Tues. day.	Week Ago.	Year Ago.
GREECE—Par 19.3 cents per drachma.				
Demand	5.22	5.23	5.23	5.22
Cables	5.25	5.27	5.25	5.25
HOLLAND—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.75	38.80	38.80	39.55
Cables	38.80	38.85	38.85	39.60
HUNGARY—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.06⅞	.07⅛	.08	.27⅛
Cables	.07⅛	.07⅜	.08⅛	.27⅝
JUGOSLAVIA—Par 20.3 cents per crown.				
Demand	.29½	.29⅝	.30¼	.68½
Cables	.33	.33	.30¾	.68
NORWAY—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	16.63	16.80	16.55	15.80
Cables	16.68	16.85	16.60	15.85
POLAND—Par 23.8 cents per mark.				
Demand	.01⅜	.01⅜	.01⅜	.03¼
Cables	.02¼	.02¾	.02¾	.03
RUMANIA—Par 19.3 cents per leu.				
Demand	.84½	.84½	.81½	1.26¾
Cables	.85	.85	.83	1.27¾
SERBIA—Belgrade: Par 19.3 cents per dinar.				
Demand	1.31	1.30	1.27	2.37
Cables	1.31	1.31	1.32	2.38
SPAIN—Par 19.3 cents per peseta.				
Demand	15.52	15.56	15.55	12.71
Cables	15.53	15.58	15.57	12.73
SWEDEN—Par 26.8 cents per krone.				
Demand	26.00	26.00	26.05	20.35
Cables	26.05	26.05	26.05	20.40
SWITZERLAND—Par 19.3 cents per franc.				
Demand	18.02	18.05	18.10	14.39
Cables	18.08	18.00	18.11	14.41

Far East.

CHINA—Cents per silver dollar per Hong-kong; per tael for Shanghai and Peking.				
Hongkong, demand	58.06	57.91	57.875	51.75
Hongkong, cables	58.185	58.06	58.125	51.50
Peking, demand	80.50	80.50	81.00	72.00
Shanghai, demand	77.875	77.25	77.80	72.50
Shanghai, cables	77.50	77.375	77.675	72.50
INDIA—Calcutta: Cents per rupee, nominally stabilized at ten-tenth of a pound sterling.				
Demand	29.94	29.94	29.93	35.125
Cables	29.06	29.06	29.06	35.375
PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—Manila: Par 50 cents per silver peso.				
Demand	50.00	50.00	50.00	49.50
Cables	50.25	50.25	50.25	49.75
JAVA—Par 40.2 cents per florin.				
Demand	38.15	38.875	38.625	32.00
JAPAN—Par 49.8 cents per yen.				
Demand	47.75	47.69	47.62	48.125
Cables	47.87	47.81	47.87	48.375

South American.

ARGENTINA—Par 42.44 cents per Argentine paper dollar.				
Demand	34.15	34.85	35.20	28.875
Cables	34.60	35.70	36.25	29.06
BRAZIL—Par 32.45 cents per paper milreis.				
Demand	13.65	13.65	13.70	11.09
Cables	13.70	13.70	13.75	11.125
CHILE—Par 25 cents per paper peso.				
Demand	12.97	12.97	12.72	9.67
Cables	13.10	13.00	12.75	9.70
URUGUAY—Par 51.0242 per gold peso.				
Demand	81.80	81.90	81.80	60.92
Cables	82.01	82.17	82.01	61.16

Canada.

MONTREAL—Par 100 cents per Canadian dollar.				
Demand	99.13	99.13	99.1	89.5

Russian Currency.

Prices for pre-revolution Russian ruble notes were as follows:

Par, 51.40 cents per ruble.

	Bid.	Asked.
100 ruble notes, per ruble	.10	.20
500 ruble notes, per ruble	.03½	.04

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds issued in this country and in American currency values.

	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine 6s, 1909	M. & S.	84½
Argentine 5s, 1927	F. & A.	100
Belgium 8s, 1925	J. & J.	101¾
Belgium 7½s, 1945	J. & D.	106¾
Belgium 8s, 1941	F. & A.	106¾
Brazil Cent. Rys. 7s, 1952	J. & D.	96¾
City of Bergen 8s, 1945	M. & N.	109
City of Berlin 8s, 1955	M. & N.	110¾
City of Bordeaux 8s, 1934	M. & N.	84
City of St. Fransic 7½s, '32	M. & N.	87½
City of P. Alegre 8s, 1961	J. & D.	100
U. S. of Brazil 8s, 1941	J. & D.	100¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	A. & O.	99¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	J. & D.	101
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	A. & O.	99
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1952	M. & N.	98
Holland-Am. Line 6s, '47	M. & N.	98½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1941	F. & A.	103½
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1926	A. & O.	102¾
Rep. of Chile 8s, 1946	M. & N.	103
Chinese Gov. 5s, 1951	J. & D.	54½
City of Christiania 8s, '45	A. & O.	103
City of Copen. 5½s, 1944	M. & S.	91¼
Czechoslovakia Rep. 8s, '51	A. & O.	96½
Rep. of Bolivy, s. f. 8s, '47	M. & N.	100¾
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	M. & S.	90
Rep. Cuba ext. 5s, 1946	F. & A.	94
Rep. Cuba, ext. 5s, 1949	F. & A.	61¼
Denmark 8s, 1945	A. & O.	103½
Denmark 6s, 1942	J. & J.	89
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. A	'46 J. & J.	100
Dan. Mun. 8s, Ser. B	'46 F. & A.	100
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1947	J. & J.	95¼
Dutch East Indies 6s, 1962	M. & S.	93
Fram. Ind. & Dev. 7½s, '42	J. & J.	97½
French Gov. 7½s, 1941	J. & D.	100
French Gov. 8s, 1945	M. & S.	102¼
Italy 6½s, 1925	F. & A.	93¾
Japanese 6s, 1954	J. & J.	77½
Japanese 4½s, 1925	J. & J.	73
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser. '25	J. & J.	72¾
Jurgens U. M. 6s, '47	J. & J.	90¾
City of Lyons 8s, 1934	M. & N.	84½
City of Marseilles 8s, 1934	M. & N.	84¾
City of Belmonte 8s, 1936	M. & N.	85
U. S. of Mexico 4s, 1954	J. & D.	46½
U. S. of Mexico 5s, 1945	Q. Jan.	55
King. of Nether. 6s, 1972	M. & S.	96¾
Kng. of Norway 8s, 1940	A. & O.	110
Paris, Lyons-Med. 6s, 1955	F. & A.	79½
State of Queensl'd 6s, 1941	F. & A.	101¼
City of Queensl'd 7s, 1941	A. & O.	110¾
State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	A. & O.	100¾
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1946	A. & O.	99¾
Rio Janeiro 8s, 1947	A. & O.	100¼
Dom. Republic 5s, 1958	F. & A.	94½
State of Sao Paulo 8s, '36	J. & J.	100¾
City of Sao Paulo 8s, '52	M. & N.	100¾
Dept. of the Seine 7s, 1942	J. & J.	95¾
Kingd. of Sweden 5s, 1939	J. & D.	103¾
Swiss Confed. 8s, 1940	J. & J.	119
City of Tokio 5s	M. & S.	71¾
Rep. of Uruguay 8s, 1946	F. & A.	104¾
City of Zurich 8s, 1945	A. & O.	111¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1922	F. & A.	110¾
Un. K. 5½s, 1937	F. & A.	103¾
U. S. 8s, Copen. 8s, 1937	M. & N.	95¼

U. S. GOVERNMENT PRE-WAR LOANS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930-1936	103¼		Pan 2s, c, 1938	103	103½
2s, c, 1930-1936	103¼		Pan 3s, r, 1961	91	93
3s, r, 1946-1956	92¾	94½	Pan 3s, c, 1961	91	93
3s, c, 1946-1956	92¾	94½	Pan 4s, r, 1960	95	97
4s, r, 1925-1938	104¾	105	Pan 4s, c, 1960	95	97
4s, c, 1925-1938	104¾	105	P 1 4s, 35	91	94
Pan 2s, r, 1936	103	103¾	P 1 4s, 36	91	94
Pan 2s, c, 1936	103	103¾	P 1 4s, 37	91	94
Pan 2s, r, 1938	103	103¾	Dist of Col 3-60s	99	100

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	63¾	64½
Ad Rumely pf	48	48½
Air Reduc	55½	56
Alb & Sus.	180	200
All. Am. C.	111¾	114
Allis & W.	100¼	...
A. C. & D. pf.	107	108
Am. S. 1st pf.	68¼	...
Am. Ag. Ch pf.	63	63¾
Am. Bk. N.	52	55
Am. H. Sug. pf.	75	77
Am. Chicle	10	10¾
Am. Cot. Oil pf.	50	53
Am. Exp.	127	130
Am. La. F. pf.	92	96¾
Am. Lin. pf.	63	66
Am. Lo. pf.	117	118
Am. Rad. pf.	96¾	97½
Am. Sm. pf.	116¼	...
Am. Tob. pf.	83½	85
Am. Wat. W. pf.	97¾	98
Am. Snuff.	130	136½
Am. Z. pf.	94	100
Am. Sm. Sec. pf.	99¾	99½
Am. S. Tob. pf.	89	94¾
Am. W. & G. pf.	84	88
Am. Whl. pf.	88½	91¼
Am. W. W. & Elec. pf.	87	87½
Assn. Dry. Gds.	34½	35
Am. Zinc	14	17
Art. Metal	14½	16¾
Do certfs.	14½	...
Ass. D. G.	52½	53
Atlas P'd'r.	123	132
Do pf.	85	...
Assoc. Oil.	107	110
A. T. & S. F. pf.	91	91¾
Atlas Tack.	17	18¾
Atus S.	95	97
Auto Sales.	3¾	4¼
Do pf.	10¾	13
Bald. L. pf.	113¾	114¾
Bar Kash.	26	...
Do pf.	94	97½
Beech Crk.	36	...
Batop Min.	¾	1¼
Bayuk Bros	52	55
Do pf.	100	...
B'nut pf.	103	...
Beth Steel.	72¼	74¼
Booth Fish pf.	47	52
B. R. Steel.	10¼	13
Do 1st pf	70	74
B. R. T. ctfs.	21¾	21¾
Burns Bros.	3	3¼
B. & R. & P. pf.	84	94
Buff. & S.	66	80
Do pf.	...	87
Burns Bros. pf.	113	116
Do pf.	94	97
Bush Ter.	...	100
B. T. Bldg. pf.	92¼	97½
Butte Cu.	20¾	21
Cadillac Oil.	11¼	11¾
Cal Packing.	77¾	79
Cal & Ariz.	60	62
Can Sc.	32	35
Cason. H. G.	10¾	11¼
Case Plow.	6	6¾
Case (J. I.) pf.	82¼	84
C. R. I. & P.	18¼	18⅝
C. I. & L.	45	47½
Do 1st pf.	84	88
Chi & Alt.	10	10¾
Do pf.	17¼	17¾
Chi. Gt. W.	8¾	9
Do pf.	20¾	21½
C. & N. W. pf.	114	115
C. R. & P. pf.	81	83
Chi. St. P. M. & Om. pf.	65½	67½
Do pf.	95	98
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	93¼	96
Cl. & Pitts.	90	99
Do spec.	38	...
Clin-Pauk.	55	57
Do pf.	99½	100¾
C. & S. 1st pf.	61	62
Do 1st pf.	64¾	68
Con City pf.	68	80
Cosden pf.	94½	95¾
Cent C pf.	103¼	112
Cont Ins.	81	82
Corn Pr. pf.	115¼	117
Crex Carp.	25	40
C-Am Sug pf.	91	92
D & Co pf.	76	77½
D P & Lt. pf.	86	...
Do pf.	86	...
Det Ed.	105¼	106¼
Det & M.	40	...
Do pf.	39	...
Det U Ry.	...	70¼
D. S. S & A.	4	4½
Do pf.	8	9
Dur Hos'y.	21	25
Du pf.	75	80¼
E. Ken Coal pf.	100¼	...
Elk H Coal pf.	37½	40
Em Brant.	7½	9
Do pf.	30	35
End-J pf.	113½	115
Erie & P.	52½	...
Fam P pf.	93	95
Fairbanks.	16	18
F M & S. pf.	12½	13
Fisher Bdy pf.	110	114
F. B. pf.	93¾	97
Gen Bak pf.	117½	134
Do pf.	106	108
G. A. T. Car pf.	97	98
Gen Cig pf.	103	105
Do d pf.	101½	102
Glidden.	14¾	15
Gen M. pf.	81	82
Do 7% d.	94	96
Do 6% d.	81	82
Gil Oil pf.	50	53
G'drich pf.	86¾	89
Guan Sug pf.	92	96
G. S. S 1st pf.	94½	...
Hartman.	81	83½
Hendee M.	21	22½
Homestake	65	71
Hyd S pf.	70	80
Ill C pf.	110¾	110⅞
Do 1 l.	70	74
Indian Ref.	7⅛	8
Int Agric.	8	9
Int H pf.	113	117
Int N pf.	78	82¼
Int Pa pf.	85	100
Do pf sta	69	70
Int Salt.	65	67
Iowa Cent.	7	11
Iron P pf.	50	85
Jewel Tea pf.	66	69
Kan C So.	24¾	25
Kelly Sp T 6% pf.	82	86
Kelsey Wh.	85	90
Do pf.	98	102
K & D M.	5	10
Do pf.	20	...
Kresge(SS) pf.	108¼	109
Kress(S H)	89	100
Do pf.	105	110
L. E. & W.	30	31½
Do pf.	64	...
L. & M. Cl pf.	173	180
Do pf.	118	123
Lima L pf.	109½	113
L-W Bisc.	42	45
Do 1st pf.	100	102
Do 2d pf.	107½	109
Lorill'd Co.	158¾	160
Mack Truck 1st pf.	88	89¼
Do 2d pf.	81	82
Mal'son pf.	90	92
Man Beach	⅝	1¼
Man Fd S.	50	52½
Man Shirt.	36	37
Do pf.	100	110½
Mkt St Ry pf.	32¼	33½
Marlin R.	14	18
Martin-P.	28½	30¾
Max M. A.	61¼	62¾
M Deo Sta.	114	118
Do pf.	108¼	113
Mex P pf.	33¼	36
Mich Cent.	210	215
M. St P. & S. M.	61	63
Do pf.	76	81
Do 1 l.	61	67
Mo, K. & T.	11	12¾
Do pf.	10	15
Do pf. 5% paid	50½	51¾
Mont. Pow.	72¼	73
Do pf.	108	110
Mul Body.	21¼	23
Nat. C. & St.	105	125
Nash M pf.	100	...
Nat Acme.	17	18
Nat. Biec.	148	152
Do pf.	122	125
Nat C. & S. pf.	85	90
Nat C & C.	2¾	2¾
Nat Ea pf.	91	94
Nat. Ld. pf.	111	113
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	3	14
N Y A. B.	78	80
N Y C & St. L. 1st pf.	91	94
Do 2d pf.	80	85
N. Y. Dock pf.	57⅞	58
N. Y. L. & West pf.	95	113
N. Y. & H.	100	...
N Y O & W.	9¾	10
N Y Shipb.	17¾	20
N Y Power pf.	101	...
Nort So.	18	20
N & W pf.	79	80
Ner Cent.	73½	80
Nova Sc.	31	35
Nunnally.	9¾	10
O B & R.	7	8
Ohio P S.	49¼	54
Oil Mln.	7¾	8
Otis El pf.	100	...
Otis Stl pf.	57	65
Owens Bot pf.	103¼	105
Pac Coast.	12	15
Do 1st pf	28	40
Do 2d pf.	16	30
Pac Dev.	6	8¾
P T & T.	60	65
Do pf.	87½	90
P P & R pf.	68	70
Penney pf.	97	...
Pere M pf.	77¼	78
Do pf.	67½	68
Phillips-J.	78¾	84
Pierce O pf

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RY. CO.

Gen. Mtge. 4% Bonds

Due 1993

We own and offer a limited amount of these Bonds at about

82½ and Interest

Income for 1922 is estimated at over $22,000,000 available for Bond interest of about $6,500,000. This is nearly double the corresponding available amount last year.

The Company's lines form a very important part of the New York Central System.

Complete description on request for Circular T

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET NEW YORK

W T B

We specialize in

RAILROAD STOCKS

and are prepared to make recommendations regarding the purchase of such securities.

Special letters on

Chesapeake & Ohio

and

Lehigh Valley

Available on Request.

Uptown Office 212 W. 72d St.

WADE, TEMPLETON & CO.
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
42 Broadway
NEW YORK, N.Y.

11 Times Interest Charges

We offer a bond combining an unusual margin of safety with the other features of a sound investment.

ASSETS: Net assets equivalent to four times this issue of bonds.

EARNINGS: The issuing corporation has operated at a profit every year since its organization in 1846. In 1921 net earnings were $3,325,000, equivalent to more than 11 times present interest charges.

MARKET: Listed on New York Stock Exchange.

PRICE: Yielding 6.50%.

Ask for Circular T-57

COLGATE & COX
111 Broadway
New York
Telephone Rector 8850

$100,000

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILWAY COMPANY

GENERAL 4½% BONDS

DUE MARCH 1, 1992

Secured by a mortgage on practically the entire property of the Company, including 1,479 miles of road, 462 miles of which represent a first mortgage and the remainder subject to small closed divisional liens. Underlie the Company's General 5's and Convertible 4½'s and 5's. The large appropriations made by this road in recent years for improvements and maintenance have placed it in excellent position and it is now one of the most economically operated roads in the country. Current earnings are largest in its history.

Price, at the market, to yield about 5.05%

MILLETT, ROE & HAGEN
Members New York Stock Exchange
52 WILLIAM STREET
NEW YORK

ST. LOUIS

Brown Shoe Co. Preferred
City of St. Louis 4s, 1928-29-31
Most St. Louis & Suburban 5s, 1932
International Shoe Com. & Pfd.
St. Louis Transit 5s, 1924
Simmons Hardware Com., Pfd. & 5% 1st.
United Ry. of St. Louis Bonds & Stks.
Union El. L. & P. St. Louis, All Issues
United States Public Service 6s, 1947

Mark C. Steinberg & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
Members St. Louis Stock Exchange
300 N. Broadway, St. Louis, Mo.

Investment Securities

Seasongood & Mayer
67 Wall Street New York
Phone Bowling Green 3958

Reynolds, Fish & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
15 Broad Street New York
Telephone Hanover 7800-7804

BANKRUPT BROKERS FIGHT TO KEEP FILES

Fuller Company Asks Federal Stay Against Turning Over Books to Prosecutor.

COURT RESERVES DECISION

District Attorney Argues Plea Should Be Taken to Criminal Tribunal.

Argument on a motion to restrain Samuel Strasbourger, receiver of the bankrupt brokerage firm of E. M. Fuller & Co., from turning over the books and papers of the concern to District Attorney Banton for use in a criminal prosecution, was heard yesterday by Federal Judge A. N. Hand. This was part of a struggle, which began almost immediately after the concern went into a receiver's hands on June 27, to compel the surrender of the books. Late at night, on the day before the failure, the bankrupts had taken the books, papers and records to the office of their attorneys. The receiver got possession of them only on condition that they would not reach the custody of the criminal authorities.

William Abramson, counsel for the firm, explained that the records could be used only in the civil administration of the estate, and that nothing in them which might incriminate the members of the firm should be given to the District Attorney. He referred to the fact that the members of the firm have been indicted by the criminal authorities of the county on charges of bucketing and that the District Attorney must have other ways of discovering what the books and records contained, without direct reference to them.

Assistant District Attorney Felix Z. Benberger argued that the Federal Court was without jurisdiction to make the order applied for, and that the constitutional rights of the defendants should be asserted in the criminal courts by objections to the introduction of the books and records as evidence. He said the liabilities of the bankrupt firm amounted to $4,000,000, and that the assets had been valued at about $200,000.

In behalf of Receiver Strasbourger it was explained that while he had no desire to withhold the records from the District Attorney, he felt that he must respect the stipulation under which they had been turned over to him. The court reserved decision after directing counsel to submit briefs containing the authorities on which they had based their contentions.

Short-Term Government Obligations.

Following are the prices bid in the open market for United States Treasury Certificates of Indebtedness and Notes of the different issues:

Month.	Year.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.	Approx. Yield.
September	1922	4¼	100¼	...	3.00
September	1922	6¼	100⅛	...	3.00
October	1922	3¾	100	...	3.03
December	1922	3¾	100⅛	100¼	3.15
December	1922	4½	100⅛	100⅜	3.20
March	1923	4¼	100⅛	100⅜	3.39
May	1923	4¾	100.80	100.70	3.85
June	1924	4¾	103	103¼	4.04
June	1923	3¾	100⅛	100⅜	3.94
September	1924	5¼	102⅛	102⅜	4.04
December	1923	4¾	100⅛	100⅜	4.09
March	1924	4¾	102	102¼	4.15
March	1923	4¾	101⅛	101¼	4.19

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Securit.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Alum. Co.Am.7	Nov.,	1923	103⅝	104	5.36
Alum. Co.Am.7	Oct.,	1933	105¼	105⅝	6.20
Am. Cot. Oil.5	Sep.,	'24	99¾	99⅞	6.25
Am. L. & T..6	May,	1925	100⅝	100¾	4.31
Am. T. & T..6	Oct.,	1925	100⅞	101	5.42
Am. T. & T..6	Feb.,	1924	101⅛	101¼	4.67
Am. Thread..6	Dec.,	1928	102⅞	103¼	5.60
Am. Tob. ..7	Nov.,	1923	102⅝	102⅞	4.80
Anaconda Co.6	Jan.,	1929	100⅝	101⅛	5.86
Anaconda Co.7	Jan.,	1929	103⅝	103⅞	6.30
Angle-Am. Oil Co., Ltd....7½	Apr.,	1925	103⅞	104⅛	6.15
Arm. & Co.cv.7	July15,'20		104⅞	105⅛	6.30
B. & O. R. R.6	Apr.,	1924	100⅛	100⅜	5.75
Bell T.of Can.7	Apr.,	1925	103¼	104	5.85
Beth Stl. Co..7	July15,'23		104½	104⅝	...
Can. No. Ry.5½	Dec.,	'23	100⅛	100⅜	5.36
Can. No. Ry.5½	Dec.,	1924	100⅜	100⅝	5.15
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar.,	1924	101	101¼	4.98
Cen. Argent..8	Feb.,	1927	95¼	95¾	7.10
Cons. Gas Co. New York..7	Dec. 1,	'22	100⅞	101,⅛	3.85
Cudahy P. Co.7	July15,'23		101⅜	102⅛	4.80
Fed. Sug. R.6	Nov.,1921		100⅜	100⅝	5.37
The B. F. Goodrich Co. cv.7	Apr.,	1925	103⅜	103⅝	5.48
Gulf Oil Co..6	July,	1925	100⅝	101¼	4.80
Gulf Oil Corp.7	Feb.,	1933	104	104⅜	6.40
Hock. Val ..6	Mar.,	1924	100⅛	100⅜	5.55
Hunn. G. R.7	Mar.,	1923	100⅝	101	...
I. R. T. Co..8	Sep.,	1922	90½	91¾	...
Kan. C. Ter.5	Nov.15,'22		101⅝	101⅞	4.62
Kennecott Co.7	Jan.,	1930	103⅞	103⅝	6.36
Laclede Gas..7	Jan.,	1927	99⅝	100¼	7.00
Nat. Ck. & S.	Sep.,	1930	103	103	7.45
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar.,	1923	100⅝	100⅞	4.36
Sears-R.& Co.7	Oct. 15,'22		100⅜	100⅝	3.50
Sears-R.& Co.7	Oct. 15,'23		101¼	101½	5.60
Sloss-Sh. & I.7	Aug.,	1925	98	98½	6.30
Solvay Co...6	Oct.,	1927	106	106½	4.55
St. P. D. G..6	Dec. 15,'25		100⅞	101¼	4.63
Stand. Oil Co. N. J.....6½	May,	1933	109	109½	5.30
Swift & Co..7	Oct. 15,'23		103	103⅛	6.35
Swt. B. T. C.7	Apr.,	1925	102⅜	102⅝	6.59
Texas Co.....7	Mar. 1,'23		101	101⅛	...
Utah Sec. Co.6	Sep. 15,'22		100⅛	100⅜	4.65
Va.-Ca. S. Co.6	Sep. 15,'22		101¼	101⅝	6.50
Wn. El Co.cv.7	Apr.,	1925	108⅜	108⅝	...

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
Atlantic Lobos Oil Co.....	8½	9	9
Atlantic Lobos Oil pf.....	37	42	37
Anglo-Amer. Oil Co., Ltd.	18	18¼	18⅛
Atlantic Refining Co.....	975	1025	1000
Atlantic Refining Co., pf...	115	117	115
Borne-Scrymser Co.....	400	415	400
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.....	92	99	92
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. Con.	190	200	190
Chesebrough Mfg. Co. pf..	110	111	108
Continental Oil Co.....	130	135	130
Crescent Pipe Line Co.....	35	36	33
Cumberland Pipe Line Co...	135	140	135
Eureka Pipe Line Co.....	82	90	89
Galena-Signal Oil Co. pf. new	101	105	101
Galena-Signal Oil pf., old.	108	112	108
Galena-Signal Oil Co.....	52	54	51
Humble Oil & Refining Co..	237	242	237
Illinois Pipe Line Co.....	162	165	162
Imperial Oil, Ltd.....	9	9¼	9
Indiana Pipe Line Co.....	85	90	85
Inter. Pet. Co., Ltd.....	20	20⅝	20⅛
National Transit Co.....	27	27	28
New York Transit Co.....	165	167	168
Northern Pipe Line Co.....	97	99	97
Ohio Oil Co., The.....	273	278	274
Penn-Mex Fuel Co.....	32	35	34
Prairie Oil & Gas Co.....	975	985	970
Prairie Pipe Line Co.....	246	250	246
Solar Refining Co., The...	340	350	340
Southern Pipe Line Co.....	91	93	91
South Penn Oil Co.....	210	214	205
South West Penna Pipe L..	60	64	60
Stand. Oil of Cal. $25 par.	101	103	103
Stand. Oil of Ind. $25 par.	106⅝	106⅞	107
Stand. Oil Co. of Kansas..	530	545	535
Stand. Oil of Ky. $25 par.	93	94	92½
Stand. Oil Co. of Nebraska	175	185	175
Stand. Oil of N. J. $25 par.	178	181	178
Stand. Oil of N. Y. pf.....	116¼	117	116¼
Stand. Oil of N. Y.....	403	417	410
Stand. Oil Co. of Ohio....	480	490	480
Stand. Oil Co. of Ohio pf..	117	119	117
Swan & Finch Co.....	32	35	32
Union Tank Car Co.....	95	100	98
Union Tank Car Co. pf....	105	107	105
Vacuum Oil Co.....	415	423	416
Washington Oil Co.....	24	28	24

MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
Amalgamated Leather.....	9	10	10
Amalgamated Leather pf..	34	37	30
Babcock & Wilcox.....	117	118	118
Borden Co. The.....	106	108	106
Borden Co., The pf.....	93	102	98
E. W. Bliss.....	31	33	31
Childs Co.	110	114	110
Childs Co. pf.....	103	109	104
Chiclets Safety Razor.....	225	230	225
Hercules	162	170	162
Hercules pf.....	102	104	101
Ingersoll-Rand	154	160	154
Ingersoll-Rand pf.....	92	100	98
Merck pf.....	67	72	69
New Jersey Zinc.....	161	165	161
Niles-Bement-Pond	47	49	47
Niles-Bement-Pond pf.....	87	90	88
Nogthern Securities.....	82	87	82
Royal Baking Powder.....	105	110	103
Royal Baking Powder pf...	99	100	98
Safety Car & Equipment...	60	65	60
Scoville Mfg. Co.....	840	850	840
Singer Manufacturing.....	91	93	91
Standard Screw Co. com...	202	215	205
Van Raalte	47½	48	48

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'gs.
25 railroads...	82.74	82.00	82.02	— .60
25 industrials	100.59	99.72	99.99	— .21
50 stocks....	82.16	80.81	81.04	— .71

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'gs.
July 26.....	82.03	80.27	81.78	+ .79
July 25.....	82.20	80.84	81.00	— .99
July 24.....	82.33	81.33	81.99	— .15
July 21.....	82.88	81.81	82.11	— .01
July 20.....	82.59	82.31	82.62	— .10
July 19.....	82.36	82.10	82.72	+ .31

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

July.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1922.	82.26	July 10	79.30	July 5	81.04
1921.	85.80	July 1	61.54	July 15	63.76
1920.	98.46	July 1	76.37	July 27	79.84
1919.	93.96	July 17	86.18	July 2	88.85
1918.	72.76	July 6	70.46	July 8	71.97
1917.	83.44	July 2	76.55	July 19	80.56

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1922.	82.26	July 10	69.31	Jan. 10	81.04
†1921.	79.15	May 4	56.38	June 21	63.80
Full Years.					
1921.	79.15	May 4	56.38	June 21	63.80
1920.	94.97	Apr. 5	67.30	Dec. 23	67.30
1919.	93.96	Nov. 8	69.37	Jan. 21	79.85
1918.	90.16	Nov. 12	69.13	Jan. 15	73.53
1917.	90.80	Jan. 4	67.47	Dec. 20	69.86

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	Net Change— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues.....	$1.08 —.08	+1.15	+11.67

DAILY RANGE OF BONDS.

July 26...	81.14	—.01	July 15..	80.93	+.00
July 24...	81.18	—.01	July 14..	80.84	+.68
July 22...	81.18	—.08	July 12..	80.75	+.04
July 21...	81.22	+.01	July 11..	80.71	+.57
July 20...	81.15	+.02	July 11..	80.44	—.13
July 19...	81.13	+.10	July 10..	80.56	+.05
July 19...	81.03	+.07	July 8...	80.51	+.11
July 17...	80.96	+.05	July 7...	80.56	+.11

YEARLY RANGE OF BONDS.

*1922.	81.22	July 21	75.01	Jan. 1	81.08
†1921.	71.80	Jan. 20	67.56	June 20	70.41
Full Years.					
1921.	75.91	Nov. 7	67.56	June 20	75.27
1920.	75.13	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	68.68
1919.	79.06	June 9	71.05	Dec. 18	72.06
1918.	82.56	Nov. 12	76.46	Sep. 27	76.78
1917.	86.47	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.09

*To date. †To corresponding date last year.

TO SELL CIGAR SHARES.

American Sumatra to Dispose of Its Consolidated Holdings.

William A. Tucker, Acting President, yesterday notified stockholders of the American Sumatra Tobacco Company that the company would dispose of its holdings in the Consolidated Cigar Corporation, 52,000 shares of the common stock, representing the controlling interest. Stockholders are asked to meet Aug. 7 to approve the action.

Under the plan, the Consolidated Cigar Corporation stock will be offered to preferred and common stockholders of the American Sumatra Company for subscription at $38 per share, in the ratio of 32 shares of Consolidated stock for 100 shares of American Sumatra preferred or common. The stock cost the American Sumatra Company slightly under $35 per share.

Tucker, Anthony & Co. and Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne have formed a syndicate to underwrite the subscription at the same price of $38 per share.

The net proceeds of this sale will be applied, as the Directors determine, toward the purchase or redemption of part of the American Sumatra's five-year 7% per cent. sinking fund convertible gold notes.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
At., Top. & S. Fe.	1923-35	6	5.35	5.10
Atl. Coast Line...	1923-35	6	5.45	5.30
Do	1923-35	6½	5.15	5.00
Baltimore & Ohio.	1923-37	4½	5.45	5.10
Do	1923-35	6	5.55	5.30
Bethlehem Steel.	1923-30	7	6.30	6.00
Buf., R. & Pitts.	1923-35	4½, 5, 6	5.50	5.00
Canadian Pacific.	1922-32	4½, 6	5.40	5.10
Cent. R. R. N. J.	1923-35	6	5.40	5.10
Ches. & Ohio.....	1923-37	6½, 6, 6½	5.50	5.20
Chi., Bur. & Q....	1923-35	6	5.40	5.10
Chi. & N. W.....	1923-35	6	5.40	5.20
Do	1923-36	6½	5.40	5.20
C. M. & St. P....	1923-35	6	5.50	5.40
Chi., R. I. & P...	1922-37	4½, 5	5.40	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.65	5.40
C., C., C. & St. L.	1923-35	5, 6	5.40	5.20
Del. & Hudson....	1923-35	6	5.40	5.20
Erie Railroad	1923-28	4½, 5, 6	5.87	5.30
Great North. Ry..	1923-35	6	5.40	5.15
Illinois Central...	1923-37	4¼, 5	5.50	5.05
Do	1923-35	6	5.40	5.20
Do	1923-36	6½, 7	5.35	5.15
Louis. & Nash....	1923-35	6	5.40	5.20
Do	1923-36	6½	5.35	5.15
Michigan Central.	1922-35	6	5.40	5.15
M., St. P. & S.S.M.	1923-38	4½, 5	5.60	5.20
Do	1923-35	6, 6½, 7	5.65	5.35
Mo., Kan. & Tex..	1923-34	5	5.85	5.40
Missouri Pacific..	1923-38	6	6.05	5.40
Nat. Steel Car L.	1923-28	6	8.15	7.50
N. Y. Central....	1922-37	4½, 5	5.25	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.45	5.25
Do	1923-36	6½	5.40	5.20
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1922-35	4½, 5, 6, 7	6.65	6.00
Nort. & West....	1922-24	4½	5.20	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.50	5.15
Northern Pacific.	1923-30	7	5.40	5.25
Pac. Fruit Exp..	1923-35	7	5.35	5.20
Pennsylvania R.R.	1923-36	6	5.55	5.25
Pere Marquette...	1923-35	6	5.65	5.40
Pitts. & L. E.....	1922-33	5, 6½	5.50	5.25
Reading Co.	1923-32	4½, 5	5.20	5.00
Seaboard A. L....	1923-37	4½, 5, 6	6.10	5.75
Southern Pacific..	1923-39	4½	5.25	5.00
Do	1923-35	6	5.35	5.15
Southern Ry.....	1923-37	4½, 5, 5½	5.50	5.25
Do	1923-35	6	5.65	5.35
St. L. & San F....	1923-35	6	5.65	5.40
Union Pacific	1923-33	7	5.35	5.10
Virginian Ry.....	1923-35	6	5.65	5.35
Wabash Railroad..	1923-35	6	5.75	5.40
Wheeling & L. E.	1923-35	6	5.85	5.50

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine (rects)...	5	1945	64	66
Argent. (unlisted)...	5	Sep., 1945	79	80
Belgium (restar'n)...	5	Sep., 1919	70	75
Belgian Prem....			13	17
Brazil	4½	1889	48	50
Brazil	4	1889	44	46
Brazil	5	1895	54½	55½
British Victory	4	Sep., 1919	79¾	82⅜
British Fund	4	Mar., 1960	77¾	80⅜
Brit. Nat. W. B...	5	Oct., 1922	91	94
Brt. Nat. W. B....	5	Oct. 1927	94⅜	97⅛
Brit. Nat. W. B....	5	1929	93½	96½
Brit. Nat. W. B....	5	1929-47	88	91
British Exchange...	5¾	1925	92¼	95⅜
Canada	5	Mar., 1937	103⅝	104⅝
Canada	5½	Nov., 1929	101¼	102
Chile	1st 5	1911	65	68
City Pelotas	8	1911	54	56
Colombia	6	1913	63	70
Costa Rica	5	1911	58	62
Cuba	5	1920	82	85
French Gov. Vic..	5	Jan., 1931	63	65
French Loan.....	6	1920	74	77⅛
French Loan.....	17	Jan., 1943	82	84
French Loan.....	5	May, 1930	74½	77⅛
Italy War Loan..	5		36	37
Mid. R. R.		1956	71	74
Paris-Orleans R. R.	6	1956	71	74
*Russ. ruble bond.	5½	Feb., 1926	2¾	4½
*Russ. external...	5½	Dec., 1931	14	17
Do (Nat. City Bank stfs.)			15	16
*Russ. external...	6½	Dec., 1919	14	17
Do (Nat. City Bank stfs.)			15	16
Russ. rentes of 1914			6	8
Sweden	6	June, 1939	103¼	104
Switzerland	5	Aug., 1929	102⅞	103⅝
Uruguay	6	1919	73	74

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was weak, 24 to 31 points net decline.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	10.40	10.65
July	10.53	10.35	10.40	10.68
August	10.53	10.30	10.40	10.64
September	10.57	10.39	10.39	10.68
October	9.72	9.58	9.57	9.88
November	8.54	8.40	8.35	8.64
December	8.33	8.20	8.15	8.45
January	8.30	8.15	8.14	8.44
February	8.29	8.28	8.15	8.46

Total sales 17,700.

COFFEE.

The coffee market was weak, 7 to 10 points net decline.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July ...	9.70	9.55	...	...	...
Sept. ...	9.68	9.47	9.46	9.53	6.44
Dec. ...	9.35	9.17	9.17	9.27	6.26
March ...	9.05	8.90	8.90	9.00	7.25
May ...	9.03	9.02	8.82	9.09	7.46

SUGAR.

The sugar market was weak, 4 to 5 points net decline.

	High.	Low.	*Close.	*Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept. ...	3.71	3.70	3.76	3.79	2.06
Dec. ...	3.85	3.68	3.80	3.83	2.87
Feb. ...	No sales.				2.70
March ...	3.89	3.81	3.80	3.88	2.70
May ...	3.80	3.74	3.74	3.79	...
July ...	3.90	3.85	3.81	3.85	...
Nov. ...	3.85	3.82	3.80	3.86	...
Oct. ...	3.85	3.83	3.80	3.85	...

*Closing bid.

VICTORY BOND CALL CAUSES A SCRAMBLE

Buyers Are Eager for Notes After Redemption of $1,000,000,000 Worth Is Announced.

TOTAL SALES ARE $6,796,000

Prices Range From 100.80 to 100.56, With Gain of .32 at Close of the Day.

Announcement from Washington that approximately $1,000,000,000 of Victory 4¾ per cent. notes maturing May 20, 1923, will be called for redemption on Dec. 15, caused a veritable scramble for these bonds in the open market yesterday. They are the Victory Bonds lettered A, B, C, D, E and F.

Before trading started the New York Stock Exchange gave notice that the called bonds would be printed "V 4¾s" and that the uncalled bonds would be printed "V 4¾s 1923." Before the noon hour more than $5,000,000 of the specified bonds had changed hands and the total sales for the day of this class amounted to $6,796,000 at prices which ranged from 100.80 to 100.56. They closed the day at a net gain of .32. Trading slackened in the uncalled section and the turnover in these bonds was but $145,000, ranging from the low of 100.46 to 100.38.

The original amount of the issue of 4¾ per cent. Victory notes was approximately $2,595,000,000 and there are outstanding a little less than $1,800,000,000. At 100.80, the high for the day, the specified Victory notes did not reach their highest point of the year, this having been 100.88, established June 16.

405,120 IDLE FREIGHT CARS.

Slight Reduction Made in Week Ended July 8—More Coal Cars in Use.

There were 405,120 freight cars idle because of business conditions on July 8, as compared with 406,185 on July 1, according to a report yesterday by the Car Service Division of the American Railway Association. Of the total, 239,160 were surplus freight cars, that is, cars in good repair in excess of current freight requirements, while the remaining 165,960 were freight cars in bad order in excess of the normal number unfit for service.

Surplus coal cars totaled 146,743, a reduction within a week of 515, but surplus box cars numbered 61,067, or an increase of 966 cars within the same period. Surplus coke cars were shown at 3,816, a reduction since July 1 of 129.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s, Dec. 15, 1971.....	107¼	108	107⅜
4½s, July, 1967.....	107¼	107⅜	107⅜
4½s, June, 1965.....	107¼	107⅜	107⅜
4½s, March, 1963.....	107¼	107⅜	107⅜
4½s, November, 1957.....	106¼	107	106⅝
4½s, May, 1957.....	106¼	107	106⅝
4½s, April, 1972.....	105⅜	104	105⅛
4½s, April, 1958.....	105⅜	103¼	105⅛
4½s, March, 1964.....	103⅜	103¼	102⅛
4½s, September, 1960.....	103⅜	103¼	102⅛
4½s, March, 1962.....	103⅜	103¼	102⅛
4½s, March, 1960-80.....	100⅜	101¼	...
4s, November, 1956.....	99⅝	100⅛	99⅜
4s, May, 1959.....	99⅝	100⅛	99⅜
4s, May, 1957.....	99⅝	100⅛	99⅜
4s, November, 1958.....	99⅝	100⅛	99⅜
4s, November, 1936.....	99⅝	99⅞	99⅜
3½s, May, 1954.....	89½	91	89½
3½s, November, 1954.....	89½	91	89½
3½s, November, 1955.....	89½	91	89½

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s, 1940-1949	4.20	4.00	4.20
3½s, 1925-1960	4.35	4.10	4.35
3½s, 1922-1924	4.35	4.05	4.35
3s, 1926-1930	4.40	4.10	4.40
3s, 1922-1938	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s, 1927-1931	4.30	4.00	4.30
4½s, 1923-1926	4.30	4.00	4.30

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
New York, Ontario & Western—				
June gross..	$888,364	$1,323,628	1,165,234	$947,793
Bal. aft. tax	38,072	195,516	106,748	61,993
Net op. def.	7,647	†164,075	*80,506	*78,829
6 mos. gross...	5,591,268	6,479,855	5,348,257	4,610,067
Bal. aft. tax	508,442	290,914	†343,928	†54,712
Net op. inc.	240,018	197,603	†480,380	†37,848

*Deficit. †Income.

	1922.	1921.	1920.
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh—			
June gross....	$945,708	$1,191,356	$1,671,381
Def. after taxes	229,187	*44,075	400,606
Net. oper. def..	186,917	*31,063	343,637
6 mos. gross..	6,942,958	7,128,026	8,774,670
Bal. after taxes	257,152	†60,410	†1,123,149
Net oper. inc.	406,499	333,104	†76,697

*Income. †Deficit.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.

	1922.	1921.	Increase.
Arkansas Light & Power Company—			
June gross.....	$132,939	$125,411	$7,528
Net after taxes..	56,731	52,319	4,412
Bal. after charges.	37,684	37,376	308
12 mos. gross....	1,107,341	1,187,493	*80,152
Net after taxes...	341,117	233,755	106,362
Bal. after charges.	188,433	85,246	103,187
Bal. after pf. dvs.	80,426	10,658	69,768

*Decrease.

	1922.	1921.	Decrease.
Kentucky Traction & Terminal Company—			
June gross.....	$147,052	$137,430	$10,398
Net after taxes...	60,600	55,806	4,206
Bal. after charges.	36,674	42,566	5,892
12 mos. gross.....	1,592,294	1,614,871	22,577
Net after taxes....	624,537	487,115	*137,222
Bal. after charges.	340,903	237,113	*103,789

*Increase.

	1922.	1921.	1920.	1919.
Third Avenue Railway System—				
June gr.	$1,235,861	$1,

Survey and Outlook of the
Railroads
Discussed in Special Letter
Lamborn & Co.
Seven Wall St. New York
Tel. WHITEHALL 3700
MEMBERS
N. Y. Stock Ex. N. Y. Produce Ex.
N. Y. Cotton Ex. Chicago Bd. of Trade
N. Y. Coffee and Sugar Ex., Inc.
London Prod. Clearing House, Ltd.

It Explains
How your money will safely earn 5½% per annum invested in Home Title Guaranteed First Mortgages.
How our Guarantee protects you from all possibility of loss.
Why there is no better investment for those who cannot afford to endanger their principal.
Ask for Booklet T. 114
HOME TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY
Capital and Surplus Over $1,500,000
51 Willoughby Street, Brooklyn
Bank of Manhattan Building, Jamaica

Private Wire
Cleveland—Detroit
Denver—Colo. Springs
Youngstown Sheet & Tube Com. & Pfd.
Packard Motor Com. & Pfd.
Goodyear Com. & Pfd.
Firestone Tire & Rubber Com. & Pfd.
Sherwin-Williams Com. & Pfd.
Unlisted Securities Dep't
OTIS & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
49 Broad St. Telephone 2121 Broad

Berdell Brothers
Public Utility Securities
100 Broadway, New York

We want to buy
National Pow. & Light Co.
Income 7% due 1972
Telephone Rector 3740.
Private Phones to Philadelphia and Boston.

Fensland Oil
Descriptive Circular furnished upon request
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway. Phone 7662 Rector

MEXICAN BONDS
Sartorius, Smith & Loewi
Members New York Stock Exchange
20 Broad Street. Phone Rector 9295

INVESTMENTS
John Nickerson, Jr.
61 Broadway New York

INVESTMENT BONDS
SHONNARD and COMPANY
Members of New York Stock Exchange
120 Broadway Rector 8030

Empire Gas & Fuel
7½s, 1937
Write for circular.
THROCKMORTON & CO.
115 BROADWAY NEW YORK
Telephone Rector 1060

Investment Securities
ROBERT S. ROSS & Co.
56 Pine Street, New York
Telephone John 2921

We maintain trading markets in
MEXICAN BONDS
Jerome B. Sullivan & Co.
FOREIGN GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL & R.R. BONDS
42 BROADWAY, — NEW YORK
Telephone Broad 7130

Municipal Bonds
Direct Obligations
To Yield 6%
MOREY & COMPANY
111 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. Rector 8171

FREIGHT LOADED IN WEEK NEAR RECORD

Total of 783,573 Cars of All Commodities Except Coal Exceeded Only in 1920.

COAL LOADINGS GAIN 8,338

But Were Far Below Those of Corresponding Periods in 1921 and 1920.

Car loadings for the week ended July 15 totaled 860,907 cars, an increase of 142,588 cars over the preceding week, which included a holiday, and an increase of 86,023 cars, compared with the corresponding week of 1921. Compared with the same week of 1920, however, it was a decrease of 81,044 cars.

The loading of all commodities, except coal, during the week of July 15 totaled 783,573 cars. This figure has been exceeded in the history of American railroads only during the weeks of September and October, 1920, when freight loadings established a new high record, according to the American Railway Association. The 783,573 total, however, is only 8,295 cars, or 1 per cent. below the total for the same commodities loaded during the week of Oct. 15, 1920, when the peak was reached.

Coal loadings amounted to 77,334 cars, an increase of 8,238 over the preceding week, but a decrease of 73,954 cars from the same week of 1921 and of 130,091 cars from the same week two years ago. Merchandise and miscellaneous freight totaled 567,405 cars for the week ended on July 15, or 55,384 above the previous week and 104,554 cars above the corresponding week last year.

Ore loadings amounted to 69,102 cars, a gain of 13,433 over the previous week and the highest since the week of Oct. 22, 1920. Compared with the corresponding week last year, this was a gain of 37,763 cars, but a reduction of 9,000 cars compared with two years ago.

The loadings of revenue freight since the beginning of the year are compared with the three previous years in the following table:

	1922	1921	1920	1919
July 15	860,907	774,864	942,951	902,296
July 8	718,319	640,330	796,191	806,847
July 1	876,998	776,070	891,421	745,226
June 24	877,856	775,447	914,503	845,664
June 17	880,722	775,218	916,986	807,907
June 10	846,902	787,283	930,976	807,205
June 3	750,645	693,903	838,907	776,010
May 27	823,121	795,335	908,166	767,761
May 20	792,459	770,991	902,074	777,330
May 13	777,359	751,166	843,155	739,945
May 6	753,749	721,723	845,184	753,925
April 29	756,629	723,564	809,990	781,807
April 22	774,068	704,632	717,777	715,021
April 15	706,713	702,116	901,693	705,906
April 8	714,248	694,881	801,559	710,720
April 1	827,001	668,171	858,822	686,567
Mar. 25	846,035	686,507	895,386	742,273
Mar. 18	823,389	691,396	855,000	699,720
Mar. 11	829,122	700,440	879,329	705,286
Mar. 4	803,253	717,367	811,761	675,370
Feb. 25	735,286	659,242	783,295	656,708
Feb. 18	780,924	692,007	772,102	700,913
Feb. 11	788,412	687,967	786,633	687,123
Feb. 4	753,888	690,716	702,090	662,614
Jan. 28	743,728	701,695	693,332	718,297
Jan. 21	738,275	708,659	804,866	734,293
Jan. 14	720,572	718,855	840,524	758,609
Jan. 7	695,892	697,611	830,078	725,901

Compared by districts, increases over the week before were reported in all districts in the total loading of all commodities during the week of July 15, while all except the Southwestern showed increases over the corresponding week last year.

New York Dock Income for June.

The New York Dock Company, in its report for June, 1922, shows a net income of $74,567, a decrease of $26,675 as compared with June, 1921. For the first six months of the year the net income was $376,355, a decrease of $228,587 as compared with the same period of 1921.

GOOD WEEK FOR CROPS.

Cotton Shows Improvement — Corn and Wheat Doing Well.

The Government's weekly bulletin of cotton conditions was as follows:

Another rather favorable week for cotton was experienced in most sections of the belt. Temperatures were moderate generally except in the western portions where it was unseasonably warm. There was too much rain in some Atlantic Coast sections and it was too dry in the more Western sections of the belt, but most interior districts received light to moderate showers.

The crop showed improvement in Alabama and although the plants continued small they were fruiting nicely. Progress was very good in Mississippi, Tennessee and Arkansas. It was too cloudy and wet in portions of Louisiana, but conditions on the whole in that State were fairly favorable.

Dry weather was becoming unfavorable in Texas and Oklahoma, particularly in Western Oklahoma, and to late planted cotton in Texas. The general progress continues very good in Texas, however, and it was fair in Oklahoma, except in the drier portions.

The warm dry weather was favorable in checking weevil activity in the Western portion of the belt, but they were active and doing considerable damage in much of the South-Central and Eastern portions of Oklahoma; they have so far done little damage in Texas. The cloudy rainy weather, however, was favorable for the increase of weevil activity in the more Eastern portions of the belt. They were reported numerous and destructive in Georgia, as increasing rapidly in South Carolina, especially, where heavy rains fell in the Eastern portion, and as becoming more numerous in North Carolina.

Late corn deteriorated in Central and Western Texas and Oklahoma because of dry hot weather, but the temperature conditions were favorable and there was sufficient moisture for satisfactory growth elsewhere, except in some lower Ohio valley districts. The progress and condition of the crop were satisfactory in most of the principal corn-growing districts.

Threshing of Winter wheat progressed in Central Valley districts and Great Plains States, under generally favorable weather conditions, except for interruption in some upper Mississippi Valley localities, on account of wet shocks from previous rains. Yields continue to vary greatly in most of the Ohio Valley States, and were disappointing in many localities.

The weather on the whole continued favorable for Spring wheat, except for a continued lack of moisture in the more Western portions of the belt. Great damage has been done to this crop, especially to late sown grain, in Washington, Oregon and Idaho and in the flat-head valley of Montana. Some black rust was reported from North Dakota and in a few localities in South Dakota, but damage was slight from this cause except to some late seeded grain. The condition of Spring wheat was fairly good in Minnesota, except in the dry Central and Western portions where it was poor. Harvest was well under way in most sections of the belt with generally favorable weather conditions prevailing for this work.

Standard Textile Bond Plans.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Standard Textile Products Company has been called for Aug. 15 to approve an issue of $10,000,000 twenty-year 6½ per cent. first mortgage bonds. Only $8,000,000 will be sold at present. The proceeds will be used to retire about $600,000 par value of Meritas Mills bonds and $2,500,000 par value of the company's 7 per cent. debenture bonds and to liquidate bank loans.

Callahan Zinc Stock Increased.

At a special meeting of the Callahan Zinc Lead Mining Company yesterday, stockholders ratified an increase in the capitalization from 500,000 to 1,000,000 shares, the proceeds to be used for the acquisition and development of new properties.

BOLIVIA APPROVES STANDARD OIL SALE

Transfer of 2,400,000 Acres in the Santa Cruz District Ratified.

PREVIOUS PURCHASES MADE

Nearly 8,000,000 Acres Taken Over Last Year by Standard Oil of New Jersey.

The Bolivian Government has approved the transfer of 2,400,000 acres of oil lands to the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, according to cable advices received in this country by Carlos Gumucio, Consul General in this country and executive head of the Bolivian Exhibit and Information Bureau. The lands are mostly located in the Santa Cruz district. The terms of the transfer were not included in the cables received, but it is said that they are satisfactory both to the Government and the Standard Oil Company. The transfer could not be confirmed at the offices of the company, as both A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the board, and Walter C. Teagle, President of the company, were out of town.

The Standard Oil Company of New Jersey has been unusually active in Bolivia during the last year. In December last the New Jersey Company obtained a charter for the organization of the Standard Oil Company of Bolivia, capitalized at $5,000,000. This company is to operate the holdings of the New Jersey company in that country. In the Fall of 1921 the company took over approximately 8,000,000 acres of oil lands in Bolivia, 2,400,000 acres of which was reported to have been controlled by the Richmond Levering estate and 5,600,000 acres by the Breden interests.

Petroleum Co. Earnings Gain.

The Phillips Petroleum Company for the quarter ended June 30, 1922, reports net earnings of $2,024,420 after deducting bond interest, sinking fund charges and taxes. The net earnings for the second quarter of the year were the largest in the history of the company. For the first half of the year the balance available for the capital stock was $4,671,910, or the equivalent of $7 a share on the 660,000 shares of capital stock outstanding.

Buy Foundry Iron in Britain.

Steel manufacturers in this country are buying foundry iron in England for prompt shipment to Atlantic ports of the United States, according to advices received in Wall Street. This step is being taken, it is understood, to insure a continuation of manufacture of steel in the event that the coal situation should not be settled in the near future. It is also reported that further inquiries are pending.

Sugar Price Advanced Again.

The American Sugar Refining Company and the Revere Sugar Refining Company yesterday advanced their prices 10 points to 6.00 cents per pound for refined sugar. The export prices, now quoted at 4.95 and 5 cents f.a.s., represent an advance of 30 to 40 points in the last two days. Most of the orders booked were for September delivery.

RAIL EARNINGS IN JUNE.

D., L. & W. Decrease and N. & W. Increase—Both Due to Coal Strike.

The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, in its June, 1922, report, showed a gross of $5,501,287 compared with $7,586,173 for June, 1921, and net operating income of $411,745 as against $1,395,173. The decrease in earnings is attributed to the heavy loss in coal traffic, due to the strike. For the first six months of the year the road reported gross revenues of $35,882,908 compared with $42,270,985 for the same period a year ago. Net for the half year was $4,726,030 as against $4,662,496 last year.

The Norfolk & Western, whose lines penetrate the heart of the non-union bituminous coal district, showed gross earnings of $9,476,014, an increase of $2,417,224 as compared with June, 1921. The increase is explained by the large coal loadings during the month. Surplus, after charges, for June was $3,-935,833, an increase of $2,165,000 compared with June last year, while for the six months the surplus, after charges, stood at $11,317,044, an increase of $2,-680,224 over the first six months of 1921. Gross for the six months was $44,026,654 compared with $36,646,495 last year.

S. P. REVENUE INCREASED.

Read's Earnings for Six Months of 1922 Reach $27,958,826.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 26.—The net revenue from railroad operations of the Southern Pacific Company for the six months ended June 30 was $27,958,826, an increase of $5,044,210 over the same period last year, according to figures announced today by the company. The net railway operating income for the first six months of 1922 was $17,042,524, an increase of $3,883,104 over the same period last year.

The net operating revenue for June was $6,954,909, an increase of $2,017,512 over June, 1921. The railway operating income for June was $4,904,699, an increase of $1,813,984 over June, 1921.

Brokers Lose Bond Theft Suit.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., July 26.—A verdict for the defendant was ordered by Judge Ross in the United States District Court yesterday in the suit of Kean, Taylor & Co. of New York, bond brokers, against the National City Bank of Memphis to recover $156,000 of Liberty bonds alleged to have been stolen from a messenger of the brokerage concern last year in a hold-up in Brooklyn, N. Y., and later sold by W. L. Huntley Jr., then Vice President of the local bank. Judge Ross held that no proof of a conspiracy to dispose of the stolen bonds had been produced.

Skelly Oil Makes Record.

The Skelly Oil Company reports net earnings of $704,656 for June, before depreciation and depletion charges. This is a new high record for any month in the history of the company. Production of crude oil in June averaged 10,600 barrels daily, also a new high record.

Hercules Powder Earnings.

The Hercules Powder Company for the first six months of 1922 shows net earnings of $717,226, after charges and taxes, equivalent, after preferred dividends, to $5.50 a share earned on the $7,150,000 of common stock. This compares with $106,000 earned in the corresponding period of 1921.

Wright Corporation Report.

The Wright Aeronautical Corporation for the quarter ended June 30, 1922, reports net sales of $667,037, and net profits after taxes of $136,340. Net profits include income derived from investments.

To Holders of
United States Government Victory 4¾% Notes
Due May 20, 1923

The Secretary of the Treasury has announced that approximately $1,000,000,000 4¾% Victory Notes will be called for redemption at 100 and accrued interest on December 15, 1922.

Series A, B, C, D, E and F have been drawn by lot for payment on that date. The Treasury Department also announces the offering of a new issue of 4¼% Treasury Notes, dated August 1, 1922, and due September 15, 1926, to an amount of about $300,000,000 or thereabouts with the right reserved to allot additional Notes to the extent that payment is tendered in Victory Notes.

We recommend the exchange of Victory Notes for the new Treasury Note issue and will be glad to offer our services in connection with any subscriptions thereto.

Should any holders of Victory Notes which have been called for redemption desire to reinvest in other high grade bonds, we will accept Victory Notes at current market prices in payment for any securities we are offering, a complete list of which will be furnished upon request.

William R. Compton Company
Investment Bonds
14 Wall Street, New York
St. Louis Chicago
Cincinnati New Orleans

1864 1922
58 Years Conservative Banking
THE fundamental policy upon which this Institution was founded, Conservative Banking, has enabled us to follow it successfully for over half a century.
In strength of resources, in volume of business, in widening of business friendships, our progress has been consistent and constant.
While mindful of the best traditions of the past, our present management and Trustees are in complete accord with the needs of the present.
We invite you, if you feel the need of an institution of this character, to use the complete facilities of our banking and trust service.
Acts as Executor and Administrator
Acts as Transfer Agent or Registrar
Acts as Trustee Under Mortgages
CENTRAL UNION TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
PLAZA OFFICE Fifth Ave. & 60th St. 80 BROADWAY, NEW YORK 42ND ST. OFFICE Madison Ave. & 42nd St.
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits over 31 Million Dollars
Member FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

$6,000,000
City of Philadelphia
Twenty-Fifty Year 4% Bonds

Dated July 26, 1922 Due July 26, 1972

Redeemable at the option of the City at par and accrued interest on July 26, 1942, or at any interest period thereafter

Principal and semi-annual interest (January 1st and July 1st) payable at the office of the Fiscal Agent of the City of Philadelphia

Coupon Bonds in the denomination of $1,000, registerable as to principal. Registered Bonds without coupons in denominations of $100 and multiples. Coupon and Registered Bonds interchangeable.

Negotiable Interim Certificates will be issued pending the engraving of definitive bonds

Free from the Personal Property Tax Imposed by the State of Pennsylvania

Exempt from all Federal Income Taxes Under Existing Laws

Legal Investment for Savings Banks and Trust Funds in Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Connecticut and Other States

Price, 101 and accrued interest, to yield over 3.93%

Drexel & Co.
Brown Brothers & Co. **Guaranty Company of New York**
The Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh
July, 1922

Every Month
our customers receive a typewritten statement showing:
INTEREST CREDITED
DEPOSITS MADE
CHECKS PAID
BALANCE IN ACCOUNT
together with all cancelled checks and a listing of the same. This service is rendered at
FOUR CONVENIENTLY LOCATED OFFICES
Fifty-five Cedar Street — Madison Ave. at 75th St.
Broadway at 73rd Street — 125th Street at 8th Avenue
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY
Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits, over . . . $7,000,000
New York
SAFE DEPOSIT AND STORAGE VAULTS

Established 1900
FRED'K F. MARQUAND
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange, N. Y.
56-58-60 Broad St., New York
Write for our Financial Record showing High and Low prices 1906 to date.

IS YOUR MONEY EARNING 10%
If not, ask us for details of seasoned bond of Largest Corporation of its Kind. Has netted 10% last 6 years; $5,000, $1,000, $500, $100 Denominations. Ask for "Four Tests of a Gilt-Edged Investment."—Booklet 7-11.
CLARENCE HODSON & CO., Inc.
Est. 1893. 125 Broadway, N. Y.

Stability
Reliability, promptness, integrity—these are the keynotes of our service. The fact that we have been extending financial accommodations to responsible firms for nearly twenty years proves the stability of our resources—the breadth of our experience.
LEVISON & COMPANY
141 5th Ave. Bankers Cor. 21st St.

THE CHINESE MERCHANTS BANK, LTD. of Hongkong, China
NEW YORK AGENCY, Mechanics Building, 5 to 11 Nassau St.
Direct banking service through medium of native Chinese. Purchase, Sale and Collection of Bills, Issuing Letters of Credit.
Head Office, Hongkong.
Branches, Canton, Peiping, Shanghai.
The First Chinese Bank in New York City

SECURITY SALESMAN
Established House dealing in high grade issues has unusual opening for experienced salesman in New York, Jersey or Westchester County. Salesman with ability will have utmost co-operation thru assignment of house clients and working thru a number of bank connections interested in issues in which we are active.
DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION
Room 803, 27 William St., New York

WE WILL BUY

50 U. S. Finishing Common
100 Chattanooga C. & G. "A"
100 Clinchfield Coal Com.
100 United Hotels Pfd.
5M Lucey Mfg. Co. 8s
100 Republic Ry. & Lt.
25 Amer. Lt. & Traction
100 Appalachian Power Com.

WE WILL SELL

50 American Mfg. Com.
100 Chattan'ga Coke & Gas 'A'
100 Conley Tin Foil
50 Ward Baking Preferred
50 Singer Manufacturing
100 Appalachian Power Com.
100 Arizona Power Com.
25 Amer. Lt. & Tr. Com.

Dawson, Lyon & Co.
50 Pine St. Phone John 0894 New York

Commonwealth Lt. & Pow. 6s, 1947
Connecticut Steel Com. & Pfd.
Congoleum Co. Com. & Pfd.
Detroit United 5s, 1941
Eau Claire Gas Light 5s, 1925
Henderson Bridge 6s, 1931
Northern Ontario Lt. & Pr. 6s, 1931
Provident Loan Society 6s
Virginian Power Com. & Pfd.
Woodward Iron Co. 5s, 1952

HANSON & HANSON
72 Trinity Place New York
Whitehall 1056

Piggly Wiggly Corp.
Eastern Steel Co.
The Foundation Co.
Tidal Osage Oil Co. Pfd.
Beau-Site Co.
Superheater Co.
Eisemann Magneto Corp.
Colombia Syndicate

MACARTNEY & McLEAN
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
52 Broadway New York
Telephone: Broad 7360

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell

Campbell Baking
Clinchfield Coal
Dela., Lack. & West. Coal
E. W. Bliss
General Baking
Great American Ins.
Hocking Valley Railway
Home Insurance
Kirby Lumber
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
McCall Corporation
New York State Railways
Realty Associates
Ward Baking

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4000 to 4010 John. 30 Wall St., N. Y.

Chateaugay Ore & Iron Pfd.
City & Suburban Homes
Daniels Motors Pfd.
General Cutlery Preferred
Graton & Knight Mfg. Pfd.
Independent Warehouse Inc.
Textile Banking Co.
W. E. Tillotson Mfg.
Urban Motion Picture Stock
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co.

CHATER & EDEY
35 Wall St., N. Y. Tel. Hanover 8154

Irving National Bank

CLINTON GILBERT
2 Wall St., N.Y. Tel. 4845 Rector

— Steel Stocks —
We have ready for distribution a comprehensive booklet containing a complete analysis of every prominent steel stock.
It answers every statistical question that would be of value to those interested in steel stocks.
If you cannot call, send for Booklet A-292
WILSON & CHARDON
Members Consolidated Stock Exch. of N.Y.
62 Broadway New York
Telephone Whitehall 1904

Ontario Power Co.
1st Mtg. 5%, due 1943
Lamport, Barker & Jennings Inc.

Central European Bank Stocks
R. M. Bauer & Co.
25 Broad Street New York
Tel. Broad 416-417-858-123-9

Singer Manufacturing
Gulf Oil
Armstrong Cork
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Tel. Hy 6r 1220

San Antonio Public Service 6s, 1952
N. Y. Telephone 6½% Pfd.
Amer. Light & Trac. Common
T. HALL KEYES & CO.
66 Broadway, N. Y. Bowling Green 3480

Babson's REPORTS
Forecast conditions with remarkable accuracy, thereby enabling the investor to secure a higher than usual return on his holdings. Interesting booklet, "Getting the Most for Your Money," sent gratis to interested investors. Write today.
Babson Statistical Organization
Wellesley Hills 82, Mass.

COTTON UNSETTLED IN NERVOUS MARKET

Weakness Abroad and Labor Troubles the Main Factors—Loss of 22 to 30 Points Shown.

Fluctuations of a dollar and two dollars a bale were frequent in cotton yesterday, with a loss of 23 to 30 points shown at the close. Weakness abroad and absence of any improvement in domestic labor conditions operated against the market. While the general crop outlook is considered more favorable than a few weeks ago, rain will soon be needed in Western sections to prevent deterioration. The weekly summary reported satisfactory fruiting in many States, but increased boll weevil activity in others. A private estimate for a yield of about 13,250,000 bales appeared during the day. Uncertainty over the bureau is now a dominating factor in trading.

Whether due to increased selling pressure from this side or nervousness over political news from the Continent, Liverpool was distinctly easier. Prices lost about 40 American points and closed at the bottom. As the local market had rallied sharply Tuesday afternoon, action of Liverpool proved unsettling during early trading. Quotations started 15 to 20 points off and worked gradually lower until January showed a loss of nearly ½ cent from previous closing. This brought both October and December below 21 cents before the weekly summary appeared. Throughout the first hour trading reflected decided uncertainty and lack of definite conviction on the part of most operators. With no sign of rain in the Western belt, where moisture is more urgently needed each day now, there was less tendency to take the selling side. The knowledge that a liberal yield west of the river is in large measure dependent upon whether good rains occur the next two weeks or not, accounted for erratic and frequent price changes. Selling pressure lost its force when October touched 21 cents, encouraging active room support. The weekly summary reflected excessive moisture at many Atlantic points and need of rain in the West. While high temperatures restricted weevil activity in some regions, damage was reported in others. With the exception of Mississippi, the plant is said to be fruiting well. Unusually heavy fruitage was reported in Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana by local commercial publications in their monthly summaries of progress in those States. Immediately following the weekly report a buying movement started that lifted prices 40 points without encountering any substantial selling pressure. New Orleans recovered readily, showing few contracts for sale the moment demand developed. Alternate buying and selling movements continued to sweep over the ring in waves, encouraging speculative operation, but leaving mill interests indifferent. With little progress made in settlement of the coal situation and estimates of this year's yield considerably higher than a month ago, the cotton trade is now waiting to see whether the crop will hold its gain or begin to lose ground. Insects and need of moisture in Texas are claiming increased attention.

One of the most trustworthy private crop reporting agencies placed the condition at 74.9, unchanged from a month ago, but now indicating a yield of 12,223,000. Both as regards cultivation and vitality of the plant, conditions were said to be favorable. But the average operator is not inclined to look for so high a condition from Washington. It is recalled that last year the department made an allowance for boll weevil, and with this present in even greater numbers this year the next report is a matter of pure guess work. Changes continued erratic during the last hour of the day. After a recession from 21.40 to 21.15, October recovered to 21.35 on ring operations. Here an easier stock market brought in Wall Street selling, causing a 20-point break. Final trading revealed an unsettled tone, with prices closing from 20 to 30 points from the previous day.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Previous Day.
Oct.	21.29	21.43	20.96	21.18@21.20	21.40
Dec.	21.01	21.16	20.70	20.93@20.95	21.09
Jan.	21.02	21.16	20.74	20.93@20.94	21.23
March	21.01	21.12	20.75	20.86	21.18
May	20.80	20.85	20.87	20.72	21.02

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 25 points decline at 21.45c for middling upland. Southern spot markets were: Galveston 21.75c, 25 points decline; New Orleans 21.50c, unchanged; Savannah 21.20c, 20 points decline; Augusta 21.62c, 25 points decline; Memphis 22.30c, unchanged; Houston 21.90c, 20 points decline; Little Rock 21.50c, 23 points decline.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	5,542	3,344	12,403
Interior receipts	9,749	9,249	10,502
Exports, season	8,039,475	5,963,329	5,508,886
N. Y. stocks	150,904	166,588	136,577
Port stocks	503,993	556,141	1,469,327
N. Y. afloat	13	1,650	1,650

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was in moderate demand, 18 points decline at 13.04d for middling. Sales 7,000 bales, of which American 4,000; imports 3,000, of which American 3,000. Futures opened quiet but steady 2 to 6 points advance and closed steady 12 to 21 points decline. Prices: July 12.53d, October 12d, December 11.88d, January 11.78d, March 11.71d.

Manchester—Yarns were easier. Cloths were dull.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Sales.	Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	5.25	5.50	5.25	5.50	
Quicksilver	83.00			85.00	
Aluminum	17½	16	17½	18	
Iron, 2X silicon	28.75	29.75	28.75	29.75	

Electrolytic copper was quoted at 13¾c on the New York Metal Exchange.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £ s. d.	£ s. d.	Tuesday. £ s. d.	£ s. d.
Copper, spot	63	0 0	64	0 0
Copper, futures	63	12 6	63	12 6
Tin, spot	180	5 0	178	5 0
Tin, futures	180	7 6	178	7 6
Spelter, spot	29	17 6	29	12 6
Spelter, futures	29	10 0	29	5 0
Lead, spot	25	15 0	25	12 6
Lead, futures	24	10 0	24	7 6

NEW ISSUES PUT ON LIST.

Stocks and Bonds Admitted by the Stock Exchange.

The Board of Governors of the New York Stock Exchange yesterday approved the listing of the following securities:

American Metal Company, Ltd., 636,000 shares common without par value and $5,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred; Skelly Oil Company, $18,938,110 at $10 a share, with authority to add $1,061,890; Island Oil and Transport Corporation, $25,700,310 of $10 a share; Penn Seaboard Steel Corporation, 100,000 shares of voting trust certificates, extended to June 26, 1926.

The Dayton Power and Light Company, $500,000 6 per cent. cumulative preferred; Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company, New York Life Insurance and Trust Company certificates of deposit for $5,958,500 preferred; Middle States Oil Corporation, $1,943,870 additional capital; Superior Oil Corporation, 527,500 additional shares without par value; Lima Locomotive Works, Inc., temporary certificates for $7,572 shares of common stock without par value.

Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railway Company, $35,066,800 5 per cent. bonds, $25,051,000 6 per cent. preferred stock and $24,125,100 common; Brooklyn Union Gas Company, $5,879,000 temporary debenture gold bonds and Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation, $50,000,000 7 per cent. gold coupon bonds.

INJUNCTION DENIED CODMAN

Boston & Maine Stockholder Fails in Alleged Conspiracy Suit.

BOSTON, July 26.—Justice Crosby of the Supreme Court today denied the petition of Edmund C. Codman for an injunction to restrain directors of the Boston & Maine and New York Central Railroad, as operators of the Boston & Albany, from carrying out an alleged scheme to obtain "illegal control over the Boston & Maine."

Mr. Codman, a minority stockholder of the Boston & Maine, charged that a conspiracy existed to have Alfred H. Smith, President of the New York Central, elected Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Boston & Maine, the annual meeting of the Boston & Maine stockholders, which was postponed for the third time on July 14, will be held tomorrow.

Justice Crosby had previously denied a petition filed by Mr. Codman for an injunction to prevent a declaration of the vote cast at the Boston & Maine meeting in May on 222,900 shares of stock held by the New York, New Haven & Hartford Company. These shares are in the custody of trustees appointed by the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York. Under the order of that court the trustees were directed to vote for directors nominated by the New Haven road.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Columbia Trust Company has been designated registrar under indenture of trust covering an issue of $5,000,000 6½ per cent. sinking fund bonds of Det Forenede Dampskibs-Selskab (the United Steamship Company, Ltd., Copenhagen).

The American Exchange National Bank has been appointed registrar of the voting trust certificates for the preferred and common stock of the Racine Horseshoe Tire Corporation.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday 18,905 packages. Prices recovered ¼ cent on finest grades. Creamery, higher than extras, 1b, 35@35½c; extra (92 score), 34½c; first, 31@33½; seconds, 29½@30½; process, specials, 29c; centralized cars (90 score) 33c, (89 score) 32c, (88 score) 31@31½c, (85 to 87 score) 29½@30½; unsalted higher than extras, 1b, 35@35½c; extras (92 score), 34½@35c; firsts, 33@34½c; seconds, 31½@32½c; lower grades, 30@31c; State dairy tubs, finest, 33@34c; good to prime, 31½@32½c; common to fair, 29@31c; packing stock, special brands, 29@30c; firsts, 27½@28c; seconds, 26@27c; lower grades, 24½@25½c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 27c; No. 2, 25½@26c; lower grades, 23@25c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday 29,697 cases. Market steadier at unchanged prices; fresh gathered extras, dozen, 27@28c; regular packed, extra firsts, 24@25c; regular packed, firsts, 21@23c; seconds and checks, 19@20c; trade eggs, 17@19c; dirties, regular packed, No. 1, 17@18c; No. 2 and poorer, 15@16½c; checks, poor to choice; dry 15 @ 17c; New Jersey, Pennsylvania and nearby whites, candled extras, 45@47c; uncandled extras, 41@44c; nearby hennery whites, extras, local candled, 44c; nearby and nearby Western hennery whites, average extras, 39@41c; extra firsts, 36@38c; firsts, 30@34c; nearby gathered whites, first to extra firsts, 30@37c; under grades, 28@29c; pullets' eggs, 20@38c; Pacific Coast, whites, extras, 36@37c; extra firsts, 33@34c; firsts, 30@32c; under grades, 28@29c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 24@30c; nearby and nearby Western hennery browns, extras, 33@38c; nearby brown and mixed colors, gathered extras, 28c; firsts to extra firsts, 22@27c.

SUGAR STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Caracas Sugar	10	13	11	13
Central Aguirre	73	78	73	78
Fajardo	10	13	11	14
Federal Sugar	102	104	102	104
Great Western	245	260	245	260
Great Western pf	100	109	105	109
Godchaux	15	17	14	17
Godchaux pf	73	78	73	78
Holly	15	18	15	18
Holly pf	47	51	47	51
National	148	150	147	150
Santa Cecilia pf	12	14	12	14
Savannah	45	48	44	48
Savannah pf	90	93	90	93
West Indies pf	49	52	47	52

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Pd.	Payable.	Holders of Rec.
Am. Bank Note	pf. 7%	Q	Oct.	Sept. 13
Am. Tob. Class B	4	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
Del. & Hudson	2½	Q	Sept. 29	Aug. 28
Del. Horn Coal	2	Q	Sept. 11	Sept. 1
Good'h. B.F. Co.	pf. 1¾	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 22
Int. Harvester	pf. 1¾	Q	Sept. 1	Aug. 10
Penn. Coal & Coke	2	Q	Aug. 10	Aug. 7
S. C. Sec. & In.	1		Aug. 15	Aug. 7
Stand. Milling	1	Q	Aug. 31	Aug. 21
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Aug. 31	Aug. 21
Thompson-Star. pf.	1	SA	Oct. 2	Sept. 23
Wright Aero.	25c	Q	Aug. 31	Aug. 15

Dividends of 4 per cent. per annum being on the aggregate 9 per cent. for the period from January, 1921 to July, 1922.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Alpha	10	17	Gadsden	97	99
Bay St. Gas	9	10	Roma	3	4
Bohemia	1.00		Imperial	1	2
Boston Elev.	31	32	Jones	26	32
Boston Mont.	15	17	Majestic	9	10
Chief Con.	5	5½	Nixon	2	3
Chikvasaw	1½	3	Omeo	30	40
Con. Copper	87	89	Pilgrim	3	
Crystal new	1¼	1½	Seven Metals	3	
Denbigh	5	8	Texana	2	
Eagle B. B.	3½	3¾	U. W. Stat.	27½	28
Eureka Cro.	66	67	Yukon	65	1.00
First Nat.	55	65			

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Andes	.14	Hartmill	.06
Best & Belcher	.05	Knox	.03
Challenge	.06	Sunbeam	.02
Con. Virginia	.21	Zone	.08
Gould & Curry	.05	GOLDFIELD.	
Hale & Norcross	.15	Blue Bird	.02
Justice	.14	Consolidated	.14
Mexican	.14	Development	.07
Ophir	.11	Florence	.11
Savage	.05	Jumbo Extension	.03
Sec. Belcher	.04	Kewanas	.01
Sierra Nevada	.07	Lone Star	.02
Union	.14	Silver Pick	.09
TONOPAH.		GATMAN.	
Belmont	1.60	Big Jim	.08
Cash Boy	.05	Casa Entry	.07
Halifax	.19	Gold Key	.02
McNamara	.06	Nellie	.06
McNamara Cres.	.06	San Francisco	.03
Midway	.08	United	.01
Monarch	.02	United West	.02
North Star	.06	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
Rescue	1.90	Big Swanneck	.20
Rescue Extn.	1.01	Crescent	.03
Tonopah 70	.05	Manhattan Con.	.02
West End	1.07½	Round Mountain	.11
West End Extn.	.06	Sandstorm Kendall	.01
DIVIDE.		Simon	.01
Belcher Exten.	.02	Simon Contact	.05
Ben Hur	.03	Sterling	.02
Brownell	.03	White Caps	.30
Divide Tonopah	.78	White Cloud	.07
Extension	.12		

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	5½	5¾	Mary McK.	5	5½
Elkton	1	5	Portland	65	70
El Paso	9	10	Gold St.	11	13½
Golden Cy.	3	4	Vindicator	2	3
Granite	5	7	Work Nickel	12	15
Isabella	2	3			

EARLY WHEAT GAINS LOST AT THE CLOSE

Hedging and Profit-Taking Sales Spoil a Heavy Export Market at Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 26.—The big export business, 1,000,000 bushels of wheat reported late Tuesday, with good buying by seaboard houses and lighter selling pressure from hedgers, made a better market during the morning, with an advance of 3 cents in July and 1¾ to 1⅞ cents on distant futures. Cash handlers in the Southwest took advantage of the bulge to hedge purchases already made and what they expect to make.

This, combined with selling for profits by early buyers, made a general collapse, with a complete loss of the early gains and a close ¼ to ¾ cent lower on the nearby futures and ⅛@¼ higher for December. July was up to $1.12 at the top, with September $1.10¾ and the close only ¼ to ⅝ cent above the low point, the Argentine strength being in July. Late cables had a better tone and brought buying orders for cash wheat and the late decline enabled local and seaboard exporters to buy wheat freely, resulting in a big business. The export situation is said to be the best in a year. Around 2,000,000 bushels were sold direct via the Gulf during the day in addition to sales through North Atlantic ports. This direct business is not at seaboard, except occasionally.

Domestic sales were only 50,000 bushels, which, with charters, were for 200,000, on the basis of 3 cents to Buffalo.

Poor threshing returns from Eastern Illinois with yields of ten to seventeen bushels started a buying movement in oats, and July advanced ¾ cent while other futures moved up ¼ to ⅜ cent, and the close was at gains of ¼ to ⅝ cent, with July leading. Receipts were 104 cars and shipping sales 170,000 bushels.

Corn and oats are being shipped to New York and New England distributers all rail, as there is little difference between all rail and lake-and-rail rates, owing to the advance in lake rates. Exporters bought 500,000 bushels rye and 400,000 oats.

In the face of the foreign demand for rye, prices were off ¼ to ⅝ cent.

Primary receipts of wheat were 2,764,000 bushels; week ago, 1,898,000; year ago, 3,589,000. Shipments were 1,502,000 bushels; week ago, 602,000; year ago, 1,218,000.

Corn receipts were 982,000 bushels; week ago, 1,164,000; year ago, 800,000. and shipments, 1,956,000 bushels; week ago 663,000; year ago, 480,000.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.12	1.09	1.09¾	1.10	1.28
Sept.	1.08⅝	1.06⅜	1.07¼	1.07⅝@1.07¾	1.27¼
Dec.	1.10¾	1.08¼	1.09¼	1.09¾@1.10	1.29

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.60¾	.58½	.59	.58½@.59	.61⅝
Sept.	.63⅝	.61⅜	.61⅝@.62	.61⅝@.62	.61⅝
Dec.	.59¾	.57⅝	.57⅝@.58	.59	.61⅝

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.32¾	.31⅝	.32¼	.31⅝@.31⅞	.37
Sept.	.34¾	.33⅜	.33⅝	.33⅜@.33¾	.32¾
Dec.	.37¾	.36⅝	.36⅞	.36⅝@.36¾	.42¾

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	.80¼	.79¾	.79¾	.80	1.20
Sept.	.78⅝	.78	.78¼	.78¼	1.14
Dec.	.80	.79⅛	.79⅜	.80	1.12¾

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	11.37	11.17	11.20	11.25@11.30	12.07
Sept.	11.37	11.25	11.25	11.30@11.40	12.10
Oct.	11.40	11.30	11.32	11.35@11.40	12.27
Jan.	9.53	9.45	9.47	9.57	
Ribs—					
Sept.	10.80	10.75	10.70	11.07	10.80

NEW INCORPORATIONS

New York Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, July 26.—Forty-eight new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $1,006,500, were chartered today. They include:

Huntington Station Realty Co., Huntington, $10,000; E. J. Cringle, E. Dempsey, S. E. Gorman. (Attorney, I. B. Swezy, Huntington.)

R. M. Terry, Manhattan, textiles, $100,000; J. T. Nolan, E. M. Irwin, V. P. Brown. (Attorneys, Delehanty, Giffin, Hannon & Brown, 2 Broadway.)

G. L. B. Taxi Co., Manhattan, $5,000; A. Gardner, F. Landau, A. Brautigan. (Attorney, W. Reiss, 220 Broadway.)

Expert Paper Box Manufacturing Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; M. Finkelstein, D. Pakowsky, J. Kossover. (Attorney, N. Waxman, 221 Broadway.)

Electric Cord Adjuster Corp., Manhattan, $100,000; G. F. and A. F. Brown, A. A. Kahn. (Attorney, B. Rogers, 205 Broadway.)

Van Brunt Estates, Manhattan, $5,000; G. Van Brunt, A. Marcus, L. E. Goldstein. (Attorney, J. Berman, 198 Broadway.)

Piedmont Automobile Co., Manhattan, $5,000; G. C. Kutz, D. Schneer, B. Mandel. (Attorney, E. Morgalanes, 1,040 Broadway.)

East New York Public Market Co., Brooklyn, $20,000; N. Finkelstein, J. R. Glantz. (Attorney, S. Abramson, 63 Park Row.)

Wonda Phonograph Co., Manhattan, $10,000; I. Sherman, H. Taussig, C. E. Bilkes. (Attorneys, Teitlebaum & Jaykowsky, 50 Broadway.)

Kliegl Laboratories, Buffalo, salves and ointments, $10,000; E. G. Lamy, L. H. Lonolesaut, J. H. Walsh. (Attorneys, Coatsworth & Disbold, Buffalo.)

Gibson Howell Securities Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; E. Kleinman, R. J. Brown, L. J. Boyle. (Attorney, S. Ryan, Albany.)

Michelson Bros. & Co., Bronx; auto tools and bodies, $15,000; M. Michelson, M. Schneider. (Attorney, H. W. Unger, 261 Broadway.)

Steinharter & Co., Manhattan, food products and merchandise, $5,000; H. Steinharter, L. Sherman, J. Sherman. (Attorneys, Teitlebaum & Jaykowsky, 305 Broadway.)

K. C. & B. Realty Co., Manhattan, $250,000; A. Topitzky, S. R. Crosswell, M. Bohm. (Attorneys, Teitlebaum & Jaykowsky, 305 Broadway.)

Town and Farm Publishers, Manhattan, advertising, $20,000; E. W. Rosen, G. Schofield, J. C. Elmer. (Attorney, S. H. Newman, 63 Park Row.)

Home Groceries, Manhattan, $100,000; A. S. Arnold, E. B. Faison, L. Robbins. (Attorneys, Rubin & Arnold, 1,476 Broadway.)

Paul L. Kordansky, Manhattan, jewelry, $5,000; J. and K. Wunderman, B. Gans. (Attorney, R. Aberlan, 90 Broadway.)

Forest & Street Co., Manhattan, Hotel keepers, $45,000; C. H. Lavin, R. Alexander, S. D. Woolfson. (Attorneys, Perlman & Levitt, 15 Park Row.)

Kosher Provision Corp., Brooklyn, $10,000; M. and A. and D. Ginsburg. (Attorney, H. Ginsberg, 228 Livonia Av., Brooklyn.)

Clay Syrup Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. C. Johnson, C. V. Thomas, F. H. Baker. (Attorney, F. X. Walters, 70 Walker St.)

Market Building Mortgage Co., Brooklyn, construction, $10,000; H. Abramson, N. Finkelstein. (Attorney, S. Abramson, 63 Park Row.)

Reuyns Shoe Co., Brooklyn, $50,000; M. L. Nissenson, M. Robert, S. Rise. (Attorney, E. Snyder, 351 Classon Av., Brooklyn.)

Jewelry Art School, Manhattan, 100 shares common stock, no par value; active capital $5,000; W. H. Frost, J. Kohrman. (Attorney, S. Steinbock, 31 East 125th St.)

Minnie Kagle, Manhattan, trimmer's wear, 746 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 10 common, no par value; active capital, $75,000. E. R. Kagle, J. Strecher. (Attorney, A. J. Feinberg, 130 West 42d St.)

Apex Show Case Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; I. Hass, S. Chotkey, J. Cohen. (Attorney, S. Feariman, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Hallinor Corp., Manhattan, stock and bonds, $5,000; A. Lewis, L. Holden, L. J. Safian. (Attorney, S. Falk, 291 Broadway.)

Gotham Mortgage Co., Brooklyn, $10,000; B. Merezow, 34 Reichel. (Attorney, J. J. Friedman, 256 Duffield St., Brooklyn.)

K. & C. Furniture Co., Brooklyn, $5,000; H. and M. Cutler, R. Kadly. (Attorneys, Ledyr & Thomas, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Nat Klang Realty Corp., Manhattan, $30,000; B. Leibolt, J. Mendelsohn. (Attorney, A. J. Halprin, 41 Park Row.)

Oxford Markets of New York, Manhattan, meats, $75,000; J. Braun, S. Weiss, M. Lambert. (Attorney, P. Englander, 41 East 42d St.)

Arnold Sales Corp., Manhattan, stock and securities, $5,000; J. J. Arnold, P. W. Blanken, J. O'Day. (Attorney, W. Avery, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.)

Wadmar Realty Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; R. H. Waddell, R. A. Martin, M. Wilson. (Attorneys, Maguire & Martin, 300 West 72d St.)

Miller Music Corp., Manhattan, auction, $200,000; H. Miller, O. G. Meiner, C. Solomon. (Attorney, L. B. Brodsky, 250 Broadway.)

Wolf Housing Corp., Manhattan, $5,000; E. and M. C. Wolf, M. Kraushaar. (Attorneys, Celler & Kraushaar, 61 Chambers.)

Seventeenth Words Realty Corp., Manhattan, realties, $10,000; F. Klein, A. Storch, L. K. Wasser. (Attorney, C. S. Isubin, 55 Liberty St.)

Reid, May Shoe Co., Manhattan, $10,000; A. Goldberg, R. May, A. Friedman. (Attorney, J. L. Larkowitz, 47 West 34th St.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Lowell-Bailey Co., Binghamton, $50,000 to $75,000.

Bank of East Aurora, $116,000 to $150,000.

Rothholz Examining and Shrinking Co., Rochester, 500 shares common stock, no par value, and bears business with $30,000.

NAME CHANGES

Spitzer & Goldstein, Manhattan, to Louis Gittler.

Israelitischer Bruder Verein, Blumenthal No. 1, Manhattan, to Brotherhood of Israel.

DESIGNATIONS.

Hubbard Owen & Myer Co., Illinois, $200,000; rep., C. S. Sharp, 290 West Broadway.

John West Thread Co., Mass., $150,000; rep., J. Bayer, 248 Fourth Av.

Fairmont Milk Co., Me., liberal hardware, $150,000; rep., G. S. Wyman, 101 Lafayette St.

Zonite Products Co., Del., proprietary medicines, 10,000 shares common stock, no par value; rep., E. F. Hutton, 332 Madison Av.

Harrington & Co., Pa., make milk products, $50,000; rep., E. J. Frawley, Elmira.

Portable Oven Co., Ill.

DISSOLUTIONS.

Fan Am. Tag Co., Manhattan.

A. Moses Sons, Manhattan.

Capitol Musical Bureau, Manhattan.

Smith & Mosshart, Binghamton.

Little Falls Blower Co., Little Falls.

R. L. Ginsburg Sons Co., Buffalo.

Allan Mfg. and Welding Co., Buffalo.

Gittelman-Ham Corp., Brooklyn.

Hudson River Realty Co., Newburgh.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, July 26.—New charters were granted today to the following: McClelland Hotel Co., Atlantic City, $125,000; Edward B. McClelland, Mary A. McClelland, Alfred C. McClelland, Atlantic City.

New Home-Builders Co., Newark, $50,000; Louis Remdy, Anthony Dellaquila, William R. Mendenhall, Newark.

Simplex Oil Heating Co., Newark, $100,000; Andrew J. Whitney, Jr., Jersey City; Frank Blake, Maplewood; George Gilbolt, Glen Ridge.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, July 26.—Charters filed today: Globe Slate Tube Co., Manhattan, steel tubes, $10,000,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Prima Radio Corp., New York, radio, $1,000,000. (U. S. Corporation Co.)

Leather and Textile Products Co., Wilmington, stores, $750,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Fountain Co., Wilmington, paints, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Gallery Selling Companies, stocks and bonds, $650,000; Alexander Jamison, Walter S. Bertsch, Monroe H. Bea, Wilmington. (Alex Jamison, 100 West 10th St., Wilmington, Del.)

Stewart Corp., Wilmington, print setting stamps, $500,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Greek American Art Manufacturing Co., Wilmington, lamp shades, $150,000. (Corporation Trust Co. of America.)

Earl U. Dodge & Co., Wilmington, stocks and bonds, $100,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Fendt & Co., Wilmington, importers and importers, $100,000. (Colonial Charter Co.)

American Pickling Co., Philadelphia, $50,000. (Corporation Guaranty & Trust Co.)

Fenwood Co. of Pittsburgh, Pa., collector for automobiles, $25,000; John A. Wilson, Thomas A. Chadwick, John T. Chadwick, Pittsburgh. (The Corporation Trust Co.)

Vita Food Co., $60,000; Paul G. Rossiter, Ottawa, Ill.; Hahs Burmeister, Walter E. Underwood, Chicago. (Corporation Registry Co.)

Sun-Ell Enterprises, Films, $15,000; W. H. Cohn, A. L. Kock, Josephine J. Cohn, Pittsburgh. (Capital Trust Co. of Delaware.)

Capital Construction Co., Philadelphia, $10,000. (Corporation Guaranty and Trust Co.)

Compagnie Coal and Iron Co., Wilmington, iron and steel, $5,000,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Cosmopolitan Petroleum Corporation, Wilmington, waste oil, $750,000. (Corporation Service Co.)

Skinner Hollow Gas Co., Del., $150,000; L. P. Dickinson, Silver Creek, N. Y.; Roscoe B. Martin, Matthew Wilson, Forestville, N. Y. (Corporation Service Co.)

CAPITAL INCREASES.

American Finance Corp., Washington, $1,000,000 to $5,000,000.

Jefferson Corp., Washington, $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

SURRENDER OF AUTHORITY.

Fan Am. Tag Co., Manhattan.

Capitol Musical Bureau, Manhattan.

Smith & Mosshart, Binghamton.

Little Falls Blower Co., Little Falls.

R. L. Ginsburg Sons Co., Buffalo.

Allan Mfg. and Welding Co., Buffalo.

Gittelman-Ham Corp., Brooklyn.

Hudson River Realty Co., Newburgh.

COMMODITY PRICES.

Few Changes Reported and Those Interspersed Varied Groups—Most Articles Steady.

Price changes were few and at minimum in each of the subjoined groups, wheat receding 3 cents, Middle West lard 25 points and cotton 20 points. Butter recovered slightly after a dip to the year's low on Tuesday. Other staples held firm and at levels prevailing previously.

Following are the cash prices for the principal commodities in the wholesale market at the close of business Wednesday, a week before and a year ago:

	1922.	July 19 1922.	July 19 1921.
FOODSTUFFS—			
Wheat, No. 2 red	$1.29½	$1.20	$1.07¾
Corn, No. 2 yellow	.81¼	.81	.76¼
Oats, No. 2 white	.38	.37½	.32½
Flour, Minn., patent	7.75	8.00	10.00
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.19½	.19¾	.09½
Sugar, granulated	.07	.060	.059
Butter, creamery, 92 score	.34½	.32	.33
Eggs, fresh gathered firsts, per dozen	.28	.23	.36
Lard, Mid. W.	11.85	11.70	13.00
Pork, mess	30.00	30.00	24.00
Beef, family	17.00	17.00	16.00
METALS—			
Iron, No. 2 Phila.	22.79	22.79	21.79
Steel billets, Pitts.	35.00	35.00	33.00
Lead, N. Y.	7.00	7.00	5.50
Copper	13.79	13

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

THATCHER MANUFACTURING COMPANY
Ten Year 7% Convertible Sinking Fund Mortgage Gold Bonds.
NOTICE OF REDEMPTION.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to provisions in Article II. of the indenture dated as of April 1, 1920, made by Thatcher Manufacturing Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York, securing an issue of $2,000,000 Ten Year 7% Convertible Sinking Fund Mortgage Gold Bonds, that Thatcher Manufacturing Company has elected to exercise the right conferred on it by said indenture and will pay off and redeem on October 1, 1922, all of the above mentioned Ten-Year 7% Convertible Sinking Fund Mortgage Gold Bonds which may be outstanding on said date, at 105% of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest to October 1, 1922. Interest shall cease to be payable on said bonds from and after such date, and the coupons maturing after said date shall be null and void.

Holders of the said bonds are hereby notified to present said bonds for payment and redemption on and after October 1, 1922, at the Trust Department of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City. Bonds surrendered for redemption should have attached all coupons maturing on and after April 1, 1923. The coupons maturing October 1, 1922, should be detached and collected in the usual manner. Bonds presented for principal must be duly assigned to bearer.

CONVERSION PRIVILEGES.

Pursuant and subject to the provisions of Article VII. of said Indenture the holders of registered bonds of the said Ten Year 7% Convertible Sinking Fund Mortgage Gold Bonds may convert the same into shares of the eight per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Company at the rate of One Hundred Dollars par share for said stock, with an adjustment of accrued interest and dividends as provided in said Indenture, or in the alternative may convert the same into shares of common stock of the Company, without nominal or par value, at the rate of Forty Dollars per share for said stock, provided that the respective holders or registered owners of the bonds to be converted shall have given the Company, at the said Trust Department of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, written notice of their election so to convert such bond or bonds into such common or preferred stock, as the case may be, at least ten days prior to the date specified in such notice for such conversion, and at the time of giving such notice shall have surrendered to the Trustee, at said Trust Department of Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 140 Broadway, New York City, the bonds so to be converted, as stated in said notice, with all coupons maturing on and after October 1, 1922, any bond or bonds registerable as to principal to be transferred to the trustee or to bearer prior to the surrender thereof.

Any bond sought to be converted into shares of the common stock of the Company without nominal or par value must be so converted by warrants attached to said bond upon the issue thereof or by other similar warrants aggregating the number of shares specified in such warrant originally attached to such bond.

In case of the conversion of bonds into common stock without nominal or par value, the Company will pay accrued interest upon any bond surrendered for conversion and not previously paid on said bond, at the rate of seven per cent. per annum to the conversion date.

The rights of conversion shall expire at the close of business on said redemption date above mentioned, to wit: October 1, 1922, and said requirement of ten days' notice shall not so operate as to shorten the time within which the holder or registered owner of bonds may exercise said conversion privileges, which shall be deemed to have been exercised in respect of the bonds mentioned in any such notice, when said notice shall have been given and said bonds and coupons shall have been surrendered as aforesaid.

No fractional shares of stock will be delivered upon any such conversion of bonds, but the company will deliver or cause to be delivered scrip for fractions of any such fractional shares which the holders of bonds exercising such right of conversion would otherwise be entitled to receive.

THATCHER MANUFACTURING COMPANY.
By F. E. BALDWIN, President.
Dated July 27, 1922.

Thatcher Manufacturing Company gives further notice that it will purchase any or all of said bonds presented for purchase with all unmatured coupons thereto appertaining at said Trust Department of Guaranty Trust Company of New York before October 1, 1922, at a price equal to 105% of the principal amount thereof, with accrued interest to the date of purchase. Bonds registerable as to principal must be duly assigned to bearer.

DIVIDENDS.

Continental Paper & Bag Mills.

N. Y. City, 16-18 E. 40th St., July 26, 1922

88TH CONSECUTIVE PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent on the preferred stock has been declared, payable August 15th, 1922, to the Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on August 8th, 1922. Checks mailed.

68TH CONSECUTIVE COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND

A quarterly dividend of one and one-half (1½%) per cent on the Common Stock has been declared, payable August 15th, 1922, to the Common Stockholders of record at the close of business on August 8th, 1922. Checks mailed.

THOMAS FYNES, Secretary.

The American Tobacco Co.

111 Fifth Avenue
New York, July 26, 1922

Notice is hereby given that the transfer books of all issued and outstanding scrip of The American Tobacco Company carrying interest at the rate of 6% per annum will close at 12 o'clock noon August 12, 1922, for the purpose of payment of interest thereon due September 1, 1922, and will re-open at 10 o'clock A. M. September 2, 1922. Checks will be mailed.

J. M. W. HICKS, Treasurer.

The American Tobacco Co.

111 Fifth Avenue
New York, July 26, 1922.

A dividend of 3% has been declared upon the Common Stock and Common Stock B of The American Tobacco Company, payable in cash on September 1, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business August 10, 1922. Checks will be mailed.

J. M. W. HICKS, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY
49 Wall Street
New York City, July 26, 1922.

PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 51

The Board of Directors of the STANDARD MILLING COMPANY have this day declared a quarterly dividend of One and One-half Per Cent. (1½%) upon the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable out of the earnings for the current fiscal year, on August 31st, 1922, to Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business on August 21st, 1922.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

STANDARD MILLING COMPANY
49 Wall Street
New York City, July 26, 1922.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 23

The Board of Directors of the STANDARD MILLING COMPANY have today declared a quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. (2%) upon the Common Stock of this Company, payable on August 31st, 1922, in cash, to Common Stockholders of record at the close of business August 21st, 1922.

Checks will be mailed.

JOS. A. KNOX, Treasurer.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION
43 Exchange Place, New York City

The regular quarterly dividend (Thirty-eighth quarter) of One Dollar and Seventy-Five Cents ($1.75) per share, being at the rate of 7% per annum, has been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable September 1st, 1922, to stockholders of record August 15th, 1922.

T. W. MOFFAT, Treasurer.

PACIFIC MILLS.

A quarterly dividend of three dollars ($3), payable has been declared payable August 1st, 1922, at The New England Trust Company, Transfer Agents, 135 Devonshire Street, Boston, to stockholders of record on July 20th, 1922.

EDWIN FARNHAM GREENE, Treasurer.
Boston, July 24, 1922.

WRIGHT AERONAUTICAL CORPORATION
Paterson, N. J.

July 26, 1922

The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of twenty-five cents (25c) per share on the outstanding capital stock of this Corporation, payable August 31, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business on August 15, 1922.

J. F. PRINCE, Secretary & Treasurer.

UNITED BARBER SHOPS, INC.

DIVIDEND NO. 8
New York, July 24, 1922.

The Board of Directors has declared the quarterly dividend of 3% on the Preferred Stock, payable August 15, 1922, to stockholders of record at the close of business on August 1st, 1922.

E. J. SHEERY, Treasurer.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

THE CORNELIA COPPER COMPANY will pay a dividend of Twenty Cents ($.20) a Share August 21st, 1922, to stock of record August 4th, 1922. Books do not close.

JAMES E. FISHER, Secretary.

HYLAN HAS SCHEME TO PERFECT TRANSIT

Would Rely on City Buses to Relieve Traffic in Emergency Tie-Ups.

BLAMES THE LEGISLATURE

McAneny Ridicules Plan—Has Program to Link Up Power Plants in Crises.

Mayor Hylan made another attack on the "traction-controlled Legislature" and the Transit Commission yesterday as a result of Tuesday's B. R. T. tie-up, because of their refusal to give the city authority to operate bus lines. If such lines had been in operation the situation would have been cared for by them adequately, said the Mayor.

At the Transit Commission offices such a plan was called impracticable, as, it was said, all of the roadways on all three bridges would be required to operate enough buses to take the rush hour crowds from Manhattan to the Brooklyn side, and that a distribution of passengers by these buses, even if they could not be got across the river, would be an impossibility. George McAneny, Chairman of the commission, said that a member of the commission was disposed to indulge in billingsgate with the Mayor, and that a distribution of adventurers by speculative science. It was his speculative contributions that had proved most valuable.

Those attending the presentation included Dr. Ellwood Hendrick, representing the American Society for Chemical Industry; Professor T. H. Goodstead of Berkeley, Cal., and Professor W. G. MacCallum of Baltimore.

Mayor Hylan turned his artillery on the Transit Commission the first thing in the morning, when he issued a statement which said:

Finds Solution in Buses.

"The B. R. T. tie-up at the height of the rush hour last night emphasizes the enormity of the crime committed against the traveling public of this city by the up-State traction-controlled Legislature and the State Transit Commission and their cohorts, in wilfully refusing to give the city unmistakably clear authority to operate a modern municipal bus system.

"If the threat of strike or tie-up would have had in operation yesterday and long ago, a modern system of buses in the territory affected by the tie-up, which would have made it impossible for any congestion to have arisen because of the tie-up, it would be safe to bet that last night's occurrence in Brooklyn will open the eyes and the consciences of those who have thus far deprived the city of the proper use of buses, either because they are blind to the public interest or are enamored of the B. R. T. to such an extent that at the next session of the Legislature that proper authority will be accorded the city to initiate its own bus system."

The use of buses was declared impracticable at the Transit Commission, where it was said that between 5:30 and 6:30 o'clock, the peak of the rush hour, 240,000 passengers go from Manhattan to Brooklyn. That would make 6,000 bus trips for a type of bus like those used on Fifth Avenue, or 12,000 trips for the type of buses used by the city in Chambers Street. It would mean the exclusive use of the Brooklyn, Manhattan and Williamsburg Bridges for traffic in one direction on all roadways to the exclusion of all other traffic. That would suffice only to drop the passengers at the Brooklyn end of the bridges, and if they went on and distributed their passengers their numbers would have to be multiplied indefinitely.

"The Transit Commissions has, of course, noted the remarks of the Mayor in connection with last night's accident, made before he or any one else had an opportunity to ascertain the facts," said Chairman McAneny of the commission.

"The Mayor very clearly has a distorted view, both as to the responsibility and the obligations of the commission in the matter of accidents occurring in the course of operation of the transit lines, and I might add quite as clearly a very distorted view of his own responsibility in matters of this sort.

Inquiry Not Finished.

"As soon as the facts in the present instance have been ascertained they will be communicated at once to the public, with whatever recommendations or directions the commission may have to pass on to the operating companies."

Mr. McAneny said that engineers of the commission were conducting an investigation into the accident, the cause of which was in doubt.

"Nothing has appeared, however, to suggest that there was any undue delay or negligence on the part of the officials or employes of the company in repairing the damage done at the power plant or in getting trains and care moving at the earliest possible moment," he said.

"Pending the receipt of detailed reports, the commission is chiefly concerned about the broader question of developing quicker measures for commanding immediate emergency service from other power houses when there is a breakdown of this kind in any one of the main plants. There are, and have been for some time, tying-in facilities arranged between the various power plants of the city, under which the transit companies and the Edison Company are able to afford each other relief in just such emergencies as this. Those facilities, however, are not as elaborate as would be necessary in case the Edison Company, for example, were suddenly called upon to supply the entire power requirements of the B. R. T. in a breakdown such as that last night.

"The commission, accordingly, this morning directed its chief executive officer, General Lincoln C. Andrews, to take up at once with the Interborough and the B. R. T., and with the officials of the Edison Companies, both the New York and Brooklyn, the problem involved in developing better and more reliable facilities of the sort, and to report back as to the extent to which they can and should be provided, and the probable cost.

"The experience throughout the tie-up gives new point to the fact the commission and the companies have emphasized—that the worst danger in accidents of this kind is from the results of hysteria and panic, and that where good sense and control prevail the element of danger is practically eliminated."

The B. R. T. said yesterday that engineers would inquire into the advisability of installing a switchboard to take emergency power from the Edison Company. "That is the first accident of that nature," the company added, "that has occurred in the sixteen years of operation of the Williamsburg power house. The necessity of an emergency switchboard never seemed to us to be necessary. We connected up with the Edison Power as soon as it was safe to do so. Before attempting that, we had to determine the exact extent and nature of the fire. Caution and safety were our principal concern."

AMERICAN HONOR GOES TO ENGLISH SCIENTIST

Lord Balfour Presents Franklin Medal to Sir Joseph J. Thomson of Cambridge.

LONDON, July 26.—Sir Joseph J. Thomson, Master of Trinity College, Cambridge, was presented today with the Franklin Medal by the Franklin Institute of America for his "signal and eminent service in science."

The presentation was made by the Earl of Balfour, who referred to Sir Joseph as one of the greatest pioneers in an age prolific in marvels and miracles of scientific discoveries and achievements.

In replying, Sir Joseph said he was glad if he had contributed to the brotherhood of science between Great Britain and America. He received Franklin's epoch-making achievements. Franklin had attained his position among the immortals in science by a brief six years of work, and in spite of the fact that he had to the end of his life no knowledge of mathematics. His versatility and diversity of occupations could be equaled only by Leonardo da Vinci, the famous Italian painter, architect, sculptor, engineer, mechanician and musician. Franklin was one of the most daring of adventurers in speculative science. It was his speculative contributions that had proved most valuable.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Steadiness at Paris and London—War Loans Firmer.

LONDON, July 26.—Trading was quiet on the Stock Exchange today. Gilt-edge securities were very steady and oil shares dull. British industrials were firm. Consols declined ⅛ to 50⅛. The 5 per cent. war loan remained unchanged at 100⅝, the 4½ per cent. ½ higher at 96⅝. De Beers and Rand Mines were unchanged at 10⅝ and 2⅝.

PARIS, July 26.—Prices were firm on the Bourse today. The 3 per cent. rentes, however, were 20 centimes lower at 58 francs 25 centimes, but the 5 per cent. war loan was 50 centimes higher at 77 francs 30 centimes.

Exchange on London was quoted at 53 francs 65 centimes against 52 francs 81 centimes yesterday. The American dollar was quoted at 12 francs 5 centimes against 11 francs 83½ centimes yesterday.

MANHATTAN-INTERBOROUGH

Conjecture as to the Further Readjustment Plan.

Considerable interest has been evident in the financial district surrounding the next move of the Interborough-Manhattan managers because of the termination, on July 25, of the time for deposits under the readjustment plan. According to a report yesterday a further short extension of time for depositing Manhattan stock will probably be announced soon, a move which will permit the Manhattan committee to accept stock which has been promised but which has not actually been deposited.

It is understood that when all such promises have been fulfilled, approximately 90 per cent. of the stockholders will have approved the plan.

Gold Arrives From Germany.

The steamer Mount Clinton has arrived from Germany with five cases of gold dollars, valued at $5,465, from Hamburg.

American Zinc Profits.

The American Zinc, Lead and Smelting Company reports for the second quarter of the year a profit of $110,515 before depreciation and depletion charges. This compares with $50,152 in the first quarter of the year.

OBJECT TO REMOVING APPRAISER'S STORES

Merchants Vote an Investigation of Proposed Change to Brooklyn.

DISAGREE ON FIRE HAZARD

Say Transportation Problem Would Be Insoluble—Appraiser Denies Deciding on Move.

A resolution protesting against the proposed removal of the Appraiser's Stores from Manhattan to Brooklyn was passed unanimously at a meeting of more than two hundred members of the Foreign Trade Committee of the Merchants Association of New York yesterday afternoon at Hotel Astor. It was also voted that a committee be appointed by Chairman Benjamin A. Levett, in response to a request from Appraiser F. J. H. Kracke, to investigate and report to the organization as a whole.

Mr. Kracke in a letter to the meeting emphasized the fact that the removal merely was being considered and that he and the Acting Collector and their associates were willing to consider any plan which would eliminate present difficulties and delays in handling merchandise. He touched on the apparent desirability of using an army or navy base building in Brooklyn because of modern construction and adjacent waterfront and facilities and trackage.

The disadvantages of the present New York structure, a building more than thirty years old, were dwelt on in the letter, particularly its fire hazard and Mr. Kracke pointed out that several years ago the construction of a fire wall through the centre of the building was considered to prevent fire from spreading throughout its wooden floors, and highly inflammable contents.

In response to this point, H. O. Lloyd of Julius Kayser & Co. stated that the floors, while wooden, were inlaid with layers of steel and concrete, so that a fire, it started, probably would not spread.

The committee agreed with Mr. Kracke regarding the difficulty of transporting merchandise from Manhattan to Brooklyn and back if the proposed plan is carried through. This problem, regarded by the meeting as insoluble, was said to present enough difficulties to antagonize 90 per cent. of the importers of New York.

One merchant stated that the existing difficulties were due to poor organization of the opening and packing forces and that a large appropriation for salaries, making possible more and better labor, would eliminate the delays. Mr. Lloyd added that if extra space were needed it could be had in Manhattan, either by adding several stories to the Appraiser's building, which is ten stories high, or by using the parking permit property on Christopher Street between Washington and West Streets, which is advantageously located.

In reply to Mr. Kracke's statement that the removal is only being considered, Mr. Levett announced that a deputy from the Appraiser's office had said it was actually imminent. According to William Archibald of the Archibald & Lewis Company the Customs Administration Committee of the New York Board of Trade has written to the Secretary of the Treasury protesting against the proposed removal.

Report of Montana Power Company.

The Montana Power Company in its report for the quarter ended June 30 shows gross income of $1,751,884, an increase of $428,883 compared with the same quarter of 1921. Surplus for dividends was $24,027, an increase of $371,896 over a year ago.

Elected to Land Bank Post.

At a meeting of the Directors of the First Joint Stock Land Bank, H. C. Holmes of Washington, D. C., was elected Secretary and Treasurer. He succeeds George H. Howard and H. J. Lowndes, who have been acting as temporary Secretary and temporary Treasurer.

Treasury Withdrawals $3,700,000.

Withdrawals by the Treasury Department from member banks in the New York district today will total $3,700,000.

VOORHIS, 93 TODAY, TO WORK AT OFFICE

Venerable President of Elections Board Says Moderation Is Secret of Longevity.

John R. Voorhis, President of the Board of Elections, will be 93 years old today, and will celebrate the occasion by working all day in his office in the Municipal Building. He said yesterday that he got his fun out of life by being at his desk every morning and remaining there until 3 P. M., an hour after his staff had gone home.

Mr. Voorhis was born July 27, 1829, at Pompton Plains, Morris County, N. J., and came to this city with his parents when one year old. He started in life as a stair builder, but in 1862 became active in politics in opposition to the group in control then in Tammany Hall. His first public office was Commissioner of Excise, to which he was appointed in 1870 by Mayor Havemeyer. Since then Mr. Voorhis has held public office almost continuously.

He was appointed Commissioner of Police in 1874 by Mayor Havemeyer and was reappointed in 1879 by Mayor Cooper. In 1881 he was appointed Commissioner of Docks by Mayor Grace and again became Commissioner of Police in 1885. He was reappointed by Mayor Hewitt in 1887 and in 1892 he was appointed Police Justice by Mayor Grant. In March, 1901, he was appointed Commissioner of Elections by Mayor Van Wyck and was reappointed in 1903 by Mayor Low and in 1905 by Mayor McClellan.

Mr. Voorhis was appointed Superintendent of Public Buildings by Borough President Ahearn of Manhattan. In January, 1911, he was appointed State Superintendent of Elections by Governor Dix and filled the office until 1915. Since January, 1918, he has been President of the Board of Elections. He has been Grand Sachem of Tammany Hall since 1911.

Commissioner Voorhis attributes his longevity to moderate living, light eating and freedom from worry. He is a moderate smoker and believes there is no harm in a moderate indulgence in alcoholic stimulants. Many of his friends plan to gather at his office today to greet him.

CHINA SEEKS DR. REINSCH.

Former American Minister Selected as Financial Adviser.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, former American Minister to China, will be the financial adviser to that country in the effort to reorganize Chinese finances, according to information from a high Chinese source, and is now on the way to China for conferences. He left Washington on July 6 for Peking.

The selection of Dr. Reinsch is not surprising, since the experience he gained while representing the United States in China, including an intimate study of economic and political conditions, has made him one of the best informed of all foreigners on Chinese and Far Eastern affairs.

Peking dispatches state that "an international audit board," to be composed of foreign experts, will be formed to make a complete audit of the accounts of the Finance Department, which Minister Tung Kank says he found to be in a deplorable condition. Dr. Reinsch, presumably, will head this board.

GERMAN DEAL WITH ITALY.

Republic Will Buy Back Confiscated Property for 800,000,000 Lire.

BERLIN, July 26.—Count Teofilo Rossi, the Italian Minister of Industry, and Count de Neurath, the German Ambassador to Italy, have signed a convention for the purchase of former German property in Italy by the German Government.

The German Government will buy back all the confiscated German property as a whole. It will then be restored to its former owners.

The purchase price is fixed at 800,000,000 lire, to be paid in instalments, the first falling due after the agreement is ratified. The property already liquidated or nationalized by the Italian Government for political, historical or military reasons is excluded from the agreement.

Cotton Exchange Membership Sold.

The New York Cotton Exchange membership of S. M. Inman was sold yesterday to H. L. Goss for a consideration of $19,000, a reduction of $1,000 from the last previous sale.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of

Interborough Rapid Transit Company

First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Gold Bonds

Three-Year Secured Convertible Gold Notes

(Extended and Unextended)

On May 15, 1922, this Committee circulated a letter covering the proposed Plan of Readjustment of Interborough Rapid Transit Company and Manhattan Railway Company. In order that the Plan may be declared operative, it is necessary that the holders of the First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Bonds and the Secured Convertible Notes shall participate in the Plan to the extent required. If, because of insufficient deposits, the Plan is not declared operative, it can be abandoned after August 1st by the action of any one of the three Committees. An abandonment of the Plan will make a receivership imminent, with consequent litigation, heavy expenses, and possible postponement of interest payments.

This Committee has received deposits of approximately 52% of the First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Bonds and 44% of the Secured Convertible Notes. It is necessary that deposits of substantial additional amounts of the Bonds and Notes shall be made to warrant the Committee in joining to declare the Plan operative.

The Committee is acting solely in the interests of the holders of the Bonds and Notes, and has advised, and now again advises, that it is clearly to the interests of such holders to promote the Plan by depositing their Bonds and Notes without delay.

INTERBOROUGH RAPID TRANSIT COMPANY
Bondholders' and Noteholders' Committee.

J. P. MORGAN, Chairman	*ALLEN B. FORBES*
DWIGHT W. MORROW	*DARWIN P. KINGSLEY*
FREDERIC W. ALLEN	*G. HERMANN KINNICUTT*
GEORGE F. BAKER, Jr.	*H. C. McELDOWNEY*
EDWARD D. DUFFIELD	*CHARLES E. MITCHELL*
HALEY FISKE	*JOHN J. MITCHELL*

WILLIAM EWING, Secretary, 23 Wall Street, New York
STETSON, JENNINGS & RUSSELL, Counsel

Deposits of the Bonds and Notes will be received by any of the following:

BANKERS TRUST COMPANY
Depositary
16 Wall Street, New York

HARRIS TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK, Sub-Depositary, 111 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.
OLD COLONY TRUST COMPANY, Sub-Depositary, 17 Court Street, Boston, Mass.
THE UNION TRUST COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, Sub-Depositary, 335 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

July 26, 1922.

FINANCIAL NOTICES.

To the Holders of

Union Tank Car Company

Equipment Trust 7% Gold Notes, Series "A," due August 1, 1930

You are hereby notified that, pursuant to the provisions of Article Eighth of the Equipment Trust Agreement, dated August 2, 1920, between the Union Tank Car Company and The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, election has been made by Union Tank Car Company to redeem on August 1, 1922, One million five hundred thousand dollars ($1,500,000) principal amount of Equipment Trust 7% Gold Notes, Series "A," issued under said Agreement, at one hundred and two and one-half per cent (102½%) of the principal amount thereof and accrued interest to August 1, 1922, and that The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as Trustee under said Agreement, has designated by lot for redemption such principal amount of said Notes bearing the following issue numbers:

NOTES FOR $1,000 EACH
the numbers of which are preceded by the letter "M"

73	921	1376	1984	2556	3247	4228	5311	5763	6564	7219	7944	8589	9235	10036	10684	11308
78	922	1379	1988	2557	3272	4251	5312	5764	6575	7234	7967	8590	9236	10045	10686	11315
84	923	1381	1989	2560	3276	4311	5314	5769	6630	7235	7968	8592	9237	10052	10690	11318
98	935	1382	1990	2561	3277	4312	5319	5772	6631	7236	7969	8593	9238	10056	10691	11317
103	936	1383	1991	2562	3279	4313	5326	5784	6633	7244	7970	8594	9239	10072	10641	11318
106	938	1384	1992	2563	3280	4353	5339	5786	6634	7257	7971	8595	9240	10073	10682	11319
116	936	1385	1993	2564	3281	4354	5342	5789	6635	7320	7972	8596	9241	10074	10684	11322
117	955	1411	1994	2566	3284	4355	5351	5800	6636	7327	7990	8597	9250	10076	10685	11324
118	956	1412	2007	2567	3293	4374	5352	5801	6623	7329	7991	8598	9253	10082	10687	11325
120	959	1426	2009	2570	3294	4376	5358	5802	6636	7331	7992	8599	9254	10106	10671	11327
121	960	1429	2011	2572	3296	4377	5354	5807	6631	7332	7914	8600	9255	10108	10672	11328
123	973	1435	2012	2574	3403	4410	5356	5808	6632	7339	7917	8601	9257	10117	10674	11330
124	974	1436	2013	2576	3425	4429	5358	5818	6649	7386	7918	8602	9270	10125	10675	11331
140	975	1437	2014	2595	3427	4430	5359	5816	5650	7363	7919	8606	9271	10140	10676	11336
151	716	1438	2015	2627	3429	4440	5361	5818	6661	7376	7920	8606	9274	10141	10677	11339
152	719	1439	2020	2628	3430	4441	5372	5837	6653	7376	7922	8608	9284	10159	10678	11351
153	724	1473	2021	2629	3431	4458	5413	5844	6676	7391	7923	8609	9285	10174	10713	11352
175	738	1487	2023	2630	3452	4459	5419	5862	6703	7397	7924	8611	9286	10255	10715	11354
179	739	1488	2023	2631	3451	4469	5420	5863	6704	7405	7925	8627	9288	10261	10716	11356
180	750	1490	2032	2634	3483	4478	5421	5883	6709	7410	7926	8670	9289	10263	10723	11366
182	778	1491	2034	2650	3493	4474	5422	5885	6736	7415	7927	8661	9290	10270	10725	11367
183	942	1494	2037	2664	3494	4487	5425	5917	6814	7419	7928	8704	9291	10271	10619	11368
184	999	1499	2038	2665	3495	4502	5426	5918	6815	7451	7931	8731	9384	10272	10623	11376
243	1000	1510	2039	2666	3497	4503	5427	5931	6815	7442	7932	8734	9387	10273	10628	11377
261	1014	1553	2042	2670	3496	4504	5428	5956	6837	7461	8005	8735	9388	10281	10630	11378
277	1015	1596	2044	2671	3499	4505	5429	5980	6838	7488	8032	8916	9533	10310	10639	11406
279	1026	1597	2045	2673	3500	4506	5433	5990	6841	7489	8094	8795	9400	10312	10643	11409
281	1028	1599	2046	2675	3552	4507	5433	5991	6842	7514	8027	8797	9401	10314	10644	11421
282	1029	1600	2047	2677	3564	4508	5434	5993	6855	7523	8029	8798	9402	10315	10648	11432
283	1030	1601	2051	2679	3571	4509	5437	5994	6863	7524	8030	8818	9411	10319	10656	11433
285	1055	1602	2052	2713	3572	4510	5438	5996	6896	7525	8093	8820	9452	10320	10660	11462
288	1058	1603	2053	2733	3576	4511	5439	5998	6870	7526	8094	8842	9477	10322	10661	11476
291	1059	1761	2055	2735	3577	4514	5441	6000	6880	7533	8099	8849	9487	10324	10663	11479
295	1073	1756	2058	2736	3578	4516	5444	6006	6901	7544	8100	8850	9502	10326	10666	11480
297	1075	1763	2060	2738	3597	4517	5445	6008	6903	7547	8101	8907	9517	10327	10679	11486
301	1076	1774	2066	2739	3594	4522	5446	6009	6903	7564	8102	8916	9533	10328	10680	11496
302	1077	1777	2069	2807	3595	4534	5448	6017	6904	7555	8103	8918	9568	10330	10681	11489
306	1080	1779	2070	2808	3596	4540	5450	6043	6905	7556	8105	8921	9623	10332	10900	11491
308	1082	1784	2071	2811	3709	4542	5452	6044	6906	7560	8130	8929	9631	10333	10901	11492
310	1084	1797	2072	2812	3714	4543	5453	6050	6909	7562	8124	8930	9633	10334	10902	11495
312	1085	1798	2073	2816	3716	4544	5476	6052	6910	7563	8155	8931	9646	10358	10906	11496
313	1088	1799	2077	2817	3717	4579	5477	6053	6912	7566	8156	8932	9682	10362	10907	11497
326	1092	1801	2078	2818	3719	4583	5478	6064	6913	7572	8159	8933	9700	10376	10909	11499
366	1093	1813	2086	2822	3767	4584	5479	6067	6914	7573	8160	8935	9704	10396	10910	11500
367	1094	1814	2087	2849	3768	4585	5480	6068	6915	7574	8189	8941	9705	10397	10920	11506
366	1095	1816	2088	2860	3771	4609	5481	6068	6916	7575	8196	8951	9713	10398	10921	11571
392	1087	1831	2089	2920	3773	4610	5489	6072	6918	7579	8261	8962	9727	10404	10922	11577
422	1098	1840	2104	2952	3792	4620	5510	6074	6919	7581	8262	8963	9728	10438	10923	11578
424	1100	1853	2105	2955	3793	4621	5512	6075	6921	7592	8263	8954	9729	10457	10928	11579
425	1101	1875	2120	2970	3794	4622	5513	6136	6923	7604	8264	8955	9736	10458	10929	11583
426	1127	1876	2121	2971	3796	4623	5516	6137	6923	7605	8265	8985	9748	10487	10936	11585
427	1129	1877	2122	3008	3797	4624	5517	6139	6924	7609	8269	8969	9751	10493	10940	11585
501	1130	1894	2123	3009	3798	4625	5520	6140	6925	7611	8270	8995	9754	10499	10941	11591
502	1134	1896	2124	3012	3799	4626	5526	6142	6926	7620	8289	9027	9755	10506	10943	11622
503	1146	1905	2127	3093	3800	4670	5531	6162	6927	7621	8290	9033	9757	10508	10974	11623
504	1147	1906	2130	3165	3801	4683	5532	6163	6929	7622	8291	9036	9759	10509	10980	11624
505	1151	1907	2134	3166	3819	4689	5539	6182	6973	7623	8333	9050	9760	10510	10981	11628
506	1152	1908	2135	3167	3867	4690	5536	6183	6988	7639	8433	9052	9768	10512	10982	11641
507	1153	1910	2137	3168	3869	4731	5537	6187	6989	7630	8439	9066	9789	10513	10983	11642
509	1154	1911	2345	3169	3870	4735	5542	6190	6990	7647	8448	9100	9796	10516	11037	11644
510	1155	1912	2393	3170	3907	4770	5596	6191	7024	7651	8447	9101	9797	10517	11061	11645
511	1156	1913	2394	3171	3908	4773	5596	6192	7033	7656	8474	9102	9815	10518	11062	11646
512	1158	1915	2395	3172

CUSTOMS MEN SEIZE $10,000 IN JEWELRY

Quartermaster on the Liner Minnekahda Is Held on Smuggling Charge.

BALTIC SHIPS ARE WATCHED

$750 Confiscated Pendant Is Restored to Majestic Passenger for $1,250.

For several months the customs officials here have made a strict search of all American steamships arriving from Germany, Belgium and ports in the Baltic to stop the smuggling of diamonds, drugs, rum and birds of paradise into the United States by the crews.

When the American liner Minnekahda arrived yesterday from Hamburg, thirty Customs men, in charge of Inspector A. G. Hokenson, were waiting to go on board. Four, in plain clothes, were left on the pier to look over the passengers and members of the crew as they debarked.

Jerome C. Rothschild of the squad noticed a bulging wallet in the pocket of Charles Scherman, a Quartermaster on the Minnekahda, as he walked past the gate, and called on the man to stop. When he was taken into the customs office on the pier it was alleged that Scehrman had jewelry valued at $10,000. Scehrman, after a hearing in the Law Division at the Custom House, was held, charged with a violation of the smuggling laws.

The most valuable article found in Scherman's pockets, it was said, was a three carat white diamond appraised at $1,000. There were also two other unset stones of three carats each; three rings set with diamonds that ranged from two to three carats; a platinum pendant set with a three carat blue-white stone, a diamond encrusted watch and bracelet set with white diamonds and blue sapphires. There was also a quantity of other valuable merchandise including seven mesh bags and five beaded bags, alleged to have been found by the Customs searchers in Scherman's berth on the Minnekahda.

Albert C. Monk, a wealthy tobacco dealer of Farmville, N. C., who arrived on the White Star liner Majestic from Southampton on Tuesday afternoon, was also examined in the Law Division at the Custom House yesterday in regard to articles found in his baggage by the inspectors which had not been declared. The customs men found a platinum pendant set with a blue-white diamond, which was appraised yesterday at $750.

At the close of the hearing Mr. Monk agreed to the confiscation by the Treasury Department of his diamond at the appraised value of $750. He then paid $1,250 in regard to the stone, which included the import tax. Mr. Monk explained that he had paid $450 for the pendant in Germany as a gift for his wife, and the only reason he could assign for not declaring the jewel was that he had been ill.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Weather forecast:

Illinois and Indiana—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Missouri, Kansas and Iowa—Unsettled but mostly fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Minnesota and North Dakota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

South Dakota—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably somewhat unsettled in south and central; not much change in temperature.

Nebraska—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, possibly thunder showers; not much change in temperature.

Montana—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, somewhat unsettled in west; not much change in temperature.

Wyoming—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, possibly local thunder showers in east and north; not much change in temperature.

North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Mississippi—Partly cloudy, with scattered thundershowers Thursday and probably Friday.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Thursday and Friday, probably scattered thundershowers; little change in temperature.

Kentucky and Ohio—Generally fair Thursday, Friday partly cloudy, probably scattered thundershowers; little change in temperature.

Eastern Texas—Thursday partly cloudy, warmer in northeast; Friday partly cloudy.

Western Texas—Thursday partly cloudy; Friday partly cloudy, unsettled and cooler in the panhandle.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

MORRIS LEVETAN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Morris Levetan, clothing manufacturer, at 725 Broadway, by these creditors: Henry J. Greenstein, $900; Louis Morrison, $1,200; Evelyn Herzog, $600. A petition was also filed against the alleged bankrupt in Brooklyn, where he resides, and Judge Cooper appointed Henry D. Merchant receiver under $25,000 bond. The liabilities and assets were not stated in the petition.

L. & M. CLOTHING CO., Inc.—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against the L. & M. Clothing Co., Inc., of 54 East Ninth Street, by Louis Morrison on a claim of $200. The liabilities and assets were not stated in the petition.

MAX KUHN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Max Kuhn, manufacturer of dresses, at 58 West Thirty-fifth Street, by Rhoda Cohen on a claim of $300. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Bertha Rambaugh receiver, under $1,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $15,000 and assets about $5,000.

JACOB RICHMAN—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Jacob Richman, dealer in hardware and house furnishings, at 2,423 Second Avenue, by these creditors: Olga Harrison, $1,215; Irving Kasofsky, $400; Louis Siegel, $500. Judge A. N. Hand appointed Bertha Rambaugh receiver under $1,000 bond. Liabilities are not stated; assets are listed at $2,000.

MARIBELLE EMBROIDERY WORKS—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Mary V. Szarvas, doing business as the Maribelle Embroidery Works, at 104 East Thirty-second Street, by these creditors: Louis Dubow, $8,943; Minerva Shafer, $13; Siegfried Wollner, $400.

GEORGE WEINGAND—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against George Weingand, dealer in boots and shoes, at 2,417 Eighth Avenue, by these creditors: Fred T. Frisby, $400; William H. Lyons, $157; Merritt, Elliott & Co., Inc., $40.

FELIX SKYNAZI—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Felix Skynazi, dealer in dry goods, at 70 Allen Street, by these creditors: Clement Ades, $900; Star Silk Undergarment Co., $200; Malco & Hermoury, $250. It is stated the liabilities are about $14,000 and assets about $6,000.

R. & K. BAKERY—A petition in bankruptcy was filed yesterday against Fred H. Ruggles and August O. Klatt, doing business as the R. & K. Bakery, at 2,566 East Tremont Avenue, by Coulter & Coulter on a claim of $1,631.

NATHAN N. SPIVAK, business broker, of 126 East 116th Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $28,000 and no assets. Principal creditor listed is Emma Mathilde Dryer, as administratrix of the estate of Albert Dryer, who died as the result of an accident at Fifth Avenue and 59th Street on Nov. 6 last. The administratrix had filed suit against the bankrupt to recover $25,000 damages for negligence.

NORMA PHILLIPS GLECKLER, actress, of 70 West 46th Street and 205 East 57th Street, filed a petition in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $3,781 and no assets.

MAX COHEN—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Cohen of 1,510 Pitkin Avenue, Brooklyn by Irwin Tabin for $1,000.

ABRAHAM POMERANTZ and IRVING GRUFSMITH, retail dealers in shoes at 1,634 Bathgate Avenue, the Bronx, assigned yesterday to Barnet Friedelbaum of 47 West Thirty-fourth Street.

ADLER & KRAMER—Joel Adler and Charles Kramer of the firm of Adler & Kramer, manufacturing pocketbooks at 19 West Eighteenth Street, assigned yesterday to Philip F. Wickser.

BERL BERCOWITZ—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Joseph P. McDonough receiver for Berl Bercowitz, jobber in silks and woolens, at 215 Fourth Avenue, under $3,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $40,000 and assets about $10,000.

SOLKO SHIRT SHOP—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Joseph P. Cairns receiver for Louis R. Solkowitz, doing business as Solko Shirt Shop, at 681 Eighth Avenue, under $1,000 bond. It is stated the liabilities are about $13,000 and assets about $5,000.

JULES SAYET—Judge A. N. Hand yesterday appointed Walter L. Bryant receiver for Jules Sayet, dealer in trunks and suitcases, at 749 Wetsechester Avenue, under $1,000 bond.

MOSES WOLFE, dealer in diamonds, at 15 Maiden Lane, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $95,-868 and assets of $30,018, main items of which are stock, $26,000; notes, $5,457; accounts, $4,021; insurance, $3,500. Principal creditors listed are Goldmuntz Bros., $5,875; Finkelstein & Bros., $5,803; Joseph Haskell, $5,200; Krengel Bros., $4,604; James J. Loeb & Bros., $4,803; A. Suderov, $13,842.

ST. PAUL LUNCH of 357 West Fifty-ninth Street, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday listing liabilities of $76,163, of which $41,900 is secured claims, and free assets of $180. Principal creditors listed are Hancock Realty and Holding Corporation, $11,500, secured; Morris Berkin, $7,000, secured; Morris Schneider, $7,800, secured; M. S. Gross, $4,600, secured; Leibowitz Bros., $4,490; Philip Wechsler, $4,600, secured; Samuel Deutsch, $2,200; J. O'Neil, $1,750; R. Williams Company, $1,500.

IRVING BERKMAN, jobber of silks, at 315 Fifth Avenue, filed schedules in bankruptcy yesterday, listing liabilities of $20,-386, and assets of $10,000, main items of which are accounts, $1,000, and stock, $500. Principal creditors listed are Mendelson Bros. & Siff, $4,858; Bachmann, Emmerich Co., $1,800; Industrial Silk, $1,850; Pacific Bank, $1,750.

COMPOSITIONS CONFIRMED—Posnick, Nonas Co., Inc., manufacturers of dresses, at 18 West Twenty-first Street, 10 per cent.; Jack Silverstein, manufacturer of waists, at 32 West Twenty-second Street, 20 per cent.

BANKRUPTCY DISCHARGES—Calvin Tichenor at 475 West 110th Street; Isidor Binder, doing business as Federal Card and Paper Company, at 224 Lafayette Street; Brocia Company, Inc., food products, of 312 Second Avenue; John T. Nolan, grocer, at 719 Tenth Avenue; Arthur Flieger and William Horowitz, composing firm of Flieger & Horowitz, haberdashery, at 70 Trinity Place; Samuel H. Pearlstein, furs, at 57 West Thirtieth Street; C. Earl Davis of Arlington, N. Y.; George A. Rowley, plumbing contractor, of 9 City Terrace, Newburgh; Max Mautner, silk jobber, at 303 Fifth Avenue; Louis L. Buckler of 125 East Twenty-third Street; Charles Streier, hair ornaments, at 5 West Nineteenth Street; Herman Tuckner, salesman, of 2,333 Creston Avenue; Joseph Weintraub, jobber of artificial leather, at 495 Broome Street; Benjamin B. and Claude V. Wright, composing firm of Robert J. Wright & Sons, horse manure, at 1065th Street and East River; Joseph Cohen, jobber in dress goods, at 118 East Twenty-eighth Street; Samuel Leitman and Joseph Miller, composing firm of Leitman & Miller, cloaks and suits, at 145 West Twenty-eighth Street; Samuel Shar and Louis Stock, composing firm of Shar & Stock, of 9 West Twenty-ninth Street; Abraham and Charles Zaremowitz, composing firm of A. Zaremowitz & Son, importers, of 371 Canal Street; Herbert Cuthill, John Nelson and William S. MacDonald, doing business as Nelson, MacDonald & Co., of 23 London Street, Yonkers; Meyer Smith, specialty shop, at 28 Mechanic Street, New Rochelle; Mortimer M. and Wallace G. Grossman, doing business as Grossman Auto Parts Co., at 39 Mamaroneck Avenue, White Plains; Mildred Gumbinner, artificial flowers, at 103 West Thirty-eight Street.

Out of Town.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Involuntary petitions in bankruptcy were filed here today against Joliet Textile Mills, Inc., with total debts of $100,000, and Charles H. Stein, with liabilities of $12,845 and assets of $4,680.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor.

In New York County.

Astoria Properties Co.—Equipment Investment Co. $806.20
Abraham Charities—S. Rosenman. 132.15
Adolph, Fred—Rappel & McAvoy. 1,880.12
Apex Leather Novelties Co., Inc.—Wynone Operating Co., Inc. 317.11
Amdur, Moe (Buffalo Loan Co.)—A. Leicher 140.63
Arrow Yarn Dyeing Corp.—J. Wallace 5,952.96
Alliance Oil and Refining Co.—Wyoming Mortgage Corp. 2,788.80
Same—Same 2,788.80
Same—Same 2,788.80
Same—Same 3,330.51
Brickelmaier, Wm. F.—M. E. Ascroft. 1,317.18
Bernstein, Charles—D. Sandman. 900.70
Balinky, Abraham—Chatham and Phenix Natl. Bank of City of N. Y. 1,125.66
Becker, William—Natl. Surety Co. 110.00
Same—Same. Possession of property and $790.78 or 1,326.78
Burnett Webb Tire Corp.—E. R. Duer. 2,025.42
Bulloch, Walter, and New Amsterdam Casualty Co.—Joseph, &c. 1,000.00
Chiarella, Guilio—Thomas Henry, Inc. 273.17
City of N. Y.—B. Cox 1,500.00
Compagnie de Treffleries and Lemetre de Havre—Transcanada Steamship Co., Ltd. 232.00
Demarest Heating Corp.—F. W. Dodge Co. 106.96
Duden, Nan R.—Walpole Bros., Inc. 870.93
Donnelly, John G.—J. McLester. 221.70
Draper, Charles—Ace Levy, costs. 114.20
Elite Metal Works, Inc., and Nathan Rosovsky—A. 926.05
Eagle Dried Fruit Co., Inc.—Hill Bros. Co. 1,256.76
Edwards, Richard W.—F. A. Canfield. 226.15
Empire Wood Products Co., Inc.—Pfaltz & Bauser, Inc. 181.76
Evans, John H.—J. H. Martindale et al. 9,776.60
Erser, Abram, and Morris Miller (Victory Hair Works)—F. Barber et al. 100.90
Flatley, James T.—A. Santly. 214.20
Feldman, Abraham—M. Soroka. 807.06
Fortel, Harry—A. Teitelbaum. 225.81
Greenberg, Jacob—Lehman & Rothman et al. 273.05
Gregory, James J.—J. E. Conron et al. 277.86
Greene, John—M. Weinstock et al. 143.84
Hallman, Morris—B. Leff. 214.65
Hack, Joseph—Tumbull Knitting Mills, Inc. 332.40
Hume, John C.—H. Platt. 1,126.53
Huhn, Adele—M. La Tour. 223.36
Harck, Mildred—C. Piersonna. 1,957.36
Hebbing, Rudolph J.—Crane & Clark. 339.17
Israelowitz, Sadie—A. Rovner. 111.51
Janower, Stedlicer Sick Benevolent Society, Inc.—M. Semel, costs. 100.00
King, Thomas L.—U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co. 2,268.13
Levy, Harris—A. Laufer et al. 1,562.37
Lehrer, Morris—W. Greenberg. 119.88
Levy, Louis—Lehman and Herman, Drotman—A. Laupfer et al. 1,561.07
Maritime Scaling & Supplies Co.—L. H. Biglow & Co., Inc. 126.70
Monosson, Henry—Brenner Bros. 185.21
Milyasko, John—Marna Realty Corp. costs 119.30
Milyasko, Mary—Same, costs. 119.30
McAvoy, John, and Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.—People, &c. 1,000.00
Nelson, Peter E.—Royal Eastern Electrical Co. 149.35
Olenick, Jesse B. S. Wise et al. 328.20
Phillipsen, Edwin R.—Pennsylvania Colleries, Inc. 489.21
Petersen, Otto—Jaburg Bros., Inc. 1,110.06
Queen Costume Co., Inc.—Merchants Nti Bank of Jersey City. 196.86
Rockwood, Sprague S.—Dobbs & Co., Inc. 284.45
Rosenthal, Louis—Wellsville China Co. 142.80
Roberts & Monroe, Inc.—E. A. Labora. tories, Inc. 5,683.57
Sackler, Harry, Sam Epstein and Isaac Cohen—J. Minzer et al. 6,681.28
Shampine, Zackery—J. Scheinsinger, costs 120.20
Sockoloff, Adolph—F. W. Dodge Co. 372.52
Salomski, Mary—E. M. Quittner, costs. 110.70
Salomskie John—Same 110.20
Roth, Samuel—Boni & Liveright 894.01
Ross, Robert—Hotel Statler of N. Y. 436.70
Schlisler, Mayer—M. Sorkge 677.06
Semel, Jeanne J.—M. Schoen 307.15
Silabe, John N. and Frank (Autocrat Restaurant)—L. Ackerman 974.28
Scheck, Julius—Broom Mfrs. Supply Co., Inc. 5,628.60
Slutsky, Irving—M. Ehson 320.72
Stern, Bruno L.—Pinchley, Inc. 429.51
Schneider, Hugo—J. Roth 258.41
Schneiderman, Harry, and Morris O. Brown—J. M. Rahmstreiber 332.16
Tatamis, Petros P. (Caracanda Bros.)—Norwegian Marine & Transport Ins. Co.'s Foreign Branch Ltd. 2,922.20
Voss, Hamrick L., admr.—F. P. Taylor. 136.30
Wilkenfeld, Morris, Simon Etzkowetz and Jack Etzkowetz—Harriet Trading Corp. 223.90
Wiener, Willard L., and Frank G. Schwab—Grayeal Press, Inc. 121.16
Waters, Jacob—B. Rappaport 1,094.15

In Bronx County.

Aircraft Materials and Equipment Corp.—Canadian Bank of Commerce 42,472.85
Bernstein, Ralph—I. Bloom et al. 480.18
Bronx Borough Garage, Inc.—W. Brown 130.22
Braff, Irving—L. Kaimanoff 146.25
Evans, Bertrand S.—La Salle Extension University 208.90
Eccentric Perris Wheel Amusement Co., Inc.—A. Marx 246.21
Hovnanian, Albert—M. Frank. 90.72
Matzhoff, Antoine and Andre—Mayer Electric Sign Co., Inc. 68.09
Newman, Harry—W. W. Smith 999.60
Same—Same 207.24
Same—Same 202.45
Saracco, Pasquale—Grosvenor, Nicholas & Co., Inc. 253.45
Visco, Peter B.—W. J. Dargeon, Inc. 494.08
Vexter Optical Products, Inc.—A. Bangser 521.76
Weinstein, Joseph and Samuel—L. Kalmanoff 189.20

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor; the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Streir, Samuel—L. Markowitz, July 9, 1920 ..... $143.10
A. W. Smith & Co.—W. U. Taylor, July 21, 1922 ..... 122.20
Mallina, Ellen C.—Spear & Co., Nov. 7, 1917 ..... 309.70
Erickson, Enid—R. Lehne, Dec. 18, 1921 ..... 108.50
Chattaway, Jonathan A., and Raymond Smith—Butler Bros., Mar. 24, 1917. ..... 111.92
Hoffman, Chas. T.—F. Schwartz, Dec. 7, 1921 ..... 380.65
Schimpff, Eugene F.—G. Toplitz, Apr. 25, 1922 ..... 125.57
Western Assurance Co. of City of N. Y.—G. M. Walker, Apr. 26, 1922. ..... 118.80
Walch, Edward—Montray Corp., June 13, 1922 ..... 149.71
Taylor, John R.—I. S. Van Loan, June 22, 1922 ..... 109.23
Eastman, John, et al.—Continental Printing Co., Aug. 5, 1920 (vacated). 326.16
Topliff, Frederic G.—E. Schimpff, Apr. 12, 1921 ..... 288.57
O'Brien, Peter J., and Joseph E. Donohue—People of the State of N. Y., Feb. 10, 1920 (vacated). 2,500.00
Tropical Tire & Rubber Co., Inc.—French Rubber Co., Inc., May 22, 1920 (vacated). 1,846.98
Western Assurance Co. of City of N. Y.—G. M. Walker, Aug. 11, 1921. ..... 1,291.01
Liverpool & London & Globe Ins. Co., Ltd., of Liverpool, Eng.—G. M. Walker, Aug. 11, 1921 ..... 1,291.01
Neustadter Bros., Inc.—L. Wiener, Jan. 28, 1922 ..... 2,672.27
Neubauer, Emil—J. Reffen et al., Apr. 7, 1910 ..... 1,631.67

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Filed Yesterday.

In New York County.

Broadway, 3,795; Henry Paul against Adolph Lewisohn & Sons, Inc., owner; Phoenix Woodworking Co., Inc., contractor. $800.00
25th St, 135 W; Henry Paul et al against Wagmore Realty Co., Inc., owner; Phoenix Woodworking Co., Inc., contractor. $540.00
West Houston St, 60; Naughton Construction Co., Inc., against Augusta F. Supeau, owner and contractor; Pauline Supet and Frances de Rosa, owners. $4,686.00
14th St, 407 W; Abraham Safir against Goldberger Mfg. Corp., owner and contractor (renewal) $2,031.60
724 St, 272 W; E. L. Snyder Co., Inc., against Laura R. White, owner; Laura Davis, contractor (renewal). $362.20
152d St, Macombs Pl, 8th Av. and 151st St, block &c; Joseph Lagana against Colonial Ice Corp., owner and contractor (renewal) $9,626.00

In Bronx County.

174th St, 71-73 W; Vincenzo Miserendino against Astolfo Bartoccini, owner and contractor $941.14
236th St, n s, 25.7 f e of Corsman, 25x95x100; William C. Ebert against Alfonso de Franco, owner; William Henderson Jr., contractor $150.00
Same property; John Kelly against same, owner; same, contractor. $99.00
Same property; Henry Walsh against same, owner; same, contractor. $60.00

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

In New York County.

35th St, 333 and 335 E; Isaac Greenbaum against Iago Realty Corp., et al; June 27, 1923 (by bond) $462.90

In Bronx County.

Otis Av, 2,976; Frank de Mico against David Marks et al; March 20, 1922. ..... $305.00

FOR SALE

HIGH-CLASS radio book; makes admirable, popular-price gift holiday trade; will sell all rights outright at low figure. L 787 Times Downtown.

TRUNKS—To close out Government army locks, good condition, $5.50; wardrobe trunks, $10. 50 East 59th (Madison Av.).

STENCIL MACHINES for marking shipments; good condition; bargain. Alexander, 40 Hudson St.

House Furnishings.

ASSOCIATED FURNITURE MFRS.
WAREHOUSE CO.
300, 302, 304 West 124th St.
West of 8th Av. You Can't Miss It.
This Is a Wholesale Furniture Warehouse Selling Retail at Wholesale Prices.
ALL GOODS GUARANTEED BY THE ASSOCIATION.
VALUE—QUALITY—REPUTATION.
Rarely will you find in these days of keen competition a house whose business must be conducted on these standards regardless of what it may cost. That is why thousands of people have sent their friends to us to take advantage of this sale of the finest furniture made and sold for cash at less than cost. Come and be convinced. Everything plainly marked, one price to all.
9 pc. two-tone walnut bedroom suite, $478.
6 pc. bedroom set complete, box spring and mattress, $149.
8 PC. LIVING ROOM, ALL OVERSTUFFED, LOOSE CUSHIONS, $125.
3 pc. mohair suite, loose pillowed arms; made to retail for $800. Our price, $375.
13 pc. American walnut dining room set, two-tone effect, 84-in. buffet, artistic china closet. Big value, $775.
10 pc. living room sets, mahogany or walnut, choice of covering on seats & chairs, $225.
Special—gateleg tables, $15.50.
Summer rugs, reversible and plain patterns, $7.85. Other well known makes reduced.
900 brand new living room suites, in all sizes and makes, 35 different styles, including the famous White Frost refrigerator, $9.50 up. Odd pieces, such as couch beds, dressers, chiffoniers, buffets, tea wagons, library tables, day beds, lamps, beds, brass beds. Genuine Reed, Rattan and Summer Furniture.
"EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME."
FREE—DELIVERY AT YOUR DOOR BY OUR OWN MOTOR VAN.
Open daily, 8 to 6. Mon. and Sat. till 9.
GOODS HELD TILL WANTED.
WAREHOUSE PHONE, MORN. 3495.

ENTIRE furnishings, beautifully furnished bachelor's room, including piano; bargain if taken quickly. Call Thursday after 10 A. M. 4 Pines, 39 East 63d. Plaza 4071.

REED AND WILLOW FURNITURE direct from factory; lowest prices; largest selection; single pieces, sets; ask for catalogue. Long Beach Willow Co., 186 East 41st.

THREE rooms, completely, tastefully furnished; very reasonable; seen evenings. Beals, 2 West 104th.

FURNITURE, 4 room apartment complete or separate. 610 West 139th St., Apt. 1F.

Musical Instruments.

ABSOLUTE sacrifice, Weber baby grand; wonderful full, round tone; beautiful mahogany case; must sell. Private residence, 72½ Irving Place. Phone Stuyvesant 7869.

STEINWAY Duo-Art Baby Grand piano; almost new; splendid opportunity. Hanover 3805.

SAVE MONEY—We rent pianos $3.50 up; we sell used pianos, $75 up. Janssen, 132 St. and Brown Pl., Bronx.

SAXOPHONE—New Buescher C melody; all extras; $75. Phone Intervale 3230 mornings.

STEINWAY MAHOGANY BABY GRAND PIANO, also upright. Breck's, 374 Columbus Av. (78th St.).

STEINWAY baby grand; fine instrument; sell $500. Klein, 1,042 2d Av. (55th).

STEINWAY mahogany baby grand; price $550; no junk. Curtis, 2,085 Lexington Av.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

BIG BARGAINS—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 643 Broadway.

DESKS, mahogany, oak, flat, roll, typewriter; filing cabinets, tables, chairs, steel stationery cabinets. 706 Broadway, basement.

CASH register, National; good condition. Haskell, 44 Court St., Brooklyn. Main 4870.

Office Furniture and Supplies.

ONE Model F 1 Addressograph; one Model G 1 Stencil Press; one 18 Drawer Steel Cabinet; one 15 Drawer Wood Cabinet; two 24 Drawer Wood Cabinets; 140 loose drawers, all for holders; 10,000 name plate holders; all in good condition; present list new $800; sell $300. Also 7 Kardex Cabinets, 14 drawers each; capacity 1,400 cards 5x3; present list $90; sell $30 each. Telephone Windsor 4503.

CLOSING OUT large double door steel stationery cabinets, complete with shelves, triple-catch locking devices, $40; other bargains in desks, chairs, filing cabinets, &c., both new and used. Charles Schachne, 43 John St., 71 Spring St.

OFFICE FURNITURE SALE.
We have moved to 178 Madison Av.; call on us for quotations on goods damaged in transit and used office equipment; you'll be cheap while they last. U. S. Desk Co. Phone Vanderbilt 7347.

MUST VACATE WAREHOUSE BY AUG. 1.
Will sacrifice chairs, desks, tables, files, slightly used, 1 year guarantee; prices 25 per cent. lower than elsewhere. Dallet Bros. 489 Broadway. Canal 7961.

OFFICE partitions, showroom and office fixtures, safe, typewriter and adding machine, suitable for any purpose; apply between 9 and 11 A. M. Weinberg, 532 Broadway. No dealers.

OFFICE equipment, two rooms complete, at great sacrifice. Phone Murray Hill 4263.

Typewriters.

ROYAL TYPEWRITERS,
Model No. 10, Factory Rebuilt,
Looks and Works Like New.
BE CONVINCED.
FREE TRIAL—3 DAYS.
PAYABLE $5 MONTHLY.
Carries Same Guarantee as New Typewriter.
REGAL REBUILT ROYALS
Are Approved by the Manufacturer.
Typewriters Rented. Quick Service.
REGAL TYPEWRITER CO., INC.,
320 Broadway, New York City.
Tel. Franklin 2049, Extension 16.

TYPEWRITERS—Underwoods, Remingtons, L. C. Smith; like new; $36 each. United Typewriting Co., 116 Nassau St. Beekman 4667.

HUNDREDS!! (Reconditioned!!) $15 Up!! Adding Machines!! "Bryant's" 200 West 42d St. (Longacre 9564).

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

BOUGHT for highest cash prices, contents of residences, apartments, hotels, pianos, works of art, books, bric-a-brac, carpets, rugs, &c. Jones, 161 E. 125th St. Harlem 2787.

FURNITURE WANTED.

Highest cash prices contents houses, apartments; pianos, rugs, works of art, silverware, &c. Henry, 116 University Place. Stuyvesant 8677.

WANTED, about 200 rolls for Stainway Duo-art, latest model; please send list, giving prices and condition. Address Private, Z 2110 Times Annex.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, chine, rugs, bronzes, &c. Polson, 157 East 47th. Stuyvesant 10161.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3782.

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, PEARLS, &C., BOUGHT AT HIGHEST PRICES.
L. HALPERT. (141 W. 42D ST.) P. ZINNER.

BOUGHT FOR SPOT CASH.
High-grade household goods and furniture. B. Crossman, 68 West 45th. Vanderbilt 2534.

WANTED, a grand or upright piano, for cash. Phone Lenox 10138.

GRAND piano wanted; will pay $500 to $700. B 1170 Times Harlem.

INSTRUCTION

Accountancy

—do you seek the C. P. A. degree, a position as Auditor, Controller, Treasurer, Manager? These rewards come to Accountancy-educated men and women everywhere. Pace Institute—learn what its graduates have done in professional practice, in private employment. Ask for Bulletin and for booklet, "Making Good"—telephone Cortlandt 1465.

Pace & Pace
30 Church St. New York

SECRETARIAL TRAINING
Register Now for the Fall Course.
Day and evening classes, all business subjects, commercial art, languages, domestic art, practical nursing, tea room management. Established 60 years.
BALLARD SCHOOL
Central Branch 57 E. 57th St.
Lexington Ave. at 58th St.

IF YOU ARE AMBITIOUS
to succeed and make more money the opportunity is yours.
Consult JOSEPH BLUMENTHAL,
Expert Character Analyst.
Scientific Vocational Counseling.
305 Madison Ave.
Hours: 10 to 12 and 2 to 4 P. M.

Learn Languages at the
BERLITZ SCHOOL
32 W. 34th St., New York—Penn. 1125
215 Livingston St., B'klyn—Main 1946
Reduced Summer Rates.

BOOKKEEPING
Class Now Forming
Complete Course 4 Months
BROADER ACCOUNTICS CORP.
62 Fifth Ave. New York

PUBLIC SPEAKING
New class Tuesday, August 1, 4:30, or Wednesday, August 2, 8:15 P. M. Visitors welcome. Write Walter Robinson, Carnegie Hall, telephone Circle 4223.

EVENING REGENTS AND COLLEGE PREPARATORY SCHOOL
Preparing for Qualifying Certificates and College Entrance. *Send for booklet.*
124 St. Y. M. C. A., 215 W. 23d St., N. Y.

BUSINESS EFFICIENCY SCHOOL
16 East 41st St. DAY OR EVENING.
Stenography, Bookkeeping, Rapid, Easy. Hours Student's Convenience. All Summer.

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial training; individual instruction. Students under sixteen not admitted. Open all Summer. Pratt Bldg.

YOUNG MEN prepared for college, tech schools and business; junior school for boys. Write for "The Pennington Idea." Francis Harvey Green, Headmaster, Box 120, Pennington School, New Jersey.

HIGHLAND MANOR
A non-sectarian boarding and day school for girls at Tarrytown, N. Y. Eugene H. Coleman, Tarrytown, N. Y. Tel. Tarrytown 1505. Rox T.

ENGINEER teaches arithmetic, algebra, geometry, trigonometry, draughting, surveying. Mondell, 50 East 42d.

Eminent vocal teacher will give instruction and exchange for accompanying in studio. W 262 Times.

Dancing.

FAY EVELYN teaches beginners modern dancing in six private lessons; advanced pupils; Tango. 28 West 46th. Bryant 8629.

Swimming.

SWIM! DIVE! SCIENTIFICALLY

Learn before rate increases. Learn in 10 lessons, through individual instruction. Particular attention in overcoming fear of the water. Call or write for Booklet T.
Dalton Swimming School
19 West 44th St.

MARY BEATON
SCHOOL OF SWIMMING
EXCLUSIVE POOL
SCIENTIFIC SYSTEM
1 WEST 67TH ST.
Cor. Central Park West. 4304 Col.

CAMPS—BOYS AND GIRLS.

FREE CATALOGS OF ALL (Boys' or Girls') CAMPS OR SCHOOLS in U. S. Apply 1191 Times Bldg. or Phone Bryant 8200.

CAMP, completely equipped, preferably near New York City. G 470 Times.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ACME BATTERY SERVICE CORP., Bankrupt.—Chas Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, July 27th, 1922, by order of the Court, at 3 P. M., at 714 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of leather, machinery, sewing machines, printing press, office furniture, fixtures, safes, etc.
DOROTHY FROOKS Receiver.

SAMUEL HABERMAN, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of IRVING SCHOENBERGER, trading as L. SCHOENBERGER & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Aug. 2nd, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 66 Nassau St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of watches, jewelry, safe, fixtures, etc.
JOSEPH P. McDONOUGH, Receiver.

GREENBAUM, WOLFF & ERNST, Attorney for Receiver, 261 Fifth Ave., New York.
Inspection July 31st and Aug. 1st.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE WILLACK CO., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells Monday, August 7th, 1922, by order of the Court, at 3 P. M., at 1778 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of automotive equipment, radio parts and supplies, office furniture, fixtures, etc.
MICHAEL EDELSTEIN, Receiver.

H. & J. J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 206 Broadway, New York.
Inspection Aug. 4th and 5th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SCHWARZBAUM & SONS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, August 8th, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 1142 West Farms Road, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of baby carriage supplies, wheels, toys, typewriter, office fixtures, etc.
HERMAN G. ROBBINS, Receiver.

DAVID W. HAAR, Attorney for Receiver, 299 Broadway, New York.
Inspection Aug. 6th and 7th.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DUANE BAKERY & LUNCH ROOM, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, July 27th, 1922, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 308 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of restaurant and lunch room furniture and fixtures, &c.
ELIAS LIEBERMAN, Receiver.
LEON DASHEW, Attorney for Receiver, 76 Park Row, New York.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KNICKERBOCKER SELF SERVICE, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, July 27th, 1922, by order of the Court, at 3 P. M., at 104 W. 40th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of groceries, canned goods, restaurant furniture and fixtures, &c. Also the receiver's right, title and interest in and to the unexpired term of the lease of the said premises.
LEONARD B. ZEISLER, Receiver.
NATHANIEL KOPS, Attorney for Receiver, 1,482 Broadway, New York

SHALLOW SUBWAYS URGED FOR CHICAGO

Local Engineer Wants Them Built Under Sidewalks Instead of Roadways.

PREDICTS SAVING OF 90%

This Economy, Denison Says, Would Make It Possible to Have a Really Adequate System.

CHICAGO, July 26 (Associated Press).—Subways under Chicago sidewalks instead of under the roadways of the street are proposed by D. Chase Denison, Chicago civil engineer, who contends that such an improvement could safely be built at less than half the depth of the ordinary type of underground railway and at a tenth of the cost.

Only a small portion of such a subway system as Chicago needs can be built at the depth that would be necessary if excavation is made under the street proper, owing to the expense, according to Mr. Denison, who has submitted to U. S. Schwartz, Chairman of the Chicago Council Transportation Committee, a plan for a subway system 10 or 12 feet deep under the sidewalks instead of 25 to 55 feet deep under the streets. It is understood that application has been made to the United States Patent Office for protection of the plan, which Mr. Denison believes applicable to other cities.

"The City of Chicago owns the streets of the city, including the sidewalks up to the building lines," said Mr. Denison. "The city has the right to lease to the surface lines the space under the sidewalks for the car lines. This space is now used, if at all, chiefly by business houses for coal holes.

"Such a deep subway as I funds could be provided for would be inadequate for present needs, whereas a subway system built 10 or 12 feet deep could provide for the future. In ten or twenty-five years the population of the city will be greatly increased. At present we are twenty-five years behind the times in our provision for traffic; most proposals are designed only to catch up with the growth that has already taken place and are not far-sighted. A deep subway would be but a temporary makeshift.

"The sidewalk subway could be built at one-tenth the expense of a deep subway, in one-tenth the time, and could extend throughout the city as ten times as extensive a system could be built for the same money. In addition to its economy, the plan offers several advantages.

"In the first place, it would dispense with long stairs, inclines or elevators, which many people, especially during the rush hours, would not and could not take.

"A deep subway is also dark, hard to ventilate, and the noise is like that inside of a drum. It also is dangerous, and in case of accident a trap for humanity.

"Under the new plan, glass in the sidewalks would supply most of the light required in daytime, and ventilation could be arranged along the buildings. It would work automatically, the cars in motion forcing the air out in front of them and drawing in fresh air behind them by suction.

"The cars would take on and let off people at every street intersection in the loop district, and would make three to five times the speed made on the surface, run eight to ten times more cars and carry as many more passengers.

"The plan provides for such a routing of cars that no tracks would cross each other on grade or above or below grade, thus saving much time and eliminating a cause of accidents."

CHICAGO UNIONIST THREATS.

Evidence Against McCarthy and Curran in Terrorist Conspiracy Trial

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Threats to "get" a master plumber who had urged his associates to get along with the Landis award, and suggestions that if non-union contractors came into Chicago "some one might go out in a box," and that "houses might be bombed," were attributed to Daniel J. McCarthy, junior business agent of the Plumbers' Union, and William Curran, chief business agent of that union and former President of the Chicago Building Trades Council, in the labor terrorist conspiracy trial today.

These threats, testified to by State's witnesses, led the case to the bombing of the homes of plumbing contractors and formed part of the terrorism last Spring which culminated in the murder of Police Lieutenant Terrence Lyons, for whose murder McCarthy, Fred Mader, former head of the Building Trades Union, Con Shea, John Miller, and "Big Tim" Murphy are on trial.

John A. Carboy, head of the M. J. Carboy Plumbing Company, told of conversations with McCarthy and Curran, in which the threats were made. Joseph Elliott, a plumbing contractor, testified that he attended a meeting of the master plumbers Oct. 7, 1921, and that the following day he was threatened by McCarthy and Curran.

Henry ("Smash") Hanson, the State's star witness, was cross-examined most of the day by attorneys for the defense. He admitted that he had received a promise of his freedom and enough money to "get out of the country" as the price for turning State's evidence after he had learned that his "girl" had been furnishing the defense with details of conversations which passed between Hanson and herself.

ENJOINS GREENE COMPANIES

Massachusetts Court Acts to Protect Investors Who Lost $14,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, July 26.—The 80,000 investors in the H. V. Greene companies in their fight to recover $14,000,000 today obtained a sweeping injunction in the State Supreme Court which restrains the officers in the various Greene concerns from destroying, concealing, transferring stock or changing the present condition of any of the companies. The Court, however, refused to appoint a temporary receiver. It enjoins paying any dividends or attempting to collect balances alleged to be due from the plaintiffs.

The bill in equity, upon which the injunction is based, alleged that certain of the defendants entered into a gigantic scheme to defraud by obtaining from certain persons exorbitant profits and commissions, representing to them that profits usually open only to the very rich were to be obtained by investing in the Greene Companies.

Today's injunction applies to the H. V. Greene Company, Inc., the Commercial Finance Corporation, the Mutual Finance Corporation and the First People's Trust, their officers, agents, trustees, voting trustees and attorneys, and the individual defendants (except Herbert Parker), their agents and attorneys.

The petitioners, at the time of filing the bill, asked for a special precept of attachment for $14,000,000. After a long conference with Judge Jenney the attachment was allowed to issue.

BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....4 to 4¼% for the best names.
Tuesday .....4 to 4¼% for the best names.
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Buying of Hatters' Fur.

Men's hat manufacturers are buying hatters' fur conservatively. In most instances they are said to have only a two months' supply on hand, although in some cases the amount may be larger. This careful buying reflects the policy of the manufacturers to plan ahead on the basis of orders received. The market as a whole is fairly well supplied, according to a prominent authority. Coney furs in most varieties are in good supply. There has been an excellent demand for some of the kinds used for the lighter colored hats, which promises well for the Fall season, and these are available in limited quantities. The coney furs supply the bulk of the raw material to be made into hats for the popular-priced trade. While the price of the general run of these skins is about the same as last year, beaver and hare furs are higher and in more limited supply.

***

Two-in-one Hats Offered Here.

Two-in-one women's hats which, by merely turning the crowns, are changed from one type of chapeau to another, are now being offered here. By this means a dress hat may be turned into a sports hat, &c. They are so made, in addition, that the crowns sit true, regardless of which side is out. All types of hats are included in the offering, from the plainest tailored model to the large dress model with its cavalier tilt. Usually one side of the crown matches the brim in material and make-up, while the other affords a contrast. One side may also be sectional, while the other will show draping or a cuff inclination. The brim is made with a stiff, upstanding band about an inch and a half wide. Over this is slipped the crown, which takes the narrowest of self bindings. At either side, or at the back, is run a bit of rubber, and it is this that insures the snug joining of the two parts.

***

Indicate An Increasing Demand.

The steadily increasing demand for bleached and printed cottons, including that for well-known standard brands, which has been reported here in the last several weeks, appears to be reflected in the production records of the finishers of cotton textiles. The amount of white goods finished during the week ended July 15, for instance, was 83 per cent. normal, whereas during the month of June this percentage was 70. A similar gain, with smaller totals in both cases, is shown by the printed cottons finished. In this case the week of July 15 showed a volume which was 73 per cent. normal, against 56 per cent. in June, the latter having, also, been a gain of 6 points over May.

***

Furniture Sales Pick Up.

A better sentiment exists in the furniture trade, based not only on the good demand at the current prices, but on the belief that further business will probably be stimulated by the higher prices which leading manufacturers say are inevitable before long. Prominent retailers have now started their August sales, and reports received by manufacturers indicate a period of energetic buying. Large stocks have been ordered for these sales, and manufacturers have lately put their plants on an increased production schedule. The many new buildings recently constructed, and the new home furnishings being done are put down as the leading causes for the demand. At the present time no great amount of stock is declared to be in either jobbers' or manufacturers' hands.

***

Coat and Suit Buying.

Buying in the coat and suit trade is now actively on. Manufacturers say the volume of orders being received is very satisfactory and that there is considerably less "shopping around" than formerly. Because of the railroad situation and the fact that production has been stopped for a week in the industry, manufacturers are urging buyers to make their commitments now lest they wish to face difficulties in procuring merchandise in August or September. The stoppage called against the social shops will be ended, as far as the protective association is concerned, by next Monday. At that time, most of the workers are scheduled to return. Some it is expected, will return today, these being engaged on pile fabrics.

***

They Are Having Their Troubles.

"Some years ago," said a business observer yesterday, "the big department stores throughout the country were given pretty stiff competition by the so-called specialty shops, which in reality were semi-department stores. The big stores studied their problem carefully, however, and now apparently are not bothered as much by this form of competition as they once were. In the last two or three years, though the business of the semi-department stores has been cut into by out-and-out specialty shops, such as handle only one or three closely related lines, or even less. With a smaller overhead and with no 'weak sisters' among the departments to be carried by the paying ones, the real specialty shops have become able in many cases to undersell the semi-department stores. How the latter will solve the problem thus afforded will be interesting to watch."

***

Fall Orders for Shirts.

Fall orders received from retailers have been up to expectations, say shirt manufacturers. It has been fairly hard pulling in some sections of the country, however, and there still remains a good volume of business to come from retailers who thus far have been postponing their commitments. One large manufacturer said that he found no broad demand for novelty effects. On the contrary, he believed that, from the trend of orders, the vogue of the plain white shirt would continue in the Fall. Collar-attached shirts, in poplins or oxfords, have been largely called for by retailers. The demand for broadcloth shirts, both English and domestic, he said, was especially notable. Manufacturers are now engaged in making up their Spring, 1923, lines and these will be ready for the trade early in September.

***

Another Gingham Week Coming.

The rather limited support given the event lately held by stores in the metropolitan district has by no means discouraged the backers of the Gingham Week movement, and another of them is planned for the week beginning Aug. 28 and ending Sept. 2. Due to the proximity of that period to the time for children to return to school, it is expected that retail merchants throughout the country will make a big play on the combination and dispose of large quantities of the fabrics as a result. Shortages of the goods, both actual and prospective, growing out of the strikes, and the probability of higher retail prices later on as a result, will be also played up in an endeavor to stimulate the movement of the goods. It is probable, however, that the staple and semi-staple lines will benefit more from the affair this Fall than the fancy cloths.

***

Gray Goods Sales Limited.

The further break in cotton yesterday again checked trading in the local gray goods market. Spot business was reported at 9¾ cents and 8¾ cents respectively in 39-inch 68-72s and 38½-inch 60-60 printcloths. Unconfirmed rumors of sales of the former construction at 9¼ cents were heard. In the sheeting end of the market, 9¾ cents was reported to be the second-hand price for 37-inch 48-square, four-yard cloths, but no first-hand business was reported on that construction under 9¾ cents. Five-yard sheetings, 36-inch, were held at 8¼ cents. For sateens the basic price was 13¼ cents for 39-inch 4.20s, while in the pajama checks sellers were again asking 10¼ cents for 72-80s.

***

Optimism in Men's Wear Trade.

Credit conditions among men's wear retailers are slowly mending, and there has been some improvement noted among the ranks of the "slow payers. The ending of the unfavorable weather period has been responsible for this. That the current season will not show large gains in sales over last year, according to Willard B. Stevens, Secretary of the National Wholesale Men's Furnishings Association, is almost entirely due to the adverse weather experienced in the Northeast. While there are some price sacrifices being made as a result of too heavy stocks, these are not considered as reflecting general conditions. The retailer is now displaying more confidence than for some time past, and Mr. Stevens said the general expectation is for a good Fall business.

PIRATES STOP SILK TRADE.

Foreign Gunboats Guard Only Shipments Arriving at Canton.

CANTON, China, July 26 (Associated Press).—River and coast pirates have become so active that silk shipments from the interior have virtually ceased except under the protection of the guns of foreign war craft.

A British gunboat arrived here today, escorting a fleet of silk junks from Takhing, in the interior of Kwangtung Province. The combined cargoes of the junks were valued at $2,000,000.

LIVING COST CUT SLIGHTLY.

Is Still 68.6 Per Cent. Above 1913 Figure, Says Labor Bureau.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—While living costs generally in the United States were 2% per cent. lower last month than in June, 1920, and two-tenths of 1 per cent. lower than in March, this year, they were 68.6 per cent. higher than in December, 1913, the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor announced today.

Food prices showed an upward trend from March to June, the figures revealed, but were offset in the general average by declines in clothing, fuel, light, furniture and miscellaneous necessities, while housing remained stationary.

Statistics for San Francisco and Oakland, announced at the same time, showed advances in the cost of food and housing, but decreases in all other items, the decline from March to June amounting to four-tenths of 1 per cent., while since June, 1920, it has averaged 20 per cent., with the increase over December, 1914, totaling 56.8 per cent.

$745,846 LIEN SUIT FILED.

Action Seeks Sale of New Park Avenue Apartment House.

A suit filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by the Thompson Starrett Company against 300 Park Av., Inc., to foreclose a lien for a balance of $745,846 due on the construction of the apartment house between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Streets on Park Avenue, also names as defendants Percy A. Rockefeller, Louis Sherry, Benjamin B. McAlpin, Lucius M. Boomer, Frederick Coit Johnson and others, who have rented apartments in the building and have some interest in the property. The suit asks that the property be sold and the lien satisfied out of the proceeds.

The complaint also names as a defendant the New York State Realty and Terminal Company, which in June, 1920, rented the ground for 300 Park Avenue, Inc., for a twenty-one years. The cost of the building, including the structural steel work, was $5,387,987.

BETTER BUSINESS PLANS.

Board of National Commissions Discusses Fall Convention.

At a meeting of the Board of Governors of the National Better Business Commissions, held in the office of the Associated Advertising Clubs, 110 West Fortieth Street, yesterday, plans were discussed for the annual Fall convention, which will be held this year in Washington in the week of Oct. 16. Thirty-seven States are represented, the last one joining being New York.

The guest at the meeting was James A. Davis, manager of the Advertisers and Investors' Protective Bureau of Chicago and a deputy of the Secretary of State of Illinois in charge of fraudulent stock selling investigations. There were 580 cases in Illinois since the beginning of the year under the blue-sky law. Of these sixty defendants received penalties of from one to ten years in the penitentiary, Mr. Davis said.

Gas Co. Wants Its Refund Money.

An application by the Kings County Lighting Company for permission to withdraw from the Central Union Trust Company $350,000 in cash deposited as security for a refund to consumers for charges for gas made in excess of the statutory rate, will be argued today before Justice Richard P. Lydon of the Supreme Court, Appellate Division, following a decision of the United States Supreme Court, decided that the company should be relieved of any obligation to refund any of the excess charges to its consumers.

Middlebury College Gets $25,000 Legacy.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 26.—Middlebury College receives $25,000 under the will of Miss Harriet S. Haseltine of Groton, filed for probate here today. Among many other gifts are $2,500 to the public library of Wardsboro, Vt., $5,000 to the Vermont Domestic Missionary Society and $5,000 to New York University.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Joseph D. Little, who for many years was manager of the Maiden Lane store of the Gorham Company, is now affiliated with the International Silver Company as manager of its sterling silver galleries. These are situated on the third floor of the building at 15 Maiden Lane.

The Aldo Shirt Company, 127 South Eighth Street, Brooklyn, makers of cotton shirts, has opened an office and salesroom at 295 Fifth Avenue, this city, under the management of J. Kaufman.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES Wanted—We pay spot cash for lots of dresses, any quantity; canton crepe satin canton crepe de chine, poiret twill, tricotine and other materials; no lot too large or too small; submit samples 9-5 daily, 5th floor, 28 West 33d. Pennsylvania 6800.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber now placing stock orders on popular-priced to high-est-grade Fall samples in poiret twill, tricotine, canton crepe, satin canton and dresses in novelty materials; submit samples 9-5 daily, 5th floor, 28 West 33d.

DRESSES Wanted—Large dress house placing quantity business on satin, canton, canton crepe and poiret twill dresses; only those of exceptional style and value will be considered; submit samples 9-5. N. Kastenberg, 9 East 31st, 4th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on mediums to highest grade poiret twill, canton, crepe back satin; submit samples 9-5 daily. See Mr. Kramer, 36 West 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber now placing orders on popular-priced, on snappy Fall samples in poiret twill and canton crepe dresses; submit samples daily. 116 Madison Av., 12th floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Large jobber placing quantity orders on new Fall styles, all materials; also wants to buy jobs at top prices for cash. See Schwartz, 7th floor, 6 East 39d.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Fall models, cloth and silk, of the better kind. Call with samples all day, 180 West 39th, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on low priced silk and cloth dresses; submit samples. 3d floor, 133 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on low priced silk and cloth dresses; submit samples. 3d floor, 135 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on silk and woolen dresses. Call, with samples, 6th floor, 2 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted—Buying jobs, spot cash; also discarded numbers; highest prices paid. Watkins 0905.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new styles of popular-priced dresses. Call all weeks, 10 East 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber looking at high-class cloth and silk dresses for Fall. Call with samples, 5th floor, 150 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders silks, Fall, new styles; also buying jobs silks. 18 West 27th, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new, snappy Fall cloth and silk dresses. 90 Madison Av., 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—We are placing stock orders on Poiret twill dresses. 23 West 32d, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing stock orders, Fall. Emrose Dress Co., 11 West 32d, 3d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall models, all materials; all week. 110 Madison Av., 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted — Contractors call with new styles silk dresses; also Fall models; all day. Novel Dress Co., 172 Madison Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders new styles silk and wool dresses. 26 West 30th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Crepes, satin, silks only price; also stouts. Skudowitz, 120 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall models cantons, poiret twills. Call 31 West 27th, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on snappy dresses for Fall. Apply 26 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs silks and cloth any quantity cash. 36 West 24th, 8th Floor, Gramercy 5042.

DRESSES Wanted — Buying jobs silk and cloth dresses for cash. 30 West 32d, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Fall line; placing orders poiret twill, canton crepe. 149 West 27th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Contractors, with samples; smart silk; placing orders. 36 East 21st, 8th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs, all kinds; cash. Morgenstrn, 18 West 27th. Chelsea 1490.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber buying popular-priced silks. Junior, 38 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses. 1st floor, 13 East 31st.

DRESSES Wanted—Evening dresses; bring samples. Canaday Dress, 116 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—High class, all kinds, jobs; for cash. Telephone Canal 4222.

DRESSES WANTED—Contractors, call with canton crepe dresses. 32 W. 32d, 4th floor.

FASHONIA Wanted—All colors, for cash. Lexington 9096.

FLANNELETTE Wanted—Excelsior, in blue and gray; 36 in. wide. Manhattan House Dress Co., 107 Mercer St.

FUR SKINS Wanted—Open for quantities, raw, dressed or dyed opossums, American fox tail, Australian, also raccoon, squirrel, Caracul and Manchurian dogs. Fitzroy 6996.

FURS Wanted—Coat trimmings, American opossum, Australian ringtail, Stagey, raccoon, marmot, mouffion, also jobs; cash. Abraham Katz, 22 West 21st St.

FUR COATS Wanted—2,000 brown coney coats; 2,000 sealing, squirrel trimmed; pay spot cash for right prices. 129 West 29th, 3d floor.

FUR COLLARS Wanted—Black, Fitch, brown and stone marten opossum. Cohen & Hanger, 151 West 30th.

FUR Collars Wanted—Quantity, one-skin raccoon shawl collars. Superior Garment Co., 1,333 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Wolf, beaver and squirrel trimmings. Ben Ginsburg Co., 154 West 37th.

FUR Collars Wanted—Beaver, platinum wolf, caracul; quantities. Karpas, 14 East 37th.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy for cash job in coney, sealine and marmots. 13 West 32d, 7th floor.

FURS Wanted—Squirrel, raccoon, Manchurian wolf and beaver. Hiller Bros., 12 West 37th.

FURS Wanted—Mink, marmot collars and skins. Bernstein & Co., 121 West 27th.

FURS Wanted—Beaverette, fitch, opossum; also marmot. Bramson Bros., 45 West 25th.

GERONA Wanted—Marcova, marvella silk, veldyne, other good bolivias; good price paid. Vanderbilt 1489.

GLOVES Wanted—Cogic brand, made in Japan, 1,000 dozen. M. P. Neckwear Co., 520 Broadway, between 12 and 2 P. M.

JEANS Wanted—Londale, at a price; cash. 114 East 28th St., Room 402.

MADRASES Wanted—Corded, in assorted colors. Canal 9080.

MARMOTS Wanted—Striped and French ponies. 4th floor, 45 West 25th.

ORMANDALES Wanted—21371, all colors. Lexington 3041.

PANAMA F. P. A. wanted for cash. Call Watkins 6961.

PLUSHES, Bolivias, Poiretts Wanted—Y-35, Lanpheer, Amerizx, others; 0503, 0452. Ashland 7545.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Open for large quantity, 09165 preferred or similar; good quality. O. K. Dress and Waist Co., 20 West 20th.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Open to buy 50 pieces, navy, 5818, botany, Multex Dress, 11 East 31st.

POIRET Twill and Tricotines Wanted—09165, navy, DRN, Pacific, navy, brown. Penn. 8694.

POIRET Twills, Tricotines Wanted—Open to buy quantity, all grades. 33 West 33d, 4th floor.

POIRET Wanted—Open for quantity 09163 or similar; cash. 25 West 32d, 4th floor.

POIRET Twills Wanted—Garfield's 5822 and Juilliard's 54806. Call Longacre 8440.

POIRET Twills Wanted—09163, 09165, 09111; cash. Madison Square 1540.

POIRET Twill Wanted—09163, spot cash. Blaite, 13 East 31st.

POIRET Twill Wanted—All colors. Ben Goldberg Co., 32 East 21st.

POIRET Twill Wanted—American 09165, color brown 802. Canaday Dress, 116 West 32d.

SEADINE and coney coats wanted for cash. Bruckner & Brill, 38 West 33d.

SERGES Wanted—Cotton warp, black only, and black mohair. Cohen Bros., 650 Broadway.

SERGES Wanted—0936, A. W. Company, 106 and 2206 Whitman. Irvin-Perman Co., 215 4th Av. Stuyvesant 1904.

SERGES Wanted—7801, 7819, 7814 navy and black, for cash. McCarthy & Simon, 20 West 37th.

SERGES Wanted—Open for Amoskeag 7301 and Whitman's 87. Hirsch-Taber-Hirsch, 27 West 26th.

SERGES Wanted—7801, 1210, for cash. Lenora Dress Co., 334 6th Av. Pennsylvania 9021.

SERGES Wanted—Storm, bright red. Lawner & Schwartz, 359 Broadway.

SERGE Wanted—Red. Call Madison Square 0936.

SERGE Wanted—Wool No. 87, spot cash. Benjamin Bellitte, 398 East 104th.

SERGES Wanted—Amoskeag 7301, navy, for cash. Orchard 5128.

SILKS, Woolens, Cottons Wanted—Also ladies' ready-to-wear for export. Lasman 6896.

SILKS Wanted—Radium, taffeta, tub silk; cash; quantity no object. National Petticoat, 118 West 30th.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at fur-trimmed suits; better grade only. 3 East 28th, 8th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Chic models, also misses' coats; pinchey orders. Call with samples, 22 West 32d, 4th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders, all week. Room 301, 3 West 32d St.

SWEATERS Wanted—Close outs in wool and fibres; also looking at new Fall styles. Room 1205, 604 6th Av.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

UNDERWEAR Wanted—Jobber placing orders on low-priced children's, misses' muslin and flannel underwear. 220 5th Av., Room 806.

VELOURS Wanted—13911, shade 423; also Buckley-Cohen 310, shade 49; cash. 4th floor, 141 West 20th. Watkins 10190.

VELOURS—Lightweight; all shades; must be cheap. Retzman, Rothman & Bieber, Pitzroy 6173.

VELOURS Wanted—13318 and 13418, navy and brown. Madison Square 8909.

VELOURS Wanted—Cash on delivery; 13318, 13418; any quantity. Gramercy 1877.

WAISTS Wanted—Georgette and crepe de chine, for cash; any quantity. Wender, 8 West 19th.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS—Jobs of bungalow aprons, $5 and $6.50 dozen; also house dresses, $6.50 dozen. Simon Nahu, 911 Broadway.

ARTIFICIAL Metalleen Cloth and Satin in old gold and silver; reasonable. Levy Anspach, 100 9th Av. Watkins 7217.

BATHING Suits—Full line, closing out at sacrifice prices. President Knitting Mills, 8 West 20th.

BLOOMERS—Khaki knickers for special sales; samples submitted. Lady Lane, 547 Broadway.

BROADCLOTHS—Julliards 110 and American 113. Henry Samson, Spring 2716.

BOLIVIAS—20433, 20505, plaids, 18117, 11126, 13113, 20605, 18716, all colors; immediate delivery, Madison Square 2650.

BOLIVIAS—Style 1305; also poiret twills; all makes. Ashland 7585.

BOLIVIA—21278, black, navy, sorrento, brown, reindeer. Watkins 10183.

CANTONS, crepe de chines, 2-4-5 thread; georgettes, crepe satins, silk failles, charmeuses, radiums, wash satins; all colors; far below manufacturing cost; immediate delivery. M. Marks Company, 354 4th Av. Madison Square 7800.

CANTONS and Crepe de Chine for sale cheap for cash. Call Spring 8061. Ask for Berman.

CANTON Crepe—For cash at a price. 81 mon, 87 5th Av.

CAPES—Canton capes, silk lined, fringed, very cheap. Tip Top, 35 W. 32d.

CARACUL—5,000 caricul plates at an exceptional offer. Katz Garment, 48 W. 25th.

CHARMEUSE—Very good quality, all colors. 229 West 36th, 1 flight up.

CLOTH—Kasha, 16 pieces black, 14 pieces navy; close out. Box 275, Realservice, 15 East 40th.

CLOTH, fancy and plain backs, all colors; below price. Ashland 7546.

CLOTH—Deland's 221, Ottoponchee 85; all shades. Longacre 1772. Mr. Seldin.

CLOTH—Stevens 1137, 7787; American 15147, 15116. Gramercy 4242.

COATS and Wraps—Snappy new Fall styles, fine workmanship; big values in imported cloths, English tweeds, double-faced cloths, plaid backs, Bolivias, velours, plia fabrics; price range, $6.75-$47.50. A profit-making line without an equal. No buyer should miss it. L. Schwartz & Sons, 129 West 29th.

COATS—Plush of better grade at popular prices, styles and values far surpassing anything we've shown; visit our showroom and convince yourself; every garment manufactured on premises. Cohen & Whellan, 48 West 26th.

COATS—Children's, intermediates', infants', $2.50-$10; polaire coats, beaverette collars, $2.75; large assortment; we lead in popular priced Kiddie coats. Perfect Kiddie Coat House, 158 West 27th.

COATS—Wraps, Fall line, for jobbers only. American normandy, bolivia, all silk lined, fur trimmed, $12.75-$19.75. Libow-Bloom, 119 West 25th.

COATS—Of English sport material; all silk lined; $14.50; high-grade suits at sacrifice. Turan & Schiner, 131 West 28th.

COATS—Infants', children's, juniors', ladies' large assortment, excellent values, $3 and up. Eddelson & Hand, 16 West 32d.

COATS—Well made Salt's Hudson seal plush coats, solid and fur trimmed, at low prices. Cohen-Hanger, 251 West 30th.

COATS—Intermediate children's, flappers, snappy models; excellent value. Tishman, 23 West 26th.

COATS—Sacrifice 4,000 women's and juniors' velour, Normandy, Bolivia; regular and extra sizes. 3d floor, 38 West 26th.

COATS—Latest models Fall sport coats, $7.50-$25; plain, fur-trimmed. Samuel Newman, 127 West 27th.

COATS—Children's, infants', juniors', $5-$15. Lee Coat Co., 114 West 30th.

COATS, suits and capes; jobs at a great sacrifice. R. H. E. Garment, 3 East 29th.

COTTON GOODS—For dry goods and manufacturers. Friedman & Krieger, 22 White St. Canal 2290.

COTTON Goods—White and pink coutils, jeans remnants at very reasonable. Asma Mills, 307 Canal St.

DRESSES—Latest styles for Fall, in canton crepe, failie crepes and poiret twills; ready for immediate delivery; cotton dresses, in several different materials, at close out prices. Goldblatt & Schaeffler, 260 West 32d.

DRESSES—For July sales, voiles, ginghams, 10,000 for immediate delivery; 8 styles, organdie trimmed, all colors; special price, $11 per dozen net; values can't be beaten. Sylvia Dress Co., 137 West 26th.

DRESSES—Need cash; have 5,000 cotton at $11; voiles, organdies, linens, prints, also guimpes, 75 cents; children's dresses of imported ginghams, voiles, organdies, size 7 to 14, 75 cents. Rialto, 13 East 31st.

DRESSES—Dotted Normandy, voiles, thousands now on racks at close-out prices; complete line for Fall now ready, silks and cloths. Warren Dress Co., 258 5th Av.

DRESSES—Our Fall line of poiret twills, serges and canton crepes are now ready; also closing out assorted materials in wash dresses. Criterion, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES — Jobbers, attention; wonderful values and styles; canton crepes, $7.75 to $10.75; poiret twills, $7.75 to $9.75. Prince Bros., 45 West 28th.

DRESSES—Final call; closing out printed crepes, shantungs, imported linens, ratines, ginghams, voiles. Weingarten Bros., 146 West 30th.

DRESSES—Cotton dresses, imported ginghams, normandy voiles, sport ratines, linens and linen guimpes; final closing out at very low prices. Tip Top, 35 West 32d.

DRESSES—Voiles, Normandy swisses, only a few hundred left, must go this week, $2.50 up; Fall silks and cloths on the racks, $6.75 up. Charlotte, 30 West 32d.

DRESSES — Contractor sacrificing newest cantons, crepe de chine, 11th floor. 11 West 17th.

DRESSES—300 dozen gingham, 30 styles, at a sacrifice; 16 to 52. Chertkoff, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES—Close out entire line georgette organdies, dotted swiss, voiles; sacrificing prices. Greenberg-Wiener, 21 West 27th.

DRESSES—Why pay more than $6 to $8.75 for canton crepe dresses in up-to-date styles? Third floor, 114 West 30th.

DRESSES—Fall dresses, poiret twills, $5.75 to $8.75; silks, $3.75 to $9.75; wonderfully styled. Isaac Ipp, 139 West 29th.

DRESSES—Exceptionally good lot of canton crepe to close out at a price. Derose Dress Co., 49 West 32d.

DRESSES—Contractors of better grade stout dresses offer wonderful values to quick buyers. New York Stout Dress, 13 E. 30th.

DRESSES—Closing out imported ginghams, dotted swissess, organdies, way below cost. J. Kaplan & Sons, 110 Madison Av.

DRESSES—500 tailor made and beaded canton crepes, also panel effects, at a sacrifice. Samuel Yasner, 20 East 30th.

DRESSES—Final closing of cotton dresses, all desirable materials, at $2. Fanay, 145 West 30th.

DRESSES (Stouts)—Advanced Fall styles, wanted immediately, specially priced. Wolf Stout Dress, 128 West 26th.

DRESSES—Contractor has job of canton and satin canton dresses to close out. Rosen Bros., 324 West 36th.

DRESSES—Linen and gingham; sacrifice; made room Fall stock. Max Bernstein, Inc., 135 West 27th.

DRESSES—Cotton, closing out at cost; regulars and stouts; Fall line ready. Glockner, 8 West 30th.

DRESSES — Contractor sacrificing newest styles in tricotine and poiret twill. 9d floor, 15 West 17th St.

DRESSES—Closing several hundred cottons at a price; spring Fall line. M. Bernstein, 35 West 32d.

DRESSES—Printed crepe de chine and georgette dresses to close out. Duley Dress Co., 9 West 38th.

DRESSES—Contractors have 500 Canton and satin faced; sacrifice. 116 West 29th, 9th floor.

DRESSES—Children's, 460, to close out, $3 up, voiles and ponges, silk and wool embroidery; sizes 3 to 14. American, 1 E. 20th.

DRESSES—500 printed voile, all sizes, $18 dozen; also ratine and linen. At close out prices. Belle Dress House, 130 West 29th.

DRESSES—1,000 poiret twills; well tailored, up-to-the-minute styles; close out. Perlis Dress Co., 40 West 17th.

DRESSES for July sales; printed crepe de chines, cantons, to close out cheap. Bruckner Bros. & Arenot, 37 West 26th.

DRESSES—Job, better grade silks, to close out; 4th floor, 24 West 27th.

DRESSES—1,000 Fall models at close-out prices. Spector & Fearlberg, 39 West 32d.

DRESSES—Canton crepe and American all wool, Poiret twill, $6.75. Olshin, 42 W. 25th.

DRESSES—Gingham, linen and voile dresses, $1. Olshin, 42 West 25th St.

DRESSES: 5,000 canton crepes; 24 styles, 16-46; close out. Capital Dress, 135 W. 31.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

DRESSES—Two thousand stouts, including this season's largest sellers; must be sold this week at prices that will assure you big profits and quick sales; styles and workmanship unequaled; developed in Normandy, imported prints, imported gingham, silk, foulards, georgettes, cantons, taffetas and ratine. Popular Price Dress Co. (New York's Leading Stout Dress House), 26-27 West 33d.

DRESSES—Final clearance sale on cottons, at very low prices; large assortment silks, including crepe de chine stouts in dark colors, tub silks, printed crepe de chines, pongees, at sacrifice prices; Fall opening sale, all-wool dresses in all popular materials, $3.75 to $15.75. Mayer Rosnlak, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES—Never undersold, beautiful models, snappy designs, dark voiles; also 36-46 regular; $6.75 values, today $1.75; rush to buy these; they are big sellers; organdies $1.50; imported Irish linen regular $10.75, values today $4.75; many other bargains. Emanuel, 42 West 27th.

DRESSES, stouts; new Fall models in crepes, cantons and poiret twills; snappy styles that will move right off your racks; finest workmanship; biggest values in the market; six popular makers, every one; $10.75 to $25.75; see these wonders. Matron Dress, 11 West 32d St.

DRESSES—Jobs of canton crepes; close out; price no object; these dresses must be sold before we start on our Fall line, therefore don't miss a profitable buy where you can make money. Pauline Garment, 149 West 27th.

DRESSES—Featuring six styles in extra heavy crepe de chine, draped and embroidered effects, early Fall models $7.75, 9-10; also sacrificing 1,000 printed Voile dresses. Baley Rose Dress Co., 119 West 25th. Watkins 9962.

DRESSES—We have on hand about 500 Canton crepe dresses to close out at $7.50 net; we also are showing a full line of Poiret twill and Tricotine dresses from $6.75 up net. Aronoff, Turkewich-Slavin, 119 West 25th.

DRESSES—300 good gingham dresses close out at sacrifice. S. G. Robinson, 7 W. 30th.

DUVETYNES, broadcloths, flannel; all colors. Republic Textile Co., 22 W 32d St.

FASHONA Roubaux—All shades; also Marvella and Tarquina, color 218. Pitzroy 4389.

FLANNELETTE—Children's nightgowns for jobbers; good sizes; $3.75 per dozen. L. Radinsky & Co., 515 Broadway.

FUR—Korean fox trimmings at the right price; squirrel chokers $8. Deutch-Lakrets, 267 7th Av.

GEORGETTES—Fall shades, black, brown, to sell. Fanay, 145 West 30th.

GINGHAMS—Kalburnie, small plaids and victory two-tone checks, for sale. Phone Madison Square 9652.

GINGHAM — Imported, domestic; checks, plaids; white flannels. Victor Goldman, 46 Walker St.

HOSIERY—Women's clocked heather stockings, $3.25 dozen; also jobs of silk hosiery, $1.95 and $4.25 dozen. Simon Kahn, 911 Broadway.

MARVELLA, Marcova, Panvelaine, and Veldynes, all colors. Lexington 2172.

MELROSA and Duvet de Laine. F. & H. Madison Square 9846.

MOUSSETINES—Dark shades; will sell exceptionally cheap. Ginsberg, 498 7th Av.

PEGGY Cloth—Plaid ginghams. Palmer Linen Jumior, Stuyvesant 3097.

PIECE Goods—American 09111, navy po

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Royal Skirt Shop; I. Spiegel, children's coats; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

ALTOONA, Pa.—Kline Bros.; J. E. Skyles, domestics; F. Rudacille, draperies; 22 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

ALTOONA, Pa.—Wm. F. Gable & Co.; R. J. Holt, hosiery, underwear; 240 Madison Av.

ATCHISON, Kan.—Manglesdorf D. G. Co.; Miss Kate Koelsch, ready-to-wear, infants' wear, muslin underwear, corsets, silks, knit underwear; Commodore.

ATLANTA, Ga. — Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Co.; Miss M. McLaughlin, art needlework; Miss R. Neal, Miss E. Taylor, representing; 56 W. 35th (Wm. Van Buren).

ATLANTA, Ga.—E. L. Rhoades Co.; Miss J. Hood, novelties, trimmings; Martinique.

ATLANTA, Ga.—Blauner's; J. A. Kessler, dresses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Hirsch Stores Corp.; L. W. Hirsch, ready-to-wear; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss E. A. Wallace, misses' juniors', children's coats, suits, dresses; 116 W. 30th (Weill & Hartmann); McAlpin.

BALTIMORE—M. Lurien & Co.; P. Daniels, jobs silk dresses, Spring coats; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

BALTIMORE—Universal Clothing Co.; M. H. Levin, corduroys, khaki piece goods; 856 B'way; Room 1224.

BALTIMORE—Hutzler Bros.; A. Feldman, linens, muslins, blankets; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

BALTIMORE—Regatta Mfg. Co.; C. L. Wolf, shirtings; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Polan, Katz & Co.; C. Katz, umbrellas, parasols; 1,270 B'way.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; L. Goldenberg, mdse. mgr.; Martinique.

BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; J. W. Waldorf, house furnishing goods, china, glass; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins).

BALTIMORE—J. E. Hurst Co.; A. C. Wilson, underwear, sweaters, men's furnishing goods; 1,103 B'way, Room 2.

BALTIMORE—Strouse & Bros.; Ell Strouse, piece goods; Martinique.

BEAUMONT, Texas—Max Feinberg Co.; M. Feinberg, jobs silks dresses; 1,150 B'way (Jos. B. Fois), Room 511.

BEAUMONT, Texas—The Fashion; E. Jones, ready-to-wear; 303 5th Av. (J. J. Rosdart).

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—L. Fisits D. G. Co.; L. Fisits, dresses, suits, skirts; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—A. Kaufman; A. Levy, waists, sweaters; 56 W. 35th (Van Buren).

BLOOMINGTON, Ill.—C. W. Klemm; M. Salmon, men's furnishings; Imperial.

BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss K. McNamee, representing; 1 W. 34th (National Garment Retailers' Assn.); McAlpin.

BOSTON—Chandler & Co.; Miss Berry, silk waists; 240 Madison Av.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; C. Koven, men's clothing; 432 4th Av.

BOSTON—C. F. Hovey Co.; upstairs, Miss O'Callahan (division mgr.); Miss Reynolds, women's sweaters; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Freedman & Hornstein; J. Hornstein, ready-to-wear; Broztoll.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs: Mr. Bullock, women's suits; Miss Stack, representing, coats and suits; Miss McCrossan, women's costumes and dresses; Mr. Kaufman, asst. division mgr.; Miss Louis, millinery; Mr. Brightman, division mgr., millinery; Miss Gaffey, leather goods; basement: Miss Hickey, corsets and brassieres; Mr. Ring, women's costumes and dresses; Miss Sutton, women's cotton waists; Miss Dartt, infants' wear; Mr. Kahn, women's silk waists; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Moore & Sullivan; J. A. Fitzgerald, men's furnishing goods; Breslin.

BOSTON—W. Goldberg, dresses, jobber; Imperial.

BOSTON—D. & G. Mfg. Co. (jobbers); E. Cohen, popular-priced Fall silk dresses; 1,225 B'way, Room 504.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky.—P. Pushin & Bros.; S. Pushin, clothing; 1,170 B'way; Pennsylvania.

BRECKENRIDGE, Texas—C. M. Bender & Co.; C. M. Bender, ready-to-wear; 1,281 B'way (Jos. Heilbrun).

BRIDGEPORT—D. M. Read Co.; G. E. Walls, domestics, wash goods, linens, blankets, &c.; Miss M. T. Ireland, ladies' neckwear, yellings; W. W. Taylor, house-furnishings, trunks, bags; W. H. Wodhams, shoes; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

BRISTOL, Tenn.—Wood, Nickels Co.; G. Royster, mdse. mgr.; 1,182 B'way; Martinique.

BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; William Reinhart, men's furnishings, clothing; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Corp.); McAlpin.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Mrs. E. I. Ward, blouses; 16 W. 36th.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss S. A. Donar, art goods; 240 Madison Avenue.

CHICAGO—International Millinery Co.; I. A. Israel, trimmed hats; Commodore.

CHICAGO — Sears, Roebuck & Co.; F. H. Tooker, carpets; Pennsylvania.

CHICAGO—A. Taccles, furs, fur coats; McAlpin.

CHICAGO—M. Wexler; M. Wexler, coats, suits; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

CHICAGO—Isaacs-Kahn Co.; M. I. Isaacs, leather canteen party boxes; 1,612 Flatiron Bldg. (Sales Co. of America).

CHICAGO—Julius Ettelson Co.; J. Ettelson, pants materials; McAlpin.

CINCINNATI—Joseph Lazarus Co.; J. Adler, millinery; 15 W. 38th (V. A. Plaut).

CINCINNATI—Morris, Isaac & Sons; W. J. Herbstreit, furnishing goods; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. Lindner, jobs silk, wool sweaters; J. A. Swanson, basement dresses; 37 W. 26th (E. M. Sostman).

CLEVELAND—Wm. Taylor & Sons Co.; Miss M. Welsh, sweaters; J. Aronson, basement, boys' clothing; men's silk shirts; 225 5th Av.

CLEVELAND—The May Co.; J. H. Plunkett, clothing, furnishing goods; 37 W. 26th (E. M. Sostman).

CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; Paul Hirsch, fur coats, immediate delivery; 16 W. 36th (O. Abel).

CONNING, Ohio—M. E. Joyce; M. E. Joyce, jobs silk dresses; 1,150 B'way (Jos B. Fois), Room 511.

CRESSON, Pa.—Gross Dept. Store; B. Gross, jobs Spring coats, silk waists, silk ratine dresses; 117 W. 33rd (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

CORSICANA, Texas—K. Wolens; L. Wolens, dry goods; Martinique.

DALLAS, Texas—Neiman-Marcus Co.; Miss G. Dalby, misses' coats, suits, dresses, costumes, infants', children's wear; Miss J. Moriarity, corset accessories; Max Baum, silk underwear, women's neckwear; Miss A. Miller, waists, blouses; 56 W. 35th (William Van Buren).

DALLAS, Texas—W. A. Green & Co.; E. L. Pollock, women's ready-to-wear, millinery, underwear; 353 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

DALLAS, Texas—Sanger Bros.; Mrs. W. A. Mueller, art goods, gift shop novelties; 19 E. 24th.

DENNISON, Iowa—The Balle-Brodersen Co.; C. Bollen, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; G. E. Preston, basement m'dse. mgr.; 225 5th Av. (Retail Research Assn.).

DETROIT, Mich.—Crowley, Milner & Co.; C. W. Greenberg, men's hosiery, underwear; M. W. Landeberg, boy's clothing, furnishings, hats, men's trousers; Miss A. Golding, cheap fibre wool slip-overs, wash dresses, tricolette blouses; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

DURANGO, Col.—R. H. Burnside, women's coats, dresses, &c.; samples small jobs children's coats, dresses; Prince George.

ELMIRA, N. Y.—M. J. Thompson & Co.; H. Strachen, notions, laces, ribbons; Imperial.

EL PASO, Texas—J. P. Blaugrund & Bro.; I. Harris, petticoats, sweaters, skirts; 3 W. 29th (National Purchasing Co.).

FARGO, N. D.—C. R. Shotwell; C. E. Shotwell, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

GALVESTON, Texas—Davidson D. G. Co.; H. K. Davidson, ready-to-wear, millinery; 220 5th Av. (McGreevey, Werring & Howell).

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich.—Wurzburg D. G. Co.; J. L. Sommer, ready-to-wear; Mrs. E. F. Voss, dresses, skirts, misses' coats, suits, dresses; Miss M. Hull, assisting; Mrs. Cotton, assisting; G. M. Story, representing; 32 W. 35th (Jay & Co.); Martinique.

GREAT FALLS, Mont.—C. A. Berger Co.; J. A. Berger, genl. mdse., ready-to-wear; 1,164 B'way (Fellows Buying Co.).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Sage, Allen & Co.; F. Killian, linens, white goods; 404 4th Av. (Dry Goods Alliance).

HARTFORD—Sage, Allen & Co.; C. S. Clesaby, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

HARTFORD, Conn.—Myers & Gross; L. Myers, cotton, flannel piece goods; Breslin.

HOUSTON, Texas—Levy Bros. D. G. Co.; Miss J. Cohen, millinery; Pennsylvania.

KANSAS CITY—Emery, Bird, Thayer D. G. Co.; R. S. Moore, house furnishings; T. J. Gill, china, glassware; Mrs. O. A. Stingley, waists, sweaters; 25 Madison Av.

KANSAS CITY—W. J. Petter Co.; R. A. Conliff, housefurnishings, china, glassware, novelties; Pennsylvania.

LAKE CHARLES, La.—Muller Co.; Mrs. Schubert, ready-to-wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block and Fischer).

LOS ANGELES—N. B. Blackstone & Co.; Mrs. F. Lord, millinery, ready-to-wear; 449 5th Av. (I. S. Falan).

LOS ANGELES—Ville de Paris; Miss J. Cox, corsets negligees; 220 5th Av. (McGreevey Werring & Howell, Inc.).

LOUISVILLE, Ky.—S. Shapinsky & Co.; A. Shapinsky, furnishing goods; Latham.

MARLIN, Texas—Gardee & Holloway; E. B. Holloway, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

MACON, Ga.—Burden, Smith Co.; J. E. Wilson, men's clothing, furnishings, hosiery; Miss O. Rushkin, children's wear; 352 4th Av. (Kirby, Block & Fischer).

MOUNT CARMEL, Pa.—H. Cohen & Son.; E. Cohen, dresses; 1,165 B'way, Room 403.

MILWAUKEE—Reed Bros.; S. Reed, G. Strachota, women's waists, aprons; Flanders.

MILWAUKEE—Field's; S. T. Gans, fur-trimmed sport coats; H. Metz, fur-trimmed sport coats; 1,140 B'way, Room 604.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Merc. Co.; G. O. Hale, blouses; Mrs. L. K. Bauber, millinery, trimmings; 16 W. 20th.

MINOT, N. D.—Minot Cloak & Suit Co.; Miss M. Fisher, ready-to-wear; Martinique.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa.—Johnson Bros.; P. Johnson, clothing; Pennsylvania.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa.—C. A. Rex; H. Rex, P. Read, dry goods; Pennsylvania.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa.—S. Weiss Jr., ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

MEXICO, Mo.—Phillips Ladies' Shop; M. Phillips, ready-to-wear; 130 W. 32d (A. Minces).

MISSOULA, Mont.—Missoula Merc. Co.; Miss K. D. Hoos, coats, suits, furs, millinery; 303 5th Av., Imperial.

MONTGOMERY, Ala. — Alex Rice; T. L. Meyer, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

MONTGOMERY, Ala.—Alex Rice; Miss B. Dreyfus, women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway (Baer & Lilienthal).

NEW BEDFORD—New Bedford D. G. Co.; J. G. Ford, ready-to-wear, waists, sweaters; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

NEW HAVEN—Shartenberg & Robinson Co.; J. A. Fay, boys' clothing; 404 4th Av. (D. G. Alliance).

NEW ORLEANS—Charles Kaufman Co., Ltd.; J. O. Albert, millinery, boys' hats, caps; C. Kaufman, women's, misses', children's ready-to-wear; 120 West 32d (A. Fanti).

OIL CITY, Pa.—C. H. Smith Sons Co.; H. M. Bell, cloaks, suits, waists, muslin underwear; Pennsylvania.

OMAHA, Neb.—Aronstein Guarantee Co.; J. Bonoff, misses', women's stout dresses; 1,163 Broadway, Room 408.

OPELOUSAS, La.—George Abdalla; A. Abdalla, dry goods, ready-to-wear; Imperial.

PHILADELPHIA—Mendall's; Miss M. Freedman, jobs ladies' silk; cotton dresses, basement; 37 West 26th (B. F. Levis).

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; Miss Smithes, babies' safety pins, gold pins, wire bottle holders; Broadway and 32d (N. Y. Office).

PHILADELPHIA—M. Snellenburg & Co.; J. C. Dempsey, men's clothing; 1,261 B'way; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Spector Bros.; M. Spector, pants materials; Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA—Lit Bros.; Miss M. Davis, knit goods; 1,261 Broadway.

PHILADELPHIA—Mendall's; J. Kauffman, jobs better silk dresses; M. Hirsch, jobs muslin underwear; 37 West 26th (B. F. Levis).

PHILADELPHIA—Corrsin's, Inc.; Miss Sporkin, silk dresses; 1,261 Broadway (S. Solomon).

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; J. Kaplan, Fall suits, dresses; 1,261 Broadway (S. M. Goldberg).

PHILADELPHIA—N. C. Schoenfeld, waists, silks, underwear; 347 5th Av.; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl, Inc.; Mr. Gaspar, advertising dept., catalogues, &c.; 1,140 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Imperial Hosiery Co.; M. Alpern, hosiery; McAlpin.

PITTSBURGH—McCreery & Co.; L. Hansen, waists, petticoats; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; F. W. Hamilton, shoes; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PITTSBURGH—Taylor Bros.; W. L. Taylor, carpets; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH—Rosenbaum Co.; Miss M. McCrohan, jobs waists, sweaters; I. Marcus, mdse. mgr., men's furnishings, hosiery; A. B. Rogers, domestics, dress goods, silks, blankets; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

PITTSBURGH—The Porter Co.; Miss K. Wells, pattern hats; Imperial.

PORT ARTHUR, Tex.—A. Goldberg & Bro.; P. C. Chamberlain, gen. mdse.; Imperial.

PORTLAND, Me.—Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co.; Geo. Hinkley, men's furnishings, &c.; Miss W. Coyne, jewelry; T. J. McNamara, furnishing goods; 462 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

PORTSMOUTH, Ohio—A. Bein; S. Bein, jobs Spring coats, silk waists, silk ratine dresses; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

ROCHESTER—Duffy-Powers Co.; Miss T. Cohen, basement, jobs cotton, silk dresses; 1,261 B'way (S. Soloman).

ROANOKE, Va.—Roanoke Notion Co.; W. R. Hardin, gen. mdse.; 256 Church, Room 57.

SAGAMORE, Mass.—Orent Dept. Store; M. Orent, general mdse.; Pennsylvania.

SAN ANGELO, Texas—The Robertson Co.; J. D. Robertson, dry goods; Imperial.

SAN ANTONIO—A. E. Frank & Co.; J. W. Carrithers, hosiery, notions; 48 Leonard (F. J. Sklenka).

SAN FRANCISCO—California Fur Co.; D. Hamburger, fur coats, plain, trimmed setline wraps, capes, foxes, stone martens, brown martens, Hudson Bay sables; 303 5th Av., Room 1707.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas—M. Halff & Bros.; H. Leopold, notions, furnishings; E. Oppenheimer, dry goods; 48 Leonard; Woodward.

SAN FRANCISCO—Birnbaum & Hasper; M. Birnbaum, notions, leather goods, novelties; Pennsylvania.

SEATTLE, Wash.—Frederick & Nelson Co.; E. J. Bold, linens, beddings, wash goods, linings, flannels, hdkfs.; Mrs. C. M. Proctor, rarity goods, gifts; 450 4th Av., Room 704.

SEDALIA, Mo.—M. Chasnof & Son; W. H. Chasnof, M. J. Waldman, ready-to-wear; 130 W. 32d (A. Minces).

SIOUX CITY, Iowa—Davidson Bros., basement; C. I. Greener, infants, children's, misses', women's ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—The Hub; L. F. Anathan, jobs spring coats, silk waists, silk ratine dresses; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

STEUBENVILLE, Ohio—I. Sulzbacher; J. I. Burke, women's ready-to-wear, millinery; 1,150 B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; T. D. Pare, basement dresses; 37 W. 26th (E. M. Sostman).

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; L. H. Rosenheim, stationery; 1,407 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—M. Kory & Son; J. B. Kory, woolen clothing; Pennsylvania.

SYRACUSE—Syracuse D. G. Co.; H. B. Gilbert, coats, suits; Martinique.

TACOMA, Wash.—People's Store Co.; Miss M. E. Brennan, housefurnishings, toys, china, glassware; 23 E. 26th (W. T. Knott).

TOLEDO—M. Moyer; A. E. Friedman, jobs Spring coats, silk waists, silks, ratine dresses; 117 W. 33d (Hoffman & Hartbiay).

TOLEDO—W. L. Miller & Co.; R. M. A. Williams, men's furnishings, gloves, toilet goods; 120 W. 32d (A. Fanti).

TOLEDO—W. E. Funke Co.; W. E. Funke, men's furnishings, hats; McAlpin.

TRENTON, N. J.—Boston Store; H. Elfman, jobs muslin underwear, bungalow aprons; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).

UTICA, N. Y.—M. J. Federman & Son; R. Federman, mdse. mgr., furs; Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Hecht Co.; Miss H. Kaplan, waists; P. C. Strauss, boys' clothing; Miss Kampf, jobs silk chemise muslin underwear, bungalow aprons; 1,150, B'way (Baer & Lilienthal).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Palais Royal, S. Marks, draperies, rugs; 220 5th Av. (F. Atkins); Pennsylvania.

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons Co.; A. W. Nash, hosiery, gloves; 462 4th Av.

WASHINGTON—Brooks & Co.; Mrs. Brooks, ready-to-wear; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins).

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Behrend's; M. Nathan, boys' clothing; 37 W. 26th (B. F. Levis).

WASHINGTON—S. Kann Sons Co.; Miss B. Worfield, hosiery, gloves; 462 4th Av.

WILMINGTON, Del.—Delaware Notion House; H. Topkis, underwear, shirts, hosiery, gloves; 350 B'way.

WORCESTER, Mass.—John C. MacInnes Co.; T. J. McNamara, men's furnishings; 462 4th Av. (D. G. Union).

YORK, Pa.—Chas. H. Bear & Co.; F. Jones, coats, suits, furs, waists; Imperial.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—George L. Fordyce & Co.; H. F. Burchfield, coats, suits, furs, &c.; 333 7th Av. (J. M. Biggins); McAlpin.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio — Strouss-Hirschberg Co.; H. Goldstein, mdse. mgr., bargain basement; 1,150 B'way; Park Av.

PLAN TO POOL FREIGHT CARS

Warfield Tells Senate Committee of Securities Association Work.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 26.—Permanent standing conference committees have been named by the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities and by the Association of Railway Executives to discuss the proposals for pooling interchangeable freight cars under a central agency, advocated by representatives of the security owners before the Interstate Commerce Commission in February last.

This was revealed in a statement before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce today by S. Davies Warfield, President of the association of security owners, when a tentative bill was presented for the Federal incorporation of the National Railway Service Corporation. This is the agency of a public character, operating without profit, organized by the association of security owners under State charter to demonstrate its feasibility and economic necessity, and which has financed equipment for a number of carriers. Under Federal charter its operations and usefulness would be extended.

Advantages of this agency are set forth also for financing the rebuilding of freight cars without cash margin from the carriers, and far-reaching plans are disclosed for car repair and rehabilitation. "Enormous savings" are said to be obtainable and many of the "fundamental causes for the present unrest would be largely eliminated." Many of the 330,000 bad-order cars in the country—increasing because of the strike—can thus, it is said, be expeditiously and economically rebuilt.

The Service Corporation will be managed by a board of sixteen trustees, equally divided between railroad officials and officials of public investing institutions, not bankers, such as mutual life insurance companies and savings banks, representing millions of investors. Under the full scope of its operations the Service Corporation, it is asserted, will save over $300,000,000 per annum.

Wholesale Only

Stylish **DRESSES** for **STOUT** Women made by

Blogg & Littauer

Manufacturers of Stylish Clothing for Stout Women

151 West 26th Street

The Unger Stylish Stout Coat Co.

151 West 26th Street

S. E. BLOGG, Pres. DAVID J. GOLDMAN, Vice Pres. ED. R. PECKERMAN, Treas.

Wholesale Only

Surefire **DRESSES** PROFITABLE $25.00 RETAIL VALUES of NEWEST AUTHENTIC MODES BIG VARIETY PROMPT DELIVERY

SATIN CANTON

MORRY SCHULMAN & DESSAU

29-35 WEST 32ND ST, 30-34 WEST 33RD ST, NEW YORK

Wholesale Only

REISMAN, ROTHMAN & BIEBER

GIRLS' COATS

Unbeatable Style Assortments at Lowest Prices Have Made Us

AMERICA'S LARGEST MANUFACTURERS

1372-1382 BROADWAY AT 37TH ST., N. Y.

Wholesale Only

The Talk of the Town

LIGHTNIN' **BIJOU DRESS VALUES**

Dresses by the thousands in all the leading Fall materials and colorings for shipment at once

BIJOU DRESS CO.

303 FIFTH AVE. AT 31ST STREET NEW YORK

Wholesale Only.

Better than ever

PILLER DRESSES

$16.75 to $39.50

PILLER BROS. AND CO. 129 W. 36TH ST. NEW YORK

CHAS. PILLER BEN & HERSCHEL BEN PILLER

"PILLERS" OF THE INDUSTRY

Wholesale Only

WHY WORRY!

Your Business Will Shoot Ahead When You Buy

DULBERG DRESSES

$6.75 to $21.75

Cantons—Crepe de Chines—Crepe Satins—Poiret Twills

On the Racks for Immediate Delivery

Louis Dulberg Co. 12-14 West 32d St., N. Y.

MERCHANTS AND BUYERS ARE FINDING IT PROFITABLE TO ATTEND THE

Exhibit Hours 8:30 A.M. To 6:00 P.M. Daily

NEW YORK MERCHANDISE FAIR

71ST. REGIMENT ARMORY (5TH ST. & FOURTH AVENUE)

All This Week 8:30 A.M. To 6:00 P.M. Daily

MORE THAN 10,000 ITEMS ON DISPLAY

Merchants and Buyers can inspect and compare the lines of 300 of the country's leading manufacturers, importers and distributors, who will display more than 10,000 different merchandise items. Mostly Fall and Holiday Goods. Competition amongst the various exhibiting concerns assures your getting the lowest prevailing market prices on all purchases.

ATTEND AND SAVE MONEY!

Wholesale Only

498 Seventh Ave. GARMENT CENTER CAPITOL

FEATURING COATS of SALTS PLUSH FUR-TRIMMED TO RETAIL AT $10.00 up

PILE FABRIC **UNIVERSAL** COAT HOUSE Inc.

Wholesale Only

MARIANNE CREATIONS

FOR STOUT WOMEN

COATS, WRAPS & SUITS

You can see at a glance that they are just what you want, and when you see the very moderate prices, you'll BUY.

Examine our new line now ready.

See them,

Simon, Goodman & Lipshitz

305 SEVENTH AVE. New York City

COATS & SUITS that express the BLOOM of YOUTH

Wholesale Only

Once a customer—always a customer. Our values are without comparison.

MANNISH SPORT COATS

in all the newest materials

also

DRESS COATS

in the wanted fabrics

Many of our garments are adaptations from the latest Parisian models.

Prices ranging from

$10.75 to $79.50

I. D. KARPAS & CO.

15-17-19 East 26th St., New York.

"An Ever Growing Patronage Tells Our Story"

Wholesale Only

Heidt's Line of **COATS & WRAPS**

are always in demand. Skillfully designed. Developed in

ORMADALE
VELVERETTE
NORMANDY
CORDONA
STEWART'S
BOLIVIA

Price Range $15.75 to $67.50

BENJAMIN HEIDT

MANUFACTURER

141-145 West 36th St., New York

Wholesale Only

Distinctive **FROCKS** for Girls, Flappers and **The Junior Miss**

Dresses far removed from the commonplace. In Silk and Wool.

$4.75 to $16.75

May-Bur Dress Co. Inc.

13-15 W 28th St. N.Y.

To buy or charter small motor craft consult the Boats—Launches—Engines section classification on the sports page of The New York Times.—Advt.

LATEST DEALINGS IN REALTY FIELD

Fourteen-Story Apartment Hotel on West Sixty-Ninth Street Sold.

HOLDING PRICE $500,000

De La Salle Institute Buys West Side Building for New Home.

The fourteen-story apartment hotel at 19 to 21 West Sixty-ninth Street, held at $500,000, has been purchased by Max Engleman, proprietor of the Garden restaurant on Madison Avenue.

Frank Locker, Isidor Zimmer and Samuel Resnick sold the property through William H. Peckham. The structure stands on a plot 40 by 100.5, located near Central Park West. It contains four two-room suites and two single-room apartments on a floor, and returns an annual rental of approximately $102,000.

The Zimmer-Resnick-Locker syndicate purchased the structure last March from Louis Kramer, who bought it two months previously from the Waitt Realty Corporation, which erected it a few years before. Last week the selling syndicate sold the Holland Court apartments at 315 and 317 West Ninety-eighth Street, valued at $360,000, to Louis Arnheim and Joseph Fleischer.

De La Salle Institute Buys.

Elizabeth H. Kelly, executrix, sold to the De La Salle Institute, which last year disposed of its home at 108 and 110 West Fifty-ninth Street, where it had been located since 1902, the four-story dwelling at 19 West Seventy-fifth Street for $48,000.

The house stands on a lot 23 by 102.2 feet, and is located between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue.

When the institute sold its Fifty-ninth Street property it was announced that a new school would be erected on the grounds of the proposed Manhattan College group opposite Van Cortlandt Park.

The Fifty-ninth Street site was purchased by the Copley Hotel Studios, Charles K. Eagle, President, for improvement with a twenty-story co-operative apartment house.

West Side Apartment Deals.

The five-story flat at 302 Amsterdam Avenue, adjoining the northwest corner of Seventy-seventh Street, on a lot 25 by 100 feet, has been purchased by Henry S. Mansfield from Michael Johnnides. It was held at $55,000. Samuel Kaplan was the broker.

James H. Cruikshank, operator, purchased from Flora S. Kayser 159 West Eighty-sixth Street, a five-story apartment house on a plot 25 by 102 feet, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues. It was held at $70,000. Harry Sugarman was the broker. There is one seven and one eight room apartment on each floor.

SUBWAY TO GET SHOP SITE.

Transit Commission to Obtain Land in Brooklyn by Condemnation.

Condemnation proceedings will be begun by direction of the Transit Commission to acquire the site in Brooklyn for an additional car storage yard and repair shops for the subway cars of the New York Municipal Railway. Title to the yard property will be vested in the city, so that at the termination of Dual Contract No. 4 between the city and the B. R. T. the city will obtain possession of the yard.

The land which it is proposed to take is about sixty acres bounded on the east by Shell Road, which is traversed by the Culver Line, and on the west by the Sea Beach Line. The northern boundary is about 400 feet south of Eighty-sixth Street and the southern boundary is Hubbard's Creek and Coney Island Creek.

All but two and one-half acres of the property is owned by the Coney Island and Brooklyn Terminal Company. It was once largely marsh land, but was filled in with soil excavated at the time of the reconstruction of the Sea Beach Line. The court will fix the price at which the property should be taken over.

TENANT WINS A STAY.

Efforts of Dr. Laura Riegelman to Dispossess a Woman Are Blocked.

Further efforts by Dr. Laura Riegelman, sister-in-law of Borough President Riegelman of Brooklyn, to dispossess Mrs. Elizabeth Nugent from the premises at 179 Taylor Street, Brooklyn, which is owned by Dr. Riegelman, were blocked yesterday by Presiding Justice James C. Cropsey of the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court, when he issued a stay pending a decision by the Appellate Term on an appeal taken by Mrs. Nugent.

In the papers filed with Justice Cropsey Dr. Riegelman said she sold her house at 43 Taylor Street and wanted the house at 179 Taylor Street for her own use. Mrs. Nugent, who has lived with her family at her present address for ten years, disputed Dr. Riegelman's good faith in her assertion that she wanted the premises for her home. When the case came before Municipal Court Justice Jacob Strahl he decided for Dr. Riegelman, but he gave Mrs. Nugent a stay until June 19.

YONKERS HEIRS INTERPOSE.

May Contest Will of Alexander McKenzie, Who Left $900,000.

ST. PAUL, Minn., July 26.—The possibility of a contest over the $900,000 estate of Alexander McKenzie, pioneer political leader of North Dakota, who died recently, was indicated when his will came up before Probate Judge Howard Wheeler, it was learned today.

Ambrose Tighe, attorney, appeared in court with Miss Jeanette Alpha McKenzie of Yonkers, N. Y., the only unmarried child of McKenzie, and announced that any testimony in the proof of the instrument offered as the last will should be taken subject to the rights of his clients to make objections. Mr. Tighe also represents Miss McKenzie's two full brothers, Alexander McKenzie and Thomas O. McKenzie, both of Yonkers.

Mr. Tighe asked that the Court provide an allowance for Miss McKenzie pending the settlement of the estate. Hearing on the probate of the will was continued for one week.

The facts of Mr. McKenzie and the discovery of his will disclosed that he had been married twice.

Under the will the residue of the estate is given to his two daughters by his first marriage, Mrs. Ann C. McKenzie McDonald of Sequaud, Quebec, and Mrs. Mary Barbary McKenzie Foster of West Mound, Quebec, while the three children born of his marriage to Mrs. Elva McKenzie receive but $50,000 each.

P., C., C. & St. L. Declares Dividend.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—The Directors of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad Company today declared a dividend covering a period from January, 1921, to July, 1922, at a rate of 4 per cent. a year, being an aggregate of 9 per cent. for the period. The dividend is payable Aug. 15 to stockholders as of Aug. 7, 1922.

PITTS. MANSION RESOLD.

Operator Disposes of $1,000,000 Peacock Property Taken in Trade.

Frederick Brown, the realty operator who recently sailed for Europe on a five weeks' vacation, has resold by wireless the $1,000,000 Alexander E. Peacock mansion located in Pittsburgh, Pa., to E. J. Riffle of the same city.

Mr. Brown acquired the property from Mr. Peacock in December, 1921, in exchange for the fourteen-story loft building at Broadway and Twelfth Street. Mr. Riffle paid all cash for the property, and it is understood will convert the building into an apartment hotel.

The mansion, which is called "Rewanlea," contains fifty-one rooms and is located on a square block, bounded by North Highland Avenue, Jackson Street, Wellesley Avenue and Farragut Street; the frontage on Farragut Street is 210 feet.

BUY VILLA SITES.

Will Build Homes on Westchester-Biltmore Club Property.

Announcement is made of the purchase of an acre of land each by men of prominence who will build country residences ranging from $40,000 to $60,000 each on the property of the Westchester-Biltmore Country Club at Rye.

The plots sold are restricted. They border upon the golf links, tennis courts, polo fields and bridal paths. Those who have purchased plots and are now having plans drawn for building residences are Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, State Health Commissioner; Herman Mergenthaler, who is the son of the inventor of the famous linotype machine; Samuel G. Allen, Dr. James Porter Mills, John N. McKinnon, Colonel Henry W. Sackett and Thomas Hilliard.

Unusual Fifth Avenue Lease.

A lease of a store and basement in the Heckscher Building, southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, was made yesterday by Arsene J. Van Exem, retailer of jewelry and precious stones. The store adjoins on the north that occupied by Mosea, Inc., and has a frontage of 18 feet on Fifth Avenue and a depth of 80 feet.

A feature of the lease is that while the Anahma Realty Corporation, owners of the building, granted a lease of twenty-one years, only the first ten years provide for the payment of a stipulated rental. The lease further provides that the remaining eleven years shall be subject to reappraisal, but stipulates that a minimum rental shall be paid. Arsene J. Van Exem has been for the last twenty years manager of M. Teela & Co. at 398 Fifth Avenue, and will move to his new location about Oct. 1.

William D. Bloodgood & Co. represented the lessee and Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., represented the lessor in the transaction.

Sixty Acres for B. R. T. Yard.

Condemnation proceedings are about to be begun, by direction of the Transit Commission, to acquire the site for an additional car storage yard and repair shops for the subway cars of the New York Municipal Railway Corporation.

Title to the yard property will vest in the city, so that at the termination of dual contract 4 between the city and the B. R. T. Company the city will obtain possession of the yard.

The proceedings will be conducted by the Corporation Counsel upon the application and direction of the Transit Commission. The land which it is proposed to take is a little less than sixty acres in area.

It is bounded on the east by Shell Road, which is traversed by the Culver Line of the B. R. T. system, while the western side of the property is adjacent to the Sea Beach Line of the B. R. T. system. The northern boundary of the property is about 400 feet south of Eighty-sixth Street, while at its southern extremity the property reaches to Hubbards Creek and Coney Island Creek.

Bronx Borough Deals.

The five-story apartment house at 831 East 148th Street, plot 32 by 85 feet, has been sold by Cahn & Cahn to Michael Abramowitz. William Kelleher of the Edward A. Arnold firm was the broker.

Trube & Monroe sold for Abraham Wanderman to Grace Arcaro the four-story tenement at 1,308 Southern Boulevard, and also for Abraham Wanderman the tenement at 1,310 Southern Boulevard to Giuseppe Marchibella.

Armstrong Brothers sold to Henry Sahn for Mrs. Regina O'Brien the two-family house at 348 East 194th Street, on lot 20 by 100 feet.

George Price has sold for St. Ann's Church, Catherine F. Johnston and others the vacant plot, 102 by 100 feet, on the north side of 142d Street, 92 feet east of Brook Avenue, to the Gromer Realty Company for improvement with a market building; also for August Kuhn 2,621 Third Avenue, being the southwest corner of 140th Street, and 274 East 140th Street.

MacFadden Firm Leases Building.

Robert Goelet has leased the six-story fireproof building, 1,920 to 1,932 Broadway, corner Sixty-fifth Street, containing over 150,000 square feet, for a term of years, at a total gross rental of over $1,250,000, to MacFadden Publications, Inc. Extensive improvements will be made to the building, adapting a large amount of space for the editorial and executive offices of the tenant, and the balance of the building will be sublet. Ames & Co. negotiated the lease.

Buys Tenth Street Dwelling.

The Cruikshank Company and H. G. Van Vechten sold to a client of Payson McL. Merrill the three-story dwelling at 56 West Tenth Street, on a lot 21 by 100 feet. The purchaser will occupy the house.

New $625,000 School Building.

Plans have been filed for a five-story public school building to cost $625,000 at 126 to 136 East 103th Street, running through the block to 127 to 137 East 104th Street, fronting 100 feet on each street by 197.10 feet in depth. C. B. J. Snyder is the architect.

Building Plans Filed.

Broadway, 5,044 and 5,046, for a one-story salesroom and garage, 40.8x91.10; M. D. Strong and M. D. Basnein, 361 West 180th St., owners; J. De Hart, 1,099 Fox St., architect; cost, $8,000.

Grant Av., n. w. corner 161st St., one-story brick garage, 183.50x110; O. K. Building Corp., owners; David Brahspin, 1,862 Clinton Av., President; John De Hart, 1,099 Fox St., architect; cost, $50,000.

Wythe Av., n. e. corner 170th St., one-story brick stores, 110.04x88.44; Johnson Dieckel Co., owners, Harry Johnson, 810 East 188th St., President; Charles Kraymborg, 2,534 Marion Av., architect; cost, $22,000.

Rochelle St., n. s., 384.61 ft. w of City Island Av., one-story frame dwelling, 20x43.6; William Miller, 714 East 134th St., owner; Fred Hammond, 1,904 Valentine Av., architect; cost, $7,500.

Bronx Boulevard, w. s., 367.23 ft. n. of 241st St., two-story frame dwelling, 16.36; William and Anna Mooney, 1,700 Bussing Av., owners; Alvin A. Allison, 50 Missing Av., South Orange, N. J., architect; cost, $4,000.

Grand Av., e. s., 127.8 ft. n. of 176th St., two two-and-a-half-story brick dwellings, 24.4x40, and two one-story brick garages, 12x20; Christmas Wilkes, Manchester, owners; Anton Pirner, 2,000 Westchester Av., architect; cost, $15,000.

279th St., n. s., 325 ft. e. of Bronxwood Av., two-story brick dwelling, 21.3x50; Madaline Morgan, 220 East 161st St., owner; M. V. Del Gaudio, 158 West 45th St., architect; cost, $16,000.

Tiernan Av., w. s., 175.2½ ft. n. of Bartow Av., two-story frame dwelling, 22x40, and one-story frame garage, 10x15; F. J. Mesmantio, 555 East 96th St., owner; Frank J. Schefolk, 4,168 Park Av., architect; cost, $7,000.

De Reimer Av., w. s., 150.09 ft. s. of Nereid Av., two-story brick dwelling, 20x45; Michael Reilly, 838 Whitlock Av., owner; Kingsley Light, Mamaroneck, N. Y., architect; cost, $9,500.

230th St., n. s., 306.44 ft. w. of Bronxwood Av., two-story frame dwelling, 20x50; Peter Reiley, 850 East 184th St., owner; H. E. Iarsen, 3 Court Square, architect; cost, $7,000.

SMALL REALTY PARCEL.

Private Ownership Inscribed by Tiles in Two-foot Plot.

One of New York's small real estate parcels was brought prominently to notice yesterday, when workmen laid yellow and black tiles in the space used as a sidewalk at the southwest corner of Christopher Street and Seventh Avenue making the following inscription:

"Property of the Hess estate, which has never been dedicated for public purposes."

The tiles aroused considerable interest. The parcel is triangular in shape, about twenty-four inches on one side and twenty-six inches on the other. It is one of the smallest pieces left in private ownership as a result of the cut through a few years ago of the Seventh Avenue extension from the head of Varick Street north. It adjoins other small parcels fronting on Seventh Avenue and Christopher Street.

The owner of record of this tiny leftover parcel is the D. H. Hess estate of Philadelphia, and it has been assessed on the tax books for $100.

Suburban Buyers.

George Howe sold for Mrs. Virginia Hatch her Colonial residence with garage on Terrace Avenue, Pelham Manor, to C. Allen.

Plots at Flushing have been sold for the Rickert Brown Realty Company by the O. Brammer Jr. Company to Olaf Waring on Nineteenth Street near Broadway, to Fred Schnell and to Fred V. Bruch on Seventeenth Street.

Herman Frankfort sold for L. & A. M. Block to John L. Leibowitz a plot on the west side of Burton Avenue, between Chapman Road and Browers Point Road, Woodmere, L. I.

Auction Result.

By James J. Donovan.

Inside plot, 35x125, 84.9 ft. n. w. c. of Walton Av. and 50.1 ft. n. n. w. of 172d St.; Anna R. Crosin against Annie Downey et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; amount due, $4,830; taxes, &c., $422; to the plaintiff for $1,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Look Ahead Financially

Perhaps you are just breaking even when you might be prospering if you had your 1922 rentals in a lump sum. My rent conversion plan is your solution. It's prompt, reasonable, practical and confidential. Investigate. Telephone today to Fitzroy 3916.

Columbia Trust Building
N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 34th St., N. Y.

MONEY TO LOAN.
1ST AND 2D MORTGAGE.
MANHATTAN AND BRONX IMPROVED
Robert Levers, 152 West 42d St.

MORTGAGES & BLDG. LOAN
Manhattan and Bronx, $10,000 and up.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES
143th St. and 3d Av. 32 Nassau St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

15 East 32d St.
STORE & LOFT
50x100

49 West 24th St.
STORE & LOFT
45x100
Immediate Possession
or Feb. 1923
Julius Tishman & Sons
280 Madison Ave. Vand. 1977

17-19 W. 17th St.
100% Sprinkler
53x92, 7th Loft
Possible to Divide

29-31-33 W. 38th St.
Spring Bldg.
Small Office—11th Floor

The Hearn Corporation
67 Fulton Street, N. Y.
Tel. Beekman 1354-5

OFFICES
Overlooking Times Sq.
Small Units, Single or En Suite
$3 Per Sq. Ft. Up.
Unusual Display Windows
1493 Broadway
Renting Agent on premises, or
Phone Murray Hill 8500.
Ask for Mr. Young.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

AUCTION SALE
by
F. W. PERKINS, AUCTIONEER,
72 Weybosset St., Providence, R. I.
THREE-STORY FACTORY BUILDING
and 6,426 Square Feet of Land in Bristol, R. I., to be sold at Public Auction
SATURDAY, JULY 29, 1922,
at 3:30 P. M. (daylight saving time), on the premises.
This property is situated at the corner of Washington and High Sts., at present used for a Macaroni Factory.
The building contains 10,809 square feet of floor space, with boiler for heating and electric power; good railroad facilities and low taxes.
Particulars of Peter Laudati, 67 Weybosset St., Providence, R. I.

REAL ESTATE.

ATTENTION
Exchange Propositions
OFFERED
Brand plots, free and clear, $50 to $100 each.
Brooklyn Business property; $250,000; free and clear.
Manhattan improved, $650,000; free and clear.
Riverside Drive; $40,000 equity; $35,000 cash.
Acreage near N. Y.; free and clear; $350,000.
Westchester; $20,000 and $100,000; improved; free and clear.
Exchanges holdings of apartments established.
Principals only.
L. E. WAKEMAN
193 Broadway Tel. 0718 Cortlandt

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Department of Finance
City of New York
Charles L. Craig Comptroller

July 24th, 1922.

In order to dispose of numerous properties which The City of New York no longer requires for public purposes, such as old school houses, old police stations, fire engine houses, and miscellaneous real estate, improved and unimproved, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund have inaugurated the policy of selling such properties at public auction.

The results of this policy will be; first, to decrease the expense of carrying unrequired property and thereby reduce taxation; second, to restore such property now exempt from taxation, to the tax rolls and thereby increase revenues; and third, to permit of the improvement and development of such city properties for private business, industrial and residential uses.

All persons desirous of investing in New York City real estate will find it to their advantage to examine these properties. Everyone is free to bid and the auctioneers will make the sale to the highest bidders.

The terms are liberal, in order to permit those of moderate means to invest. The City will allow 75 per cent of the purchase price to remain on bond and mortgage for 5 years at 5 per cent interest and the principal may be paid at any time.

An illustrated catalogue containing the terms and conditions of sale and a full description of each parcel, has been prepared and may be had upon application.

(Signed) CHARLES L. CRAIG,
Comptroller of the City of New York.

The City of New York

CHARLES L. CRAIG, Comptroller

Announces the Sale by

PUBLIC AUCTION

OF

202 Parcels improved and unimproved Real Estate

in the Boroughs of

Manhattan, The Bronx, Brooklyn, Queens and Richmond

The sale of these properties has been authorized by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund. They include real estate no longer required for City purposes such as;

Old School Houses Old Police Stations
Fire Engine Houses Miscellaneous Real Estate

75% at 5 per cent

Seventy-five per cent. of the purchase price, or such portion as the purchaser may desire, may be paid by the giving of a purchase money mortgage and the bond of the purchaser running for five years, with interest at five per cent., the purchaser to pay the recording tax, the recording fee, and all Federal or State taxes or fees in relation thereto, except the mortgage tax.

The property will be conveyed by the City of New York free and clear of all taxes and assessments which have become a lien thereon on or prior to the date of sale.

The sale of these properties will be held as follows:

MANHATTAN, BRONX AND QUEENS
at 69th Regt. Armory, Lexington Ave. and 26th St., Manhattan, August 9, 10, 11 and 28, 1922.

BROOKLYN
at 23rd Regt. Armory, Bedford and Atlantic Aves., Brooklyn, August 14, 15, 16 and 29, 1922.

RICHMOND
at County Court House, St. George, Staten Island, August 17, 1922.

For descriptive catalog, terms and conditions of sale apply to AUGUSTUS J. RINN, Appraiser of Real Estate, Room 733, Department of Finance, Municipal Building, or the following authorized Auctioneers.

HENRY BRADY, 189 West 23rd St. New York.
THOMAS A. HOVENDEN, 187 Montague St., Brooklyn
Joseph P. Day Auctioneer Inc. 67 Liberty St., N. Y.
SAMUEL MARX, 115 West 23rd St. New York.
THEODORE ARCHER, 40 New York Ave., Jamaica.

Be sure to see Sunday newspapers for further notice of sale and description of properties.

REAL ESTATE.

EDWIN H. HESS
Business Building Management
A Highly Specialized Service
250 FIFTH AVENUE
Phone Madison Square 6388

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

For Rent At
PELHAM MANOR
UNFURNISHED APARTMENT
Housekeeping; 6 well arranged rooms, 2 baths. Garage. Possession August 1st. Can be seen after Tuesday. Phone Pelham 1997.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave. Murray Hill 6826

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TO REAL ESTATE INVESTORS

Are you amortizing depreciation? I ask this question because I find many are. I have assisted several to change. They did not know the ruinous policy they were pursuing. If you are an Investor, the amortization of a mortgage on rightly selected income property means added income, by interest compounded at about 6% annually. In time this adds greatly to increase in income. Let me show you a 10 year statement of amortization and income. I am sure it will surprise you.

$75,000 Equity

High-class 50 ft. nine story fireproof apartment, 5 short walks from 72nd St. and Broadway. Let me explain to you how this investment will work out upon the above plan. It is really interesting.

WILLIAM H. PECKHAM
Real Estate Investments
Established 1887
Tel. Col. 1114 200 West 72nd St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

$8,000 Bargain
$1,000 Cash
$65 Monthly

Owner, obliged to sell, offers beautiful modern cottage in Northern New Jersey, convenient to Manhattan.

Home contains 6 light rooms and tiled bath, hardwood floors, steam heat, large porch, electric light and gas range. Fully screened. Address W. J. LOCKWOOD, 50 Union Square, New York City.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION. REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Public Auction Sale
12 Acres
Factory Property
Waterfront—With Riparian Rights at Railroad Freight Terminal
Facing on Jacobus Avenue
South Kearny, N. J.
To Be Sold
TO-DAY
AT NOON, IN EXCHANGE SALESROOM, 14 VESEY ST., NEW YORK CITY.
Send for Booklet
67 Liberty Street New York City
Joseph P. Day Inc. Auctioneer
Telephone Cortlandt 6744

REAL ESTATE. REAL ESTATE.

15 Minutes from Grand Central
1 Cent Fare to Bronxville

Dividend Paying Two-Family Houses
TAX EXEMPT FOR NINE YEARS
FOR PEOPLE OF MODERATE MEANS

Brick, all modern improvements, with driveway for garage. Lot 25x100. Four rooms on ground floor and six rooms on upper floor. Mortgage runs for 15 years. Your tenant pays carrying charges.

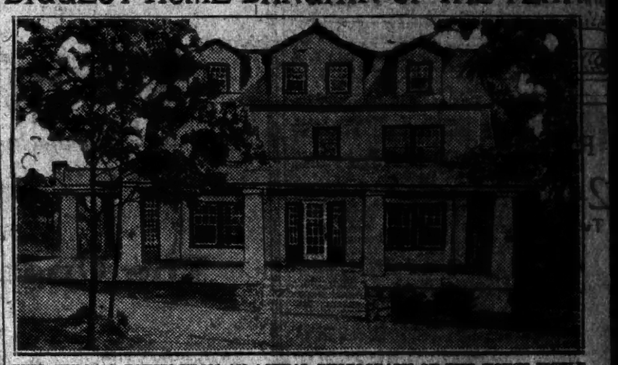
Located on Heiser Street, adjoining Queens Boulevard, Bliss St. Sta. on Corona Line of Queensborough Subway.

Some ready for occupancy this month. Agent on premises daily and Sunday. Write for folder which gives floor plans, terms of sale, and all deatils.

Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc., 149 B'dway
Roman Callman, Co., Bridge Plaza, L. I. City

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET. NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BIGGEST HOME BARGAIN OF THE YEAR



THIS CUT WAS TAKEN FROM AN ACTUAL PHOTOGRAPH OF THE HOUSE ITSELF.

$3,500 SECURES TITLE AND OCCUPANCY

8 VERY LARGE ROOMS, 2 TILED BATHS, HUGE OPEN FIREPLACE, A 2-CAR GARAGE, AND SHADED PLOT 100 FT. ON THE STREET BY 160 FT. DEEP. WITHIN 100 FT. OF THE WATER'S EDGE IN ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE OF N. Y. CITY'S LARGER RURAL SUBURBS. WIDE VERANDAS AND BEAUTIFUL DECORATIVE WORK ADD TO THE MANY ATTRACTIONS OF THIS BEAUTIFUL COLONIAL HOME OF HIGH ELEVATION. IDEAL LIVING CONDITIONS. HIGH CLASS RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOOD. FOR FULL DETAILS TEL. M. E. BOUCHER, 170 BROADWAY, N. Y. C. TEL. 1891 CORT. EASY TERMS. MORTGAGES TOTAL $13,500.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS. TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

The BAR BUILDING
36 West 44th Street
37 West 43rd Street

Ready for occupancy October First, 1922.
An Office Building for Lawyers

A small amount of office space is now offered to desirable tenants. Also one large and small stores on which will be given long-term leases.

After August 15th our offices will be in the BAR BUILDING. Meanwhile, for full particulars, apply to

BAR BUILDING, INC.,
372 Lexington Ave.,
Telephone Vanderbilt 8187

Architects—Severance & Van Alen, 372 Lexington Ave.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

HOME AND GOLF New Development 2750 and 2730
large plots, easy terms, fully restricted, three minutes from railroad station Farmingdale. Golf links on property.
Superior suburban homes and homesites.
110 West 34th Street
Lenox Hills

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FACTORY SITES and FACTORIES
For Sale or Rent
Abundance of male and female help.
Communicate with Secretary of Chamber of Commerce of South River, N. J.

FACTORIES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BROOKLYN—GREENPOINT
2 lofts, 80x200 feet each, in modern concrete building, corner Greenpoint & Kingsland Avenues; sprinklered; on railroad siding; freight passenger; free lighterage to building; light four sides; steam heat, live steam, elevator. Immediate possession; low rent. Phone Gramercy 1223.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

THE ARLIN,
200 West 50th St., at 7th Ave.
One and two rooms, furnished, all with baths.
Rates by week or year.
Apply T. B. McCarty on premises.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Naturally, you are interested in the neighborhood in which you live

IF you would like to live in a neighborhood whose residents are carefully selected and whose ideals are the same as yours, you will be interested in the restrictions that surround home ownership at Jackson Heights.

Jackson Heights

New Elevator Garden Apartment Homes

5 to 10 Rooms—2 to 4 Baths

Golf, Tennis, Children's Playgrounds, Gardens, Etc.

Tenant-Ownership Plan—Liberal Terms *Rental and Business Exposure Required*

Take Subway to Grand Central, transfer to Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) to 25th St. (Jackson Heights) Station.—(Office Opposite Station)

By Motor.—59th St. Queensboro Bridge, Jackson Ave. to 25th St.

20 Minutes from 59th Ave., and 57th St.

THE QUEENSBORO CORPORATION
Manhattan Office, 50 East 42nd St.

NEW BUILDING

114 WEST 70TH ST.
Near Broadway

3-4-5-6 ROOMS

Now Leasing
AGENTS ON PREMISES
SLAWSON & HOBBS
AGENTS

103 W. 72ND ST. 7340 COLUMBUS
JOSEPH P. FAIELLA, Builder TEL. 10106 COLUMBUS

READY SEPT. 15

24 W. 69th St.

Two Apartments on each floor

6 Rooms & 3 Baths
4 Rooms & Bath

Modern fireproof construction. Exceptionally large rooms. Permanent light on all sides.

READY NOW

567 W. 170th St.

2 Short Blocks from 168th St. Subway Station

3, 4 and 5 room elevator apartments

Large, light, modern rooms

Lapidus Engineering Corporation
200 West 72nd St., N. Y., Columbus: 6271

780 West End Ave.
CORNER 98TH STREET

233 West 83rd St.
CORNER OF BROADWAY

High Class Elevator Apartments, Hall Service

5-6-7 Rooms, 1-2-3 Baths

Immediate occupancy can be had on 5 and 6 room apartments. *Rentals from October 1st.*

Also at 780 West End Avenue
7-Room Duplex Apartment—Suitable Doctor or Dentist
Apply Superintendents on premises or
McLAUGHLIN & GORDON REALTY CORPORATION
217 WEST 33RD ST. LONGACRE 2962

Unfurnished—East Side.

67 Park Ave.

N. E. Corner 38th Street
Now Ready for Occupancy
Housekeeping Apartments of
2 & 3 Rooms
Show apartment open until 10 P. M.
Rents $2,300 to $3,600
Maid and Catering Service
APPLY
Fenn & Hillman, 340 Madison Ave. or Shreder & Koppel, 341 Madison Ave.
OR YOUR OWN BROKER

929 Park Av.

NEAR 81ST STREET
Modern Fireproof Building
12 Rooms, 4 Baths
ONE APARTMENT ON A FLOOR.
Possession OCTOBER 1ST.
Apply Supt. on premises or
M. A. BERWIN & CO., 103 PARK AV.

108-110 EAST 81ST

NEAR PARK AVENUE
HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APTS.
4 ROOMS, 1 BATH
6 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Ready about Oct. 1st.
Apply on premises or
ALTAVISTA HOLDING CO.
200 5th Ave. Penn 2956

HOFFMAN ARMS

240 Madison Av.
4 to 8 Rooms.
Also Studio.
Immediate Possession or Oct. 1
Reasonable Rent

Unfurnished—East Side.

Elevator Apartment—Corner
201 EAST 30TH ST.
3 ROOMS & BATH
4 ROOMS & BATH
5 ROOMS & BATH

120 East 31st St.

8 Rooms & Bath—Murray Hill
Fireproof Elevator Apartment. Unequalled Service. Moderate Rent.

Unfurnished—West Side.

125 West 76th St.

New 9-story fireproof apartment house. Two elevators, highest class service. Ready for occupancy.

8 Rooms and 3 Baths.

Apply on Premises or
J. AXELROD & SON
300 W. 72nd Street. Col. 2057.

Strathmore

404 Riverside Drive
at 113th St.
10 Rooms and 3 Baths
$5,500 to $6,500
Large rooms and closets, good arrangement, splendid light and view. Unequalled management and service.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET
Unfurnished—West Side.

3 & 4 Large, Light Rooms

FEATURING IN ADDITION ATTRACTIVE BREAKFAST ROOMS

New Fireproof Building

145 West 71st Street
Near Broadway

Leasing from October

Special Doctor's Office on Ground Floor

FULL PARTICULARS FROM
SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72nd St. Tel. 7340 Columbus

Jacob S. Kahn, Builder
1974 BROADWAY.

REPRESENTATIVES ON PREMISES

BRIGHTON COURT APARTMENTS

150 Claremont Ave.
Near 124th St., One Block from B'way

NEW BUILDING—
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Wonderful View of Hudson River and Palisades, Overlooking Grant's Tomb and Riverside Park.

3-4-5 ROOMS & BATH

Reasonable Rents

RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

AGENTS Slawson & Hobbs AGENTS
162 West 72d St. Tel. 7340 Columbus

7 ROOMS

Unusually Attractive Plan, Giving Maximum Light & Air, Spacious Closets.

Uniformed Elevator and Hall Attendants. Modern House. Best service.

Immediate Possession or Oct. 1st

Rents $1800—$2000

220 W. 107th ST.

SUPERINTENDENT

322 West 57th St.

8-ROOM APARTMENT ELEVATOR.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION OR OCTOBER.

Charles Campbell
Stagg Building Cortlandt 4363

THE CLEBURNE

924 West End Ave. (COR. 106TH ST.)

6 to 10 Rooms
2 TO 4 BATHS

AGENT ON PREMISES OR
L. J. Phillips & Co., 148 West 72d St.
TEL. COLUMBUS 1833.

251 WEST 74TH ST.

Adjoining West End Ave.
2 & 3-Room Kitchenette Apts. with Bath
Apply on premises or
MARK RAFALSKY & CO.
21 East 40th Street Vanderbilt 2027

55 W. 55th St.

Modern 9-Story Apt. Building
3 & 4 Rooms & Bath
POSSESSION OCT. 1 OR SOONER.
Apply Supt. on premises, or
N. A. BERWIN & CO., 103 PARK AV.

2131 BROADWAY

Between 74th and 75th Sts.
7 & 8 Rooms, 2 Baths
ELEVATOR SERVICE.
Rental $2,400 Upward.
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 148 W. 72d.
Tel. Columbus 1833.

THE ROGER MORRIS
ELEVATOR APTS.

4-4½-5-6 and 7 rooms
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
400 West 160th Street
OVERLOOKING POLO GROUNDS.
Near "L" and Broadway Subway Stations.
PHONE WADSWORTH 6700.

No. 1 West 69th St.

N. W. Cor. Central Park West.
Exceptionally light apartments.
6 and 7 rooms and bath.
All modern improvements.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 B'way.

94th St., 315-321 W.

High-Class Elevator Apartment, NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
5 & 6 Light Rooms and Bath $1,350-$1,500
Front Apartment. Southern Exposure.
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

541 WEST 113TH ST.

High-class elevator apartment.
7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
Reasonable Rent.
Immediate Possession.
A. BRANDSTEIN, HARLEM 1512.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

AMBASSADOR ARMS
198th St. & Valentine Avs.

N. W. Corner—1 Block E. of Concourse
All Improvements—Telephone Service.
2 SUITES FOR DOCTOR OR DENTIST
4 ROOMS, $1080—PRIVATE ENTRANCE
5 ROOMS, $1200—1st FL. CORNER
ALSO 4-5 ROOMS, $60-$65 PER MONTH

Unfurnished—Queens.

Garden Apartments
Queens Boulev'd Court

12 minutes by Queensboro Subway (Corona Line) from Grand Central to Lowery St. Sta., at Door.

5-(4 Room) Apartments out of 112 left—$80 per month.

Built around large Interior Park. Light and Ventilation unexcelled. Tennis Courts and Children's Playground.

Best Apartment Value in Greater N. Y.
Stores Available.
ROMAN-CALLMAN CO.
On Premises or Bridge Plaza North, Hunters Point 4700-01. Astoria 1738
LONG ISLAND CITY

MORTGAGE LOANS.

FOLLOWING specific sums to land: $150,000 5½%; 1st exceptionally choice; $50; divisible into smaller loans. Also $25,000, $30,000, $40,000, $50,000, $60,000, $75,000, $100,000, $125,000, $150,000. Numerous sums $10,000 to $30,000. Charges moderate. Singer Bldg., Room 1002.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY, large amounts, Manhattan, Bronx; low interest rates, low fees; also second mortgage money. WARDELL & MARTIN, 245 5th Av. Vanderbilt 8181.

MORTGAGES (first and second)—Applications on New York City improved real estate will receive prompt attention; reasonable rates. A. A. Hageman, 47 West 36th. SLAVE $50,000 for investment on first mortgage 6 per cent. improved New York City property. Trustee B 779 Times Downstairs.

MORTGAGES quickly arranged in large or small amounts on your real estate; reasonable charges. Duress Co., 281 Broadway.

Construction Loans and Second Mortgages. AMOUR-ELLIS CO., INC. 942 Madison Av. Phone Murray Hill 1656.

FIRST and second Mortgage money, unlimited amounts. Mintz, 1,133 Broadway. Watkins 8790.

MORTGAGE MONEY. Westchester Co., seconds preferred. Burke Stone, Inc., at E. 42d.

MORTGAGE LOANS WANTED.

$6,000 SECOND mortgage, for two years, Ridgewood, N. Y., residence; appraised $30,000; first mortgage $9,000; liberal bonus; no brokers. G 547 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Building and first mortgage loans on dwellings, Staten Island. R. Schmidt, Room 705, 32 Broadway, Bowling Green 9660.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

IF an investment of $20,000 can yield a net income of $6,000 a year, it is worth while investigating, especially when the correctness of such a representation cannot be assailed; we have, some well located, new-law tenements, fully rented, at very moderate prices, which will make a very safe investment, even for the most conservative investors; particulars will be furnished upon request. Apply to E. V. Pescia, Times Building. Tel. Bryant 4000.

TWO DWELLINGS.
WEST 207TH STREET
three-story and basement brick, 15 rooms and bath each. Sell separately. Ask $12,000 each. Reasonable terms. Bargains. Make offer.
W. H. CALDWELL,
Tel. 8788 Cortlandt. 198 Broadway.

$4,000 CASH buys 10-family hot water flat; 9's and 5 bath; West 127th St. near St. Nicholas; only two mortgages; rents $3,312; very low; work quick. STEEL REALTY, 153 West 42d St.

10TH AV., 54TH & 55TH ST.
3-4 story Flats and Stores.
Ask $14,000 each; corner $16,000.
One has Bakery and Restaurant; no leases. Easy Terms.
W. H. CALDWELL,
Tel. 8788 Cortlandt. 198 Broadway.

TWO-FAMILY tax exempt stucco houses, East 240th St., Carpenter Av.; eleven rooms, tiled baths, kitchen, parquet floors; separate entrance; garage space; two blocks subway, railroads, schools; cash $4,000; balance easy; terms reasonable. 4,630 Matilda Av., Bronx. One block from houses.

50TH ST., 348-350 EAST—Two 4-story and basement, private dwellings; plot 44x100; nice residential section; will be sold together or separately; separate terms attractive figures. For particulars, apply Owner, 233 5th Av., Room 600, Madison Square 7067.

INVESTORS' OPPORTUNITY.
5-story, 10-family; all improvements; south of West 110th St.; conservative rentals; $17,000 cash; net income $3,400. Sharp & Co., 2,489 Broadway. Riverside 3850.

WOULD you invest $30,000 if I can show an exceedingly large profit on first-class property. This is a corner walkup apartment house, tax exempt, direct from first owners; other good propositions. Hoffman & Schaster, 346 5th Av. Fitzroy 6230.

DELICATESSEN AND BUTCHER.
Columbus and Amsterdam Avs., south of 110th St., choice corner can be had; owner can occupy store and derive substantial income on investment. Sharp & Co., 2,489 Broadway. Riverside 3850.

PLUMBERS, STEAMFITTERS, BUILDERS. Factory building vicinity of West 96th St.; 16x100; grade floor; built full depth of lot; all improvements; price and terms reasonable. Sharp & Co., 2,489 Broadway. Riverside 3850.

BARGAIN—West 60th, near Broadway; 3-story and basement residence, 11 rooms, 3 baths, electric light; possession at once; price $23,000, only $6,000 cash required. M. H. Gaillard & Co., Broadway and 35d St.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
UNUSUAL BUY; PRICE $13,500.
565 W. 156th St., near subway.
3-story and basement, newly decorated; electricity; seen 10 to 5 Thursday.

THREE adjoining houses, Park Av. residential section; 45 rooms, baths; long lease, sale; remodeling, rooming, private school, sanitarium, club, etc. Peck, 424 Madison Av.

WELL located 5-story 25x106; rents $6,312; price $26,000, cash about $7,000; other similar investments call on us.
BERUBE AND COMPANY,
220 West 42d St., Suite 1609.

5-STORY new-law apt. house, 40x106, layout 2-5, 2-4; near B'way; all modern improvements; renting for $15,000, netting 13,-850; price $26,000, cash $12,000. Coughlan & Co., Inc., 200 West 72d.

EXCEPTIONAL BARGAIN.
536 W. 156th St., private dwelling adapted for 2 families, newly decorated; near Riverside Drive and Broadway; price $16,500; inspection Thursday, 10 to 5.

BROADWAY, 1,140 (corner 26th St.)—1,000 square feet for office or show room, 54 feet of quartered oak partition, siterable; fireproof building; sprinklers; brokers protected. Apply 10th floor.

FOR lease or sale, 153-154 West 44th, near Broadway; desirable location high class retail business. For particulars write M. G. Lombardi, 205 Vernon Av., Long Island City. Hunters Point 4700.

PRIVATE houses for rent or sale on West End Av. and Riverside Drive and adjacent streets.
SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

FOR SALE—Grand Central zone, five-story building, 5 car garage on street level, 4 upper lofts for light mfg., show room or storage. E 2196 Times Annex.

SIX story modern 13-family apartment, adjoining Columbia College; 25x100; rents $11,000; first mortgage $30,000; price $58,000; excellent condition. E. R., 105 Times.

BARGAIN—630 West End Av., near 90th St., 20-foot dwelling; electric light, parquet floors, tile bath; price right; easy terms. Caretaker on premises.

OPERATORS, speculators, look! Estate closing out a number of 5-story tenements at only 4½ times rental; big bargains; act quick. T 280 Times.

SIX or seven rooms, with garage; new Van Cortlear Place, at 225th St.; Broadway subway station at 230th St.; small cash payments.

AMSTERDAM AV. corner at 5½ times rent; immediate action necessary; rent $20,000; price $110,000. Pierre & Golden, Bryant 8314.

87TH, 127 WEST—Handsome dwelling, parquet floor, electric light, 2 baths; excellent condition; price right. Caretaker on premises.

DIVISION ST., 329—Executors' sale, front and rear house, deep lot; $18,500; cash $5,000. Listecki, 18 Murray St.

46TH, 118 WEST (near Broadway)—5-story store and apts.; easy terms; excellent investment. N. J. Greene, 1,476 Broadway (Cor. 42d St.). Bryant 9814.

167TH, 640-642 EAST—Storage warehouse, 3-story building, 50x92; just completed. Larkin, 340 East 138th. Stuyvesant 2276.

30TH, WEST—For sale, house, 19 rooms, 3 baths, $23,000; cash required $5,000; bargain. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

24-FAMILY, six-story, 50-foot apartment house; bargain; rent, $16,400; price, $85,000. Durese, 153 West 14th St.

STORE and basement, 78x25, 52 Dey; apply premises. Telephone Cortlandt 8965, Ext. 1

FOR SALE—14 West 75th; terms to suit. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d.

103D, 244 WEST—House for rent; all improvements; newly decorated.

$6,500 WILL purchase lot near 50th St., 9th Av. W 260 Times.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

GREAT BARGAIN for right party for rent or sale; private house with 3-car garage; lot 40x150; plenty room for more; best section Bronx; no reasonable offer refused; call immediately. 1923 Prospect Av., near Tremont Av.

BEAUTIFUL corner house, 14 rooms; plot (55x135); best section West Bronx; must be sold settle estate; bargain. Call at 2,051 Valentine Av., near 190th St.

3-STORY business building, Tremont Av; store and 3 apartments; price $23,000; easy terms. Clement H. Smith, 100 Tremont Av. Tel. 618 Tremont.

ATTORNEY offers 3-story, 50x100, modern apartment, West Bronx; 20 families; $12,500 cash needed. Lawyer, G 834 Times Downtown.

FINEST in Bronx; unusual new two-family brick; 16 rooms; bargain. Gerald Macnamara, 20 East 42d St. Murray Hill 6147.

SEVERAL choice taxpayer sites for sale. Clement H. Smith, 400 Tremont Av. Tel. 618 Tremont.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

$2,000 CASH, balance $9,000 on easy terms; one block west of Van Cortlandt Park and Broadway, just completed, corner Newton and Faraday Avs.; beautiful Colonial two-family; six rooms, bath and breakfast nook; all improvements; wonderful outlook over park; open for inspection, or V. Green Construction Co., 40 West 34th St., New York. Telephone Fitzroy 8800.

EAST BRONX TAXPAYER.
One story, 12 stores, 10 three-room apartments; rents $17,000; asking price $110,000; cash $25,000; reasonable terms. Apply Frederick Ritter & Sons, 19th St. and Broadway, Schuyler 9700.

OPPORTUNITY, 5 TIMES RENTAL.
West Bronx (Tiebout Av.), 3-story new law, 30x58x130; 24 families; rents low at $15,000; price $82,500; cash $25,000; NO BROKERS. FRANCIS M. SANTORA, Tel. Bryant 8259. 1,475 Broadway.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FLATBUSH—Two-family, 11-room brick house, enclosed porches; 2-car garage; lower floor 5 rooms; rental $36 per month; 2-year lease; upper floor 6 rooms, occupied by owner. Wonderful location; easy terms. Write I. A. Chaikon, 127 West 42d St.

MUST sell modern 2-family brick dwelling, completely furnished (with or without furniture), enclosed porch; double garage; private driveway; residential section; block West End subway; tax exempt. 1,571 77th St.

FACTORY and dwelling house for sale with all improvements; good location; plot 60x180. Inquire H. Metzer & Sons, 350 Sneditker Av., Brooklyn.

TWELVE-FAMILY HOUSE, 2 stores; $3,900 income; price $19,000. Tel. South 3178.

Staten Island—For Sale or To Let.

PALATIAL Huguenot Park home that affords everything desirable in respect to elegance, comfort, convenience and location; high elevation, surrounded by shady trees; close to fine bathing beach; there are 9 rooms, 3 baths, large front porch; garage; parquet floors, specially made lighting fixtures; sacrifice $18,500; will sell furnished, if desired; inspection invited. Mrs. Vogel, 1,830 Huguenot Av., Huguenot Park, Staten Island. Phone Tottenville 1428R.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

WOODHAVEN—Near Catholic church, architectual brick dwelling, 8 rooms, bath, electric, gas, heat, oak trimmed, porch balcony; sell all week; price $9,000, cash $5,000. Bechtler, 8,424 Jamaica Av., Woodhaven, N. Y. Forest Parkway L station.

IF YOU are in a position to pay all cash up to the first mortgage, we can offer you an unusual opportunity on a few 6-room houses in an exclusive restricted community in Queens Village, L. I., R. R. Hammond, 17 East 5th St., New York.

ELMHURST.
New tax exempt 7-room all improved house; corner property; elegant location; enclosed porch; open for inspection; reasonable; cash and terms arranged. Benett, 96 46th St., Corona, L. I.

CORNER 2-story frame building, 4 stores. Frank Holub, 22 10th Av., Astoria.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HARMON
ON THE HUDSON.
Let us show you this beautiful suburb among the Westchester hills overlooking the Hudson and the picturesque Croton Rivers; 100 trains daily; station on property; 50 houses there now. Many attractive building lots; why not you? Choice plots $320 upward, easy terms. Write, phone or call for full information.
CLIFFORD B. HARMON & CO.,
51 East 42d St.
Telephone Murray Hill 3226.

DO YOU WANT A BEAUTIFUL LITTLE HOME FOR $1,000 CASH AND $6,500 ON VERY EASY TERMS?
This house has just been completed, contains six rooms and bath, with a breakfast nook; every modern improvement, steam heat, water, gas, electricity and sewers (no cesspool). Open for inspection, Battle and Wilde Ave., White Plains, N. Y.
V. GREEN CONSTRUCTION COMPANY,
40 West 34th St., N. Y. Tel. Fitzroy 8800.

HASTINGS-ON-HUDSON
OVERLOOKING HUDSON and PALISADES.
Attractive 2-family house, 11 rooms, 2 baths; modern improvements, garage; 15 minutes from station, and trolley, 25 minutes from Grand Central; corner plot, 45x100; price $13,500; very easy terms. See Mr. Horner on premises, Ridgefield Place, telephone 0082J Hastings, or Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St., N. Y. C. Telephone 6093 Circle.

OPPORTUNITY—RYE, N. Y.
One block from Long Island Sound.
TAKEN IN EXCHANGE MUST BE SOLD, 7 and 8 and 10 room houses, two baths, garages, all MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; beautifully located; easy terms. Wm. C. Bennett, Forest Av., Rye Gate, New York. Phone Rye 882-R, or Wynne & Low, 505 5th Av., New York City. Vanderbilt 3976-5970.

REMARKABLE REDUCTION—PELHAM.
Solid brick, slate roof, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, glass sun parlor, oak floors, chestnut trim, hot water heat, copper leaders, brick garage, plot 75x135; owner caught short of money must sell; this is the bargain hunter's chance.
EDWARD K. MASSEE,
30 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 6467.

PELHAM MANOR—To lease, unfurnished, Colonial house, unusual distinction, 11 rooms, six bedrooms, three baths; built nine years; perfect construction; attractive situation, in neighborhood long established; garage; $350 per month. 1,013 Edgewood Av. Telephone Pelham 1517.

FOR SALE or exchange, modern residence, Chestnut Hill, Mount Vernon, N. Y.; 10 rooms and bath, electricity, gas, furnace, two open fireplaces; will exchange for small farm within one hour from New York; price $14,500. Owner, Room 313, 663 5th Av., N. Y. Telephone Plaza 2909.

A GREAT BARGAIN IN A beautifully located home in Mt. Vernon, immediate possession; 8 rooms and bath, on lot 80x110; steam heat, hardwood floors, enclosed porch; price $16,000; terms to suit. Anderson Realty Co., 54 East 1st St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

PELHAM—Beautiful home, best section, large plot, 8 rooms, 3 baths, garage; house worth $20,000; owner will sell for $18,000; photo at our New York office. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 8320.

WHITE PLAINS—Most attractive house, 8 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, fireplace, best construction, garage, wonderfully landscaped; price $14,500; act quickly. Chauncey B. Griffen, 18 East 41st St. Tel. Murray Hill 8320.

WHITE PLAINS—Opportunity for quick buyer; attractive stucco residence, centrally located corner, 8 rooms and bath; hot water heat; garage and all conveniences; $16,500. Telephone Vanderbilt 4224.

SCARSDALE, 123 Edgemont Road, beautiful brick Colonial, 10 rooms, 3 baths, hot water heat, Anaconda copper shingle roof, picturesque location. M. S. Keller, owner, 41 West 34th St. Fitzroy 1519.

A STUCCO house of six rooms, sun parlor, sleeping porch, on a nice lot in the residential section of Mt. Vernon; price $12,000. Anderson Realty Co., 54 East 1st St., Mt Vernon, N. Y.

YONKERS—82 Dreve Av., near McLean and Tuckahoe Aves.; take Yonkers Av. cars to Putnam R. R.; new 1 rooms and bath; 50x100; terms. Troop, 600 West 48th St. Longacre 1509.

SCARSDALE, "Edgemont Estate"—Will finance your home and have it built for you in our picturesque community. Scarsdale-Edgemont Corp., 41 West 34th. Fitzroy 1570.

FOR RENT—Attractive house, 8 rooms, 2 baths; possession Oct. 1. Lester J. Nolan, Masseti Bldg., Rye, New York. Telephone Rye 834.

MOUNT VERNON—Restricted section; near station; new two family stucco house, garage; six rooms each. Phone Hillcrest 5048J.

WHITE PLAINS BUILDING PLOTS.
100x150 feet, best neighborhood; near station; Summer rates. L 221 Times.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

IDEAL waterfront site for gentleman's country home, on Connecticut shore, two hours out; about 2 acres, on high headland, within limits and protection of exclusive residence park; maintained roads, gas, water, electricity, sewerage; satisfactory purchaser only; price $25,000; one-tenth cash, balance intervals during four years if desired. W. T. Tale, owner, Morningside, Milford, Conn.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

EASTHORE, L. I.—Exchange $14,000 equity in new Colonial dwelling, large plot, fine location, for one or two family Brooklyn dwelling. T. B. & H. W. Anderson, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

BROADWAY-FLUSHING—6 lots in good location, 5 minutes from station, priced right, terms; must be sold; builder's opportunity. $ 290 Times Downtown.

FOREST HILLS—Brick and stucco house, seven large rooms, 2 baths; garage; plot 80x100; cash $5,000, balance, $11,500, to suit. Telephone Boulevard 6305.

MINEOLA—5-room modern house, all improvements; sacrifice, $6,750; cash, $750. Oerner, Wetzel, 25 West 42d. Longacre 9710.

CALIFORNIA bungalow, new, 8 rooms, bath, all improvements, garage, boating, bathing. Rankeu, Box 832, Amityville, L. I.

FAR ROCKAWAY—Eight-room new brick house, all improvements; near school. Beekman 0936. Far Rockaway 0604.

LONG BEACH—Bay Boulevard; 10-room house; garage; sale, rent. Green. Inquire premises, or 7 West 40th St., N. Y. City.

FLUSHING—Six large, airy rooms, two-family cottage; heated garage; $10,500. 201 Parsons Boulevard. Phone Flushing 0764.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BIG PLOTS
Just Beyond City Line, $5 per month.
Convenient to work in the city, but where there is room for children, flowers, vegetables and chickens; large plot at nominal cost, the property of population; with good markets, schools, churches; assessments; 45 minutes by electric express from New York; 16 trains daily; big plots 50 feet by 100 feet, only $250; terms; surface 50 feet by 125ft. Think of it, $25 per yr. Big plots near Westbury. New York are already scarce. Don't delay until it is too late.
Write for maps and further particulars.
O. J. SCHWENCKE CO.,
226 Fulton Av. Hempstead, L. I.

ROCKVILLE CENTRE,
35 Minutes from Broadway.
Dainty new 6-room houses, glass sun parlors, screens, garage; plot 50x150; price at $8,500 for quick action; others 4, 7, 8 rooms, $6,000 to $15,000; terms as rent.
In the present houses we have some splendid opportunities, any size or type you desire; also a large selection of houses for remodeling, on plots of half acre to 10 acres.
JOHN A. POWER, INC.,
229 Forest Ave. Phone 2570.
56 Front St., Rockville Centre. Phone 1780. Opposite station; open Sundays and evenings.

LONG BEACH.

5 lots Park & Riverside, corner	$40,000
5 lots Park & Long Beach	35,000
5 lots Park & Neptune, corner	7,000
5 lots Park near Riverside	7,000
5 lots Fulton & Riverside, corner	5,000
5 lots Penn & National Blvd., corner	12,000
5 lots Long Beach Blvd.	5,000
5 lots Hudson & Riverside	5,000
5 lots Beach & Jackson Blvd.	7,500
4 lots Beach & Riverside, corner	7,500

J. Clarence Davies, 32 Nassau St. John 1171

FAMILY difficulties compel me to sacrifice beautiful English Colonial house, 7 rooms, stucco construction on large plot; southern exposure; new and modern; centre reception hall; large living room, with open fireplace; large dining room; four master's bedrooms, bath; located in delightful residential section, 40 minutes out; terms or sale. C. C., 267 Times.

CENTERPORT—1 mile of station and shore; property of 4 acres, fine old house 10 rooms, surrounded by huge walnut and other trees, orchard, garden; immediate possession; price only $4,000; very easy terms. L. Conklin, 41 West 34th St., N. Y. Phone Fitzroy 4083.

VERY SPECIAL, DOUGLASTON, $10,500 —Stucco and half timbered, 6 large rooms, artistically arranged, on plot 50x100; possession Oct. 1. S 429 Times Downtown.

TO RENT, at Bayside—Eight rooms, tile bath; best residential section; 11 minutes to station, five minutes to school and the bay; excellent condition; immediate possession; $125 monthly. J. Wilson Dayton, Bayside, Telephone Bayside 1641.

BRIGHTWATERS, L. I.—1 hour from Penn. Station, bungalow and cottage plots, containing 7 city lots, only $400 up, easy terms; book of plans to each purchaser. T. B. and W. Anderson, Brightwaters, L. I., 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

$500 CASH and $40 per month secures possession of attractive new cottage, 5 rooms, bath and all improvements; plot 40x100; located in charming residential community, 41 minutes out; full price $4,500. E. L., 263 Times.

WESTBURY—Two real bargains; $12,500, $5,000 cash, modern 8-room dwelling, garage, sidewalks, macadam street, plots 40 to 50 feet front, 5 minutes to station; best residential district; 40 minutes Times Square, West Shore R.R. 1000 down, $40 monthly. J. J. Dameron's home, opposite station.

RIDGEWOOD—If seeking attractive, best built, 4-8 room homes with garages, large plots and every improvement, write or phone Ridgewood Corp., 377 B'way., L. Worth 1852. Representative at 1 East Ridgewood Av., corner North Irving St., Saturday, Sunday.

A HOME in hills Northern New Jersey, 45 minutes Manhattan; 8 rooms, every improvement; garage; fruit, ornamental shrubbery; fine condition; healthful location; price less than cost. Asahel Chapin, 52 Broadway, Hill 6946.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

IDEAL suburban home for small family of refinement; within 15th trip and commute this distant Colonial home, located in a celebrated summer residential section near New York City, adjacent to the centre of the village, reserve first consideration; 7 rooms, 2 baths, balance of $6,750 on long time; easy terms arranged; the 15 minute train to 23d St. ferry; the 20 minute express to Hoboken; surrounded by several shading oaks; contains 6 rooms and bath and wide verandas; the station is only 100 ft. it is within walking distance of everything; an exceptional location on the best commuting road out of New York City and is offered complete with no extras; there are over 400 commuters from this section now; heating, heating, plumbing, golf, tennis and country clubs are available; together with nice schools, churches and markets; it is vacant and a wonderful place for children; prompt reply will receive personal consideration; for complete information, immediate, 9 to 5, Box 818, City Hall station, New York City.

LARGE HOME of retired gentleman, Montclair Av., Montclair, N. J., convenient to stations; situated on a corner plot 225x162; large trees and shrubbery on well kept grounds; house of shingle and French wide cyrpe; built on brownstone foundation 12 years ago; contains indirect heating system, electric light, hardwood floors, seam ceilings, screened porch, solarium, 9 large bedrooms, 4 large tile bathrooms, 2 magnificent mantels and open fireplaces, rooms all connecting, with large closets in each; double garage on premises; owner instructed us to sell at sacrifice; price $30,000. Fenn & Hillman & Son, Sole Agents, 30 Clinton St., Newark, N. J. Telephone Mulberry 0214.

WONDERFUL FARM BARGAIN, $14,400.
137½ acres, beautiful lake park section, 25 acres in cause, 30 in hay, 20 in rye; apples, pears, peaches; brick filled frame house, 8 rooms and bath; artesian well; fine fireplaces; electricity available; crops planted; chicken house for 2,000 chickens; barn for 10 horses; corn barrib to carry, 3 wagon houses, granary, big horse shed; only $9,500 cash; act quickly. Robert Thatcher, 17 East 42d. Vanderbilt 10080.

JOHN A. BALDWIN, RIDGEFIELD PARK, opposite station; offers for sale 8 room California style bungalow; two tiled floors; enamel trim; open fireplace, fine kitchen, electric lights, sewer, paved street; plot 80x130, beautiful shade trees; near station, garage and schools; 20 minutes 42d St., 5c commutation fare; $1,000 cash, $30 a month and interest.

7TH ORANGES AND MAPLEWOOD, N. J.
Allow us to show you many choice modern houses, 6-7-8-9 rooms; 1, 2, 3 baths.
EDW. P. HAMILTON & CO.
198 Broadway, N. Y. and Orange, N. J.

SUBURBAN PROPERTIES FOR SALE
See Ridgewood—All homes (no mfg.)
30 trains daily; 8,000 commuters.
Send for illustrated booklet.
Rex B., Ridgewood, N. J.

FOR RENT; long lease; 200-car modern garage, 146th St. and Broadway; capacity only 75 cars; apply at office, M. R. Sharpe & Co., Broadway and 42d.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished shop room, office and shipping space; reasonable rates. Room 402, Oppenheimer & Collins Building, 23 West 24th.

TIMES SQUARE (two large connecting offices, completely furnished; telephone; rent $145 per month; immediate possession. Tel. Vanderbilt 1460.

STORE, 32x100; West 47th St., near 5th Av.; $6,000; immediate possession. Nicholas, Inc., 6 East 46th St. Murray Hill 1384.

TO SUBLEASE, desirable office and reception room, 4000 square feet, 4 windows, 37th St., with or without furniture; reasonable rent. Call Madison Square 4800.

DIVISION ST., near the Bowery, entire building, 3 to 4 story-and-cellar; suitable for theatre, suits, lofts, manufacturing; 2,000 sq. ft. 1111 St. Paul Building.

SPLENDID office space for rent in Haviland Building 11 East 24th st., 6th floor; light; possession at once; seen at any time; $1,000 per annum.

PRIVATE furnished office, large waiting room; switchboard; stenographer; rate $50. Suite 1110, Candler Building, 220 West 42d St.

DENTIST (morphine specialist) wanted to share space 46th Av. desirable office; use of equipment; light; telephone; if desired; efficient man only. E 2126 Times Annex.

1,000 SQUARE FEET
OFFICE OR SHOW ROOM
Must be taken immediately; street floor right. 30 Union Square, Room 1010.

OFFICE for dental or other practitioner purposes. Apply Hotel Van Corlear, 43 Amsterdam Av.

SPACE 122 5th Av., $1,500 year; fireproof; manufacturing allowed. Stetson, 1170 Broadway.

PRIVATE OFFICE—Desk room, telephone, stenographic service; reasonable. Room 701, 270 5th Av. Murray Hill 7260.

LARGE light office, 16th floor Aeolian Bldg., with telephone. Apply Chas. A. Jeffery, 33 West 42d St.

FOR RENT, Small office to let, $20 per month; desirable location. Apply Adams & Co., 110 5th Av. Tel. Gramercy 7092.

FINELY furnished office to sublet in Times Building; telephone and service; no lease required. Bryant 6300-0.

PART of store to rent in busy thoroughfare; very suitable for clothing; clothier set up installed. Longacre 6610.

SECTOR ST., 1—Very desirable office room for rent. Telephone Rector 6187 or call Room 600.

DESIRABLE office, suites or floor, at 203 Broadway, 700 square feet; partitioned; rent $125. Murray Hill 6100.

ELEGANT furnished office; telephone; front room; immediate possession. 1,107 Times Bldg.

SUBLET desirable office, furnished or unfurnished; partition. 213 4th Av., Room 1.

FURNITURE LOFT—Light, 4th floor; elevator; 50 top floor, 62x100. 243 West 34th. Chelsea 4743.

OFFICE, furnished; telephone; Times Square district; rent reasonable. E 226 Times Annex.

TIMES SQUARE—Furnished offices; reasonable. Suite 612, Candler Building, 220 West 42d.

SUITE, 37 WEST—Second floor; desirable for decorator, milliner, studio. Opposite Gorham.

OFFICE and desk room space for rent, furnished or unfurnished. 1,487 Broadway, Times Square, Room 810. Bryant 7661.

50 CHURCH ST.—Small, private office; telephone and stenographer's services if desired. Cortlandt 3265.

FOR dentist, parlor floor, large windows; 46th St., near Broadway; low rental. Bruce Realty, 1,465 Broadway.

STORE, 40th St., near Broadway; wonderful opportunity for restaurant; low rent. Bruce Realty, 1,465 Broadway.

FIFTH AVE. (5th Av.), offices to rent; room 1, well furnished. Room 508.

SMALL store, vicinity Times Square; rent $100. Bruce Realty, 1,465 Broadway.

55TH, 15 EAST—Parlor floor, suitable light business, physician.

55TH, 15 EAST

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

Continued from Preceding Page.

FOR RENT—Corner store, Atlantic Av., Linwood St., Brooklyn. For particulars apply drug store, 2,998 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

LOFTS, 5,000 to 9,625 per month; 41 West 21st and 151 West 24th St. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

163 WEST 15TH ST.
Exceptional light manufacturing loft, whole or part. See Superintendent. Longacre 2110.

19TH ST., 527-529-531 EAST—72x92; one-story brick to lease. Estate John U. Brookman, 160 Broadway. Cortlandt 1061.

OFFICES to rent; daylight; reasonable. 36 East 23d, 12th floor. Inquire Superintendent.

GRAND CENTRAL zone, small office or part; telephone, stenographic service. Reply Room 404, 106 Park Av.

Desk Room.

FIFTH AVENUE BUSINESS ADDRESS. MAIL AND TELEPHONE PRIVILEGE, WITH DESK, PART TIME, AND EXPERT LETTER SERVICE, $10 FOR THREE MONTHS. 309-311 FIFTH AV., ROOM 905.

DESK ROOM, reasonable rent, desirable office building, Manhattan, by woman public stenographer and notary. G 953 Times Downtown.

DESK ROOM in high class office; with phone service, $50 month. Knickerbocker Building, Room 722. Bryant 7946.

AT 500 5TH AV. (COR. 42D. ST.)
Desk with excellent service, $10 up.
Mail-phone service, $4. Suite 405-8.

DESK SPACE, with or without desk; telephone, clerical service included. Room 719, 276 5th Av.; entrance 30th St.

DESK ROOM for rent, well furnished office; desirable location. Room 1209, 280 Madison Av.

DESK, telephone, typewriter, in Knickerbocker Bldg., reasonable. Call Bryant 0276 after 10.

DESK ROOM in fine office; phone, typewriter; rent moderate. 1,270 Broadway, 614.

DESK ROOM and mailing privileges, $15. 40 West 34th, 1st floor.

DESK ROOM, electric fans, $10 up; mail privilege, $2. Nelles, 27 Warren.

Brooklyn.

TWO lofts of 15,000 square feet each at 43c. per square foot, with service; second and third floors of new building with sprinklers, heat, elevator and light on four sides. James B. Fisher, 174 Montague St., Main 7267.

New Jersey.

FOR RENT by month or lease, store 18x60 feet, in best business location of Bayonne, N. J. Joseph Levy, 90 West St., New York.

WANTED FOR BUSINESS.

WANTED TO LEASE, if possible with option to purchase, all or part of private house, furnished or unfurnished, in vicinity of Columbia University or on west side, for use of college fraternity; must have large parlor floor to be used as meeting place; if only parlor floor leased, could use several bedrooms for living purposes; latter not absolutely essential but desirable; must be ready for occupancy middle of September; can furnish excellent references; write for particulars. 1760 Times Downtown.

WANTED, vacant plot 100x100, located south of 42d St., north of Canal St., and between 9th Av. and 2d Av., for private garage, warehouse and office; must be cheap; will consider making long lease with owner who will build; give full details with definite lowest price. Address Box 224, care New York Athletic Club, 58 West 59th St.

WANTED, about 1,000 feet for ladies' tea room; within five-block radius Wall and Broadway preferred; state rent, location, particulars. L 786 Times Downtown.

FORMER dry goods representative seeks furnished desk room; location immaterial; $10 monthly. Box 73, Harrington Park, N. J.

WANTED to rent small loft for printing purposes; must be reasonable. A 1166 Times Harlem.

WANTED, loft 50x100, to rent; good location. Sherman & Kirschner, 1,641 Madison Av.

FURNISHED OFFICE, 500-800 feet, partitioned; Grand Central zone. W 255 Times.

STORE; BUSINESS LOCALITY.
Wanted temporary. Phone Stuyvesant 8443.

INSURANCE broker wants desk room in real estate office. G 517 Times.

FACTORIES.

BUY THIS BUILDING,
UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY
RAILROAD SIDING.
35,000 square feet, for immediate occupancy, can be purchased far below actual value; 30 minutes from New York; Sprinkler system; flooded with natural light; two-car siding; unusual loading facilities; terms to suit; act quickly.
FEIST & FEIST,
FACTORY SPECIALISTS.
738 BROAD ST., NEWARK, N. J.

LONG ISLAND CITY—30,000 square feet available, 20,000 on one floor in new, modern, reinforced concrete building; sprinklers, elevators, light on four sides, live steam available, heavy floors. Owner on premises. Pierce Av., between 8th and 9th. Hyellin, Astoria 2296.

CLIENT must sell immediately brick factory, suitable dyeing, Williamsburgh, Brooklyn. Bryant 0262.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

22D, 9 EAST—Two rooms, bath; service; Summer rates. Ring Paddell's bell.

28TH, 23 EAST—Two rooms, bath; reduction. See Superintendent.

31ST ST., 22 EAST.
Two room apartment; light, airy, clean; well furnished; excellent hotel service. Hampton.

32D, 34 EAST (Hotel Regent)—Attractive, newly decorated front apartments, 2 rooms, $30-$35 weekly; one rear, $25; convenient everywhere. Madison Square 1584.

38TH, 26 EAST—Beautifully furnished two room, kitchenette, bath, sun parlor; will sell at reasonable figure. Russell. Seen after 11.

37TH, 147 EAST—Entire floor, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, foyer, fireplaces; unusual.

39TH, 107 EAST—Large living room, bedroom, kitchenette and bath; exclusive Murray Hill section, $100. Madison Square 0337.

51ST, 40 EAST—Two beautifully appointed rooms; service; elevator; immediate, from October.

58TH, 73 EAST—Beautiful large studio room, private bath, furnished or unfurnished.

66TH, 71 EAST—Floor; southern exposure; references; lease reasonable.

66TH ST. (578 Madison Av.)—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette. Call 2 to 6. Wahl.

67TH, 235 EAST—Sublet 5 rooms in elevator apartment house or sell new furniture reasonable. Simon.

69TH ST. AND 5TH AV.—BEAUTIFUL APARTMENT, PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, TO SUBLET FOR THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, AT $150 WEEK. INQUIRE CLERK, NETHERLAND HOTEL.

69TH, 44 EAST—Unusually attractive apartment, 12 windows, 4 exposures, beautifully decorated few months ago; furnishings made by Hampton Shops; paying $400, lease $200, October, longer; bachelors; immediate. Supt.

69TH, 18 EAST—Half price, single, double; two rooms, bath; day, week, month, year; special rates. Jacinto Hotel.

74TH, 28 EAST—Two large rooms, bath; suitable 2-3-4 gentlemen.

87TH, 126 EAST—Five rooms, neatly furnished; all improvements; large kitchen; one block from subway; rent very moderate. Phone, Tel.-1316 Lenox.

90D ST. (Madison Av., Hotel Ashton)—Newly decorated, furnished 1, 2, 3, outside rooms; private baths, buses, surface cars, subways; $12-$16-$20 weekly; hotel service; restaurant.

APARTMENTS attractively furnished; choice localities; long, short leases. CLARK REALTY, 347 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 1450.

FURNISHED three room apartment in high-class house; modern. 175 Lexington Av., corner 31st. Apply Superintendent.

GRAMERCY PARK—Three-room apartment, kitchenette, bath, handsomely furnished; grand piano; special Summer rates. Phone Gramercy 7, Canal 9880.

LEXINGTON AV., 176 (31st)—One-room apt., alcove kitchenette, $55; evenings, Chambers.

MADISON AV. (62d)—October; exquisite two rooms, bath apartment; walk-up; terms if purchased. Tel. Rhinelander 1300. Supt.

Furnished—West Side.

(4TH) EXCLUSIVE (157TH)
FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
APARTMENT RENTING CO., INC.,
178 West 72d. Columbus 1277.

81ST ST. AND BROADWAY—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET, $120 PER MONTH. MR. SPEED, GRAND HOTEL.

29TH, 49 WEST—Attractive studio apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, phone. Patterson.

30TH, 3 rooms, elevator, modern building, immediately furnished; $86. Summer Columbus 1378.

40S—Five rooms, bath, studio 30x20; immediate possession; $4,500. Vanderbilt 1450.

275 RIV. 208 WEST (Scarboro Hotel, at Times Sq.)—Special Summer rates; outside rooms, running water, $12 weekly; desirable outside 2 room suites; $20 and up per week.

24 WEST 45TH ST.
BACHELOR APARTMENT.
Two rooms and bath with maid service. Same (2d) floor.

STRETTON COMPANY,
3 EAST 44TH ST.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator apartment; cleanliness unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, baths, showers, tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; unquestionable references; $65-$125 monthly.

4-7TH, 34 WEST—Two large rooms, kitchen, piano; $45; basement. Newlin. Rhinelander 8884.

49TH, 22 WEST—Delightful apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, beautifully furnished, immaculately clean; immediate possession; southern exposure.

50TH, 74 WEST—Finely furnished two-room, kitchen and bath apartment; all outside; every modern convenience; $75.

50S—Apartment, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; piano; $100. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

50TH, 73 WEST—One room, complete, well furnished; $65.

54TH ST. AND BROADWAY—TO SUBLET, ATTRACTIVE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH, $25 PER WEEK. J. BRUNSON, HOTEL CUMBERLAND.

54TH, 24 WEST—Delightful new apartment 5 large rooms, kitchenette, artistically furnished.

55TH ST., CORNER 7TH AV.
THE IDEAL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE; NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICES; TWO ROOMS, BATH, $100 UP; ONE ROOM, BATH, $90; REFERENCES.

56TH, 208 WEST (HOTEL THORNDYKE).
VERY ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATH.
SPECIAL SUMMER WEEKLY RATES.
FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

57TH ST., 150 WEST—TWO ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE, HANDSOMELY FURNISHED; $100 MONTHLY UNTIL OCT. 1; BACHELOR PREFERRED. BOYLE.

57TH, 340 WEST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT HOUSE, NEWLY FURNISHED; MAID, VALET SERVICES; 2, 3 ROOMS, BATH; $90 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—SEVERAL ATTRACTIVE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH SUITES TO LEASE FROM OCT. 1; VERY REASONABLE RATES. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

57TH ST., 118 WEST—PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET AT GREATLY REDUCED RATE BY WEEK, MONTH OR YEAR. C. R. SCHMIDT, GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

58TH, 108 WEST—Decorator's exquisite apartment; entire floor, 2 spacious rooms, kitchenette, bath, sleeping porch; Steinway grand; price less than unfurnished rental.

58TH—Five rooms, bath, magnificently furnished, remodeled house; entire floor; sleeping porch; possession Oct. 1. Vanderbilt 1450.

59TH, 100 WEST.
Sailing, will rent (immediate possession) for Summer or 14 months most attractively furnished housekeeping apartment, opposite Central Park; large living room, day bed, sunny double bedroom, two beds, completely appointed kitchenette, restaurant, maid service; Ovington china, silver, linen; $175 monthly. Call daily, Apt. 10D. Circle 3918.

59TH, 38 WEST—Sublet two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; overlooking park.

60TH, 44 WEST (near Columbus Circle)—ST. PAUL'S CHAMBERS—5, 6 desirable housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all latest improvements; facing Central Park; full hotel service; Summer rate.

61ST ST., 10 WEST (CORNER B'WAY), ST. JAMES, PARADENA.
SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; ATTRACTIVE SUITES OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $25-$35 UP WEEKLY; SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES. COLUMBUS 7127.

65TH, 44 WEST—Floor and bath, every improvement; $115; Manhattan, west side.

69TH ST., 248 WEST (THE NEW WEST END)—TWO AND THREE ROOM APARTMENTS, BATH, KITCHENETTE, $80 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

69TH, 14 WEST.
TWO-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITE, $20.

70TH, WEST—Attractive light 4-room apartment, 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath, all improvements; reasonable. Columbus 5040.

71ST ST., 10 WEST—Two very large, airy, tastefully furnished rooms, dressing room, bath, maid service; breakfast optional; unusual.

72D ST., 164-166 WEST.
NEAR BROADWAY. HIGH-CLASS MODERN HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, ARTISTICALLY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED CONSISTING OF 3 AND 4 ROOMS, INCLUDING KITCHEN; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES; $125 MONTHLY UP.

72D, 174 WEST—2 large, attractive rooms, kitchenette, fireplace, view of Broadway; beautifully furnished; reasonable. Telephone 9978 Columbus, 12 to 3, or 6 to 7.

72D, 118 WEST (Earlton Apartments)—Under new management; very desirable two rooms, bath, furnished in excellent taste; Summer rates; hotel service; restaurant.

72D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apt. Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; reduced rates.

72D, 20 WEST.
TWO-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITE, $20.

73D ST., 128 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; $18-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

74TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

76TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

75TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

76TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

77TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

80TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer, Columbus 1278.

89TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

90S—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

81ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

81ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

81ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

83D, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

84TH, WEST—Modern 3-room housekeeping apartment, $70 monthly; absolutely clean; splendid location; immediate possession. Telephone 0230 Schuyler.

83D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

86TH, 257 WEST—Luxurious home, two large studio rooms, kitchenette, elevator, maid.

86TH—Seven rooms, 2 baths, $150; piano. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

87TH, 24 WEST—1-2 large rooms, kitchenettes, baths; $20-$30. Owner.

90TH, 67 WEST—Beautiful two rooms, kitchenette; concession; August-September. Riverside 6031.

92D, 60 WEST—HIGH-CLASS FURNISHED APARTMENTS, 2 ROOMS, BATH, $80 UP; MAID AND VALET SERVICE.

95TH (2,534 Broadway), Ordway—One room, bath; three rooms, bath; kitchenette privileges. Summer rates; exceptional value. Riverside 4758.

95TH—5 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; magnificently furnished; $130; Summer. Columbus 1278.

97TH (764 West End Av.)—Three light rooms, bath, kitchenette; piano; $100. Corey.

98TH, 305-311 WEST.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, attractively furnished and completely equipped for housekeeping.

98TH—6 weeks, attractive 7-room elevator apartment; piano; $125. Bryant 7498.

100TH, 325 WEST—Studio, kitchenette and bath in elegant residence, adjoining Drive; $75 up. Riverside 5216.

103D, 206 WEST—3 rooms, kitchen, in 6-room renovated apartment; two flights; telephone, electricity; near subway. Francis.

109TH ST., 107 WEST.
PREWAR PRICES.
2 and 3 rooms, high-class, $18 up weekly. Academy 1611. Open S A. M. to 8 P. M.

110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
Cathedral Plaza, 100 Cathedral Parkway.
One, two, three room furnished apartments, with kitchenette, in high class elevator apartment house; one of the best localities in New York; special rates for July and August for small families with children; also nurses and newlyweds; all apartments just redecorated and painted; rates monthly, 1 room, $50 up; 2 rooms, $75 up; 3 rooms, $95 up; weekly terms arranged; subway 2 blocks, 6th and 9th Av. Elevated one block; bus in front of house; park for children opposite house; choice front apartments now available.
PHONE ACADEMY 0613.

113TH ST., 507 WEST—High-class elevator; four rooms, very nicely furnished, three months, immediate; references required; $125. Sweet, Cathedral 7380, Apt. 43.

115TH, 510 WEST—2 bedrooms, living room, kitchenette; cool; accommodate four, 63 a.

116TH, 210 WEST (HOTEL CECIL)—AT-TRACTIVE ROOMS, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH; SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES; FULL HOTEL SERVICE.

116TH, 205 WEST—Comfortably furnished rooms, bath and kitchenette apartment. Wade-

117TH ST., 507 WEST—Entire floor, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, foyer, fireplaces; unusual.

118TH, 107 EAST—Large living room, bedroom, kitchenette and bath; exclusive Murray Hill section, $100. Madison Square 0337.

119TH, 40 EAST—Two beautifully appointed rooms; service; elevator; immediate, from October.

120TH, 71 EAST—Floor; southern exposure; references; lease reasonable.

121ST, 40 EAST—Two large rooms, kitchen, piano; $45; basement. Newlin. Rhinelander 8884.

122D, 206 WEST—Delightful apartment, 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, beautifully furnished, immaculately clean; immediate possession; southern exposure.

123D, 135 WEST—Sublet two, three rooms, kitchen and bath apartment; all outside; every modern convenience; $75.

123D, 138 WEST—Five rooms, bath, magnificently furnished, remodeled house; entire floor; sleeping porch; possession Oct. 1. Vanderbilt 1450.

124TH, 54 WEST—Two large rooms, kitchen, piano; $45; basement. Newlin. Rhinelander 8884.

125TH, 38 WEST—Sublet two, three rooms, bath, kitchenette; overlooking park.

125TH, 44 WEST (near Columbus Circle)—ST. PAUL'S CHAMBERS—5, 6 desirable housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all latest improvements; facing Central Park; full hotel service; Summer rate.

126TH ST., 10 WEST (CORNER B'WAY), ST. JAMES, PARADENA.
SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL, OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK; ATTRACTIVE SUITES OF TWO ROOMS AND BATH, $25-$35 UP WEEKLY; SPECIAL MONTHLY RATES. COLUMBUS 7127.

127TH, 135 EAST—Floor and bath, every improvement; $115; Manhattan, west side.

129TH ST., 248 WEST (THE NEW WEST END)—TWO AND THREE ROOM APARTMENTS, BATH, KITCHENETTE, $80 UP; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

129TH, 14 WEST.
TWO-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITE, $20.

130TH, WEST—Attractive light 4-room apartment, 2 bedrooms, living room, kitchen, bath, all improvements; reasonable. Columbus 5040.

131ST ST., 10 WEST—Two very large, airy, tastefully furnished rooms, dressing room, bath, maid service; breakfast optional; unusual.

132D ST., 164-166 WEST.
NEAR BROADWAY. HIGH-CLASS MODERN HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, ARTISTICALLY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED CONSISTING OF 3 AND 4 ROOMS, INCLUDING KITCHEN; SPECIAL SUMMER RATES; $125 MONTHLY UP.

132D, 174 WEST—2 large, attractive rooms, kitchenette, fireplace, view of Broadway; beautifully furnished; reasonable. Telephone 9978 Columbus, 12 to 3, or 6 to 7.

132D, 118 WEST (Earlton Apartments)—Under new management; very desirable two rooms, bath, furnished in excellent taste; Summer rates; hotel service; restaurant.

132D, 42 WEST (Royalton Apt. Hotel)—Attractively furnished 2-room suites, bath; hotel service, restaurant; reduced rates.

132D, 20 WEST.
TWO-ROOM KITCHENETTE SUITE, $20.

133D ST., 128 WEST (Hotel Nobleton)—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished 1-2-3 outside rooms; private bath; elevated, surface cars, subways; $18-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

134TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

135TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

135TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

136TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

137TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

137TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

139TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

139TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

141ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

141ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

141ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

141ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

142D, 206 WEST—3 rooms, kitchen, in 6-room renovated apartment; two flights; telephone, electricity; near subway. Francis.

143D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

143D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

143D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

144TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

144TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

145TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

145TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

146TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

147TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

147TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

149TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

149TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

151ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

151ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

151ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

151ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

152D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

153D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

153D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

153D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

154TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

154TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

155TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

155TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

156TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

157TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

157TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

159TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

159TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

161ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

161ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

161ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

161ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

162D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

163D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

163D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

163D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

164TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

164TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

165TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

165TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

166TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

167TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

167TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

169TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

169TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

171ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

171ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

171ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

171ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

172D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

173D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

173D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

173D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

174TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

174TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

175TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

175TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

176TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

177TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

177TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

179TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

179TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

181ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

181ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

181ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

181ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

182D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

183D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

183D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

183D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

184TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

184TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

185TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

185TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

186TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

187TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

187TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

189TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

189TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

191ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

191ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

191ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

191ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

192D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

193D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

193D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

193D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

194TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

194TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

195TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

195TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

196TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

197TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

197TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

199TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

199TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

201ST ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

201ST ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

201ST, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

201ST, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

202D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

203D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

203D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

203D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

204TH, 103 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

204TH, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

205TH, 57 WEST (La Rochelle)—Beautiful 7-room apt.; splendid locality; moderate rent; also doctor's suite. Apply Superintendent.

205TH, 102 WEST—Seven attractive rooms, convenient, Summer, longer. Clarke, 5,384 Columbus.

206TH, 125 WEST—2 rooms, kitchenette, bath, shower; new, beautiful, modern, reasonable.

207TH, 128 WEST.
Attractively furnished two-room housekeeping apartment; modern conveniences. Schuyler 7297.

207TH—6 rooms, elevator; piano, Victrola; beautifully furnished; $135; Summer. Columbus 1278.

209TH, 306 WEST (Riverside)—Front suites, bath, kitchen, $75; cozy studio, $60.

209TH—Six rooms, 2 baths, $155 month (bargain). Elberson, 25 West 42d.

211TH ST. (Columbus Av., Hotel Colonial)—Newly decorated, furnished, 1-2-3 outside rooms, private bath; elevated, surface cars, subway; $15-$20-$25 weekly; full hotel service; restaurant.

211TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.—ATTRACTIVE OUTSIDE PARLOR, BEDROOM AND BATH TO SUBLET; $100 PER MONTH. M. A. BROWER, HOTEL ENDICOTT.

211TH, 114 WEST—Suites, 2, 3 rooms, everything new, baths, showers, conveniences.

211TH, 63 WEST—Attractive one-room apartment, kitchenette, high-class house; reasonable.

212D, 206 WEST—Handsomely furnished 6-room apartment to sublet, until November 1; reference required. Prafney.

213D, 306 WEST—Two connecting rooms; running water; electricity; bath; strictly private.

213D, 307 WEST—Large room, kitchen, bath, $60; also small room, unfurnished, $30.

213D, 141 EAST—2-4 beautiful rooms, bath, hot water, all improvements.

214TH,

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

86TH ST. (at Lexington Av.)—Hotel Gotham, for women only; one room and meals, $16 weekly; elevator. (Telephone, &c.) Half hotel service; newly decorated.

63D, 1 EAST—Choice, cool, large, small rooms, overlooking 5th Av., Central Park; attractive rates balance Summer; home cooking; Christian Protestant family. Telephone proprietor.

West Side.

305 AT 9TH AV.—ELEVATOR. PRIVATE BATHS; EXCLUSIVE RESIDENCE; ROOMS SINGLE, EN SUITE; TABLE UNEXCELLED. CIRCLE 1980.

87TH, 351 WEST (near Circle)—Large, small rooms; French cooking; electricity, telephone.

86TH, 44 WEST—Beautiful cool rooms, private baths; near park; table unexcelled.

72D, 318 WEST (RIVERSIDE DRIVE). Unusual accommodations, beautiful rooms. Double, single; private baths; table guests.

72D, 269 WEST—Magnificent room, with bath; one flight; excellent table; references.

72D, WEST—Subway express; in exclusive, airy apartment; board optional. Columbus 1045.

73D, 63 WEST—The Little House, large, small rooms; delicious home cooking.

COUNTRY BOARD

Connecticut.

NEW PRESTON, CONN.—Unusual board with private family; charming surroundings; Lake Waramaug; surrounded by mountains; unusual opportunity; very high class. Write Mrs. C. E. Rolling, New Preston, Conn. Phone 153-Ring 1-3 Washington, Conn.

CHRONIC or convalescent patients taken; special rates for three months or longer. Write for particulars to Box 22, Cos-Cob, Greenwich, Conn.

Long Island.

BELLE HARBOR, L. I.—Beautiful ocean rooms, first-class table board. Mrs. K. Murphy.

BELLE HARBOR—Ocean rooms; adults. O'Connor, 140 127th St. Belle Harbor 2536.

FLUSHING—Phone 2791; double rooms, suite, semi-private bath, substantial house, four baths; not usual boarding proposition; Penn. Station 17 minutes; Christian house.

NORTH SHORE, L. I., 30 minutes Penn.; 2 rooms, board; private family; bathing. B 201 Times.

REACATE—Select rooms, breakfast only; restricted beach; boats, bathing. Coney Island 2366.

New York State.

JOHNSBURG, N. Y.—Smith's; in the Adirondacks; modern, homelike; 1,300 feet elevation; good table; bathing, tennis, dancing; $15 up; booklet. G. W. Smith.

FOUGHKEEPSIE—Resort on rich private estate, outskirts Wappinger Falls; unexcelled for recuperation and recreation; only few selected families taken. Telephone Goodman, Poughkeepsie 1595, or write Hemlock Health Rest, South Road.

New Jersey.

WILL rent large, handsome room, private cottage, Belmar, N. J., to two or three refined women; one block from ocean; conveniences, electric light, running water, bath; $25 weekly; table board nearby; references. Address Z 2218 Times Annex.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS. LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

75TH, 26 WEST—Miss Edgerdi; desirable rooms, table guests; references.

98TH (Riverside)—Two large double front rooms, private bath, two windows, overlooking Hudson; single front room; elevator. Christian household; home cooking; rooms by weeks during Summer. 29 Riverside; 2,128 Columbus.

79TH ST., 114-122 WEST—Wise, garbed street; unusual, attractive; large parlors, tearoom, lounge; electricity, private telephones.

82D, 129 WEST—One large, one smaller, beautifully furnished front rooms; private bath, every improvement; excellent food; congenial home; must see to appreciate.

82D ST., 124 WEST—Graycourt, most delightful of New York's small residential hotels.

63D, 40 WEST—Beautifully furnished, with private bath; dinners served. Schuyler 3620.

89TH, 322 WEST—Large, cool room, twin beds; excellent table.

BROADWAY (corner 112th)—Large room, private bath; board or without. Cathedral 6646.

OVERLOOKING Central Park, cool room, bath, use spacious living rooms. Columbus 1204.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 540—Cool suite, bath, excellent meals; two $30; references. Parry.

Staten Island.

ST. GEORGE, S. I.—Charming Summer residence, facing bay; 20 minutes Wall St.; delightful commuting; 50 large, cool outside rooms, lovely furnished; excellent home table; select clientele; parlors, porches, lawns, comforts; 14 years one management; weekly, with meals, $18 single, $30 double, up; booklet. Evelyn Lodge, 71 Central Av.

TEN minutes' walk from St. George Ferry, Staten Island, fine view of New York Bay; high-class board and room, $16 per week; also furnished rooms without board, $5 up per week. Call or phone, for reservations, Wisteria, 141 St. Mark's Place, Staten Island. Tompkinsville 2387.

Westchester County.

VALHALLA, Westchester Co., N. Y. Seven Gables Inn and Camp; 65 acres; $14-$25; station 2 minutes; 42d St., 45 minutes; 20 bungalows; tents, fishing, tennis, horses.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.—Rest home for invalids and aged who need care; large sunny rooms, wide verandas, spacious lawns. 10 N. Broadway. Tel 241.

HOTEL PEPPERDAY.

New Rochelle, Main St. and Echo Av.; family hotel, near beach; rate $25 up per week. American plan; Japanese service; garage accommodation. Phone New Rochelle 2064.

Other Sections.

BLOCK ISLAND—Blue Dory Inn; home cooking; bathing free.

ATTRACTIVE, modern house, farm, bathing, hour out. For information telephone Riverside 4631.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

LADY and son desire room and board, balance of season; husband week-end; near water for bathing. W 288 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, double entry, trial balances, statements, control; full charge; advertising, import, export experience; $35. O 436 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert; stenographer; cultured; desires responsible active position where executive ability is important; $35. Lane, 20 West 111th.

BOOKKEEPER, 5 years' experience; executive ability, double entry, trial balance, controlling accounts; best references; $30. B 197 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - TYPIST, Christian; thoroughly experienced; dependable; conscientious; executive ability; references. John 3936.

BOOKKEEPER-SECRETARY, high school graduate; 6 years' references; executive ability. B 1269 Times Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER — Eight years' experience; double entry, trial balance, controlling accounts; $25-$30. B. D., 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER—Young woman, double entry; thoroughly experienced; conscientious; references. G 497 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, competent; trial balances, controlling accounts; highest credentials. Benjamin, 535 Fox St.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, thoroughly experienced, executive ability; highest credentials. L 237 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, ledger clerk, 3 years' experience; $18. G 897 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 10 years' experience, desires part-time position. L 774 Times Downtown.

COMPANION-HOUSEKEEPER—Quiet American woman, Christian, as companion to elderly lady, semi-invalid, or housekeeper in motherless household; highest credentials. Z 2220 Times Annex.

COMPANION, refined, cultured, will act as companion to lady; no objection to traveling; references. L 254 Times.

COUPLE, colored; position city or country. Audubon 9110, Apt. 5, Earl Court.

DEMONSTRATOR—Saleslady for department stores, &c.; any product. L 779 Times Downtown.

DRESSMAKER, good fitter, alterations, remodeling; $5 daily. G 850 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK and office assistant; beginner; languages; small salary. L 264 Times.

GIRL, first-class cook and house worker, best reference. Tel. Audubon 6063.

GOVERNESS — French, visiting; English, pianist; Manhattan, Rockaways, Long Beach, Brooklyn. Schuyler 6293.

HOUSEKEEPER — Country preferred; refined, capable, with daughter 9 years; good surroundings more essential than high salary. Columbus 8216.

HOUSEKEEPER, middle-aged French woman, position small family; no laundry; good cook, manager; references. Burckhardt, 76 East 92d.

HOUSEKEEPER, cook; business couple; colored; experienced; reference. Wilson, Harlem 7435, Apt. A.

HOUSEWORKER, colored, general or child's nurse; references; plain cook, anywhere. Audubon 3623.

HOUSEWORK, chambermaid, waitress; fine laundry; no cooking; excellent references. Schuyler 6063. Roberts.

HOUSEWORK, half time, day, private house or apartment. 24 West 131st. Balsamian.

LADY, refined, executive ability, optimistic, fine character, understands supervising household and servants, wishes position as chaperon or companion to lady; fond of traveling. A 1165 Times Harlem.

LAUNDRESS duties of any kind, part or full time. Telephone Riverside 9219.

MAID, colored; housework, laundress; half or whole time. Audubon 1869, Apt. 2d.

MASSEUSE, 28.357; ladies' medical; Swedish massage, reducing, rheumatics, operative cases; references. Schuyler 4234.

NURSE, infant's; competent; hospital training; reference. Phone Rhinelander 1260; 961 Lexington Av.

NURSE, practical, invalid, child, lady. O'Connell, 114 Remsen St., Astoria, L. I.

OFFICE ASSISTANT; high school education; conscientious, willing; $15. G 835 Times Downtown.

ORDER CLERK, thoroughly experienced, reliable, careful; A1 references. Mott Haven 8407.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 7 years' advertising selling experience; college education; rapid, accurate stenographer; possesses initiative, executive ability; immediately available to relieve busy executive of details; $35-$40. G 841 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY who has worked with physician and understands office routine, sterilization, stenography, typing, filing, cares telephone, desires position with busy physician. G 506 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 6 years' experience in advertising and sales department; executive ability; best references. G 476 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Expert real estate, advertising electric, $50. C 1165 Times Harlem.

SECRETARY, stenographer, correspondent; thoroughly experienced; $30. G 503 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, capable; real estate, general office work; knowledge of bookkeeping; 4 years' experience law. B 306 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced; high school graduate; temporary, permanent; dependable, conscientious. John 3936.

STENOGRAPHER wishes temporary position for 2 or 3 months, uptown, between 40th and 50th Sts.; salary $25. Vanderbilt 6638.

STENOGRAPHER—English, German, young lady with international experience; perfect in both languages. W 239 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, high class, exceptional ability; good education; 7 years' experience. Schuyler 8856.

STENOGRAPHER, exceptionally bright beginner, high school education; $12. G 823 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; Protestant; high school graduate; references. G 496 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, ten years' experience, well educated. L 241 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, conscientious; references. G 495 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian; 3 years' experience; $20. L 289 Times.

TEA ROOM ASSISTANT, can aid in buying, planning, cooking, managing; cafeteria and club experience. Write M. H. S., 36 East 62d St.

TYPIST—Experienced biller; knowledge of stenography, typewriting; reference. B. 1,152 36 Av.

TYPIST, 30, knowledge stenography, good figurer; salary moderate. B 777 Times Downtown.

TYPIST—General office assistant; 2½ years' experience; $16. G 689 Times Downtown.

WOMAN, reliable housework; city, country; reference. Ogilvie, care Gould, 977 Lenox Av.

YOUNG LADY OF EUROPEAN BIRTH AND EDUCATION WILL ACCOMPANY FAMILY OR GROUP GOING TO FRANCE. WILL ACT AS GUIDE; INTERPRETER; FINANCIAL MANAGER OR IN ANY LIKE CAPACITY; IS FAMILIAR WITH EUROPEAN CITIES AND SPEAKS FRENCH FLUENTLY; BEST REFERENCES REQUIRED. F 464 TIMES.

YOUNG LADY with several years' experience as buyer and manager in the department of stationery and engraving of a prominent concern in New York is desirous of a similar position; positive ability can be assured. L 770 Times Downtown.

YOUNG WOMAN, newly in America, wants position governess, companion to lady; speaks German, Russian. B. Brigader, 859 West 147th.

YOUNG WOMAN wishes temporary employment in Brooklyn. G 480 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS, colored, cooks, chambermaids, waitresses; part, whole; anywhere; free; references. Audubon 9012.

MRS. KEMP'S AGENCY—High-grade colored servants; city, country; references investigated. 2,282 7th Av. Audubon 2856.

SOUTHERN help; references investigated. Williams Colored Agency, 45 West 90th. Schuyler 7090.

TINKA ANDRESEN, Scandinavian Agency, 2,204 Broadway, near 83d. Schuyler 7909.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, MANAGER, 29, MARRIED, WHOSE RECORD PROVES HE CAN MAKE MONEY FOR YOU OUTSIDE OF SALES DEPARTMENT; SHREWD BUYER OF PRINTING, STATIONERY AND OTHER SERVICES; SPECIALIZED IN GETTING UP CATALOGUES AND CIRCULARS FOR SALES BY MAIL AND CIRCULATION CAMPAIGNS, AS WELL AS SUPERVISING THESE CAMPAIGNS. G 509 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, office manager, executive, all around; office man, good correspondent; master of accounts, experienced in credits, capable executive, thorough knowledge of income tax reports, 18 years' experience, varied lines, seeks connection reliable house; opportunity for advancement. G 424 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-MANAGER, active man, 32, accustomed using brains and working hard; extensive business experience; accounting, statements, finance, taxes, selling, correspondence. B 194 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, OFFICE MANAGER, credits, collections, correspondent, all financial statements, responsibility and executive ability demonstrated; excellent record; highest credentials. B 192 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, senior; manufacturing cost specialist; varied experience; desires temporary or part time position. Phone Hanson, 1980 Astoria.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, experienced in varied lines, including newspaper and banking, desires evening or night work accounting, bookkeeping or clerical. G 435 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 10 years' mercantile and public accounting experience, desires permanent position; very accurate; references. L 764 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced, college education, desires position with accounting or commercial firm; salary secondary consideration. B 205 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced, will arrange vacation for audit or investigation with or without monthly basis thereafter. McG., 8 1087 Times Annex.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 24, bookkeeper 5 years, accounting student, expert typist, desires position with accountant. B 770 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, public experience, desires temporary or part time position. O'Connor, Walker 5063.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior, experienced, desires position; best references. L 780 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, bookkeeper, cashier, experienced executive ability; highest references. B 210 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, 29, married, university graduate; 8 years' experience; highest references. E. M. Gray, 2 Wall St.

ACCOUNTANT, auditor, office manager, age 32, eight years of experience as public accountant. B 1107 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT, senior, college graduate; varied experience; moderate salary. G 832 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, semi-senior or junior; 23, certified accountant, college graduate; references. G 807 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, college graduate, certified accounting firm preferred. V., 48, 1,230 Broadway.

SALESMAN with car wishes connect with large concern; have covered Eastern Coast; salary and commission. G 170 Times.

SALESMEN (2), EXPERIENCED, WITH CAR; DESIRES GOOD LINE. G 846 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN, 32, extensive experience, wishes represent reliable manufacturer immediately. G 493 Times.

SALES MANAGER or salesman, 32 years' broad experience, hardware specialties, electrical and auto supplies, house furnishings, aluminum ware; open for engagement. N 488 Times.

SECRETARY, 10 years' experience capable, intelligent, pleasing personality. Priest, 244 Union City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 25, Christian, high school graduate, 7 years' commercial and R. R. experience; references. B 792 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in real estate, insurance, office work; present position; salary $30; references. B 199 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 26, executive experience; temporary or permanent; immediately. G 492 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent, desires position; salary $35. G 887 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, 30, Christian, broad experience; excellent references; $30. B 200 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, correspondent, filing expert; permanent, temporary; references. Liz 761 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, English-Spanish; quick, accurate either language; references; $30. G 486 Times.

SUPERINTENDENT—3 years elevator apartment, with tools. B. Easterby, 516-18 West 145th. Tel. Audubon 2700.

TRAFFIC CLERK, 20, student, shipping experience; capable; rates, routing. G 467 Times.

TRAFFIC car tracer, six years' traffic experience, Tange, 221 Reid Av., Brooklyn.

TRAVELING SALESMAN, 6 years' experience through Central and South America, Cuba and Mexico; best references. V 424 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 30, broad, practical business experience; salesman, bookkeeping, correspondence; dependable assistant, shoulder responsibilities, sound judgment, tact, intelligent, learn quickly, energetic, conscientious, character, American Hebrew; salary secondary. B 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, high school graduate; 2 years' experience bookkeeping, compiling statistics, figuring interest, general office routine; desires position where initiative and ability gains advancement. G 853 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, world traveled, intelligent; speaks five languages; practical general, electrical mechanic, demonstrator; traveling companion to gentleman; reference. A 1 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wants position in office of electrical supply house; experience with electrician and in office; knowledge of typewriting; 2 years' high school education. W 230 Times.

YOUNG man, 25, Danish, neat appearance; have been here 2 months, wants position in an office or warehouse; 10 years' experience import and export firm; best references. F 477 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, with thorough knowledge of underwear and hosiery, seeks position of responsibility; inside or out; unquestionable references. G 804 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, 2 years' college education, 4 years' business experience, anxious to locate with mercantile house; best references. L 252 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, ambitious, intelligent, desires position; clerical or anything with advancement; no selling. G 845 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, age 28, 5 years' experience in real estate and insurance business of my own; desires responsible position; references. G 825 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, dress, cloak, suit experience, inside salesman and piece goods man. A 1167 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN 25 years, good academic and business education, desires permanent connection with fair salary. G 501 Times.

YOUNG MAN, evening college student, complete knowledge of bookkeeping and business management. L 245 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, business ability, experienced store and delivery service, desires position, any capacity. Box 267, 1,464 3d Av.

YOUNG man, 30, offers pleasing personality, pep and appearance where such qualifications are essential. G 516 Times.

YOUNG MAN, Spanish, age 22, speaks English, desires position elevator, waiter; willing, obliging. Velera, Audubon 9110, Apt. 24.

YOUNG MAN, 22, educated, conscientious worker; willing to start at bottom with firm offering future. L 247 Times.

YOUNG MAN, thoroughly experienced bookkeeper-typist, desires part-time position keeping small set of books. G 458 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, desires position wholesale house, stenographic; $18. Ogilvie, care Gould, 977 Lenox Av.

YOUNG MAN, 26, married, salesman, stenographer, anything; available immediately. G 483 Times.

YOUNG MAN, accountancy student, desires position; knowledge bookkeeping, typist. G 488 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, experienced office man, stenographer; selling. F 498 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes responsible position; business experience, initiative. L 246 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, reliable, dependable, desires position offering advancement. H 206 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, position with opportunity for advancement. G 889 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires connection dress house; shipping experience. Dress, 1,418 8th Av.

YOUNG man, high school graduate, stock position; staple line. L 263 Times.

YOUNG man, 25, wishes to learn trade or selling. F 480 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ARTISTS on color work and fashion sketches. Write or call 10-2 only. Room 23, 31st Street Building, 2,225 Broadway.

BILLING MACHINE (Moon Hopkins) operator; simple calculations; must be experienced. W 248 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED, BY DRESS HOUSE; CONCERN'S STAFF KNOWS DETAILS, INCLUDING SALARY TO START. BOX 270, REALSERVICE, 15 EAST 40TH.

BOOKKEEPER wanted, beginner, with knowledge of stenography and typewriting. Capital Phonofilm Corp., 54 Lafayette St., City.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, competent take off trial balances; must have initiative; hours 8:45 to 5:30, 1 P. M. Saturday. Frankel Display Fixture, 177 Hudson St.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER to take charge office of curtain manufacturer; state age, experience and salary. Box 767, 209 Cable Building.

BOOKKEEPERS, capable of typewriting their own trial balances; state experience and salary. W 236 Times.

CASHIER for Fifth Av. specialty shop, one who is conversant with taking orders over telephone, in addition to being accurate at figures; state age, experience and salary. Box 279 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

CASHIER, experienced; must be well recommended; salary $18-$20. S 845 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL.

R. H. MACY & CO., INC.,

HAVE VACANCIES FOR THE FOLLOWING:

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS,

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS,

BURROUGHS BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATORS,

COMPLAINT TRACERS,

TELEPHONE OPERATORS

AND A

STENOGRAPHER.

APPLY ANY TIME DURING THE DAY AT OFFICE OF EMPLOYMENT MANAGER, SECOND BALCONY, REAR, 34TH ST. ENTRANCE.

CLERK, young woman; neat writer and accurate addition essential; salary $780 yearly to start. L 788 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR—Must be experienced; temporary (perhaps permanent) position. Call 9-10 Thursday, W. J. Smith, Alex Rubber Co., Inc., 220 West 57th.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced; permanent position. Apply Doehler Dye Casting Co., 505 Court St., Brooklyn.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced. Apply Lamar Blouse Co., 19 West 30th, 8th floor.

COOK, FIRST-CLASS ONLY, FOR PRIVATE FAMILY; PERMANENT POSITION; EXCELLENT WAGES; REFERENCES REQUIRED. CALL 11-1 THURSDAY, 235 WEST 71ST ST., APT. 3A.

COUPLE, country, housekeeper; husband waiter; city reference. Room 46, 1 E. 42d.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR.

EXPERIENCED; PERMANENT; LARGE CHRISTIAN CONCERN. APPLY ROOM 705, 80 EAST 42D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

FILE AND RECORD CLERKS,

19 to 24 YEARS OF AGE.

The Installation Training Organization of the WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, Inc., requires several competent file and record clerks; ability and personality prime requisites; fifty-four qualifications in WRITING.

DEPARTMENT 9004-C, 151 6TH AV., NEW YORK.

FILE CLERK—Advertising agency wants file clerk who can relieve switchboard operator and do some typing; Christian firm. Telephone Bryant 4121 for appointment.

FILE CLERK, SUBSTITUTE.

File clerk wanted by uptown Christian banking organization for substitute work in central file for 4 to 8 weeks; salary approximately $20 per week; must have at least 2 years' filing department experience. Telephone Murray Hill 6417.

FILE CLERK wanted by large insurance corporation; prefers one with high school education; salary $60 per month. Call 8th floor, 45 John St.

GIRL—some high school, downtown office; 9 to 4, half day Saturday. V 825 Times Downtown.

HOUSEWORKER, white; no washing. Apply Thursday, 903 West 111th, Apt. 2B.

IRONER wanted. Apply Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Avs., Brooklyn.

LEDGER CLERK—YOUNG WOMAN OF REFINED GOOD PERSONALITY; MUST UNDERSTAND RUDIMENTARY BOOKKEEPING AND BE ABLE TO CHECK CASH RECEIPTS AGAINST LEDGER ACCOUNTS; GOOD ENVIRONMENTS; SALARY $20. APPLY 10 TO 12, A. H. WARD, 80 BREEKMAN ST.

LETTER FILE CLERK, bright, quick; some experience; good position. B 208 Times.

MAID, companion to semi-invalid lady. Call after 12, Apt. 614, Belleclaire Hotel, Broadway and 77th.

MANAGER—Experienced stationery sales manager; must have good references as to ability, $30 and commission on gross sales of department. Apply in writing, giving particulars, Hinsbraugh & Browne, 471 5th Av.

MARCEL WAVER, thoroughly experienced; high salary. Beauty Spot, 1,510 St. Nicholas Av.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES; LONG SEASON.

J. HEIT & SONS, 136 MADISON AV.

MODELS, SIZE 16-38.

GOOD SALARY. WHOLESALE CLOAK & SUIT HOUSE.

SPERBER FRANK & ENGEL, 27 WEST 33D ST.

MODELS

SIZE 16 AND 18, FOR DRESSES; LONG SEASON; GOOD SALARY.

HARRIS STOLL, 33 EAST 33D ST.

MODEL, STOUT.

SIZE 41 BUST, HIPS 45; MUST HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE IN STOUT CLOAK HOUSE.

HALLE, BAER & BROWN, INC., 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS—SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE, TALL, YOUNG LADIES FOR SHOWROOM TO TRY ON MISSES' COATS; SIZE 16.

E. J. WILE & CO., 498 7TH AVENUE.

MODELS, SIZE 16-42.

FOR DRESSES.

STYLE DRESS CO., 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

FOR SHOWROOM IN COAT HOUSE.

S. B. CASSIDY, 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

TALL, ATTRACTIVE, FOR HIGH-CLASS CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE; STEADY; GOOD SALARY.

JOSEPH ENGEL CO., 134 WEST 37TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

ATTRACTIVE FOR DRESS HOUSE; GOOD POSITION.

GREENBERG WIENER CO., 21 WEST 37TH ST.

MODELS WANTED,

SIZE 16, LARGE COAT HOUSE; MUST BE ATTRACTIVE AND NEAT APPEARING. T. KLIPSTEIN, 1,372 BROADWAY.

MODELS, LARGE 16.

Tall, attractive young ladies. Apply 411 week. MARK PERLMAN, 31 EAST 31ST.

MODELS, SIZE 16.

COAT HOUSE.

LONG SEASON, GOOD SALARY.

ROTHBLUM-GOLDBERG & CO., 33 WEST 26TH.

MODELS—SIZES 16-38.

TRY ON COATS AND SUITS.

LONG SEASON.

TRESLINE COAT & SUIT CO., 1,333 BROADWAY.

MODELS.

Vogue Hat Co., 5 East 37th St.

MODEL WANTED, SIZE 36, FOR COATS; SIZE 16, SUITS. PENAS & KIMMEL, 35 WEST 39TH ST.

MODEL, dress; tall, stylish; size 40. Apply Thursday, Friday, Bernstein, Baum Da Costa, 38 West 32d St.

MODEL for illustrator and motion camera operator. Inquire P. O Box 517, Monticello, N. Y.

MODELS wanted, size 16; neat appearance; steady position. Max Levine & Co., 142 W. 26th Street.

MODEL, SIZE 36,

for coats and wraps. Litzky & Schlossberg, 151 West 30th St.

MODEL, size 16; good salary. Apply Malles Gravis Co., 105 Madison Av.

MODELS, size 16; refined and attractive young lady. Apply H. B. Rubin, 2 West 33d.

MODEL, MISSES' COATS, SIZE 16. GOLDBERG & FREUND, 805 7TH AV.

NURSE for doctor's office; intelligent, experienced, references; speak a little German; stenography desirable. Apply 3 to 5 P. M., 67 East 93d St.

NURSE—White, thoroughly experienced in the care of 18 months old baby; call between 9 and 11 A. M. Thursday, E. J. Michaels, care of I. Miller & Sons, 562 5th Av.

NURSE, experienced, highly recommended, for child 2 years old. Apply 10-12 A. M., Mrs. J. M. Simon, 250 West 104th.

NURSE, graduate, day duty, salary $90 per month; undergraduate, night duty, $60. Tarrytown Hospital.

NURSE-COMPANION; good references required. Apply 11-3, Apt. 10 N, 601 West 110th.

NURSE, undergraduate, for hospital. Apply at once, 429 East 59th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS—Two children, 2 and 4½; answer by letter, stating salary, references, age and full particulars. Mrs. N. Weinberg, 137 Overlook Circle, New Rochelle, N. Y.

SALES GIRLS (CANDY); EXPERIENCED; SALARY AND COMMISSION. SCHRAFFT'S, 1,476 BROADWAY.

SALESLADY, experienced, pleasing personality, by 8th Av. Oriental art shop; good references required. G 474 Times.

SALESLADY, experienced, ladies' furnishing shop; excellent references. Boehm, 1,271 Broadway (28th-29th Sts.).

SALESWOMEN capable of waiting on high-class Fifth Av. trade; state salary and experience. W 228 Times.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

SECRETARY, SUBSTITUTE.

Experienced secretary, 30-40, for 4 to 8 weeks' substitute work for official of uptown banking organization to report stenographic, accurate at figures; good personality; salary $30-$35. Telephone Murray Hill 6417.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER in accountancy office; overtime paid proportionately. Applicant stating experience and salary required must be by letter only. V 830 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, for doctor's office; intelligent, experienced, reference; speak little German. Apply 4 to 6 P. M., Chelsea 924 St.

STENOGRAPHER-GIRL large concern in the 42d St. district has an excellent opening for a high school graduate, with or without previous experience; age about 18 to 20. The position offers unusual training, but requires good spelling and grammar, accuracy in details and proficiency in stenography and typing. Give full information, including salary desired and phone number. G 1083 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, competent young lady who can take rapid dictation and accurately transcribe her notes; permanent position with good opportunity for advancement. Write, stating age, experience, references and salary expected. D. M. Co., 505 West 30th.

STENOGRAPHER.

A large manufacturing concern wants a capable, experienced stenographer; permanent position. Saturday work during Summer. Herman Behr Co., Inc., 68 Fifty Place, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, in large public accountant's office; previous experience on long-carriage machine and statement work; salary $18-$20 per week to start; good chance for advancement. 306 West 40th St., Room 606.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED; HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATE PREFERRED; MUST BE GOOD GRAMMARIAN AND ABLE TO TRANSCRIBE NOTES ACCURATELY AN INTELLIGENTLY; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY. G 848 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by Christian firm, who is thoroughly experienced, perfect in English and spelling and can come well-recommended, to take charge of stenographic force; salary about $35. Apply Edmund Walker Co., 49 Cedar St.

STENOGRAPHER—German and English, by machinery import house; temporary, possibly permanent position. Apply stating education, experience, references and salary. V 816 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.

over 20 years, advertising concern; neat and efficient; permanent position; hours 9 to 5; splendid opportunity for right party. John Service, 19 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Thoroughly efficient, large publishing house, at least 5 years' experience; hours 10 to 6; state nationality and age. Address Stenographic, Box 30, Station D, New York City.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced and efficient, expert operator; position permanent. Apply immediately ready for work, Room 1,226D, Canadian Pacific Building, 842 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER for advertising department of large manufacturer; must be absolutely accurate and rapid; none other need apply. 10-12, 3d floor, 110 West 40th.

STENOGRAPHER, EXPERIENCED, RAPID AND ACCURATE; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY; BURTEES BROWN HOSIERY MILLS, 147 6TH AV.

STENOGRAPHER wanted by large insurance corporation; prefers one with high school education; salary $18 per week. Call 8th floor, 45 John St.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate, experienced; able to handle detail of correspondence for sales manager; $25. Write or call fourth floor, 71 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER, expert typist, correspondence and billing; Underwood machine; salary $25; apply by letter. Speyer Bros., 41 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST; one accustomed to billing. Address, stating salary expected, experience and age, H. K., 290 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian; importing house; permanent position; salary $15; state age and experience. G 840 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate, at least two years' experience in large office; initiative; salary $18; references. M. Schechter & Bro., 287 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, young woman, preferably with export experience; long position; splendid chance; $25 start; age 25-30. Room 529, 342 Madison Av., New York.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping, familiar with office routine; splendid opportunity for conscientious worker; $15 to start. W 257 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; excellent opportunity for bright, energetic girl; Christian office. Call at Simons, Farrington & Co., 89 Hudson St.

STENOGRAPHER—German-English, with general office knowledge; young, ambitious, proficient in both languages. Box 500, 205 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, first-class, capable general office work, mortgage loan business; salary $25.00. Call Branitf, 1202, 50 East 42d Street.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, for position downtown; good concern. Call 147 Cedar St. after 10 A. M.

STENOGRAPHER, high school education preferred; salary $22-$25; state age, experience and nationality. B 230 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, shorthand and dictating machine experience; accurate; small office; start $30. 5th floor, 412 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, accurate figuring and good handwriting essential. Call 9-10, 11 Union Sq.

STENOGRAPHER—Engineering experience; $25; Christian firm; give experience and references. Box 18, Room 417, 44 Broad St.

STENOGRAPHER who can take care of switchboard; $13; answer by letter only. Box D, 11111 St. Paul Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, RAPID, ACCURATE, MERCANTILE IMPORT HOUSE. APPLY CAMP CO., INC., 112 4TH AV.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, accurate and neat with manufacturing concern; good opportunity. B. H., 289 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, permanent; state detailed qualifications, salary, &c. L 771 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted for precious stone concern; salary $12-$14 week; state full particulars. L 778 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, substitute for month of August; $20 per week. S 843 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER wanted, in advertising agency; state experience and salary expected. Answer V 828 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Only competent wanted; vicinity 125th railroad station. B 1196 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, commercial experience; good compensation. Apply Kenyon Cigar Corp., 1,406 Av. A, cor. 76th.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; salary $18; state experience, references. Box 260 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

STENOGRAPHER, clerical worker, experienced; state salary

The New York Times

Classified Advertising Rates

Count six words to an Agate line. Per Agate Line
(Minimum space two lines)
Situations Wanted 40c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted.. 45c
Boarders and Board Wanted 45c
Help Wanted 55c
Real Estate, &c. 55c
Lost and Found 55c
Apartments to Let and Wanted 55c
Country Board 55c
Mortgage Loans 55c
For Sale 55c
Automobile Exchange 55c
Agents Wanted 55c
Employment Agencies 75c
Per Word
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
Courses & Wants and Offerings to Buyers 15c
Rink, Exchanges (Sunday) 12c

For insertion in the Sunday edition, advertisements of schools, steamships, hotels and resorts must be received in The Times Building by 6 o'clock today, and copy and agreements, amendments or cancellations by midnight tonight. Advertisements for insertion in the Editorial Section by 5 P. M. tomorrow. Business Opportunities by 11 A. M. Saturday. All other classified advertisements not later than 1 P. M. Saturday.

Advertisements for insertion in the daily edition of The New York Times, if received after 4 P. M. on the day preceding insertion, are subject to omission. The final closing time is 6 P. M.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Continued from Preceding Page.

BOY, for Brooklyn engineering concern, high school graduate and stenographer preferred, some technical knowledge desirable, to learn business and help buyer; executive; only those stating full qualifications, salary, &c., considered. S 825 Times Downtown.

BOY, 16 years or over, good at figure work, who desires a steady position with Christian publishing house; salary to begin with $12 per week; answer in own handwriting, stating age, experience, &c. W. D. S., Box 8, Wall Street Station.

BOY wanted in office of importing house; reply in applicant's handwriting, stating age and salary expected. G 828 Times Downtown.

BOY, high school; good handwriting; downtown office; 9 to 4, half-day Saturday. V 826 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted over 21 years old to assist in office and run errands; apply by letter only, Box 17, Room 417, 34 Broad St.

BOY—Assistant office commission merchants; salary $8 to start; good chance for advancement. L 250 Times.

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS.

Bank can use several young men; rapid operators; initial salary $900 to $1,050 a year; state age, positions held with salaries and references in letter. Write Box G., 1113 St. Paul Building.

BUTCHER, all around. A. S. Radcliff & Son, 260 Riverdale Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

BUTLER, one who can drive car and be generally useful; permanent position; country. Call on Mr. Ginsberg, 288 4th Av.; New York City.

BUYER and manager for linen department of old-established high-class retail store. Applicant must possess a thorough knowledge of high-class linens and kindred lines, executive ability and be aggressive. Western or Southern experience preferred. Exceptional opportunity. State age, experience, salary expected. Replies will be treated in confidence. V 819 Times Downtown.

CANVASSERS, experienced house-to-house, for Ford cars and trucks; salary and bonus. Write for appointment. Hellman Motors, Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, white; state qualifications, salary and cars driven; steady and private. Write Box 150, 3,013 3d Av.

CHEF to take charge of kitchen in high class American plan hotel opening Sept. 1. B 191 Times.

CHEMIST—Large New England dyestuff concern wishes to employ an analytical chemist; state experience and salary expected. Z 2066 Times Annex.

CORRESPONDENT AND SALESMAN—Publisher school textbooks wants college graduate with special training in geography; give age, salary, religion, teaching experience, if any, and further details. H. D., 285 Times.

COST CLERK, experienced in factory costs; permanent position in publishing plant in Westchester County; good prospects for advancement. Z 2186 Times Annex.

COUPLE—Woman as cook and laundress; man as chauffeur and houseman. 25 Broadview Av., New Rochelle.

CUSTOMERS' MEN—A brokerage concern has vacancies for experienced aggressive salesmen of listed securities; salary basis. Call Murray Hill 8080 for appointment.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural; permanent; experienced; good letterer and tracer. knowledge Building Department low. Apply, letter only, stating salary required, W. B. Wills, 1,153 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN for high-grade cabinet work; must be capable of laying out shop details; state experience and salary desired. V 249 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced; iron, bronze shop. G 688 Times Downtown.

ELECTRICAL TESTERS,
19 to 30 Years of Age.
We desire
COLLEGE MEN, or
TECHNICAL SCHOOL GRADUATES,
or those with previous
PRACTICAL EXPERIENCE
in TESTING ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS,
to be TRAINED in the principles involved in the operation of telephone equipment. Call after 9 A. M.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
INSTALLATION TRAINING SCHOOL,
151 FIFTH AV., NEW YORK.

ENGINEER, handy man; must have knowledge of machinery and to repair in general; 8 hours, 7 days per week; $75 per month and meals. Apply Chief Engineer, Jewish Hospital, Classon and St. Mark's Aves., Brooklyn.

JANITORS wanted, white, about 35 years of age, for two clerical apartment houses; no children. Apply between 11 and 12 A. M., Queensboro Corp., 25th St. and Jackson Av., Elmhurst, L. I.

JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT, a good paying position in industrial company for a young man of education and ability who has had practical experience. B 202 Times.

LEATHER FINISHER for pigment strap on bag leather; good pay, steady work. National Leather Belting, 423 East 56th.

MACHINIST in plant making automatic machinery, 25 miles from N. Y.; finest working conditions; none but high-class mechanics need apply. W 209 Times.

MAN experienced in the manufacture paper caps; state full particulars as to your knowledge of machinery in manufacture of same; also salary expected. Z 2207 Times Annex.

MECHANICS AND HELPERS.

Permanent positions are open at the following rates, authorized by the United States Railroad Labor Board:

70c. per hour.
Machinists,
Boiler Makers,
Blacksmiths,
Sheet Metal Workers,
Electrical Workers,
Power House Switchboard Operators,
Power House Electricians.

67c. per hour.
Machinists' Helpers,
Boiler Makers' Helpers,
Blacksmiths' Helpers,
Sheet Metal Workers' Helpers,
Electrical Workers' Helpers.

Car Repairers and Inspectors, 63c. per hour.

Apply 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., to Superintendent's Office, at 125th St. and Willis Av., Bronx, N. Y.

F. H. CLARK, Supt. New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

MEN.

Corporation has positions in security sales department; open for men of good character; 25 to 40; state qualifications, experience; liberal commission. B. A., 637 Times.

MEN, neat, able to interview executives and solicit advertisements; salary and commission. Manufacturers Patent Co., 520 5th Av.

NIGHT WATCHMAN—Man who is intelligent, reliable and who can present best references; must be able to handle switchboard. W 238 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER — Experienced credit man, correspondent and bookkeeper, to take full charge of office of large concern in the ladies' garment industry; excellent opportunity for a competent executive and systematizer; preference given to man with experience in all departments of ladies' garment business. W 254 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER—Young man, full of "pep," take dictation, help sell neckwear, mufflers, ladies' sweaters, assist busy man. Apply letter only for appointment, F. D. Palmer, 401 Flatiron Building.

OPERATOR—Mechanic capable of operating and supervising the production and operation of automatic grinder-power press special machine. W 242 Times.

PHARMACIST, LICENSED.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
23D ST. AND BROADWAY,
wish to engage a licensed pharmacist for their drug department.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor.

PLASTER CASTER, experienced, with knowledge of shell and model making. J. C., Lincoln 7650, 4,852 Newton Av., N. W., Washington, D. C.

PLUMBERS wanted, leadwork. Apply 689 East 223rd St. Charles Mansoth.

PURCHASE ledger man or woman for suburban department store within one hour's ride of New York City; monthly average 1,500 invoices; 150 returns; assistant to figure, register, &c.; salary $40 weekly; write experience, age; nationality. Z 2178 Times Annex.

REAL ESTATE BROKER, experienced leasing, selling business property, apartment houses, can make desirable connection; interest in business right party. Address Confidential, L 361 Times.

REGISTERED PHARMACISTS.

(New Jersey), exceptional opportunity for men of ambitious men; good pay; quick promotion to men who show ability; large drug organization.

ADDRESS H. M., 222 TIMES.

REPRESENTATIVE, FANCY GOODS HOUSE, WITH BEADED BAG FACTORY IN BELGIUM, ALSO EXCEPTIONALLY STRONG DOMESTIC HAIR ORNAMENT LINE, VANITY BOXES, &c., HAVE SEVERAL OUT-OF-TOWN TERRITORIES OPEN; ALSO DEPARTMENT STORES IN CITY; ONLY REAL PRODUCERS, WITH FOLLOWING CONSIDERED; COMMISSION BASIS. W 57 TIMES.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced in dress line; exceptional opportunity for right party. 25 West 31st., 11th floor.

SHIPPING CLERK—Young man, wholesale shoe house; experienced preferred. Rubin Shoe Co., 110-116 West Broadway.

SOLICITOR for high-class magazine; experience not necessary but references as to character required; liberal commission. Apply in person between 9 and 10:30 o'clock mornings. 268 West 40th St., New York City.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY,
20 TO 26 YEARS OF AGE.

The Installation Organization of the WESTERN ELECTRIC COMPANY, INC., requires a stenographer for secretarial work, possessing ability, personality and initiative; submit your qualifications in WRITING.

DEPT. 9504-C-K.
151 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

STENOGRAPHER
experienced in legal business; $25 per week. Apply Room 605, 311 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant to sales executive in busy organization; excellent opportunity for advancement for bright, wide-awake young man; state age, experience and salary desired. S 837 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST—Young man with common sense, willing to work and learn metal manufacturing business; excellent chance for advancement. Apply by letter, stating experience and salary. W 210 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, wanted for a big organization; only reliable and experienced need to apply; easy hours; give references and salary desired. G 821 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant to purchasing agent, over 23; excellent opportunity. Apply at once, American Everready Works, Thompson Av. and Orton St., Long Island City.

SWITCHBOARD and panelboard draftsman and engineer by an independent Western Pennsylvania manufacturer; must have experience in this line; must be thoroughly familiar with template layout and details of panelboard construction; excellent chances for advancement to right party; state experience, detail and salary expected. Z 2152 Times Annex.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, experienced, bright, intelligent, by wholesale importing firm; answers must give experience, age and wages required; G 315 Times.

TINSMITHS for inside bench work who can make own patterns; wholesale jobbing house. A 1164 Times Harlem.

TRAFFIC MAN, with good knowledge of quoting freight rates; give full particulars as to salary desired and experience in first letter. S 830 Times Downtown.

TRIMMER, assistant, make himself generally useful, special order clothing house; start reasonable; good chance for advancement; state salary wanted, full particulars. L 255 Times.

TYPIST for work in delivery department; state experience and salary. W 237 Times.

WOOL MEN, SINGLE.

We require several young men of good personality and with reasonable education to be trained in

TELEPHONE CENTRAL OFFICE INSTALLATION WORK.

The work is light, clean and highly interesting for young men of the best types; no previous mechanical experience necessary.

Those who are ambitious to assume supervisory responsibilities will find ample opportunities for development.

Call
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
INSTALLATION TRAINING SCHOOL,
135 WEST 17TH ST., NEW YORK.

YOUNG MAN who is willing to demonstrate ability on commission basis is offered a splendid opportunity to effect a profitable permanent connection with an old-established producer of direct advertising; unlimited sales service; serious determination and consistent work readily yield $5,000 income; preference given to applicant possessing good personality and selling experience. W 262 Times.

YOUNG MAN — Christian real estate mortgage firm, brokers, well established, desires young man who wants to work hard and has ability to bring in business from leads given; recent graduates of schools and colleges considered; state starting remuneration, age, religion, references and salary expected. S 824 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 18 or over, wanted as assistant in contracting company's estimating department; applicant with knowledge of costs and use of tools from pipe fitting, valves, &c., preferred; apply in writing, stating age, education, experience, if any, and salary desired. W 245 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19-23, experienced in shipping department preferred; only those willing and with plenty of initiative need apply; bring references. E. Blickman, Nelson Av. and Mount St., Long Island City, N. Y. Directions—Take Corona train from Grand Central to Rawson St. Station.

YOUNG MAN, 25 to 35, with executive ability and good personality, for membership promotion work in large Brooklyn philanthropic organization; state age, experience and church connection; position permanent. 29 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

YOUNG MAN WANTED TO WAIT ON CUSTOMERS IN SHOWROOM; ONLY THOSE WHO HAVE HAD EXPERIENCE WITH COAT, SUIT OR DRESS HOUSE NEED APPLY; STATE SALARY AND REFERENCES. W 251 TIMES.

YOUNG MAN for recent vacancy, to demonstrate specialty brushes; we train you; commission, with $25 weekly guarantee, to start; ability earns much more. Apply Better Brushes, Inc., 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, Room 516, from 9 to 12 today.

YOUNG MEN with pep and personality, to help increase the membership of a live-wire association; commissions should average $75 a week. Phone Cortlandt 6021 for appointment.

YOUNG MAN, mechanical rubber goods experience essential, also knowledge development mailing lists; state age, nationality, experience and salary expected. F. J. L., P. O. Box 1160, City Hall Station, New York.

YOUNG man about 25 years of age. American descent; experienced in packing merchandise must come well recommended; state experience and salary expected. G 675 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—In wholesale plumbing supply house, with sufficient knowledge of the business to be able to assist estimator. S 884 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN as floor salesman; must be thoroughly experienced wholesale hosiery and underwear line; no others need apply. Washington Mills, 196 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN—Christian concern desires office assistant, preferably one with some knowledge of bookkeeping, typewriting. Phone for appointment, Bowling Green 5500.

YOUNG MAN for estimating and contract department of sub-contractor's office; one with experience in general contractor's office preferred. G 672 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18, in the chronometer business. Apply T. G. Medinger, 18 Beaver St.

MALE HELP WANTED.

YOUNG MEN, 18-20, high school graduates preferred, to break into special circulation work; $100 monthly guaranteed; commission guaranteed. Call 9-11 A. M. and 2-4 P. M. Mr. Jaffe, 1,545 Broadway, Room 512.

YOUNG MAN, high school student, for vacation period in insurance broker's office; reply in detail. G 465 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted for stenographic and typewriting work previously experienced; apply in person, Cracoprint Co., 167 41st St., Bklyn.

YOUNG MAN, assistant bookkeeper, good penman. State full particulars, S 843 Times Downtown.

WANTED—BY THE CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, FOLLOWING RAILROAD MECHANICS AND HELPERS, AT THE RATES OF PAY ESTABLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES RAILROAD LABOR BOARD:

SEVENTY CENTS PER HOUR—MACHINISTS, BOILERMAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, SHEET METAL WORKERS, ELECTRICAL WORKERS, AND PASSENGER CAR REPAIRERS.

SIXTY-THREE CENTS PER HOUR—FREIGHT CAR REPAIRERS.

FORTY-SEVEN CENTS PER HOUR—HELPERS IN ALL TRADES.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH RESOLUTIONS ISSUED BY THE UNITED STATES RAILROAD LABOR BOARD, JULY 1, 1922, AND APPROVED BY THE PRESIDENT IN HIS PROCLAMATION OF JULY 11, NEW MEN ACCEPTING EMPLOYMENT ARE WITHIN THEIR RIGHTS AND ARE NOT STRIKE BREAKERS, AND HAVE THE MORAL AS WELL AS LEGAL RIGHT TO ENGAGE IN RAILROAD SERVICE, AND WILL HAVE PROTECTION OF EVERY BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT, BOTH STATE AND NATIONAL.

APPLY AT
NEW YORK, 290 BROADWAY, BARCLAY BUILDING, ROOMS 1112, 1113.
NEWPORT NEWS, VA.
RICHMOND, VA.
CLIFTON FORGE, VA.
HINTON, W. VA.
HUNTINGTON, W. VA.
RUSSELL, KY.
COVINGTON, KY.
PERU, IND.
FREE TRANSPORTATION WILL BE FURNISHED WHERE NECESSARY.
JNO. R. GOULD,
SUPT. MOTIVE POWER,
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
PERMANENT RAILROAD JOBS IN THE GREAT NORTHWEST; MACHINISTS, BOILER MAKERS, BLACKSMITHS, SHEET METAL WORKERS, COACH CARPENTERS, CAR REPAIRERS, WELDERS, LINEMEN, HELPERS, LABORERS; GOOD WAGES; TIME AND ONE-HALF AFTER EIGHT HOURS AND FOR SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS; FREE TRANSPORTATION. APPLY D. W. MORISON, SUPERINTENDENT OF EMPLOYMENT, GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY, ST. PAUL, MINN., OR ROOM 421, 280 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

STEADY EMPLOYMENT
AND
GOOD WAGES:
MACHINISTS,
BLACKSMITHS,
SHEET METAL WORKERS,
CARPENTERS,
BOILERMAKERS,
ELECTRICIANS, CARMEN,
MECHANICS AND HELPERS
IN ALL TRADES.
WORK IS OUT OF TOWN.
APPLY
FREE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
432 7TH AV., NEAR 34TH ST.,
OR
667 6TH AV.,
8 A. M. TO 5 P. M.

REMARKABLE OPPORTUNITY.
ONCE IN A LIFETIME.

Old established wholesale hosiery, underwear and general merchandise firm has extraordinary opportunity for man thoroughly experienced in these lines; must be aggressive and of proven ability; capable merchandising, management, buying, selling; possessing strong personality; unquestionable reference required; state age, experience and initial salary; replies held in strictest confidence; no attention paid to replies without full details. V 809 Times Downtown.

Salesmen.

ADVERTISING SALESMEN, to work on National Merchandise Fair; men who know apparel trade and can sell; high-grade proposition for good men; commission. National Garment Retailers' Association, 1 West 34th St.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN, new cars; high-grade, convincing and fair; proper protection for proper man; drawing against commission. Vandar Corporation, 1,505 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

AUTOMOBILE SALESMEN—Factory branch requiring account; commission; high-class men. 12 Central Park West.

CORN REMEDY SALESMEN.

Can you sell on first call? Can you merchandise newspaper and magazine advertising to the dealer? Have you called on drug trade? Have you a proven sales record? If so a wonderful opportunity with an international specialty manufacturer is now open; salary, commission and bonus; give age, experience, reference and phone number in reply. T 235 Times.

MOTOR TRUCK SALESMEN.

Two experienced men by factory branch of large motor truck manufacturer; must be of excellent character and have had experience with high-grade product only; salary and commission; state full particulars. W 1109 Times Harlem.

PRINTING SALESMAN—Most attractive proposition offered to party who can draw trade; salary and commission. Albion, 128 East 23d.

SALES EXECUTIVE.

Man, about 35 years, with strong personality; must be able to prove past and present record of achievement along this line.

This is a big opportunity for the right man to commence with a manufacturer of national reputation on a salary basis.

Give age, personal description and experience in first letter. V 823 Times Downtown.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

MEN OF THE HIGHEST CALIBRE TO ASSOCIATE THEMSELVES WITH A FINANCIAL INSTITUTION MAKING REMARKABLE PROGRESS. THE TYPE OF MEN BEHIND THIS ORGANIZATION ARE LEADERS IN THIS COMMUNITY. WE OFFER OUR SUCCESS TO A FEW MEN ON A COMMISSION BASIS. EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE NOT ESSENTIAL AS LEADS WILL BE FURNISHED AND FULL CO-OPERATION GIVEN. AN UNQUESTIONABLE RECORD IS AN IMPORTANT REQUIREMENT. APPLY AFTER 10; A. M.

CHARTER OAK BOND & MORTGAGE COMPANY,
6 WEST 40TH ST.

SECURITY SALESMAN.

Cleanest cut proposition in New York; excellent commission.

Good material to work on, every assistance; a going industrial manufacturing a necessity used everywhere, every day, year in and year out.

Unable to take care of the demand. $1.20 tangible assets back of every dollar of the entire capitalization.

Come in on the biggest, cleanest campaign in two states.

Suite 824, 342 Madison Av., ask for Mr. MacCready.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

We want real high-grade security salesmen to help us place our fully secured short-term 7% note issue, with optional conversion clause and bonus; this issue is backed up and secured by an old established and highly profitable manufacturing company, who wants quick money for expansion of business; exceptional commissions and quick sales to the right parties. Ask for Mr. Munson at 30 East 42d St., Room 509.

SECURITY SALESMEN.

LEADS FURNISHED.

An established, responsible organization handling a necessity of life is desirous of securing 10 high grade salesmen; liberal commission. Suite 811, 19 West 44th St. Call from 10 to 5, Salesmanager.

SECURITY SALESMEN
and
TELEPHONE PRODUCERS
who mean business and desire to make money wanted; drawing account to telephone men. Apply 20 Broad St., Room 803.

STOCK SALESMEN WANTED.

A big 100% stamping corporation, owning patents of value, advertising in The Saturday Evening Post and other national magazines and sending its goods all over the world, is about to place block of its dividend-paying stock on the market; a few salesmen of high calibre can be used; big commissions paid; rated Dun and Bradstreet. Call 10 A. M., Joseph Silvaj, third floor, Buick Building, Broadway and 55th St.

SWEATER SALESMEN—Experienced salesmen wanted, with a good following in the retail trade, to sell shaker and jumbo sweaters on commission basis. Z 2173 Times Annex.

UMBRELLA SALESMEN Wanted—Prominent Philadelphia house, making a medium and high-grade line of umbrellas and parasols, is desirous of connecting with established manufacturers' agents or representatives with headquarters located in principal buying centres for the East, South, West, Middle West and Pacific Coast; must have good following and be able to give the line attention; strictly commission basis. Frankford Mfg. Co., 906 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SALESMEN
BETWEEN 26 AND 35 YEARS.

We have immediate vacancies for a few men in our sales organization, and while we prefer men with experience in retail cigar stores, yet we will consider if you are the type of man we need; opportunity for advancement; salary; applicants must be of good character and able to furnish unquestionable references of past record.

CALL 9 A. M. TO 1 P. M.
A. SCHULTE,
384 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

SALESMEN.

WE HAVE OPENINGS FOR THREE MEN IN OUR METROPOLITAN SALES FORCE; THE ENLARGEMENT OF OUR LINE OF OFFICE AND STORE SPECIALTIES BY THE ADDITION OF A NEW STANDARD TYPE ADDING MACHINE NECESSITATES THIS INCREASE; APPLICANTS WILL BE GIVEN A THOROUGH COURSE OF INSTRUCTION IN OUR OWN TRAINING SCHOOL. PREVIOUS SELLING EXPERIENCE NOT ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY. SELECTION WILL BE BASED UPON APPLICANT'S AMBITION TO MAKE MONEY RATHER THAN PREVIOUS RECORD; COMMISSION BASIS; GUARANTEED TERRITORY TO HARD WORKERS. A. H., 249 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN in retail furniture store; young man of good address, courteous and willing to work hard; attractive proposition to right man; salary. Write, stating experience. S 847 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN wanted by the Italian division of the financial department of one of the largest motion picture corporations to sell securities on commission. Apply Room 707, 511 5th Av.

SALESMEN—We have openings for two wide awake salesmen to sell Sampson cranes; preferably with experience in mechanical lines, but if you are a practical man and can qualify we will train you; this is a permanent position for the right man and a chance for advancement; references required; commission basis. See Mr. Harter, 9 to 12, 29 Prospect St., Long Island City.

SALESMEN—A large life insurance company is organizing a sales force in New Jersey; has opening for one or two real salesmen to work Trenton territory; possibilities unlimited; virgin field; easy interviews; handicap of name unknown; commission basis. Address Eugene Cross, Room 315, Broad St. Bank Bldg., Trenton, N. J.

SALESMEN (2)
ON INFANTS' COATS.

Two salesmen wanted to cover New York State and New Jersey State; must be experienced; only those with established trade need apply; must have own machine; strictly commission basis. Box 761, 209 Cable Building.

SALESMEN—Silverware, as premium; a very attractive and quick selling proposition to retail merchants; liberal commission make it a very lucrative and desirable position for salesmen; we are interested only in men who have had experience selling specialties. W 261 Times.

SALESMAN—We have position for experienced lard compound and oils salesman, who can work with branch house salesman to follow and intimate their results; give full details of your experience in first letter together with telephone number, and minimum salary required. W 247 Times.

SALESMAN—A lamp shade manufacturer desires active salesman; complete line of lamps, silk shades and novelties; only those who are experienced and have an active following are wanted; salary and commission. Apply by letter only. Tilken & Zeffert, 12 East 17th.

SALESMEN (2)—Wanted, who wish to connect themselves with a reliable concern for Southern and Western territories to handle men's knitted neckwear for jobbing trade only on commission basis with good selling experience; no others need apply. W 250 Times.

SALES MANAGER wanted by manufacturer of a standard line of radio apparatus selling on partial payment plan; must be experienced and a capable organizer. Write, giving full details, to P. S. W., Room 308, 135 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN, side line, calling on department stores throughout country to handle our line of caps; commission; popular priced number; tested seller. Address Box 168, 205 7th Av.

SALESMEN, hustlers calling on drug, hardware and grocery trades, selling imported article with established demand; liberal commission. Call, before 12, 5 Beekman, Room 918.

SALESMEN — An exceptional opportunity awaits several capable salesmen; only live, wide-awake men need apply; commission basis. Apply Salesmanager, Chevrolet Agency, 323 West 125th.

SALESMAN
wanted by a silk petticoat house; one who has a good following in any territory; good proposition for right man; salary or commission. W 241 Times.

SALESMAN; automobile; used cars; good commission and drawing account to experienced man; old and reliable concern. Haynes, 250 West 54th St., 8th floor.

SALESMEN, fur trimmings, experienced, with department store following, city and road; drawing against commission. Smith, Fiermont, 150 West 34th.

SALESMAN to sell a food product in connection with a contest; earn $50-$75 weekly; commission; best references. D. Koeckner, 248 Front St.

SALESMEN, radio local, all territory; profitable line; strictly commission. Jewell Radio Sales Co., 90 West St., Room 1406.

SALESMAN for clever hand-decorated gift line; out of town; commission. GIFTS CO., 113 East 30th St.

SALESMEN, calling on department and drug stores to sell side line, new article, on commission. Call Friday, 27 West 24th St., Room 207.

SALESMAN, experienced; must understand window trimming; good salary. Apply Dreher Dept. Store, 1,406 Kings Highway, Brooklyn.

SALESMEN—Ford salesmen to sell Chevrolets; drawing account; chance for advancement. Agency, 120th St. and Lexington Av.

SALESMAN to handle as side line fast selling toy; carried in pocket; all territories; 10 per cent. commission. 366 5th Av., Room 1120.

SALESMEN, calling on drug trade, city and vicinity; sell alarm clocks; side line; commission. G 842 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell jewelers' services; commission; expenses and leads furnished. Gem Creations, 69 Nassau St.

SALESMAN, outside stationery and printing; drawing account. Call Nassau Press, 178 Greenwich St., New York.

SALESMAN for high-class men's furnishing shop; experienced only need apply; give references. W 240 Times.

SALESMEN—Specialty coffee salesmen; salary. Tel. Greenpoint 1000, Mr. Rieth.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Salesmen.

SALESMEN
TO SELL ELECTRICAL DEVICE
FOR MILLION-DOLLAR CORPORATION.

A million-dollar manufacturing firm, backed by extensive national advertising, requires the services of 3 or 4 men over 28, of ambition and vigorous personality, to sell an electrical money-making merchandising machine now in demand by retail merchants, confectionery stores, railway terminals, department stores, &c.; 40 per cent of sales are made through the leads secured from inquiries to our advertising.

Selling experience to this line not necessary, as your qualities will be developed and strengthened by us in a way that will make you successful. The connection is permanent and the commission very liberal. Call and see Mr. Harry I. Luftman, Suite 2002, 120 West 42d St.

SALESMEN.

We can and will prove to you that you will average $300 weekly if you are really a high-class salesman. The work consists of securing opinions, references and testimonials for the Official Source Records, on which we are doing advance bulletins; direct commission basis; you are cordially invited to call and investigate. Call between 10 and 3. Press Syndicate, Hudson Terminal Bldg., 50 Church St.

SALESMEN.

Here is a permanent, profitable, congenial connection for you to represent protected territory in New York City or Jersey; the product is an office appliance nationally known and advertised; it saves time, labor, money, and sells on demonstration; reorders from every sale; we will give you full cooperation; liberal commission.

ROBERT M. HENRY,
Suite 715, 15 Park Row.

SALESMEN.

THE PURPOSE OF THIS AD IS TO GET SIX MORE MEN WHO CAN SELL SUCCESSFULLY IN BROOKLYN, AS OTHERS ARE DOING, A HIGH-CLASS BONDING SERVICE ON STRAIGHT COMMISSION. TO SUCH MEN WE OFFER UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY IN A COMPANY WITH A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION. THIS IS NEITHER BOOKS, STOCKS NOR LIFE INSURANCE.

ADDRESS C. E. CONNELL, 28 WEST 44TH ST., NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN WANTED

by New York's largest Ford dealer; men who can and will WORK, who want to connect with an aggressive organization which will stand behind them, are offered a real opportunity in the sale of Ford cars and trucks; commission and bonus basis, with drawing account when qualifying; automobile experience not essential.

D. G., 158 TIMES.

SALESMEN, TO SELL DIRECT BY MAIL ADVERTISING; 20% STRAIGHT COMMISSION BASIS UNTIL ABILITY IS PROVEN; THOSE WITH EXPERIENCE ALONG THESE LINES PREFERRED; OPENINGS IN NEW YORK CITY, NEW JERSEY, CONNECTICUT, NEW YORK STATE. REPLY BY LETTER ONLY, GIVING FULL DETAILS. DAVIS-HAZZARD CORP., 347 MADISON AV., CITY.

SALESMEN—The automobile business requires two-fisted real men who are not afraid to fight and work hard; Manhattan and Bronx is your territory to sell the most popular and lowest priced fully equipped motor car in the world, Chevrolet; you do not need any other experience than knowing how to sell; commission. Apply in person, Chevrolet and Nash Agency, 1852 St. and 8th Av., Nicholas Av.

SALESMEN AND MANAGERS — The thing you have been looking for; the most wonderful selling plan of the year for home and bungalow sites in famous New Jersey resort; managers wanted in New Jersey and New York; leads furnished; if you have ever sold anything before, come and investigate; commission to start, salary if you qualify. Call all day, Mr. Gilbert, Room 1503, 110 West 40th St.

SALESMEN.

Fuller-Luce, Inc., 1,895 Broadway, require experienced Ford salesmen; exceptional opportunities and special inducements to men who can bump in and sell Fords and Lincoln motor cars; excellent co-operation from house and salesroom in the heart of Broadway's automobile row; commission basis. Call evenings.

SALESMEN—What are you doing with your spare time? You can turn it into money, making sales and collections for large mortgage corporations; thrift plan; experience not necessary; salaries and commissions to qualify. Call Thursday evening, 6 to 7, Mr. Tibbetts, Room 2125, 342 Madison Av.

SALESMEN.

Men who know the cutting-up trade in women's wear, the dress-and waist and garment manufacturers in New York City, to sell on commission basis trimmings, braids, ribbons for first-class concern; write full details when answering. Box 228, Realservice, 15 East 40th St.

SALESMEN of character, personality and tact to call on prospective members for organization of high standing, attractive income on commission basis; congenial, permanent position is open to those who meet with above qualifications. Apply Mr. Mastini, Hotel Ansonia, New York City.

SALESMAN, now employed regularly, New York and Brooklyn retail druggist and confectionery stores, to sell side line of repeat volume all weather; 10% commission. Christian firm. Phone Jefferson 8065, Thursday morning. Ask for Mr. A. R.

SALESMEN—ADVERTISING,

syndicate cut, experience preferred, but not necessary; to call on banks, retail trade and professional men; straight commission; no advances; possible earnings $100 week upward. Room 617, 1,819 Broadway.

SALESMAN with better class trade through Middle West territory, also other territory, to represent an excellent line of coats and suits; only those that can show results need apply; salary and commission. Write, W. M., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

SALESMEN—An old established manufacturer of high-grade shoes needs the city salesmen; prefer men with direct to the consumer experience, who appreciate a good connection on a commission basis. Apply Room 1708, 5th Av.

SALESMEN, intelligent and ambitious, to sell a paper specialty for a rapidly growing corporation of highest grading; exceptional opportunity for right man; salary and bonus; full information required. Z 2175 Times Annex.

SALESMAN to call on textile and garment trades, selling trade lists; unusual opportunity for solicitors with snap to earn big money in high concentrated field; commission. Phone Madison Square 5143 for appointment.

SALESMEN as personal representatives well-known hosiery mills selling consumer; splendid opportunity to increase income; either spare or full time; commission basis. Call, 9:30-11:30, Perfection Co., 19 West 31st.

SALESMEN to sell Ford pleasure and commercial cars on straight commission basis, with chance of drawing account to those who qualify. Muller Young Motor Sales Co., 3,188 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SALESMAN wanted to sell timely advertising proposition on a liberal commission basis. Call between 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. to C. S. Hammond & Co., 30 Church St.

SALESMAN, experienced silk sweaters, with following city, South Coast, Middle West by manufacturer; will offer interest to good man; commission. Z 2216 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, to carry line imported house furnishings; Brooklyn territory; drawing account against commission; wonderful opportunity. S 812 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to travel on commission basis with drawing account, selling ignition parts; experienced in automobile line preferred. W 214 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in wholesale and retail stove department; kindly state age, reference and salary required. L 117 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

SALESMAN, with trade, sell gelatine to confectioners; good money-making proposition; drawing account; commission. L 165 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell silk hosiery direct from the mill to the wearers, on commission basis. T 237 Times.

Employment Agencies.

PERSONNEL EXCHANGE, INC.
NO ADVANCE FEE. 123 LIBERTY ST.
Acct.—College man, financial dept., $1,900.
Statistician—Graphs, chart exper., $1,500.
Collection Correa.—At record, at $1,800.
Mech. Eng.—Recent graduate, start, $1,500.
Acct.—Single, 24-28, out of town, $1,800.
Asst. Shipper (2)—Good hand, Bklyn., $20.
Stenos ($1-$18-$20; touch typist, $20.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE,
1 BROADWAY.

Bank bkpr., $1,500; Burroughs bkpg. mach. opr., good salary; Burroughs adding machine oprs., $90-$100; typists, $90; stenos., $90; messenger, age 20, $80-$25. Register free.

HIGHEST TYPE OFFICE PERSONNEL.

Assistant bookkeeper, familiar statement and adding machines, $25; uptown bank messenger, $15; apprentice for pipe organ builders. (Security Employment Exchange), 61 East 42d St.

BROWN EXCHANGE, 200 BROADWAY.

Head bookkeeper, Stock Exchange, $2,000; typists, several, $23; clerks, high school, beginners.

STENOGRAPHERS, $23-$25; typists, $20. 125 Commercial Vocational Agency, 8 Columbus Circle.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE, INC.,
115 BROADWAY
to
30 EAST 42D ST.

SPECIAL NOTE — Our uptown office is for banking and brokerage only.

Our downtown office is for both commercial and technical as well as banking and brokerage positions.

BANKING AND BROKERAGE DEPT.
Call at 30 EAST 42D ST.
or
115 BROADWAY.

SENIOR CREDIT INVESTIGATOR — At least 3 years' banking.....$2,400-$2,600 year
JR. CREDIT INVESTIGATOR—Banking or textile experience preferred.....$1,700-$1,800 year
E.-F. BKKPR. OPERATOR—With Wall St. experience.....$35-$40
STOCK EXCHANGE BOOKKEEPERS (3) —N. Y. S. E. house experience necessary.....$25-$35
STOCK TRANSFER BOOKKEEPERS (2)—experienced only.....$35
BOOKKEEPERS (2) — Thorough Wall St. experience.....$25-$35
BOSTON LEDGER BOOKKPRS. (10).....$25
TYPISTS—Some experience.....$20-$25
RACK CLERKS (16)—Must be experienced.....$23-$25
CABLE CLERKS (2)—Coding and decoding; typist, bank training.....$100 month
COMMERCIAL AND TECHNICAL DEPTS

Reserve Corps Orders.

Second Corps Area.

Under date of July 24, the Commanding General, Second Corps Area, headquarters at Governors Island, has ordered the assignments of Reserve Corps officers:

CORPS ARMY AND G. H. Q. GROUP.

G. H. Q. Engr. Service, 308th Engrs. (general service)—Maj. Henry W. Dorsey.

4th Army Engr. Service, 303d Engrs. (general service)—Capt. Alfred K. Silvernail, 303d Engrs. (General Service).

1st Lt. Harry W. Peterson, 447th Engr. (Topographical)—2d Lt. Leo E. Honerg, 472d Engr. Train (Light Bridge)—2d Lt. Lewis E. Bennett.

78th Reserves, 339 Art. (A. A.)—2d Lt. Hugh F. Reden.

4th Army Art., 322d Art. (A. A.)—2d Lt. Sidney W. Vanslowe.

G. H. Q. Reserve, 539 Art. (A-A)—Maj. Mat Baxter Jackson.

G. H. Q. Special Troops, 322d Mot. Rep. Co. Co. C—Capt. Charles H. La France.

Corps Trains a Mot. Transp. Co. 305—2d Lt. Charles A. Smith.

1st Army Trains, 316th Mot. Rep. Co., Co. C—2d Lt. Ernest S. Cook.

G. H. Q. Special Troops, 322d Ord. Co. (Heavy Main)—1st Lt. Edward C. Goerk.

40th Army Air Service, 308d Group (Attached)—2d Lts. Harold E. Murray, Lawrence D. Micklehaz, 253 Squad. (Obs.)—1st Lt. Harold Ft Marshall, 256th Squad. (Pursuit)—2d Lt. Richard W. Forgarty Jr.

G. H. Q. Air Service, 3lI Squad. (Hdqrs.)—1st Lt. Myron G. Beard.

XII Corps Art. 301st Field Art.—1t Lt. John F. Peterson.

G. H. Q. Reserve, 561st Field Art.—1Lt. Colr Eugen H. Williams.

XII Corps Art., 306 Field Art.—1st Lt. Howard A. Sheldo. 306th Field Art.—Capt. Robert B. Menapace.

XII Corps Art., 309 Field Art.—Lt. Col. Lodia Campbell; 2d Lts. Marvin R. Brown, Frederick T. Lohr.

Corps Hdqrs. Gen. Staff Sec. (G-2)—1st Lt. Austin E. Spear. Jr., Attached List—2d Lt. Andrew C. Haleh.

4th Army Med. Service, 363d Med. Regt. Vet. Co. No. 863—2d Lt. Joseph M. Flannery.

XII Corps Hdqrs. Field Art. Attached List—1st Lt. Edward D. Clarkson, Maj. William H. Tuck.

G. H. Q. Attached List Engrs.—Capt. David M. Ottarah.

XII Corps Hdqrs. Ord. Attached List—2d Lt. Walter Y. Walsh.

4th Army Hdqrs. Air Service Attached List—2d Lt. Leo W. Begley.

G. H. Q. Air Service Attached List—2d Lt. Dolph L. Wertheimer.

Coast Def., Southern New York—Major John P. Young, Capt. Arthur Rians.

Coast Def., the Delaware—1st Lt. Irving Warner.

Coast Def., Sandy Hook—2d Lt. William J. Smith.

Lt. Alfred L. P. Sands assigned to 560th Field Art., C. A. A. & G. H. Q., station in New York.

Lt. John P. Bubb assigned to 301st Inf., 76th Divn., U. S. A., sta. in Rochester.

These promotions are announced, those now being reassigned to their present organization, only with the higher rank:

To be 1st Lt. William J. Powderly, Col. William E. Shepherd Jr., 1st Lt. Harris St. Bigelow, 1st Lt. Nicholas Richfield, Capt. Edwin J. T. Weatherdon, 1st Lt. John R. Tolar, Capt. Horace W. Mitchell. These are promoted to be, as indicated and transferred:

Capt. Linford B. Hazzard, to 402d Squad. (Attack).

1st Lt. Douglas T. Goodale.

1st Lt. Frank W. K. Hartshorn to 402d Squad.

1st Lt. John E. Hornbecker to Balloon Park 35, G. H. Q. Air Service.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

LIEUT. COMMANDERS

Baer, J., to the New York as gunnery offr.

Pressien, R. F., to the Baltimore.

LIEUTENANTS

Byrd, R. E., to Bur. Aeron., Washington.

Denny, O. E., to the Pillsbury.

Gibson, F. D., to the Barry.

Kromer, J. G. B., to Destr. Divn. 34, in chg. of engrg. instr.

Melton, C. M., to the James K. Paulding.

Lake, F. U., to the Wyoming.

Martin, R., to the Barry.

Randell, C. H., to the Billingsley.

Reifsteck, F. W., to the Baltimore.

Thurston, S. H., to the Woodbury.

Davis, W. D., to the Kanawha.

Hart, L. N., to Divn. Medl. Offr., Destr. Div. 18.

Wilson, G. W., to Squad. Med. Offr., Squad. 9.

The following dispatch from the Utah, dated July 15.

Tomlinson, Comdr. E. A., to the Lawrence.

Trenwell, Lt. Comdr. W., to the Scorpion.

Twitchell, Lt. Comdr. J. H., to the Fox.

Winkald, Lt. Comdr. T. C., to the Scorpion.

Woodbridge, Lt. A. H., to the SC 96 and SC 388.

National Guard Orders.

ALBANY, July 26.—These National Guard orders have been issued at the office of Adjutant General Kincaid:

Placed on duty. Report to commanding officer:

Capt. William O. Duntze, 9th Coast Def. Command, for assignment to 370th Co.

1st Lt. Joseph C. Anderson, 9th Coast Def. Command, for assignment to 379th Co.

1st Lt. Peter J. Rogers, 165th Inf., for assignment to Co. M.

1st Lt. Jean Phillip Barnique, 165th Inf., for assignment to Co. H.

2d Lt. James Edward Hogan, 165th Inf., for assignment to Co. F.

2d Lieut. Joseph A. McDonough, 165th Inf., for assignment to Co. H.

2d Lt. Francis E. Mikell, 369th Inf., for assignment to Co. D.

Lambert Lincoln Eben, report to Comdg. Offcr. 71st Inf. for assignment to Service Co. as band leader.

1st Lt. Le Roy Cook, 71st Inf., hon. discharged.

Capt. Martin H. Meaney, 165th Inf., detailed to active duty, without pay for ninety days.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Continued from Preceding Page.

UNUSED CARS.

NATIONAL touring, new 1922, never used; sacrifice $500 below cost. Phone Hackensack 2800; trades considered.

MOTOR TRUCKS.

UNUSED TRUCKS.

HALF FACTORY PRICE.
MACK DUMP, 5½-TON.
MACK STANDARD, 3½ and 5½.
PACKARD, 3½-TON.
FIERCE 2 AND 5 TON.
WHITE, 2-TON.

Foreign & Domestic Commodities, Inc. SHOWROOMS. WHOLESALE. Automotive Co., 629 West 52d St. 681 B'way. Circle 0287. Chelsea 6703-1098.

CHEVROLET truck, 1922, model G, ¾ ton; used as demonstrator; like new; fully guaranteed; time payments. Chevrolet Motor Co., Fordham Road and Marion Av. Fordham 6000.

AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT

RIDE RIGHT in magnificently appointed Packard cars; expert chauffeurs; moderate rates by hour, day or week. 141 West 54th St. Phone Circle 2471-4346.

CADILLAC cars for rent by hour, week, month; high-class service; reasonable rates. Lenox Auto Renting Co., 118 West 50th St. Circle 0581.

CADILLAC Renting Service—Handsomely appointed cars; first-class service; special rates weekly, monthly. 102 West 50th St. Circle 10024.

PACKARD twin sixes, limousines, touring, shopping, sailing, $3 per hour. Columbus 2130.

CADILLAC, town car, limousine; perfect condition, fully equipped. Call Riverside 7200.

PACKARD—Lady will let Packard landaulet, reasonable; reliable chauffeur. Miss Crawford, 1,784 Riverside.

PACKARD TWIN SIX; OWNER; DAY, WEEK, MONTH. TELEPHONE, 1563 CHATELLE, WYNGE.

PACKARD twin special, Holbrook limousine, landaulet; hour, trips, weekly, monthly. Schuyler 8528.

ROLLS-ROYCE LIMOUSINE. Beautiful car; monthly only. Plaza 2659.

PRIVATE 7-passenger, 45 hour; owner drives. Riverside 5626, Apt. 20B. Mattis.

CLOSE 7-passenger touring, by hour, day, trip; reasonable rates. Columbus 7806.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED.

WANTED to buy immediately, cash, town car or vestibule limousine, used preferably Pierce-Arrow 1920; state condition, price. P 438 Times.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.

COMPLETE AUTO TRAINING. Short courses for owners, prospective owners and chauffeurs; longer courses for garage owners, repair men and auto electrical experts; provision for out-of-town students; special classes for ladies; largest enrollment of any school in the East; established 19 years; employment service free to students; ask for booklet and visitor's pass. WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. AUTO SCHOOL, 302 West 57th St., N. Y. Phone Circle 2-5-3.

LOANS ON AUTOMOBILES.

LOANS on automobiles. Equitable Auto Finance Co., 154 East 23d St. Gramercy 0065.

LIBERAL loans at automobiles. Auto Finance, 1,787 Broadway. Circle 8158.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, July 26.—A disturbance of slight intensity was over Ontario Wednesday night and moving eastward and pressure was relatively low over the plateau and southern Rocky Mountain regions, while high pressure prevailed over the Northwestern States, the Middle Atlantic and North Atlantic States and off the Atlantic Coast.

Generally fair weather has prevailed during the last twenty-four hours except for widely scattered thunder showers in the upper Mississippi Valley, the Northern Plains States, the northern Rocky Mountain region, the Middle and East Gulf States and in the Atlantic States as far north as Southern Virginia. The temperature was below normal Wednesday in the Middle Atlantic and Northern Atlantic States and above normal in the great central valleys, the Plains States and the Southwest.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	Temperature. ster	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	98	64	29.92		Cloudy
Amarillo	96	66	30.14		Clear
Atlanta	90	64	30.02		Pt. Cl'dy
Atlantic City	72	68	30.18		Cloudy
Baltimore	74	66	30.16		Cloudy
Bismarck	90	60	30.12	.16	Pt. Cl'dy
Boston	70	60	30.22		Clear
Buffalo	82	60	30.06		Cloudy
Cincinnati	90	66	30.00		Cloudy
Charleston	88	76	30.04		Cloudy
Chicago	74	70	30.02		Clear
Cleveland	74	64	30.08		Clear
Denver	96	66	30.96	.02	Cloudy
Detroit	80	66	30.08		Clear
Galveston	88	80	30.04		Cloudy
Helena	72	52	30.16		Cloudy
Jacksonville	92	76	30.04		Clear
Kansas City	94	68	29.96		Clear
Los Angeles	78	60	29.96		Clear
Milwaukee	78	68	30.06		Cloudy
New Orleans	86	76	30.00		Cloudy
New York	72	64	30.22		Clear
Oklahoma	104	74	29.94		Clear
Philadelphia	76	64	30.18		Cloudy
Pittsburgh	82	68	30.06		Pt. Cl'dy
Portland, Me.	70	58	30.22		Clear
Portland, Ore.	84	58	30.18		Clear
Salt Lake City	96	66	29.80		Pt. Cl'dy
San Antonio	96	72	29.96		Clear
San Diego	74	62	29.96		Pt. Cl'dy
San Francisco	72	52	29.96		Clear
Seattle	70	54	30.12		Clear
St. Louis	94	68	29.96		Pt. Cl'dy
Washington	74	68	30.16		Cloudy

FORECAST TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Thursday; warmer in the interior. Friday partly cloudy, becoming unsettled.

Southern New England—Fair and somewhat warmer Thursday. Friday partly cloudy and warmer, probably becoming unsettled.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Generally fair and somewhat warmer Thursday. Friday partly cloudy; probably local thunder showers.

Western New York—Partly cloudy and slightly warmer Thursday. Friday unsettled; probably local thunder showers.

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORD.
Official Temperatures.

3 AM (low)	64	12 M.	70	6 PM	68
6 AM	65	1 PM	68	7 PM	67
9 AM	67	2 PM	69	8 PM	66
9 AM	67	3 PM	70	9 PM	66
10 AM	68	4 PM	68	10 PM	65
11 AM (high)	73	5 PM	68	11 PM	65

Average temperature yesterday, 68.
Average same date last year, 80.
Average same date for 53 years, 74.

Barometer, 30.24 at 8 A. M.; 30.23 at 8 P. M.

Humidity, 70 at 8 A. M.; 70 at 8 P. M.

Winds at 8 A. M., east, velocity 10 miles; at 8 P. M., southeast, velocity 13 miles.

Weather, cloudy at 8 A. M.; partly cloudy at 8 P. M.

Fire Record.

A. M. Loss.

12:40—112 Division St.: Joseph Gewirtz. Not given

12:45—11 Madison St. Not given

1:00—84 Lexington Av.: Ernest Struck. Not given

4:15—425 4 Av.: Max Schwartz. Slight

4:30—32 Goerck St.: George Seiver. Not given

4:58—376 West St.: Joseph Zuller. Not given

8:05—753 Washington St.: Henry Stetter. Not given

10:40—216 W. 100 St.: Frederick Bahsts. Not given

10:56—1,884 1 Av.: John Felrick. Not given

12:05—150 E. 36 St.: Amateur Comedy Club. Not given

12:15—22 St. and 1 Av. (wagon). H. Sharkey. Not given

1:50—29 John St. Not given

4:50—Pelham Pkway & Boston Rd (lot) Not given

5:00—67 St. & Avenue A (auto). Not given

5:15—66 Bassett Av.: P. Tatozzola. Not given

5:45—414 E. 124 St.: J. Mendy. Slight

7:07—411 E. 91 St.: Central Shirt Co. Slight

9:10—416 Park Av.: Gila Pinker. Not given

9:35—10 E. 17 St.: Acme Shirt Co. Not given

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Infantry.

Jarvis, Col. M. S., to Ft. McPherson.

Grinstead, Lt. Col. R. E., is retired.

Harris, Maj. H. A., to Sta. Hosp., Ft. McPherson; sick.

Majs. Pardee, A. M., Koch, J. J.; Capts. Bush, F. B., Crowell, R. B., Hollyer, W. A., Renecker, 1st Lts. Orsag, T. J., Wolfe, L. R., Plank, C. H., Brady, J. M. Jr., Young, T. H., Cawelti, F. W., Plattsburg Barr., transferred to 26th Inf.

Capts. Weber, W. J., and Tiedeman, J. E., 1st Lts. Rikeman, T. W., Gulteras, J. R., Rush, A. S., Flanigan, W. A., Booth, M. S., Raymond, J. E., Applegate, E. C., Simelson, transferred to 16th Inf.

1st Lts. Ellison, H. B., Webb, S. R., Savage, F. A., transferred to 28th Inf.

Air Service.

Peek, Maj. N. W., to Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, O., as Chf. Inspr. for Engrg. Divn.

Ford, Capt. C. W., to Fld. Offrs' School, Langley Fld.

Mooney, 1st Lt. R., hon. discharged.

Ordnance Department.

King, Col. D. M., as Constrg. Qm., Rock Id. Ars., relieving 1st Lt. B. F. Vandervoort, Qm. C., who will proceed to Scott Fld., relieving Capt. C. H. Jabelonsky, Qm. C., who will proceed to Washington for temp. duty in ofc. of Qm. G.

Gatewood, Maj. C. B., to Cleveland, as Exec. Asst. to the Dist. Chf., Cleveland Dist. Ord. Offc.

Quartermaster Corps.

Whitehead, Col. H. C., to Lexington, Ky.

Merrillat, Maj. C. A. Jr., to Sta. Hosp., Ft. Sheridan; sick.

Coast Artillery.

Thomas-Stahle, Maj. C., Buyers, Maj. A. S., Englehart, Capt. A. F., to Ft. Monroe Coast Art. School.

Miscellaneous.

Blatchford, Brig. Gen. R. M., U. S. A., assigned to command the 9th Inf. Brig., at Vancouver Barr.

Duncan, Brig. Gen. G. B., to command 14th Inf. Brig., Ft. Omaha.

Wilson, Col. J. S., M. C., to Walter Reed Hosp; sick.

Drinkwater, Capt. J. G., C. of E., to New York City; take sta. there.

Resignation.

Daniel, 1st Lt. L. G., Inf.

Leaves.

Murphy, Col. T. O., Inspr. Gen., 2 mos.

McKenney, Lt. Col. H. J., Inspr. Gen., 21 days ext.

Colburn, Maj. A. C., Inf., 1 mo., 15 days.

Price, Maj. M. H., C. of E., 1 mo., 15 days.

Bogart, Capt. J. H., Gen. Staff, 1 mo.

Sullivan, Capt. J. P., C. A. C., 22 days ext.

Moeller, Capt. C. P., C. A. C., 2 mos. ext.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following list for promotion to attendant, male, Grade 2, Department of Parks, Manhattan, is announced: Charles I. Adelsod, 88.49; John J. Wallace, 87.79; Patrick J. Lonsdale, 86.42; Thomas Gilday, 86.66; Thomas F. Lantry, 83.90; Eugene J. Leonard, 82.31; John G. Klausman, 81.83; Dominick F. Cavello, 81.37; John Casey, 80.59; Alexander W. Eckel, 80.58; George F. Kane, 80.06; Aaron Berger, 79.82; Charles McGuire, 79.50.

United States.

The list for chauffeur in the motor vehicle service Brooklyn Post Office is as follows: Jerry F. Finn, 92; Martin A. Hasty, 92.50; Joseph H. Boyer, 91; James F. Purcell, 90.20; John F. J. Rogers, 90.20; Thomas H. Tucker, 90; James C. Spencer, 87; Arthur C. Goodman, 86; Anthony Caracci, 84; Jacob Weichsel, 81.20; Frank J. Connor, 81.20; James R. Clare, 78; Charles H. Kelly, 77; Capts. Walter W. Jr. and Tiedeman, J. E.; 1st Lts. Rikeman, T. W., Gulteras, J. R., Rush, A. S., Flanigan, W. A., Booth, M. S., Raymond, J. E., Applegate, E. C., Simelson, transferred to 16th Inf.

1st Lts. Ellison, H. B., Webb, S. R., Savage, F. A., transferred to 28th Inf.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

[All the Times Indicated Are Under Daylight Saving.]

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	P. M.
High water	10:48	11:08	11:11	11:35	12:09	1:00
Low water	4:53	5:09	5:16	5:33	5:47	6:14

THE SUN.

	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
	5:47	8:17

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Minnekahda	Hamburg	July 15
Santa Marta	Tela	July 16
America	Genoa	July 13
Colon	Cristobal	July 13

DUE TODAY.

Carrillo	Kingston	July 20
Rosalind	St. John, N. B.	July 22

DUE TOMORROW.

President Roosevelt	Southampton	July 20
Aquitania	Southampton	July 22
Saxonland	Danzig	July 13

DUE SATURDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Paris	Havre	July 22
Niagara	Bordeaux	July 20
Elgin	Londonderry	July 19
Laconia	Liverpool	July 20

DUE SUNDAY.

Baltic	Liverpool	July 23
Finland	Antwerp	July 23
Volos	Port Limon	July 23
Monterey	Tampico	July 26

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
West Isafjo	Antwerp	July 15
Northwestern Miller	Antwerp	July 10
Ville d'Oran	Oran	July 9
Mundelta	Grays Harbor	July 1
Banan	Kingston	July 16
City of Montgomery	Savannah	July 23
Satanta	Port Said	July 5
Mesaba	London	July 15
Bonny	Baltimore	July 24

DUE TODAY.

Bacchus	Genoa	July 6
Eastern Merchant	Orient	July 20
Montgomery City	Cristobal	July 20
Stanmore	Dundee	July 11
Gaelic Prince	Gibraltar	July 13
Canadian Constructor	Cristobal	July 16
City of St. Joseph	Lisbon	July 9
Malgachs	Antwerp	July 5

DUE TOMORROW.

Dryssel	Niquera	July 22
San Michele	Marseilles	July 10
Steel Inventor	Cristobal	July 17

DUE SATURDAY.

Collsmer	Verdon	July 17
Mincola	Balboa	July 21
Vincent	Dunkirk	July 13

DUE SUNDAY.

Diana Dollar	Colombo	July 20
Ways Maru	San Francisco	July 9
West Jaffrey	Cristobal	July 9
Edgar F. Luckenbach	Cristobal	July 23

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For.
Mongolia, Hamburg	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Great Britain, Ireland, South Africa, Madeira Islands and Sierra Leone. (Other countries specially addressed.)
Kasama, Cape Town	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	South Africa (specially addressed.)
Stockholm, Gothenburg	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Norway, Sweden, Denmark and Finland.
Mexico, Vera Cruz	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Yucatan and Campeche. (Cuba and other parts of Mexico specially addressed.)
Cluny, Nassau	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bahamas (specially addressed.)

SAIL TOMORROW.

Munargo, Antilla	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bahamas, Inagua, Fortune Islands, City of Antilla, Cuba (other parts Cuba specially addressed.)
Ecuador, San Jose	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Nicaragua (except east coast), Salvador (specially addressed.)
Parima, Barbados	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	West Indies (Grenada, Virgin Islands, St. Vincent, Trinidad, Guiana specially addressed.)
Baracoa, Savanilla	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Haiti (except Cape Haiti) Pt. de Paix, Cornonite (Jamaica, specially addressed.)
Paria, Paramaribo	1:30 P.M.	4:00 P.M.	Virgin Islands, C. Bolivia, Guiana.

SAIL SATURDAY.

Majestic, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (Great Britain, Ireland, South Africa, Sierra Leone specially addressed.)
Ryndam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed.)
Giuseppe Verdi, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Italy (specially addressed.)
Eastern Crown, Cape Town	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	South Africa (specially addressed.)
America, Bremen	11:00 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia.
Eastern Star, Reval	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Esthonia, Finland (specially addressed.)
Rosalind, St. Johns	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Newfoundland.
Santa Marta, Tela	7:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Jamaica, Guatemala (Cuba and Tela specially addressed.)
Ulua, Pt. Limon	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Costa Rica, Nicaragua, except east coast, Salvador (specially addressed.)
San Juan, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Virgin Islands, Dominican Republic.
Caracas, La Guaira	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Curacao, Venezuela (Porto Rico specially addressed.)
Vasari, Buenos Aires	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	South Brazil, Argentina, Uruguay, Paraguay (specially addressed.)
Celtic, Liverpool		12:00 M.	No mails.
Caronia, Hamburg		12:00 M.	No mails.

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Saxonia, Havre	July 31	12:00 M.
Kayo Maru, Kobe	July 31	12:00 M.
Masaba, London	Aug. 3	10:00 A.M.
Galelic, Hull	Aug. 3	9:00 A.M.
Vancouia, London	Aug. 5	10:00 A.M.
Boyic, Manchester		11:00 A.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Date.	Time of Sailing. Hour.
Chicago City, Bristol	Aug. 5	12:00 M.
Edgehill, Rotterdam	Aug. 5	1:00 P.M.
Eastern Leader, Newcastle	July 29	12:00 M.
Cokset, Australia	July 29	12:00 M.
Eurybates, Batavia	July 29	12:00 M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Reliance	Hamburg	July 21
City of Bagdad	Kobe	July 25
United States	Copenhagen	July 25
Polerie	Hongkong	July 25
Lepanto	Shields	July 25
Calamares	Colon	July 25
Algeria	Glasgow	July 25
William Penn	Singapore	July 24
Elsasier	Antwerp	July 24
Romsdalthorn	Kobe	July 23
Colombo	Genoa	July 20
President Wilson	Algiers	July 19
Western World	Buenos Aires	July 25
Cameronia	Naples	July 24
Corfa Castle	Beria	July 24
Saxon Prince	Piraeus	July 24

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Patria	Gibraltar	July 24
Polonia	Libau	July 19
City of Lucknow	Bussrah	July 22
Delagoa Maru	Kobe	July 24
Cyclops	Hongkong	July 25
Buso Maru	Colombo	July 25
Burutu	Portados	July 21
Perslet	Immingham	July 25

Reported by Radio

SS Aquitania, incoming from Southampton, via Cherbourg, was signaled, due at her pier July 28, afternoon. Cunard Line.

Transpacific Mails

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Station at 5 P. M. as follows:

Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia. Maunganui July 30

Hawaii, Guam and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco. U. S. A. T. Thomas July 31

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indo-China and Straits Settlements. President Madison July 31

Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, French Indo-China, Netherlands East Indies (except Sumatra) and Philippine islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.; also parcel post mails for Shanghai City. Empress of Asia Aug. 5

Netherlands East Indies and Hongkong (specially addressed only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies. Similaor Aug. 7

South America

Direct Passenger Service to Montevideo and Buenos Aires.
"Crofton Hall" Aug. 25
Accommodation First Class Passengers only. Spacious & beautifully appointed Public Rooms.
Specially Reduced Rates.

Norton Line

For further particulars apply to NORTON, LILLY & COMPANY General Agents
26 Beaver St. New York

Australia
OCEANIC STEAMSHIP CO.
Fast U. S. mail st. Sonoma, Ventura, 20,000 tons, Lloyd's A1 register. Delightful service, short itinerary. HONOLULU, $100 R. T. Pacific Tours, $525; 1st Class. Sailings: Ventura sails July 15, Sept. 15; Sonoma, Aug. 15, Oct. 17.
H. E. Durnett, Agt., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y., or Oceanic S. S. Co., 1 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal.

Clark's 3rd Cruise, January 25, 1923
ROUND THE WORLD
"EMPRESS OF FRANCE" 18481 Gross TONS
4 MONTHS' CRUISE, $1,000 and Up
Including Hotels, Fees, Drives, Guides, etc.
Clark Originated Round the World Cruises
Clark's 19th Cruise, February 3, 1923
TO THE MEDITERRANEAN
"EMPRESS of SCOTLAND" 25000 Gross Tons
65 DAYS CRUISE, $800 and up
Frank O. Clark, Times Building, New York

NORFOLK BY WATER
VIRGINIA Only Rail Connection OLD DOMINION TRANSPORTATION CO.
Steamers Hamilton, Jefferson and Alliance leave N. Y. Mon., Wed., Thurs., Fri., Sun., 5 P.M. Stan. Time. Arrive Norfolk 10:30 A.M. next day.
Pier 31, North River, Telephone Canal 1915

AUSTRALIA
HONOLULU, SUVA, NEW ZEALAND
The Well Equipped Royal Mail Steamships "MAKURA" (15,500 tons)...Aug. 18 Oct. 20 Dec. 22
"NIAGARA" (19,000 tons)...Sept. 22 Nov. 24.
Sail from Vancouver, B. C.
For fares, etc., apply Can. Pac. Railway, Can. Pas. Bldg., Mad. Ave., 44th St., N. Y., or to Canadian Australian Line, Wilson Building, 701 Hastings St. West, Vancouver, B. C.

COSULICH LINE
"EVERY TRIP A TOUR"
MEDITERRANEAN—ADRIATIC
"BELVEDERE"...Aug. 15
"PRES. WILSON"...Aug. 22 Oct. 21
"ARGENTINA"...Sept. 9
Pacific Bldg., 2 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

JAPAN-CHINA
AND THE FAR EAST
By 25,000-ton vessels every 6 days from San Francisco.
Two Sailings Weekly, 165 Bway., N. Y.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
To ITALY in 9 DAYS
By the Palatial New ss. GIULIO CESARE
From N. Y. Aug. 30, Oct. 4
Other Sailings to
AZORES-ITALY-EGYPT
America (also Palermo) Aug. 2
Colombo Aug. 17
Italia-America Shipping Corp.
1 State St., New York.

UNITED AMERICAN LINES
JOINT SERVICE WITH
HAMBURG AMERICAN LINE
TO PLYMOUTH, BOULOGNE HAMBURG
By New American-Flag Steamers
Reliance ...Aug. 2 Sept. 6 Oct. 3
Resolute ...Aug. 16 Sept. 13 Oct. 17
TO HAMBURG DIRECT
Sailings every Thursday, by the popular steamers Mount Clay, Mount Carroll, Mount Clinton, Hansa, Bayern, Wuerttemberg, with special cabin and improved third class accommodations.
UNITED AMERICAN LINES, INC.
39 Broadway, N. Y. Whitehall 1020

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN
DENMARK, NORWAY, SWEDEN, GERMANY and BALTIC STATES
Frederik VIII...Aug. 1
Oscar II...Aug. 10
United States...Aug. 23
Hellig Olav...Aug. 31
Frederik VIII...Sept. 12
Oscar II...Sept. 21
United States...Oct. 4
Hellig Olav...Oct. 11
Frederik VIII...Oct. 24
For Passenger Rates: 27 Whitehall St., N.Y.

MEDITERRANEAN DIRECT SERVICE TO
NAPLES—PIRAEUS—VARNA
CONSTANTINOPLE—CONSTANZA
PALERMO—CONSTANTIOPLE—CONSTANZA
Magalhellaan...Aug. 25
NATIONAL GREEK LINE
80 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK N.Y.

LLOYD SABAUDO
New de Luxe Cilburse "CONTE ROSSO" 18,000 Tons Register—20 Knots per hour. Sailings Genoa, Naples, Aug. 10 Sept. 7. SPECIAL WINTER VOYAGES DE LUXE Madeira, Gibraltar, Monaco, Genoa, Naples January 17th, February 14th.
Passenger Offices: 1 State St., New York

FRANK'S Cruise De Luxe to the MEDITERRANEAN
by Magnificent New CUNARD S.S. "SCYTHIA"—Specially Chartered—
Twin-Screw Turbine Oil-Burner, 30,000 Tons.
Sailing Feb. 10, 1923, returning April 3, visiting
EGYPT, MADEIRA, PORTUGAL, SPAIN, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, TUNIS, HOLY LAND, TURKEY, GREECE, ITALY, SICILY, RIVIERA, MONTE CARLO.
This Cruise more nearly approximates a Cruise in a large private yacht, with party limited to 400 guests and with every comfort and convenience which luxurious surroundings and the famous Cunard service can furnish. Free optional return passage at later date by any Cunard steamer from France or England.
Rates $600 and up, including shore excursions and all expenses. Early reservations advisable. Full information on request.
FRANK TOURIST CO., 489 5th Ave., New York
Established 1878. Phone Vanderbilt 7200

Around the World
Our Golden Jubilee Cruise
marking the 50th year since Thomas Cook, the founder of our organization, conducted his first tour around the world
Sailing Eastward from New York, Jan. 24 Returning May 31, 1923
by the specially chartered new CUNARD Liner
"SAMARIA"
A gorgeous itinerary with visits at Mediterranean Ports—Egypt, etc.—four weeks in British India, Dutch East Indies, Straits Settlements—Saigon, Manila, China—two weeks in Japan, etc.—30,000 miles—127 days.
A Cruise de Luxe Limited to 400 Guests
Full information on request
THOS. COOK & SON
245 Broadway NEW YORK 561 Fifth Avenue

NEW YORK to EUROPE on U.S. Government Ships
Sailings from Piers 1 and 4, Hoboken
To Plymouth—Cherbourg—Bremen
America ...July 29 Sept. 5
President Roosevelt ...Aug. 5 Sept. 1
President Harding ...Aug. 12 Sept. 16
George Washington ...Aug. 19 Sept. 23
To Cobh (Queenstown)—Plymouth—Cherbourg—London.
President Polk ...Aug. 2 Sept. 6
President Garfield ...Aug. 9 Sept. 13
President Monroe ...Aug. 16 Sept. 20
President Adams ...Aug. 23 Sept. 27
President Van Buren ...Aug. 30 Oct. 4
To Bremen
President Fillmore ...Aug. 26 Sept. 30
President Arthur ...Sept. 2 Oct. 14
To Bremen—Danzig.
President Arthur ...Aug. 5
Susquehanna ...Aug. 31 Oct. 12
United States Lines
Shore & McCormack Co., Inc.
Roosevelt Steamship Co., Inc.
Managing Operators for
U. S. SHIPPING BOARD
For Booklet Address U. S. Lines
45 Broadway, New York

THE COMFORT ROUTES
EUROPE
New York—Cherbourg
Southampton—Hamburg
Vandyck ...July 29

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

15 cents a word each insertion.

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

HAVE $1,000 to invest in legitimate business in which I take active part; manufacturing preferred; age 31; selling and executive experience. 137 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

CAPABLE executive will give service and invest substantial amount in established business selling well-rated accounts; give details in confidence. N 805 Times Downtown.

CAPITAL WANTED.

$100,000 CASH WILL SECURE AN IMMEDIATE INTEREST in a splendidly paying business. We have a large fleet of motor bus chassis and an opportunity of operating them over an established, well-paying route. Funds required for building bodies and equipping fleet for service. Investor can obtain substantial interest in and position of responsibility with operating company. Full details to those financially responsible. Write Box No. J. J., Room 919, 154 Nassau St.

ADDITIONAL CAPITAL REQUIRED. We are manufacturing and marketing a complete line of resin products to take care of the logical growth and bring larger returns we require additional capital. S 835 Times Downtown.

WANTED $50,000 to start a factory for a patent stopping device for automobiles; the greatest improvement ever made for stopping a car quick; ready for demonstration at any time. P. O. Box 6, West Hoboken, N. J.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY for firm in domestic (cotton) textiles with good credit to combine with an established firm in fine imported (cotton) textiles who sells to high rated firms. T 247 Times.

WANTED, immediately, high-class executive, with brains and ability; connection New York office; opportunity for right man with substantial investment. Room 608, 30 Church St.

MAN to interest himself in an overall concern who has a patent buttonless combination; must have plenty of capital. H 200 Times.

OPPORTUNITY to obtain 50 per cent. interest in established Christian manufacturing concern; $7,800 necessary. Fourth floor, 155 Waverly Place, N. Y.

ACCOUNTANT, partner wanted, capable senior; investment $2,500; growing Christian accounting concern; record must bear rigid investigation. L 785 Times Downtown.

WONDERFUL opportunity for active man with $5,000 in profitable, established business; quick action essential. B 193 Times.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

BUILDING TRADES MFRS. AGENT.

New England trained, now opening Boston office, making connections with well-established concerns to represent a few non-competing lines in building materials and supplies, in all or any part of New England territory; 12 years' experience in building trades, with wide acquaintance among architects and builders, and satisfactory personal and business references offered to justify your interest. Write or wire Arthur F. O. Cederstrom, 99 Manthorne Road, W. Rox., Boston, Mass.

RESPONSIBLE party can secure State agency for combination crystal and vacuum tube radio set; two distinct sets in one; new invention; popular price. V 827 Times Downtown.

THOROUGHLY competent, widely experienced, successful agent, Christian, of both foreign and domestic experiences, is prepared to represent live manufacturer or corporation; commission or co-operative basis; highest credentials. X 2132 Times Annex.

ESTABLISHED sales office in Los Angeles is prepared to take on complete sample line of the following on commission basis; hosiery, sweaters, gloves, men's shirts, jewelry, handkerchiefs; trade references will be supplied; only reputable houses need inquire. Z 2190 Times Annex.

PARTNER wanted in taxicab operating company and mechanical repair shop; must be qualified to assume full management of repair shop and have references of the highest order; to such party the opportunity of sure business can be offered; must be able to invest $7,000. G 518 Times.

UP-TO-DATE machine shop, open for manufacturing parts for complete product; also high-grade tool and die making, experimental and developing work; let us quote you on your blue prints or samples. Simplex Machine & Tool Co., 432 Austin Place, Bronx. Phone Melrose 3563.

PRINCIPAL of New York concern, going abroad visiting Central Europe, is open for any business transaction, buying, selling on commission basis; general knowledge of merchandise; exclusive connections warrant success. Address Box 590, 205 7th Av.

SWISS business man, with office in Berne, with good connections with Swiss Government circles and industries, speaking English, French, Italian and German, wishes to represent American firms in Switzerland. G 490 Times.

CAPITAL FURNISHED. Corporations requiring additional capital can obtain same through sale of their treasury stock. L. D., P. O. Box 64, Trinity Station.

MANUFACTURER, established ten years, wants broker to underwrite stock issue $100,000; business shows good earnings. H 256 Times.

BUSINESS MAN, GOING ABROAD, Central Europe, willing to undertake few more commissions. Box 41, 963 Broadway, Brooklyn.

TOUR European business will receive proper attention by responsible man embarking for Germany Aug. 2. Communicate promptly. F 460 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, C. P. A., TAX EXPERT. Audits, systems, investigations, advice, financial statements, bookkeeping supervised; rates reasonable. L 796 Times Downtown.

LIVE SALES organization, with own office, open for meritorious selling propositions; will represent manufacturer, distributer; commission basis. G 508 Times.

MAYS makes metal specialties, raw, assembled or finished; quotation from blueprint or model. Mays Mfg. Co., Box 671, Providence, R. I.

ADVERTISER for European connections in publications in Europe. Foreign Publicity, 286 5th Av.

BRANCH MANAGER for business now being established throughout the East. F 476 Times.

MEN of highest integrity sailing Aug. 1, accept personal commissions of any nature, all parts of Europe. Z 2218 Times Annex.

FOR SALE.

HOTEL—All-year; always full; two large garages and stores pay all carrying charges; hour ent; price $45,000, cash $10,000; will net $12,000 yearly. RANKEN, Box 682, Amityville, L. I., N. Y.

CORNER store, ladies' wear; established trade; modern up-to-date fixtures; best location in Bay Ridge; will consider subdividing part of store to a live wire. Z 1189 Times Annex.

FOR SALE, the Red Rooster Restaurant, 93 8th Av.; real Italian kitchen in Greenwich Village; price $1,000; owner obliged to leave New York; suitable for tea room. E 204 Times.

COMPLETE factory consisting of thirty-two machines, fully equipped for infants' and children's dresses; cheap rental; good downtown location. B. E., 288 Times.

LADIES' wearing apparel corner store, with fixtures complete, for rent; 100 per cent. location, best town in Westchester County. F 473 Times.

ESTABLISHED multigraph and public stenography shop; big office building; fine location; excellent business; $2,000. G 509 Times.

TIMES SQUARE—21-year lease for sale, $10,000, five-story building, rents $4,000; altered will net $15,000 yearly. L. R., 167 Times.

BILLIARD ACADEMY, Broadway, busy section; real bargain. Hofmann, Times Bldg. Bryant 4110.

LADIES' specialty shop, hosiery, lingerie, &c.; theatrical neighborhood, Broadway; wonderful opportunity. G 448 Times.

DRUG STORE in good location in Brooklyn; only opened three weeks; reason will explain to party interested. F 461 Times.

ELECTRICAL and hardware store, 7th Av., long lease; splendid opportunity; going abroad. G 491 Times.

PLANT for sale with 12 machines and 3 electric cutting machines; will sell at a price. Skudowitz, 199 West 20th.

TEA ROOM—Opportunity person acquainted with theatrical profession; reasonable. L 249 Times.

GARAGE, Harlem, 15,000 square feet; filled; $5,000 required. Phillips Co., 47 West 42d.

DISAGREE ON CAUSE OF ROMA DISASTER

American and Italian Experts Advance Different Theories on Airship's Plunge to Earth.

ALL FACTS CAN'T BE KNOWN

Report to Weeks Stresses Need of New Devices and Use of Non-Explosive Gas.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—American and Italian technical experts are in disagreement as to the most probable cause of the wreck of the semi-rigid Italian-built army dirigible Roma on Feb. 21 last year near Norfolk, Va., with the loss of thirty-four lives. The final report of the Investimating Board, embodying the Italian as well as the American conclusions, was made public today, with an accompanying statement from Secretary Weeks declaring there was no controversy between American and Italian authorities involved.

The report stresses the statement that all the facts of the disaster can never be known. Those who might have known what sent the ship plunging to earth in a swift nose dive to be destroyed by fire on the ground, perished in the wreckage. Physical evidence that might have told the story was consumed in the flames.

"At the very best," says the report of the board, headed by Major Davenport Johnson, Air Service, which gathered and sifted the evidence, "we can do no more than determine which of the possible causes were the most probable."

Briefly stated, the American experts reached the conclusion that flattening of the upper surface of the metal nose cap on the bow of the great gas bag caused by downward pressure as the ship drove along at probably sixty miles an hour. The down thrust was resisted by the stern stabilizers, and stresses developed which the evidence of one witness indicates caused a buckling of the keel frames, putting the rudder controls out of commission and leaving the huge air craft to plunge downward with her crew helpless to check the dive.

The Italian experts disagree with this view. They declare that the recalling "rudders" counterpoising the movement of the "up-down" rudder control, "probably overstressed" and broke and this was followed by the rupture of the rudder control cable. This, they contend, left the "up-down" rudder free to assume the natural position giving "a positive angle of attack of not less than eight degrees to the elevators, as has been recently proved by tests in Italy."

"This caused an immediate upward motion of the rear part of the Roma," the Italian conclusion continues, "and her consequent dive to the ground."

The air service report draws from the disaster certain definite lessons. It holds that in future such airships as the Roma should be inflated only with non-explosive helium gas, that provision should be made so that the ship's commander could drop all or any part of the ship's ballast instantly; so that he also could drop all gasoline fuel tanks in the same way and so that he could cut off all motors instantly with a master switch. The board found that no ballast had been dropped before the Roma struck earth; that two of her six Liberty motors were still running, pulling her earthward, and that the gasoline fuel as well as the hydrogen in the great bag was responsible for the terrific fire that followed the crash.

"Undoubtedly," the report says, "the loss of life in this accident would not have been so great if the supporting medium in this envelope had been a non-inflammable, non-explosive gas such as helium.

"In addition to the safety measures indicated, above, this accident shows clearly that in all such large airships, when possible, helium should be used in place of hydrogen."

The investigation disclosed that on the flight that ended in the disaster there had been trouble with the air scoops which were used to fill the balloonet in the forward gas compartment to take up any contraction of the hydrogen, resulting in flattening of the surface of the envelope. Low pressure in the compartments had been noted, and when the scoops were tried they failed to operate or to operate properly, the report says. Survivors testified that this trouble was believed to have been remedied. The point is important, as the bag itself, properly inflated, supported the umbrella-like nose cap of metal.

NEW DESIGN APPROVED FOR UNKNOWN'S TOMB

Plain Sarcophagus, Favored by Harding and Weeks, Would Preclude Proposed Shaft.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—It is understood that President Harding and Secretary Weeks have given their approval to a design for a plain, white marble sarcophagus to mark the grave of the unknown soldier at Arlington instead of the elaborately designed thirty-foot shaft which was first contemplated.

The Fine Arts Commission, however, has not given its sanction and will not do so until Thomas Hastings, the architect of the amphitheatre at Arlington, returns to the United States from England. There is a strong belief that the present dignified and simple granite base in which the American soldier lies is sufficient to mark his resting place, and it may be that neither the sarcophagus nor the shaft will be erected. Fears are expressed that additions to the tomb will mar its dignity and break the classic and beautiful outlines of the amphitheatre. The suggestion has been made that a flat, bronze coat of arms should be laid on the great stone which rests above the soldier's coffin and that nothing more should be done.

The new design, which the President and the Secretary of War are said to have approved, was made by Colonel G. H. Penrose of the Quartermaster's Corps, and is about five feet high. Its only decoration would be the national coat of arms in bronze. On the end of the tomb, facing east, is the inscription, "Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori," and on the other end, facing the amphitheatre's entrance, the word "Unknown."

Quotations from President Harding's speech at the services on Armistice Day when the soldier was buried adorn the sides of the sarcophagus, one of these being:

"The name of him whose body lies here took flight with his imperishable soul. We know not whence he came, but only that his death marks him with the everlasting glory of an American who died for his country."

The other side bears the following quotation from the same address:

"We do not know the eminence of his birth, but we do know the glory of his death. He died for his country and greater devotion hath no man than this. He died unquestioning, uncomplaining, with faith in his heart and hope on his lips that his country should triumph and its civilization survive."

The name "Harding" will be inscribed below that quotation.

Says Bombs Can't Sink British Ships

LONDON, July 26.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons, Lieut. Col. Charles Amery, Parliamentary Secretary for the Admiralty, said today that as far as the Admiralty knew there was no airplane in any navy capable of sinking a British ship by bomb or torpedo.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

15 cents a word each insertion.

Bank and business references required from all advertisers in this classification.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Profitable clothing and general merchandise store in growing Long Island town; State institution of 10,000 people supplies an all-year-round patronage; a fine opening for an energetic party; death of owner cause of sale. Louise Bates Rosenthal, Huntington, L. I. Phone 656 Huntington.

FINEST known resort within commuting distance San Francisco; 20 buildings and cottages; accommodates 80; tennis, dancing, baths; completely equipped; applications exceed capacity; owner to retire; price, $15,000 for quick sale; income, $6,000; cash, $12,500, balance mortgage. L 238 Times.

SALE OR LEASE—Large tannery establishment in Palermo, Italy; complete with all modern implements, also for manufacturing Cromo, varnished leather and leather beltings. Apply, Randazzo Gianrusso, Palermo, Italy.

SHIRT PLANT for sale, could also be used as cloak and suit plant, located at Somers Point, near Atlantic City, N. J.; 40 machines, thoroughly equipped and organized; cutting and pressing could also be done on premises; easy terms. H. F., 297 Times.

FOR SALE—Retail store and office building, corner of Centre and Norwegian Sts., Pottsville, Pa.; best site in the lower anthracite coal region; settling estate; immediate possession. Call or inquire N. H. Rich, Realtor, Pottsville, Pa.

FOR SALE—Corner store, cigars, stationery, confectionery, ice cream parlor, four beautiful rooms; all improvements; lease; doing excellent business; best reasons for selling; good bargain for quick buyer. 1,338 Springfield Av., Irvington, N. J.

TEA ROOM, account sickness; splendid location; very reasonable. L 242 Times.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOSIERY manufacturer or jobbers who desire a big outlet for a chain of hosiery departments in 100 per cent. locations in the principal cities; a wonderful proposition to offer. L 238 Times.

DEPARTMENTS to rent, suitable for millinery, cloaks and suits, shoes and hardware in a long-established dry goods store. 41-61 Kenmare St.

DEPARTMENTS to rent, suitable for trimmings, millinery and piece goods. 664 East 187th St.

BUSINESS LOANS.

EMERGENCY FINANCING—Our clientele includes many successful and respected merchants; jewelry collateral only; large or small amounts; strictly legal rates. J. E. Lemon & Co. (Est. 1878), 478 6th Av., at 29th St. Telephone Watkins 4128.

MONEY! MONEY-MAKER MONEY! Money loaned in any amount on diamonds, jewelry, silverware; safe deposit vaults; special rate for short-time loans. EQUITABLE PLEDGE SOCIETY, INC., 3 EAST 14TH ST.

WILL FINANCE rated merchants or manufacturers; interviews invited. Traders Finance Corporation, Suite 201, 120 W. 32d St.

CASH advanced to manufacturers and wholesalers on outstanding accounts; acceptances at lowest rates. Capital, 317 Times.

CASH ADVANCED on outstanding accounts, notes, acceptances, merchandise, &c.; low rates. W 93 Times.

BUSINESS SERVICES.

MILLION DOLLARS TO LOAN on Diamonds, Pearls, Jewelry, Furs, &c. LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST. A. LAWRENCE, Licensed and Bonded Pawnbroker, 116 2d Av., near 14th St. On this spot since 1880.

ACCOUNTANT with independent practice is in position to personally serve several additional clients; books opened, closed, systems installed, periodical audits, tax returns and financial statements prepared. G 512 Times.

SALES letters, folders and catalogues prepared at moderate cost; direct mail sales campaign planned and executed; ask about "The Complete Plan." Monte Sohn, 318 West 39th St.

500 LETTERS multigraphed (18 lines), $3.25; 1,000 letters multigraphed, $5.50; 1,000 envelopes addressed, $5. Empire Letter Co., 1,170 Broadway.

DRAFTSMAN, experienced in experimental and automatic machinery, wants work evenings. Kalisberg, 29 West 117th St., city.

CELLULOID—Are you in need of business? Our service is designing merchandising, selling 5 lists articles you manufacture. Box 707, 206 Cable Bldg.

MY SALES LETTERS bring results because they are scientifically written. Durant, 161 Water St. John 4194.

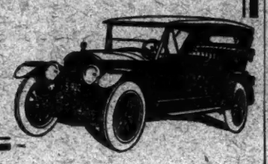
ACCOUNTANT, public; personal service rendered in bookkeeping, accounting, taxes, &c. L 799 Times Downtown.

MEN'S SHOES
SEMI-ANNUAL REDUCTIONS
INCLUDE
All Buckskin Shoes
Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design
BOTH SHOPS
THE JOHN A. McCURRY SHOE
WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY at 40TH STREET 144 WEST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK

GEO. F. BERGMANN & CO.
Announce
having secured a few additional
Brand New 1921
STANDARD "8"
due to export cancellation
To be Sold at CUT Prices
While They Last

4 Pass. Sport Models,	7 Pass. Tourings,	7 Pass. Sedans,
Last Year's Price $3684.00	$3684.00	$5250.00
Our Prices $1784.00	$1884.00	$2650.00

For inspection call at Gardner's Warehouse
517 West 19th Street, bet. 10th and 11th Aves.
Take 14th Street Crosstown car marked West 23d St. Ferry and get off at 19th St. and 11th Avenue.
Geo. F. Bergmann & Co.
Exporters Importers
90 West Street, N. Y. C. Tel. Rector 6275



Against the modern laundry most shirts go down for the count; the shirts that stand punishment are those of
Empire Loomcraft SILKS
REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
Look for the label

2 for 25¢
CABINET SIZE
BOX OF 50 $5.75
Ricoro CIGARS *are* imported from Porto Rico *duty free*—you save the difference
At these reduced box prices you make an additional saving
CORONA SIZE
10¢
BOX OF 50
$4.50
Bother Shapes & Sizes 2 for 15¢ to 15¢
CIGARS UNITED
Sold wherever you see the sign
UNITED CIGAR STORES
Mail orders also filled. Address United Cigar Stores, Flatiron Bldg., N.Y. City

Sale of *Manhattan*
Shirts and Pajamas

As a supplemental attraction to our virtually store-wide cut of 20% on Straw Hats, Haberdashery, and Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits, the Wallach Stores now announce a Sale of Manhattan Shirts, a twice-a-year event of sufficient importance to crowd our four big stores without the inducements of big savings in other departments.

$2.50 Shirts,	$1.65	$3.50 Pajamas,	$2.65
3.25 Shirts,	2.25	5.00 Pajamas,	3.45
4.00 Shirts,	2.85	$6 & 6.50 Pajamas,	4.15
5.00 Shirts,	3.45	7.50 Pajamas,	5.25
6.00 Shirts,	4.25	10.00 Pajamas,	6.15
7.00 Shirts,	4.95	12.00 Pajamas,	7.85
8.50 Shirts,	5.85		
12.00 Shirts,	8.35		

Excepting only White Shirts

Wallach Bros.
Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th
246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

PECK & PECK

THE NEW SHOP in the Peck and Peck building, 587 Fifth Avenue, is now open.
We have tried to provide the finest shop in town for the best hosiery, sweaters and scarfs.
We hope you will find it possible to drop in and see our many new and original things and to note how greatly improved are the arrangements. You will be very welcome.
PECK & PECK
Fifth Ave. at 48th Street *Fifth Ave. at 42nd Street*
ALSO AT 4 NORTH MICHIGAN BOULEVARD, CHICAGO
Newport Southampton French Lick Palm Beach

PECK & PECK

The large plant shown above is the Peter Lyall property, and the smaller plant shown in inset at left is the Munitions and Machinery, Ltd., property.

TWO CANADIAN INDUSTRIAL PLANTS
Will be sold by the United States Government
At AUCTION, in Montreal, SEPTEMBER 5, 1922.

TERMS OF SALE
Peter Lyall Construction Co. Plant—
Twenty percent (20%) cash at time of sale; balance in 5 years, at 5 percent.
Munitions and Machinery, Ltd., Plant—
Thirty percent (30%) cash at time of sale; balance in 2 years, at 5 percent.
Purchasers will be required to give ample security to cover deferred payments. Deeds will be executed by the Royal Trust Co. of Montreal, trustee for the United States of America. Both properties to be sold "as is," without guaranty as to condition.
The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

THESE plants are situated in and near the city of Montreal. Both are admirably adapted to the needs of any progressive manufacturing concern. Each has an ample railroad siding connecting with the leading Canadian systems, street car service and concrete highways from Montreal to the plants. One has splendid harbor facilities on the St. Lawrence River, and the other is about half mile from the river.

FACTS ABOUT THE TWO PLANTS

Peter Lyall Const'n Co. Plant
Situated on St. Lawrence River, three miles from center of Montreal.
Sidings connect with Canadian Pacific, Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk railways.
Channel 25 feet deep permits loading ocean going steamships.
Four buildings of steel, brick and concrete, built in May, 1918. Main building (two-story), 184,448 sq. ft.; Forge building, 42,328 sq. ft.; Electric and Power building, 20,400 sq. ft., and Heat Treating building, 13,175 sq. ft. Floor load, 350-400 lbs. a sq. ft.
To be sold "as is," on premises, September 5, ten A. M.

Munitions and Machinery, Ltd., Plant
Situated at 17th Ave. and Notre Dame St., Lachine, 7 miles from center of Montreal.
Siding connects with Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railways.
Plant about half mile from St. Lawrence River.
One, three-story Main building, with one and two-story additions; brick; 42,000 sq. ft. floor. Floor load, 270-300 lbs. a sq. ft.
To be sold "as is," on premises, September 5, three P. M.
All figures on both plants are approximate.

WRITE FOR FREE BOOK
A large prospectus containing floor-plans, photos and full data on these two plants will be sent on request. Communicate at once with
QUARTERMASTER GEN'L, U. S. ARMY, Munitions Bldg., Washington, D. C. or GERTH'S REALTY EXPERTS, Auction'rs, 101 West 42nd St., New York City.

WAR DEPARTMENT